

# Predicting Earthquake Building Damage

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Nepal

2015



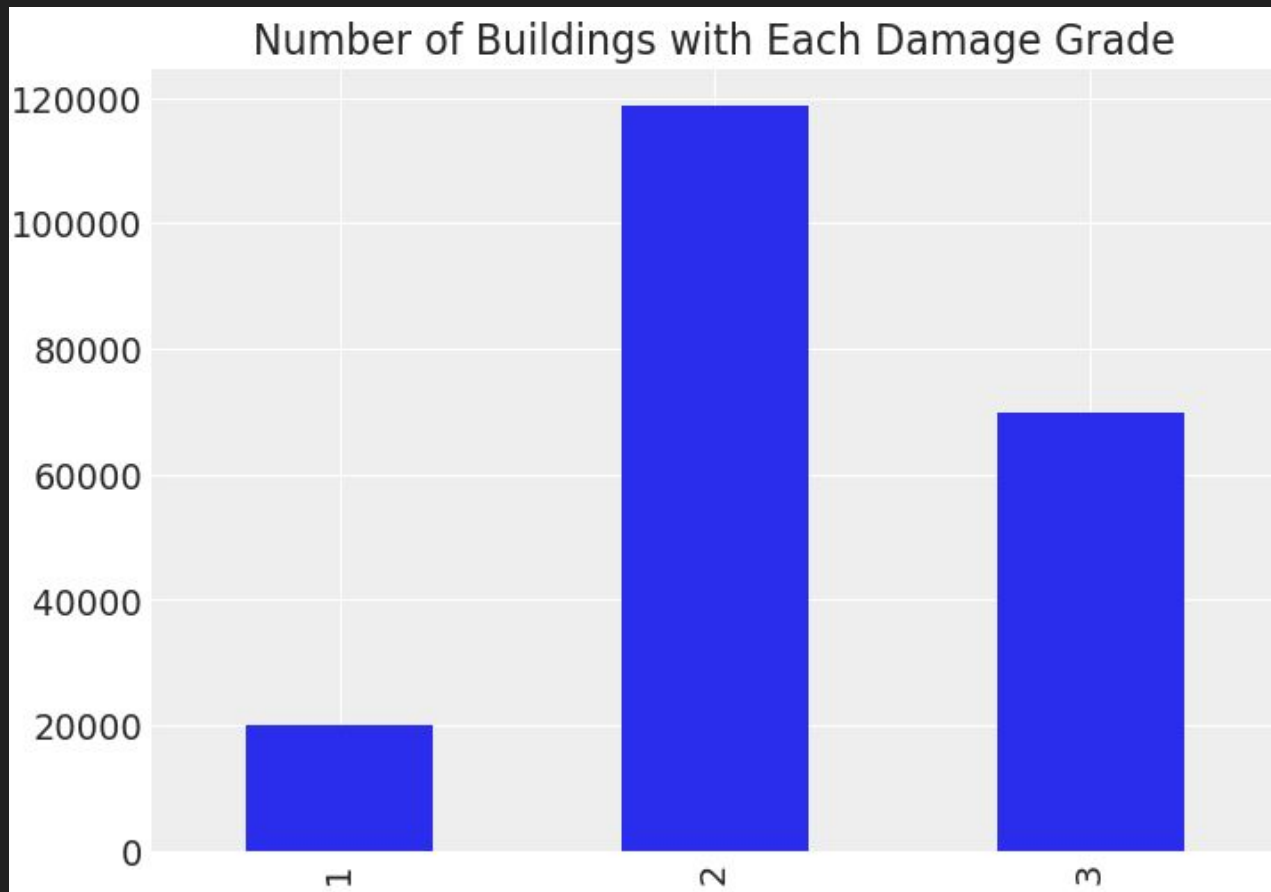
# Data

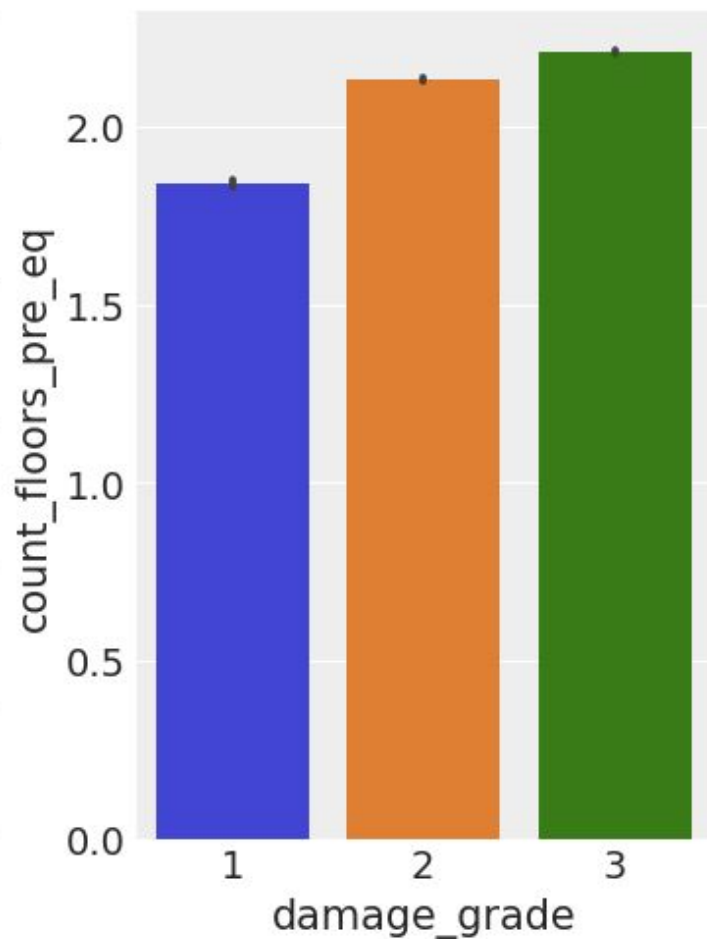
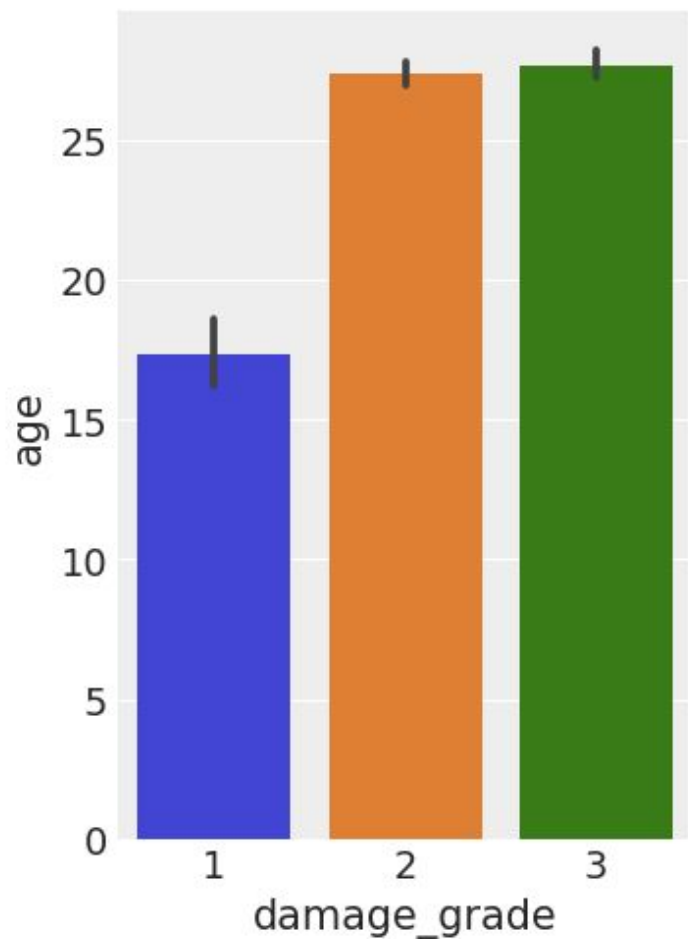
