```
In [1]: import numpy as np

wheel_base = 1200  # [mm]
L = 3600  # [mm]
M = 200  # [kg]
h = 75  # [mm]
g = 9.81  # [m/s^2]
F_point = M * g / 4.0  # [N] (per wheel)

a = (L - wheel_base) / 2.0  # [mm] distance frome edge to point load (wheel)
```

### **Deformation functions**

```
In [2]: def disp(x, P, a, L, EI):
    """ Fra formelsamling i mek 2. Bjelkeformel 12 """
    b = L - a
    if x <= a:
        return P*b*x/(6*EI*L) * (L**2 - b**2 - x**2)
    else:
        return P*a*(L-x)/(6*EI*L) * (2*L*x - a**2 - x**2)

def calculate_critical_disp(wheel_base, F1, F2, L, BendingStiffness):
    a1 = (L - wheel_base) / 2.0
    a2 = a1 + wheel_base

    max_disp_pos = L/2.0

# Calculate deflection caused by each point load
    w = disp(max_disp_pos, F1, a1, L, BendingStiffness) + disp(max_disp_pos, F2, a2, L, BendingStiffness)
    print(f"Max displacement: {w}")</pre>
```

### Deviations of second moment of area caused by mid plane offset in Abaqus

```
In [3]: t = 1
                          PROFILE_WIDTH = 200
                          h = 75
                          max\_spars = 8
                          I approx list = np.zeros(max spars+1)
                          I_analytical_list = np.zeros(max_spars+1)
                          I_horizontal_approx = (1.0/12.0) * (PROFILE_WIDTH - t) * t**3 + ((h - t)/2.0)**2 * (PROFILE_WIDTH - t) * t # Steiners sats bunn eller topp
                           \begin{tabular}{ll} $ I\_vertical\_approx = (1.0/12.0) * (t) * (h - t)**3 $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ I\_box\_approx = 2 * I\_horizontal\_approx + 2 * I\_vertical\_approx $ $ $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller venstre side $ \# Steiners sats h \# yre eller sats h 
                          I_approx_list[0] = I_box_approx
                           # Calculate analytical
                           I box analytical = (1.0/12.0) * (PROFILE WIDTH * h**3 - (PROFILE WIDTH-2*t) * (h-2*t)**3)
                           I_analytical_list[0] = I_box_analytical
                          I_spar_analytical = (1.0/12.0) * t * (h-2*t)**3
                           # add spars
                           for i in range(max_spars):
                                       # add spar contribution to I and append to list
                                       I_box_approx += I_vertical_approx
                                       I_approx_list[i+1] = I_box_approx
                                       I_box_analytical += I_spar_analytical
                                       I analytical list[i+1] = I box analytical
                           print(np.round(I_approx_list/I_analytical_list * 100, 2))
                       [ 99.99 100.2 100.39 100.57 100.72 100.87 101. 101.12 101.24]
```

# Calculate composite bending stiffness

The class Profile consists of rectangular sections from the class MaterialSection . Profile calculates the bending stiffness of a composite cross section.

```
In []: import math

def rotated_inertia(b, h, theta_deg):
    """ Transformasjonsformler fra Mekanikk 2 Formelhefte side 16 """
    theta = math.radians(theta_deg)
    # For a Rectangle
    Iy = (b * h**3) / 12
    Iz = (h * b**3) / 12
    Iyz = 0
    Iyp = 0.5 * (Iy + Iz) + 0.5 * (Iy - Iz) * math.cos(2 * theta) - Iyz * math.sin(2 * theta)
    return Iyp
```

```
class MaterialSection:
    def __init__(self, z_center, b, h, E_modulus, rotation_deg=0.0):
        self.z_center = z_center
       self.b = b
       self.h = h
       self.area = b*h
       self.E_modulus = E_modulus
       self.rotation_deg = rotation_deg
    @property
    def EA(self):
       return self.E_modulus * self.area
    @property
    def I local(self):
       theta = math.radians(self.rotation_deg)
       # For a Rectangle
        Iy = (self.b * self.h**3) / 12
        Iz = (self.h * self.b**3) / 12
        Iyz = 0
       Typ = 0.5 * (Iy + Iz) + 0.5 * (Iy - Iz) * math.cos(2 * theta) - Iyz * math.sin(2 * theta)
        return Iyp
    def __repr__(self):
        return f"MaterialSection(z_center={self.z_center}, area={self.area}, E_modulus={self.E_modulus})"
class Profile:
    def __init__(self):
        self.sections = []
    def add_section(self, z_center, b, h, E_modulus, rotation_deg=0.0):
        section = MaterialSection(z_center, b, h, E_modulus, rotation_deg=rotation_deg)
        self.sections.append(section)
    def compute_neutral_axis(self):
        Beregn nøytralaksen (z-coordinate) for en komposittbjelkeprofil, tilsvarende formel i mekanikk 2 formelhefte.
       Nøytralaksen er definert ved:
            z_neutral = sum(EA * z_center) / sum(EA)
       Der EA = E_modulus * area for hver seksjon.
        total_EA = sum(section.EA for section in self.sections)
        if total EA == 0:
           raise ValueError("Total EA kan ikke være 0")
        numerator = sum(section.EA * section.z_center for section in self.sections)
        neutral_axis = numerator / total_EA
        self.neutral_axis = neutral_axis
        return neutral_axis
    def compute_bending_stiffness(self):
        # First, compute the neutral axis
       self.compute_neutral_axis()
        for section in self.sections:
           EI += section.E_modulus * (section.I_local + section.area * (section.z_center - self.neutral_axis)**2)
        self.bending_stiffness = EI
        return EI
    def calculate cross section ares(self):
        cs area = 0
        for section in self.sections:
           cs_area += section.area
       return cs_area
    def __repr__(self):
        sections_str = "\n".join(str(section) for section in self.sections)
        return f"Profile med {len(self.sections)} seksjoner:\n{sections_str}"
```

