

## Data Structures CS 246

Department of Physics and Computer Science Medgar Evers College

## Exam 3

Direction: Modify the "exam03.cpp" file in your Exams directory of your GitHub repository; and then, submit your modified work in the Exams directory of your GitHub repository or Dropbox, or in your Exam03 google classroom assignment. You can only use the libraries included in the accompanying header files and the cpp file. Use of any other library will result in a 0.

Problem	Maximum Points	Points Earned
1	5	
2	5	
3	5	
4	5	
Total	20	

## **Problems**

1. Write the definition of the function CommonSuffix() whose header is

string CommonSuffix(Vector<string>& words)

It returns the longest suffix shared by all the strings in words ignoring case. If words is empty or none of the strings have a common suffix, it returns an empty string. For instance, if words = ["ply", "CALMLY", "deeply", "ally"], it will return "ly"; whereas, if words = ["share", "care", "mare", "car"], it will return "".

2. Given that a new phone keypad has the following digit-letters association

Write the definition of the function KeyPadWords() whose header is

void KeyPadWords(string number)

Assuming that *number* only consists of digits between 1 and 9 inclusively, the function displays all the possible letter combinations generated by *number*. For instance, the function call KeyPadWords("26") will display "dp", "dq", "dr", "ep", "eq", "er", "fp", "fq" and "fr".

3. Write the definition of the function TotalBoundedModes() whose header is

ulong TotalBoundedModes(Vector<ulong>& data,ulong lo,ulong hi)

Given that the values of the elements of data are bounded between lo and hi inclusively, the function returns the count of the mode of data where the mode is the value(s) that appears the most and appears at least twice. Furthermore, it must have a O(n) runtime where n is the length of data. If data is empty or there is no mode, it returns 0. For instance, if data equals [7, 2, 4, 3, 2, 8, 3, 9, 3, 2, 9, 4, 2, 5, 3] with lo and hi equals 2 and 9 respectively, it will return 2 since both 2 and 3 repeat 4 times.

4. Use the master theorem to determine the Big-O runtimes of the following recursive runtime functions. You must show work to receive full credit.

a. 
$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$$

b. 
$$T(n) = 9T(n/3) + n^2$$

c. 
$$T(n) = 6T(n/6) + 8$$

d. 
$$T(n) = T(n/5) + \log(n)$$

e. 
$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + \lg(n)$$