



UNIVERSITY OF
KWAZULU-NATAL™
INYUVESI
YAKWAZULU-NATALI

COMP314 – Theory of Computation

Assignment 1 – Group Y

218 067 924

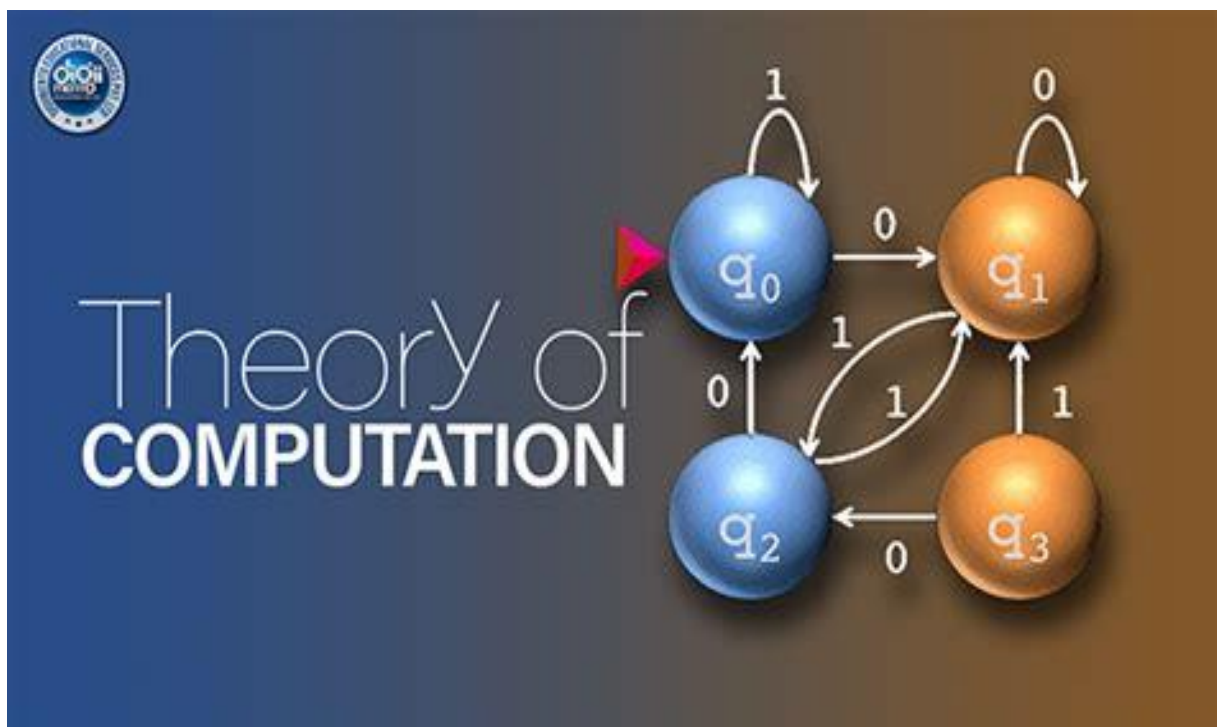
217 047 781

217 047 727

Hakeem Hoopdeo

Kyle Naidoo

Thembelihle Mpofana



Introduction:

The purpose of this project was to work as a group and write a program that, given an NFA that was created using Thompson's construction on a regular expression, write code to:

1. Read input from the *testData* file
2. Perform the Subset construction on the NFA to produce a DFA
3. Check if the testData pertaining to the particular DFA is accepted by the language defined by the DFA – D-RECOGNIZE algorithm
4. Run Assignment