- 2015 Nepal Earthquake Open Data Portal
- National Planning Commission, Kathmandu Living Labs, and the Central Bureau of Statistics
- 208,480 buildings (rows)
- 38 predictors, mixed types (columns)
- Damage Grade of each building
  - 1 = low damage
  - 2 = medium damage
  - 3 = complete destruction

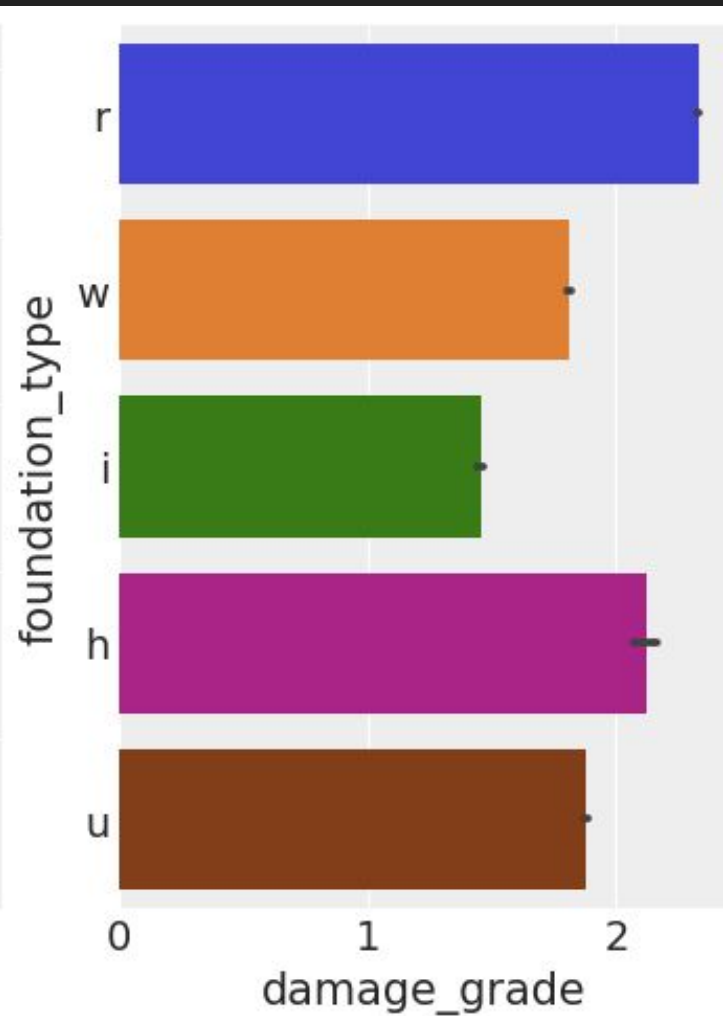
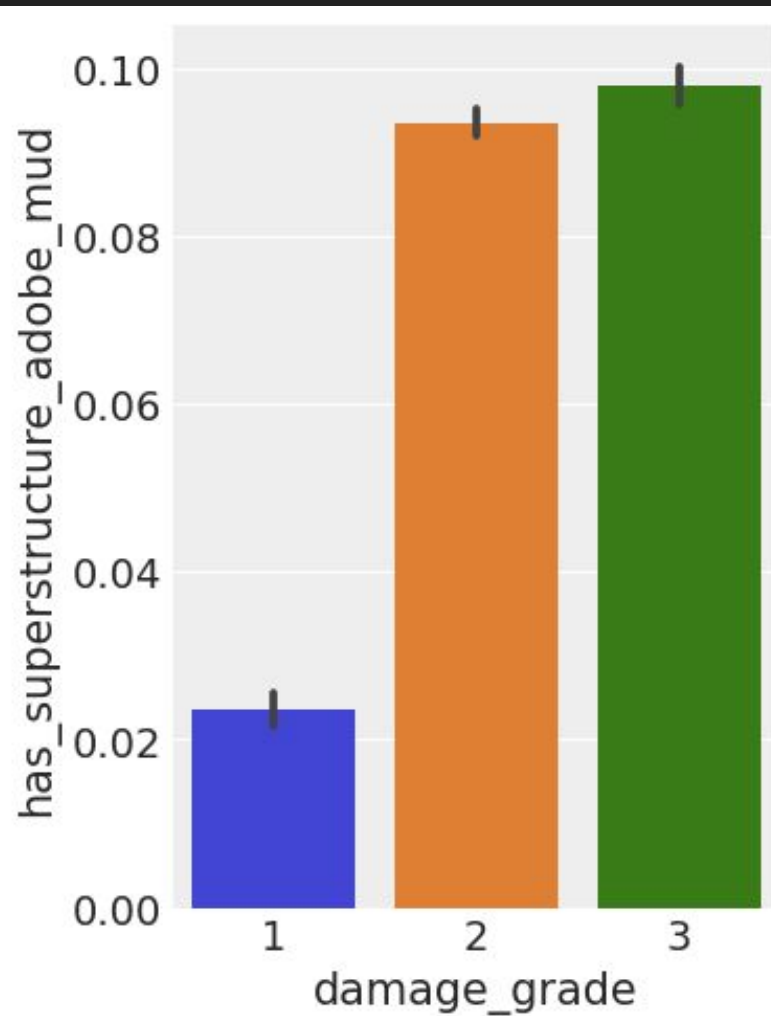
# Priors

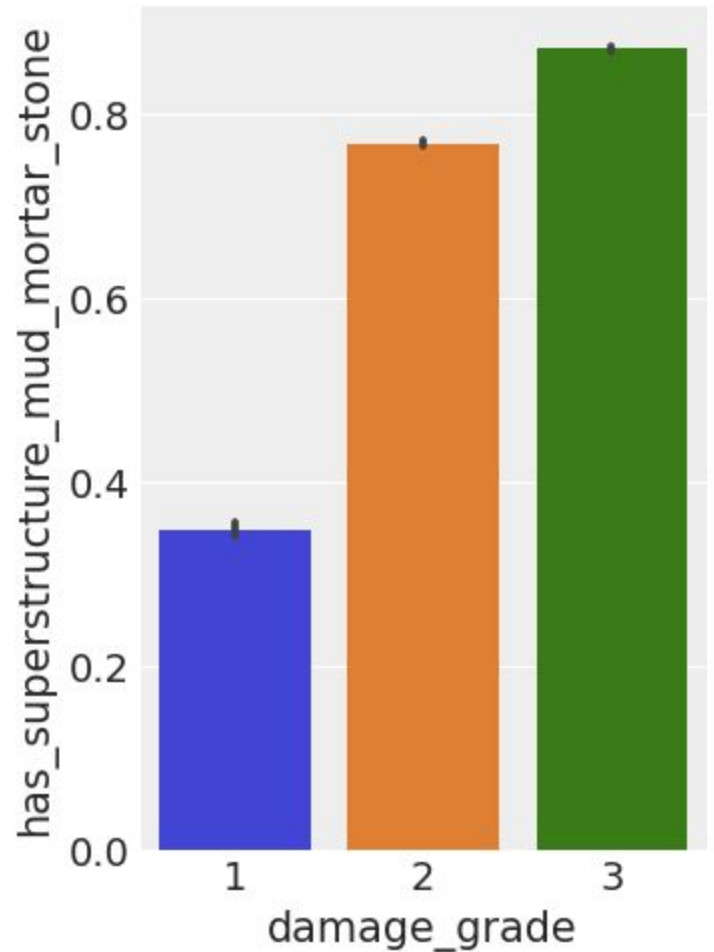
