Women Who Code Python Track Databases with



Python: Quickstart

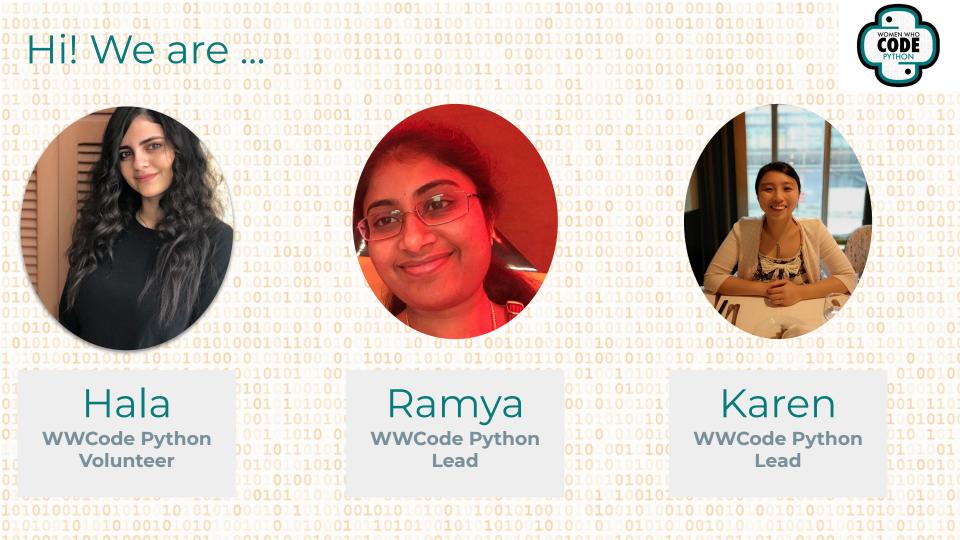
Session#2 - SQLite and Python

Welcome Everyone!!

- → The slides available here on GitHub soon: https://github.com/WomenWhoCode/WWCodePy
- → Our social media and events here: https://linktr.ee/wwcodepython
- Please make sure your chat is set to "All panelists and attendees".
- → Few housekeeping rules:
 - Everyone will be muted throughout the webinar!
 - Please share your thoughts on the chat and/or ask questions in the Q&A.
 - Our team is here. Please reach out to us with any technical questions!

WELCOME WOMEN WHO





OUR MISSION

Inspiring women to excel in technology careers.





OUR VISION

A world where women are representative as technical executives, founders, VCs, board members and software engineers.





OUR TARGET

Engineers with two or more years of experience looking for support and resources to strengthen their influence and levelup in their careers.





CODE OF CONDUCT

WWCode is an inclusive community, dedicated to providing an empowering experience for everyone who participates in or supports our community, regardless of gender, gender identity and expression, sexual orientation, ability, physical appearance, body size, race, ethnicity, age, religion, socioeconomic status, caste, creed, political affiliation, or preferred programming language(s).

Our events are intended to inspire women to excel in technology careers, and anyone who is there for this purpose is welcome. We do not tolerate harassment of members in any form. Our **Code of Conduct** applies to all WWCode events and online communities.

Read the full version and access our incident report form at womenwhocode.com/codeofconduct



250,000+ Members

In 95 cities and 122 countries with 70 networks, 10K+ events, \$1025 daily Conference tickets, \$2M Scholarships and Access to jobs + resources Infinite connections