1. Reading from the file:



```
1 package assignment;
2 /* This class uses the concept of Software Design principles known as Single Responsibility Principle
3  * i.e. One class will have one responsibility - for example - reading from a file
4  * This helps to keep our programs neater, smaller, maintainable (easier to debug, etc).
5  */
6
7 import java.io.*;
8 import java.util.ArrayList;
9
10 /* regexN: ArrayList<String>
11  * { R1, R2, ..., Rn }
12  */
13
14 /* testCases: ArrayList<ArrayList<String>>
15  * R1: { T1A, T1B, T1C,
16  * R2: T2A, T2B, T2C, T2D, T2E,
17  * R3: T3A, T3B, T3C, T3D,
18  * ...
19  * Rn: TnA, TnB, TnC, ..., TnZ }
20  */
21
22 /* This class prepares the test cases appropriately for processing */
23
24 public class PrepTestCases {
25     private ArrayList<String> regexN = new ArrayList<>(); // List of regex
26     private ArrayList<ArrayList<String>> testCases = new ArrayList<>(); // List of test cases for each regexN
27
28     public PrepTestCases() throws IOException {
29         File testData = new File("TestData.txt");
30         try (BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(testData))) { // Using a buffered reader to read
31             String line = ""; // used to read text file line by line
32             boolean regexLine = true; // checks if a line has a regex to add to regexN, else, build testCases for
33             ArrayList<String> testCase = new ArrayList<>(); // arraylist of testCases pertaining to each unique
34
35             while ((line = br.readLine()) != null) { // while the file isn't empty
36                 if (regexLine) { // if the line contains a regex
37                     regexN.add(line); // add the regex to the array - i.e. regexN
38                     regexLine = false;
39                 }
40                 else { // if the current line isn't a regex (it's either a testCase of the last element of regexN
41                     if (!line.equals("/")) // if the current line is a testCase for the last added regex - i.e.
42                         testCase.add(line); // add it to the test cases dealing with that regex
43                     else { // if the current line is a "/"
44                         testCases.add(testCase); // add the test case for that regex to the list of testCases for
45                         regexLine = true; // set this to true because the line after "/" is going to be another
46                         testCase = new ArrayList<>(); // refresh the arraylist to get test cases for the new regex
47                     }
48                 }
49             }
50         }
51     }
52
53     public ArrayList<String> getRegex() { return regexN; } // returns our list of regex read from the file
54
55     public ArrayList<ArrayList<String>> getTestCases() { return testCases; } // returns our testCases for each regex
56 }
```