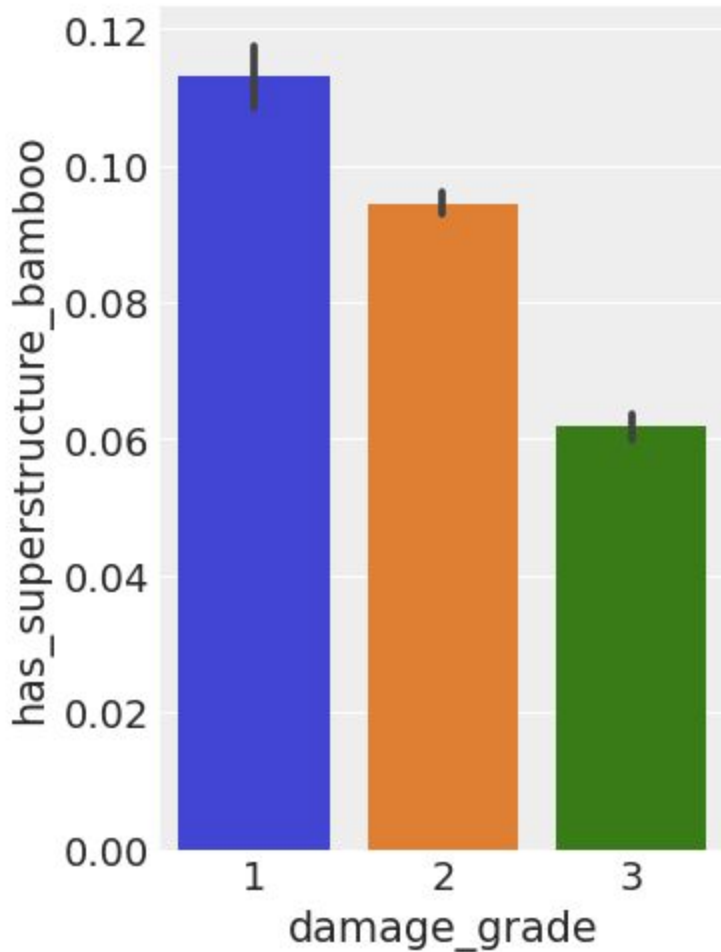
- Priors from knowledge/observations
  - Most buildings had some damage, some had severe damage
  - Damage grade 1 = 5%, grade 2 = 70%, grade 3 = 25%
- Priors from observed proportion
