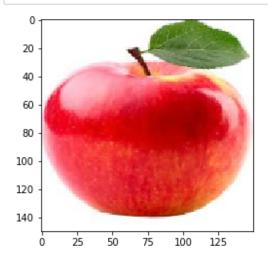
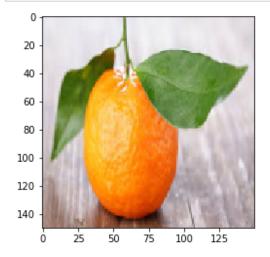
```
In [173]: | import cv2
          import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          %matplotlib inline
          import os
          import random
In [174]: TRAINDIR = 'C:/Users/ADMIN/Desktop/Snehil devops/train'
          CATEGORIES = ["apple", "orange"]
In [175]:
          nrows = 150
          ncolumns = 150
          channels = 3
In [176]: train data=[]
          def create_training_data():
              for category in CATEGORIES:
                   path = os.path.join(TRAINDIR, category)
                                                                 # path to apple or orange dir
                   class_num = CATEGORIES.index(category)
                   for image in os.listdir(path):
                                                                # Bunch of images in the path
                       image_array1 = cv2.imread(os.path.join(path,image),cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
                       new_array1 = cv2.resize(image_array1,(nrows,ncolumns))
                                                                                       # Normal
                       color_img = cv2.cvtColor(new_array1, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
                       imgplot=plt.imshow(color_img)
                       train_data.append([color_img,class_num])
                                                                         # Collecting all trai
                       plt.show()
          create_training_data()
           120
           140
                             75
                   25
                        50
                                  100
                                       125
             0
            20
            40
            60
            80
           100
           120
           140
                                  100
                                       125
                        50
                             75
In [177]:
          random.shuffle(train data)
```

```
In [178]: plt.imshow(train_data[1][0])
   plt.show()
```

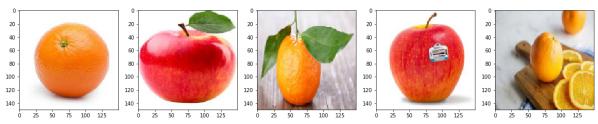


In [179]: plt.imshow(train_data[2][0])
 plt.show()



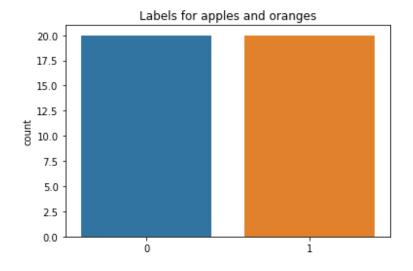
```
In [181]: X[0]
Out[181]: array([[[255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255]],
                  [[255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255]],
                  [[255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   . . . ,
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255]],
                  . . . ,
                  [[255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   . . . ,
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255]],
                  [[255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                    . . . ,
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255]],
                  [[255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255],
                   [255, 255, 255]]], dtype=uint8)
In [182]: y
Out[182]: array([1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1,
                  0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0])
```

```
In [183]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
    columns = 5
    for i in range(columns):
        plt.subplot(5/columns + 1, columns, i + 1)
        plt.imshow(X[i])
```



```
In [184]: import seaborn as sns
sns.countplot(y)
plt.title('Labels for apples and oranges')
```

Out[184]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Labels for apples and oranges')



```
In [185]: X.shape
```

Out[185]: (40, 150, 150, 3)

```
In [186]: y.shape
```

Out[186]: (40,)

```
In [187]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=
```

```
In [188]:
          print(X_train.shape)
          print(X_val.shape)
          print(y_train.shape)
          print(y_val.shape)
          (32, 150, 150, 3)
          (8, 150, 150, 3)
          (32,)
          (8,)
In [189]:
          #get the length of the train and validation data
          ntrain = len(X_train)
          nval = len(X_val)
          #We will use a batch size of 32. Note: batch size should be a factor of 2.***4,8,
          batch_size = 32
          print(ntrain)
          print(nval)
          32
          8
In [190]: from keras import layers
          from keras import models
          from keras import optimizers
          from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
          from keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array, load_img
          model = models.Sequential()
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu',input_shape=(150, 150, 3)))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Flatten())
          model.add(layers.Dropout(0.5)) #Dropout for regularization
          model.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')) #Sigmoid function at the end be
```

```
In [191]: model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_6"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
conv2d_21 (Conv2D)	(None,	148, 148, 32)	896
max_pooling2d_21 (MaxPooling	(None,	74, 74, 32)	0
conv2d_22 (Conv2D)	(None,	72, 72, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_22 (MaxPooling	(None,	36, 36, 64)	0
conv2d_23 (Conv2D)	(None,	34, 34, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_23 (MaxPooling	(None,	17, 17, 128)	0
conv2d_24 (Conv2D)	(None,	15, 15, 128)	147584
max_pooling2d_24 (MaxPooling	(None,	7, 7, 128)	0
flatten_6 (Flatten)	(None,	6272)	0
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None,	6272)	0
dense_11 (Dense)	(None,	512)	3211776
dense_12 (Dense)	(None,	1)	513

Total params: 3,453,121 Trainable params: 3,453,121 Non-trainable params: 0

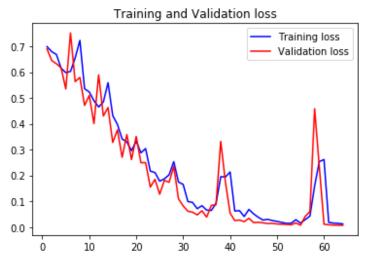
In [192]: model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=optimizers.RMSprop(lr=1e-4),

```
In [194]: train_generator = train_datagen.flow(X_train, y_train, batch_size=batch_size)
val_generator = val_datagen.flow(X_val, y_val, batch_size=batch_size)
```