2. Perform Subset Construction:

```
*PrepTestCases.java  TestData.txt  Dfa.java  SubsetConstruction.java x  RunAssignment.java  NfaState.java
1  package assignment;
2
3  import java.util.HashSet;
4
5
6
7
8
9
10 public class SubsetConstruction {
11     LinkedHashSet<HashSet<NfaState>> dfaStates; // set of DFA states where each DFA state contains a set of NFA
12     int[][] dTrans; // transition table for DFA
13
14     public SubsetConstruction() { // crucial initialization
15         dfaStates = new LinkedHashSet<>();
16         dTrans = new int[Dfa.MAX_STATES][Dfa.SIGMA_UPPER];
17     }
18
19     /* e_Closure algorithm from the slides that produces a set of NfaStates on e_transitions */
20     public HashSet<NfaState> e_Closure(HashSet<NfaState> T){
21         HashSet<NfaState> eClosure = T;
22         Stack<NfaState> stack = new Stack<NfaState>();
23         for (NfaState ti: T)
24             stack.push(ti);
25         while (!stack.isEmpty()) {
26             NfaState v = stack.pop();
27             if (v.getSymbol() == NfaState.EPSILON && v.getSymbol2() == NfaState.EPSILON) { // Are there any e_t
28                 NfaState next1 = v.getNext1(); // stores the transitions
29                 NfaState next2 = v.getNext2();
30                 if (next1 != null) { // There are transitions (check for safety purposes)
31                     eClosure.add(next1); // Add the transitions
32                     if (!stack.contains(next1))
33                         stack.push(next1);
34                 }
35                 if (next2 != null) { // There are transitions (check for safety purposes)
36                     eClosure.add(next2); // Add the transitions
37                     if (!stack.contains(next2))
38                         stack.push(next2);
39                 }
40             }
41         }
42         return eClosure;
43     }
44 }
```

```
*PrepTestCases.java  TestData.txt  Dfa.java  SubsetConstruction.java x  RunAssignment.java  NfaState.java
45 /* Move algorithm from the slides that produces a set of NfaStates on symbol: char transitions */
46 public HashSet<NfaState> Move(HashSet<NfaState> T, char symbol){
47     HashSet<NfaState> move = new HashSet<>();
48     for(NfaState ti: T){
49         if (ti != null) {
50             if (ti.getCharacterClass()) { // if it's a character class
51                 if (ti.getSymbol() <= symbol && symbol <= ti.getSymbol2()) // if symbol is within the chara
52                     move.add(ti.getNext1()); // make the transition on that symbol
53             }
54             else {
55                 if (ti.getSymbol() == symbol) // if there is a transition on the given symbol
56                     move.add(ti.getNext1()); // make the transition on that symbol
57                 if (ti.getSymbol2() == symbol) // if there is a transition on the given symbol
58                     move.add(ti.getNext2()); // make the transition on that symbol
59             }
60         }
61     }
62     return move;
63 }
64
65 /* Help function to be used later */
66 public int getIndex(LinkedHashSet<HashSet<NfaState>> dfaStates, HashSet<NfaState> state){
67     int index = 1;
68     for (HashSet<NfaState> states: dfaStates) {
69         if(states.containsAll(state))
70             return index;
71         index++;
72     }
73     return -1;
74 }
75 }
```

```

15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
72
73
74
75
76  /* Subset Construction algorithm from the slides that produces a DFA from an NFA with Thompson properties */
77  public Dfa subsetCns(NfaState start) {
78      HashSet<NfaState> T, V;
79      HashSet<NfaState> s0 = new HashSet<>();
80      s0.add(start);
81      Queue<HashSet<NfaState>> que = new LinkedList<>();
82      V = e_Closure(s0);
83      for (NfaState Vi: V) { // Checks if initial state of the DFA had a final state of the NFA
84          if (Vi.getSymbol() == NfaState.ACCEPT || Vi.getSymbol2() == NfaState.ACCEPT) {
85              dTrans[1][0] = -1; // sets initial state of DFA to a final state
86              break;
87          }
88      }
89      que.add(V);
90      dfaStates.add(V);
91      int row;
92      while (!que.isEmpty()) {
93          T = que.remove();
94          row = getIndex(dfaStates, T);
95          for (int i = Dfa.SIGMA_LOWER; i < Dfa.SIGMA_UPPER; i++) {
96              char inputSymbol = (char) i;
97              HashSet<NfaState> move = Move(T, inputSymbol);
98              V = e_Closure(move);
99              if (!V.isEmpty()) {
100                  if (getIndex(dfaStates, V) == -1) { // !que.contains(V) && !dfaStates.contains(V)
101                      que.add(V);
102                      dfaStates.add(V);
103                      dTrans[row][i] = dfaStates.size();
104                      for (NfaState Vi : V) {
105                          if (Vi.getSymbol() == NfaState.ACCEPT || Vi.getSymbol2() == NfaState.ACCEPT) { // cl
106                              dTrans[dfaStates.size()][0] = -1; // sets the appropriate state in the DFA to a
107                              break;
108                          }
109                      }
110                  } else
111                      dTrans[row][i] = getIndex(dfaStates, V);
112              }
113          }
114      }
115      ArrayList<HashSet<NfaState>> s = new ArrayList<>();
116      s.addAll(dfaStates);
117      return new Dfa(dTrans, s, s.size());
118  }
119
120  public int[][] getDTrans() { return dTrans; }
121
122  public LinkedHashSet<HashSet<NfaState>> getDfaStates() { return dfaStates; }
123
124  }

```

3. D-RECOGNIZE Algorithm for DFA:

```
PrepTestCases.java  TestData.txt  Dfa.java x  SubsetConstruction.java  RunAssignment.java  NfaState.java
72  int[][] getTransTable() {
73
74      return transTable;
75  }
76
77  int getSize() {
78
79      return size;
80  }
81
82  ArrayList<HashSet<NfaState>> getStates() {
83
84      return states;
85  }
86
87  /* This method overrides the toString() method to display the table and not object reference */
88  @Override
89  public String toString() {
90      String output = "";
91      for (int i = 0; i <= states.size(); i++) {
92          for (int j = 0; j < SIGMA_UPPER; j++) {
93              output += transTable[i][j] + " "; // builds the output for the transition table
94              if (j == 0)
95                  j = SIGMA_LOWER;
96          }
97          output += "\n"; // leaves a line after each row
98      }
99      return output;
100  }
101
102  /* This method checks if a string is a member of the language defined by the DFA */
103  public boolean D_RECOGNIZE(String testCase) {
104      int index; // index of char in string
105      int nextState = 1; // starts with the first state
106      for (int i = 0; i < testCase.length(); i++) { // runs through all characters in the string
107          index = (int) testCase.charAt(i);
108          nextState = transTable[nextState][index]; // transitions through the table based on the symbols from
109      }
110      if (transTable[nextState][0] == -1) // if it's an accept state then:
111          return true; // return false if the string is a member of the language defined by the NFA
112      return false; // return false if the string is not a member of the language defined by the NFA
113  }
114 }
```