### **Inlcude laminates**

```
In [5]: from laminatelib import laminateStiffnessMatrix, laminateThickness, repeatLayers, symmetricLayup
import matlib

def effective_laminate_Ex(layup):
    ABD = laminateStiffnessMatrix(layup)
    h=laminateThickness(layup)
    Ex = (1/h)*( ABD[0,0] - (ABD[0,1]**2)/ABD[1,1] )
    return Ex
```

```
In [6]: def print_weigh_estimate(cross_section_area):
    rho_s_glass = 2.0E-6 # [kg/mm^3] Density of S-gLass

L = 3600
# Total weight
```

```
total_weight = rho_s_glass * cross_section_area * L
print(f"Total weight per bridge component: {total_weight:.2f} kg")
```

Slanted Profile with 1 spar (Test Profile)

```
In [7]: m1 = matlib.get('S-glass/Epoxy')
        # Define top Layup
        layup_top = [
             {'mat':m1 , 'ori': 0 , 'thi':0.25},
             {'mat':m1 , 'ori': 90 , 'thi':0.25}
        repeatLayers(layup top, 2)
        symmetricLayup(layup_top)
         # Define bottom Layup
        layup_bottom = layup_top
         # Define side Layups
        layup_sides = [
             {'mat':m1 , 'ori': 45 , 'thi':0.25}, {'mat':m1 , 'ori': -45 , 'thi':0.25}
        repeatLayers(layup sides, 2)
        symmetricLayup(layup_sides)
        # Get effective E-modulus
        E_eff_top = effective_laminate_Ex(layup_top)
         E_eff_bottom = effective_laminate_Ex(layup_bottom)
        E_eff_sides = effective_laminate_Ex(layup_sides)
        # Define custom profile
        outer_height = 75
        outer\_width = 200
        o1 = 10
        02 = 40
        profile1 = Profile()
        # TOP
        t_top = laminateThickness(layup_top)
        profile1.add_section(z_center=(outer_height=0.5*t_top),
                             b=outer_width,
                             h=t_top,
                             E_modulus=E_eff_top)
        # BOTTOM
        t_bottom = laminateThickness(layup_bottom)
        profile 1.add\_section(z\_center = (0.5*t\_bottom),
                             b=(outer_width-2*o2),
                             h=t_bottom,
                             E_modulus=E_eff_bottom)
        # SLANTED SIDE 1
        t_side = laminateThickness(layup_sides)
         length_slanted_side = np.sqrt((o2-o1)**2 + outer_height**2)
        angle = math.degrees(np.arctan((o2-o1) / outer_height))
        profile1.add_section(z_center=0.5*outer_height,
                             b=t_side,
                             h=length_slanted_side,
                              E_modulus=E_eff_sides,
                             rotation_deg=angle)
        # SLANTED SIDE 2
         profile1.add_section(z_center=0.5*outer_height,
                             b=t_side,
                             h=length_slanted_side,
                             E modulus=E eff sides,
                             rotation_deg=angle)
        t_spar = laminateThickness(layup_sides)
        profile1.add_section(z_center=0.5*outer_height,
                             b=t spar,
                             h=outer_height,
                             E_modulus=E_eff_sides)
         # EFFECTIVE BENDING STIFFNESS
        Db = profile1.compute_bending_stiffness()
        calculate\_critical\_disp(wheel\_base=1200, F1=(50*9.81), F2=(50*9.81), L=3600 \ , BendingStiffness=Db)
        \verb|print_weigh_estimate(cross_section_area=profile1.calculate\_cross\_section\_ares())| \\
       Max displacement: 20.427895342741124
       Total weight per bridge component: 12.02 kg
```