  - Buildings per grade/total buildings
  - Damage grade 1 = 9.7%, grade 2 = 57%, grade 3 = 33.4%

# Exploratory Data Analysis







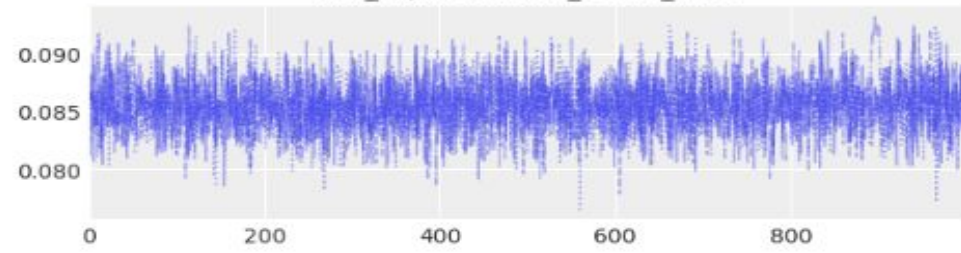
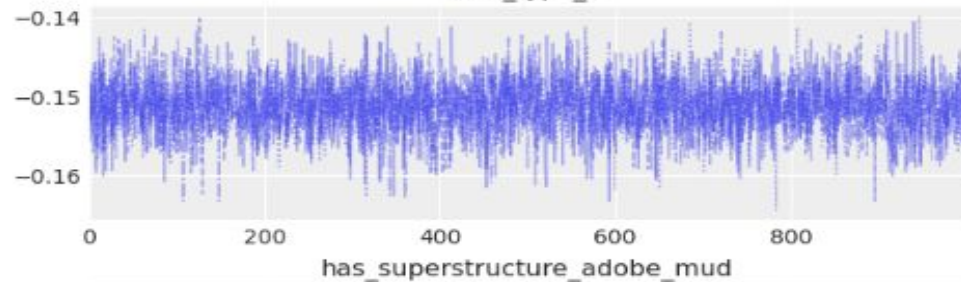
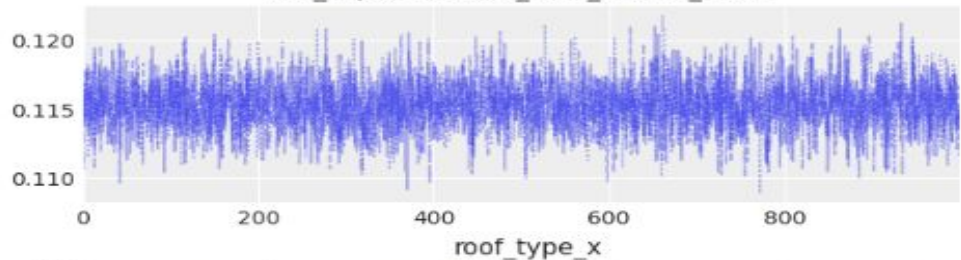