OUR MOVEMENT

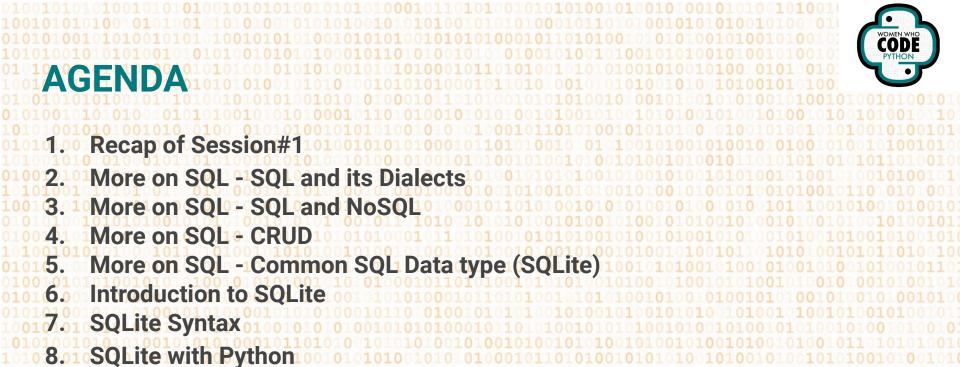
As the world changes, we can be a connecting force that creates a sense of belonging while the world is being asked to isolate.







- Recap of Session#1
- More on SQL SQL and its Dialects
- More on SQL SQL and NoSQL 3.01
- More on SQL Common SQL Data type (SQLite)
- Introduction to SQLite
- **SQLite Syntax** 7. If demoing CRUD operations using Python code
- 8.º10lts use-cases (used for small scale and prototyping purpose)
- One slide with Installation guidance on DB Browser for SQLite?



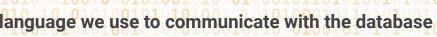




















More on SQL - SQL and its Dialects

→ Different vendors (companies) develop their own Database Management

System (DBMS)

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0101010101	Microsoft SQL Server	MySQL	Oracle	L010
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More on SQL - SQL and NoSQL

SQL



	Design for relational database	Design for non-relational database
10010	Data are stored in table structure	Data can be stored in various way i.e. document, key-value, graph
	Vertical scaling	Horizontal Scaling
00	Fixed schema and structured data	Dynamic schemas and unstructured data
01	Multi-row transactions	Process data in document / JSON/ XML
10	1010100 1010100 100100 PostgreSQL	Example of NoSQL 10010101010101010101010101010101010101

NoSQL

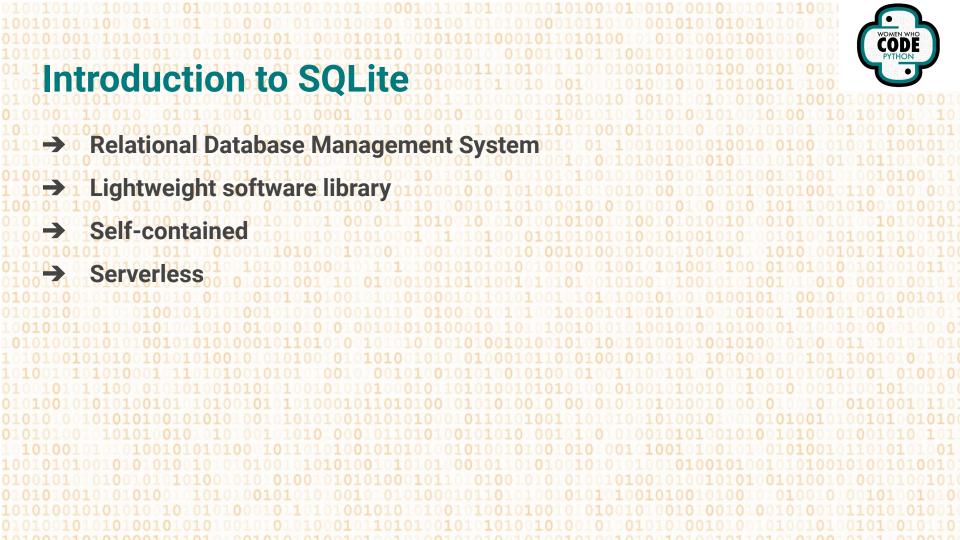
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More on SQL - Common SQL Data type (SQLite)