```
In [195]: history = model.fit_generator(train_generator,
                           steps_per_epoch=ntrain // batch_size,
                           epochs=64,
                           validation_data=val_generator,
                           validation_steps=nval // batch_size)
       0 - val_loss: 0.0842 - val_acc: 1.0000
      Epoch 37/64
       1/1 [================ ] - 1s 1s/step - loss: 0.0914 - acc: 1.000
      0 - val_loss: 0.0863 - val_acc: 1.0000
      Epoch 38/64
       2 - val_loss: 0.3317 - val_acc: 0.8750
      Epoch 39/64
       1/1 [============== ] - 1s 1s/step - loss: 0.1939 - acc: 0.875
      0 - val_loss: 0.1744 - val_acc: 1.0000
      Epoch 40/64
      2 - val loss: 0.0537 - val acc: 1.0000
      Epoch 41/64
      0 - val_loss: 0.0253 - val_acc: 1.0000
      Epoch 42/64
       1/1 [================ ] - 1s 1s/step - loss: 0.0634 - acc: 0.968
      8 - val loss: 0.0270 - val acc: 1.0000
```

```
#lets plot the train and val curve
In [196]:
          #get the details form the history object
          acc = history.history['acc']
          val_acc = history.history['val_acc']
          loss = history.history['loss']
          val loss = history.history['val loss']
          epochs = range(1, len(acc) + 1)
          #Train and validation accuracy
          plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'b', label='Training accurarcy')
          plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'r', label='Validation accurarcy')
          plt.title('Training and Validation accurarcy')
          plt.legend()
          plt.figure()
          #Train and validation loss
          plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'b', label='Training loss')
          plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'r', label='Validation loss')
          plt.title('Training and Validation loss')
          plt.legend()
          plt.show()
```





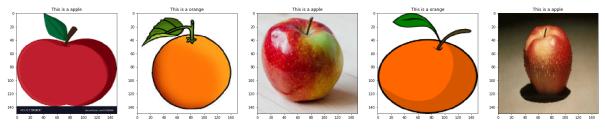
```
In [214]: TRAINDIR2 = 'C:/Users/ADMIN/Desktop/Snehil devops/train2'
CATEGORIES = ["apple", "orange"]
```

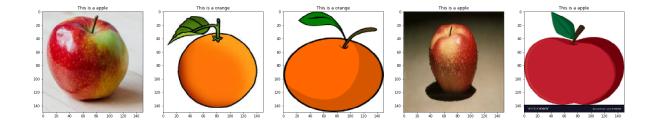
```
In [215]: nrows = 150
          ncolumns = 150
          channels = 3
In [216]: train_data=[]
          def create training data():
              for category in CATEGORIES:
                  path = os.path.join(TRAINDIR2,category)
                                                              # path to apple or orange di
                  class num = CATEGORIES.index(category)
                  for image in os.listdir(path):
                                                             # Bunch of images in the path
                      image_array1 = cv2.imread(os.path.join(path,image))
                      new array1 = cv2.resize(image array1,(nrows,ncolumns))
                                                                                    # Normal
                      train_data.append([new_array1,class_num])  # Collecting all trd
          create_training_data()
In [217]: random.shuffle(train_data)
In [218]: X = []
          y = []
          for feature,label in train_data:
              X.append(feature)
              y.append(label)
          X = np.array(X).reshape(-1,nrows,ncolumns,channels)
          y = np.array(y)
In [219]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
          X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=
In [220]: from keras import layers
          from keras import models
          from keras import optimizers
          from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
          from keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array, load_img
          model = models.Sequential()
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu',input_shape=(150, 150, 3)))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Flatten())
          model.add(layers.Dropout(0.5)) #Dropout for regularization
          model.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')) #Sigmoid function at the end be
In [221]: | model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=optimizers.RMSprop(lr=1e-4),
```

```
In [222]: train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1/255,
                               rotation range=40,
                               width_shift_range=0.2,
                               height_shift_range=0.2,
                               shear_range=0.2,
                               zoom range=0.2,
                               horizontal_flip=True,)
      val_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1/255)
In [223]: train_generator = train_datagen.flow(X_train, y_train, batch_size=batch_size)
      val generator = val datagen.flow(X val, y val, batch size=batch size)
In [224]: history = model.fit_generator(train_generator,
                           steps_per_epoch=ntrain // batch_size,
                           epochs=64,
                           validation data=val generator,
                           validation_steps=nval // batch_size)
       0000 - val_loss: 0.3210 - val_acc: 1.0000
       Epoch 37/64
       0000 - val loss: 0.6908 - val acc: 1.0000
       Epoch 38/64
       0000 - val_loss: 0.4033 - val_acc: 1.0000
       Epoch 39/64
       0000 - val_loss: 0.4103 - val_acc: 1.0000
       Epoch 40/64
       0000 - val_loss: 0.3812 - val_acc: 1.0000
       Epoch 41/64
       0000 - val loss: 0.5058 - val acc: 1.0000
       Epoch 42/64
       0000 - val_loss: 0.2233 - val_acc: 1.0000
       Epoch 43/64
```

In [225]: test_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)

```
i = 0
In [226]:
          text_labels = []
          plt.figure(figsize=(30,20))
          for batch in test_datagen.flow(X, batch_size=1):
              pred = model.predict(batch)
              if pred > 0.5:
                  text_labels.append('orange')
              else:
                  text_labels.append('apple')
              plt.subplot(5 / columns + 1, columns, i + 1)
              plt.title('This is a ' + text_labels[i])
              color_img = cv2.cvtColor(batch[0], cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
              imgplot=plt.imshow(color_img)
              i += 1
              if i % 10 == 0:
                  break
          plt.show()
```





```
In [ ]:
```