4. RunAssignment:

```
*PrepTestCases.java  TestData.txt  Dfa.java  SubsetConstruction.java  RunAssignment.java x  NfaState.java
1 package assignment;
2
3 import java.io.IOException;
4
5
6
7 public class RunAssignment {
8     public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException, ParseException {
9         PrepTestCases processFile = new PrepTestCases(); // processes file
10
11         ArrayList<String> regex = processFile.getRegex(); // gets the regex from the file
12         ArrayList<ArrayList<String>> testCases = processFile.getTestCases(); // gets the test cases pertaining to
13
14         for (int i = 0; i < regex.size(); i++) { // loop for however many regex there are in the file
15             System.out.println("Converting regular expression " + regex.get(i) + " to RegExp expression tree");
16             try {
17                 RegExp.setNextStateNum(0);
18                 RegExp r = (new RegExp2AST(regex.get(i)).convert());
19                 System.out.println("No syntax errors");
20                 System.out.println("Original fully parenthesised regular expression : " +
21                     r.decompile());
22                 System.out.println("\nConverting regular expression " + regex.get(i) + " to NFA");
23                 Nfa n = r.makeNfa();
24                 SubsetConstruction s = new SubsetConstruction();
25                 Dfa d = s.subsetCns(n.getStart()); // performs subsetCns on Nfa to make a Dfa
26                 //System.out.println(d); // uncomment this line to see the transition tables for each & every reg
27                 for (int j = 0; j < testCases.get(i).size(); j++) { // loop for all testCases pertaining to a par
28                     if (d.isaccepted((testCases.get(i)).get(j))) // checks acceptance on each testCase for a per
29                         //System.out.println("The string: " + (testCases.get(i)).get(j) + " IS a member of the lan
30                         System.out.println("The string: " + (testCases.get(i)).get(j) + " IS ACCEPTED");
31                     else
32                         //System.out.println("The string: " + (testCases.get(i)).get(j) + " IS NOT member of the
33                         System.out.println("The string: " + (testCases.get(i)).get(j) + " IS REJECTED");
34                 }
35             } catch (ParseException ex) {
36                 System.out.println("Error at/near position " + ex.getErrorOffset() + " : " +
37                     ex.getMessage());
38             }
39             System.out.println();
40         }
41     }
42 }
```