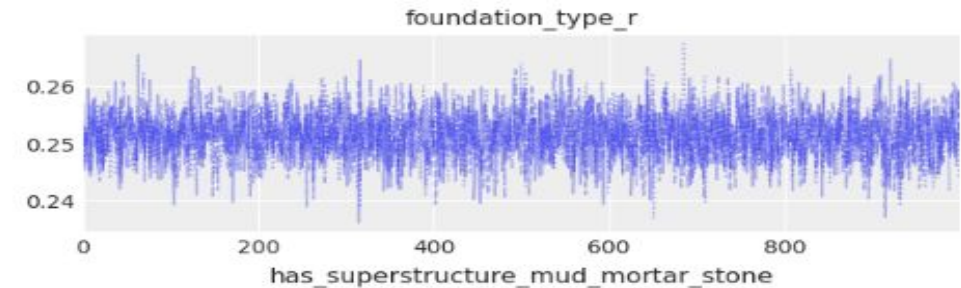
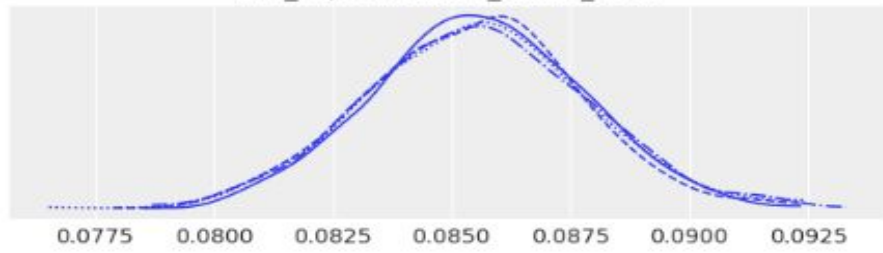
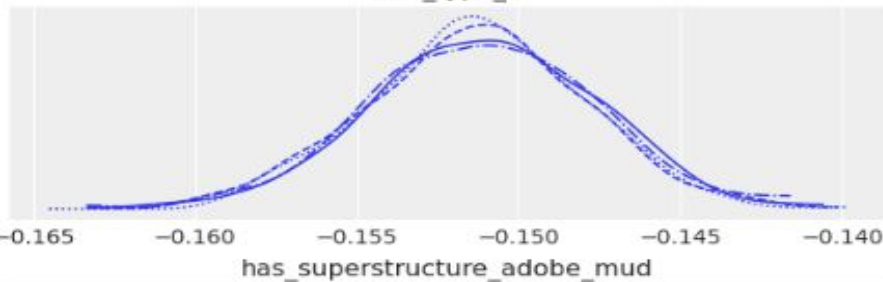
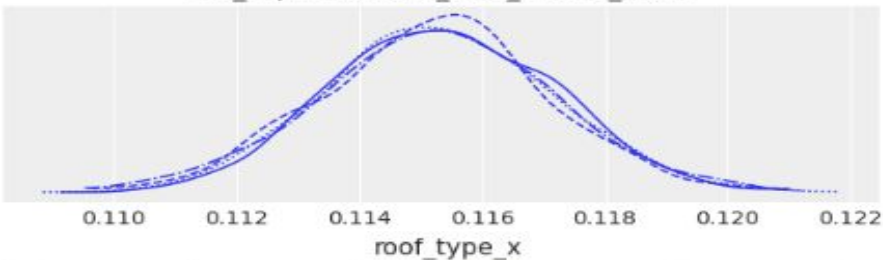
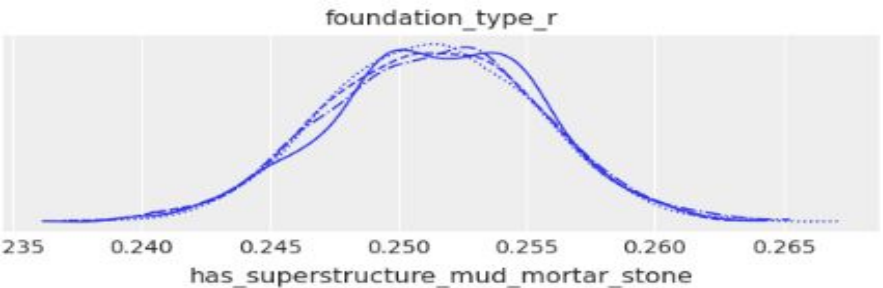