## Design 1

```
# Define top Layup
layup_top = [
     {'mat':m1 , 'ori': 0 , 'thi':0.25},
     {'mat':m1 , 'ori': 90 , 'thi':0.25},
     {'mat':m1, 'ori': 0, 'thi':0.25},
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 90, 'thi':0.25},
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 90, 'thi':0.25},
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 90, 'thi':0.25},
     {'mat':m1, 'ori': 0, 'thi':0.25}, 
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 90, 'thi':0.25}, 
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 0, 'thi':0.25}, 
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 0, 'thi':0.25},
]
# Define bottom Layup
layup_bottom = [
     {'mat':m1 , 'ori': 0 , 'thi':0.25},
{'mat':m1 , 'ori': 90 , 'thi':0.25},
{'mat':m1 , 'ori': 90 , 'thi':0.25},
{'mat':m1 , 'ori': 0 , 'thi':0.25},
1
# Define side Layups
layup\_sides = [
     {\text{'mat':m1 , 'ori': 45 , 'thi':0.25}},
     {'mat':m1 , 'ori': -45 , 'thi':0.25},
     {'mat':m1, 'ori': 45, 'thi':0.25}, 
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 45, 'thi':0.25}, 
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 45, 'thi':0.25}, 
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 45, 'thi':0.25}, 
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 45, 'thi':0.25},
]
# Define spar Layup
layup_spar = [
     {'mat':m1 , 'ori': 45 , 'thi':0.25},
     {'mat':m1 , 'ori': -45 , 'thi':0.25},
     {'mat':m1, 'ori': 45, 'thi':0.25}, 
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 45, 'thi':0.25}, 
{'mat':m1, 'ori': -45, 'thi':0.25}, 
{'mat':m1, 'ori': 45, 'thi':0.25},
]
# Get effective E-modulus
E_eff_top = effective_laminate_Ex(layup_top)
E_eff_bottom = effective_laminate_Ex(layup_bottom)
E_eff_sides = effective_laminate_Ex(layup_sides)
E_eff_spar = effective_laminate_Ex(layup_spar)
# Define custom profile
outer_height = 75
outer_width = 200
01 = 10
02 = 40
profile1 = Profile()
# TOP
t_top = laminateThickness(layup_top)
profile1.add_section(z_center=(outer_height=0.5*t_top),
                          b=outer_width,
                          h=t_top,
                          E_modulus=E_eff_top)
# BOTTOM
t_bottom = laminateThickness(layup_bottom)
profile1.add_section(z_center=(0.5*t_bottom),
                          b=(outer_width-2*o2),
                          h=t\_bottom,
                          E_modulus=E_eff_bottom)
# SLANTED SIDE 1
t side = laminateThickness(layup_sides)
length_slanted_side = np.sqrt((o2-o1)**2 + outer_height**2)
angle = math.degrees(np.arctan((o2-o1) / outer_height))
profile1.add_section(z_center=0.5*outer_height,
                          b=t_side,
                          h=length_slanted_side,
                          E_modulus=E_eff_sides,
                          rotation_deg=angle)
# SLANTED SIDE 2
profile1.add_section(z_center=0.5*outer_height,
                          b=t side,
                          h=length_slanted_side,
                          {\sf E\_modulus=E\_eff\_sides,}
                          rotation_deg=angle)
# SPAR
t_spar = laminateThickness(layup_sides)
{\tt profile1.add\_section}(z\_{\tt center=0.5*outer\_height},
                          b=t_spar,
                          h=outer_height,
                          E_modulus=E_eff_spar)
# EFFECTIVE BENDING STIFFNESS
Db = profile1.compute_bending_stiffness()
```

 $calculate\_critical\_disp(wheel\_base=1200, F1=(50*9.81), F2=(50*9.81), L=3600 , BendingStiffness=Db) \\ print\_weigh\_estimate(cross\_section\_area=profile1.calculate\_cross\_section\_ares()) \\$ 

Max displacement: 43.99739524011364 Total weight per bridge component: 6.30 kg