Testing Record depicting Code Correctness:

```
Console x
<terminated> RunAssignment [Java Application] C:\Users\hakee\.p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_14.0.2.v20200815-0932\jre
Converting regular expression "a" to RegExp expression tree
No syntax errors
Original fully parenthesised regular expression : "a"

Converting regular expression "a" to NFA
The string: a IS ACCEPTED
The string: aa IS REJECTED
The string: b IS REJECTED

Converting regular expression "a" | "b" to RegExp expression tree
No syntax errors
Original fully parenthesised regular expression : ("a"|"b")

Converting regular expression "a" | "b" to NFA
The string: a IS ACCEPTED
The string: b IS ACCEPTED
The string: c IS REJECTED
The string: ab IS REJECTED
The string: ba IS REJECTED

Converting regular expression "a""b" to RegExp expression tree
No syntax errors
Original fully parenthesised regular expression : ("a"."b")

Converting regular expression "a""b" to NFA
The string: ab IS ACCEPTED
The string: a IS REJECTED
The string: b IS REJECTED
The string: c IS REJECTED
```

```
Console x
<terminated> RunAssignment [Java Application] C:\Users\hakee\.p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_14.0.2.v20200815-0932\jre
Converting regular expression "a"* to RegExp expression tree
No syntax errors
Original fully parenthesised regular expression : ("a")*

Converting regular expression "a"* to NFA
The string:  IS ACCEPTED
The string: a IS ACCEPTED
The string: aa IS ACCEPTED
The string: aaaaaa IS ACCEPTED
The string: aab IS REJECTED

Converting regular expression "a"+ to RegExp expression tree
No syntax errors
Original fully parenthesised regular expression : ("a")+

Converting regular expression "a"+ to NFA
The string:  IS REJECTED
The string: a IS ACCEPTED
The string: aa IS ACCEPTED
The string: aaaaaa IS ACCEPTED
The string: aab IS REJECTED

Converting regular expression "a"? to RegExp expression tree
No syntax errors
Original fully parenthesised regular expression : ("a")?

Converting regular expression "a"? to NFA
The string:  IS ACCEPTED
The string: a IS ACCEPTED
The string: aa IS REJECTED
The string: aaaaaa IS REJECTED
The string: aab IS REJECTED
```

```
Console x
<terminated> RunAssignment [Java Application] C:\Users\hakee\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_14.0.2.v20200815-0932\jre\
The string: aa IS REJECTED
The string: aaaaaa IS REJECTED
The string: aab IS REJECTED

Converting regular expression [a-c] to RegExp expression tree
No syntax errors
Original fully parenthesised regular expression : [a-c]

Converting regular expression [a-c] to NFA
The string: a IS ACCEPTED
The string: b IS ACCEPTED
The string: c IS ACCEPTED
The string: aa IS REJECTED
The string: d IS REJECTED

Converting regular expression ("a" | "b")* "a" "b". "b" to RegExp expression tree
No syntax errors
Original fully parenthesised regular expression : (((("a"|"b"))*."a")."b")."b")

Converting regular expression ("a" | "b")* "a" "b". "b" to NFA
The string: abb IS ACCEPTED
The string: aaaaaacbccbvbcxvbcxcbab IS REJECTED
The string: bbababababababababb IS ACCEPTED
The string: aaaabbbbabc IS REJECTED

Converting regular expression ("a" "b"?)* to RegExp expression tree
No syntax errors
Original fully parenthesised regular expression : (("a"."b"?)?)*

Converting regular expression ("a" "b"?)* to NFA
The string: ab IS ACCEPTED
The string: abab IS ACCEPTED
The string: ababab IS ACCEPTED
The string: aaaaaaaaaa IS ACCEPTED
The string:  IS ACCEPTED
The string: bababa IS REJECTED
```


Contributions:

Before anything, I must say that I am very pleased with the work that my group has produced. Not only am I proud of my group members performance, but I am also grateful that I had the opportunity to work with these guys. Without their hard work, dedication, and overall superb team effort, we would not have accomplished *perfection*.

NB: As Group Leader of this project, I had my hands in all parts of this project.

Classes Written:

1. Hakeem: PrepTestCases.java, RunAssignment.java
2. Kyle: Dfa.java: toString(), D_RECOGNIZE
3. Thembelihle: SubsetConstruction.java

Bug fixes:

1. Hakeem: SubsetConstruction.java: e_Closure, Move, subsetCns, Dfa.java: D_RECOGNIZE

Testing:

1. Kyle: Extensively tested D_RECOGNIZE
2. Thembelihle: Extensively tested e_Closure, Move, subsetCns
3. Hakeem: Tested the overall program – RunAssignment.java

Final Takings on Contributions:

I believe that Kyle, Thembelihle and myself deserve the same marks since we worked together, partitioned the workload, scheduled zoom meetings for discussions and fixes and overall have shown excellent team synergy. This assignment has also gone through extensive testing and works for more than just the test cases provided in the file. Lastly:

** Siyavuya Ngalenkulu – 216 035 051: contributed nothing towards assignment 1. He therefore has my highest recommendations to receive a “0” mark for this assignment. This recommendation is unbiased, and the rest of the group share a similar sentiment towards this issue.

Conclusion:

My group and I found this assignment to be very enjoyable. We had fun trying to figure out how to translate the pseudocode into actual code and thoroughly enjoyed working with the data structures rich with object-oriented programming design. It gave use a reminder of the good old days of second year and helped us brush up on our skills. It also allowed us to see that these concepts we learned in second year have limitless applications. We therefore collectively thank you for this assignment and the knowledge, experience and insight gained from it!