0	Data Type	Example
0	TEXT	"snoopy"
0	NULL	NULL
000	INTEGER	1, 121, 12321
000	REAL	68.84
1111	BLOB	Stores data exactly as it was input

Datetime data can be stored in TEXT, REAL OR INTEGER. A built-in function helps to store datetime data in a understandable format







SELECT

clientID, firstname, lastname

FROM

Client

JOIN Employee **ON** Client.employeeID = Employee.employeeID

WHERE lastname = "Smith"

ORDER BY Client.age

Mary 10

Column

(Optional) Join with other table Filter data

24334

1001010101	0001011010	100101010	1001010010	1001010100101
clientID	firstname	lastname	age 10100	employeeID 0010
24001	John 010 010 1 010	Smith 101	04300010110 1010010101	301 00101010
0101010010	1010100101	010100101	0101001010	1201000101101

Jane

302

Employee

01	employeeID	firstname	lastname	age 101001
01	301 0 0100	Karen 1 010	W1010010	50 1010 1
10.01	302	Hala 10101	S010101001	550101001
01:	303010010	Ramya 0010	(N)1010010	320101010





01	$\begin{smallmatrix} 100101010100101010101010101010000101101$	010100101001010
10	import sqlite3	Import library
010000000000000000000000000000000000000	connect = sqlite3.connect('bank.db')	Connect to the da

join Employee on Client.employeeID = Employee.employeeID where Client.lastname = 'Smith', order by Client.age

cursor = connect.execute("select clientID, firstname, lastname from Client

for row in cursor: print(row[0], row[1], row[2], row[3]) connect.close()

Execute SQL query

Print table result

Close the database connection



Demo - Live Coding

Following the schema designed in session 1 Client **Employee** CreditCard **BankAccount** clientID (int) employeeID (int) cardID (int) accountID (int) firstname (char) firstname accountID clientID (int) (char) lastname (char) lastname (char) age (int) age (int) employeeID (int)





Cre	dit	Ca	r
	-		

cardID accountID

BZGH 552

FGHJ 552

ASDF 554

Bank Account

	0101010100101010101010101						
7	accountID 10	OclientID 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1					
111	552	24002					
100	553 ¹ 01101	24334 10 0 1010					
0	554	24334					

Client

1(clientID	firstname	lastname	age 1001	employeeID
01	24001 001	John 01001	Smith 010	43101001 01010010	30101010010
1(1	24002	Jane 10 10 Jane 10 11	Doe 101	45 ₁₀ 1001	301 010 10
1(1	24334 101	Mary100	Jane 101 (32 010	302 0 001 01
	10100101	001010010	101001010	01010010	1001010010

Employee				
employeeID	firstname	lastname 01	age	
301 0001	Karen 1010	1W1001010 101001011	050010 101 0101 001	
302	Hala Hala	S10100101 S1001010	55 100101	
303	Ramya	1N)1001011 100101001	(320 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	



Wrap Up!

7. SQLite Syntax

8. SQLite with Python

5.

Recap of Session#1

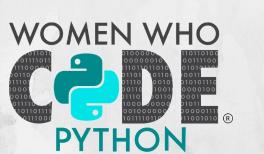
More on SQL - SQL and its Dialects

Introduction to SQLite

More on SQL - SQL and NoSQL

More on SQL - Common SQL Data type (SQLite)

More on SQL - CRUD



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@WWCODEPYTHON

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Upcoming Events



WED 17

FEB

WED

10 MAR

In Databases with Python: Quickstart: SQL and Python In Featured 6:00 PM - 8:00 PM (EST) | ▼ Zoom

Register

■Databases with Python: Session on Firebase *■ Featured* 6:00 PM - 8:00 PM (EST) | ▼ Zoom

Register

WED

31 MAR **In Databases with Python: Session on MongoDB** Featured

Register

7:00 PM - 8:00 PM (EDT) | ▼ Zoom