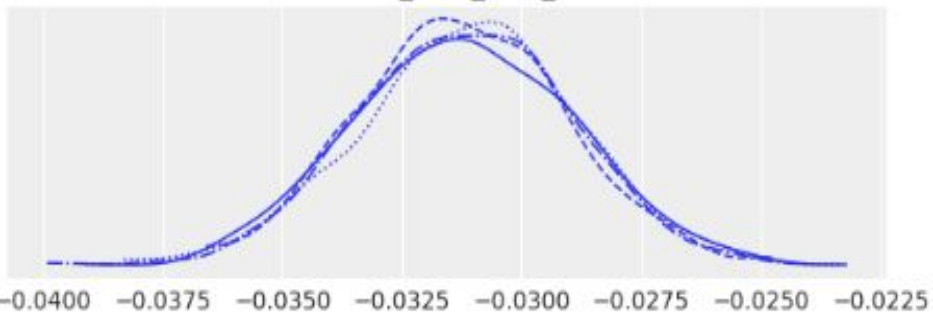
# Models

- Linear Discriminant Analysis (LDA)
- Quadratic Discriminant Analysis (QDA)
- Logistic Regression
- MCMC, trace plots, density plots

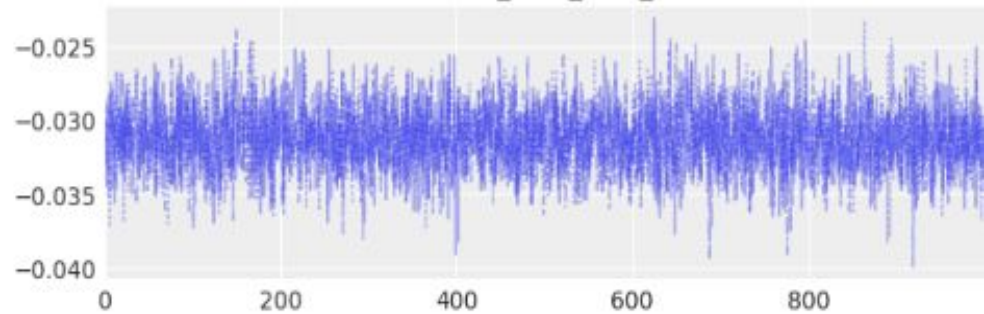
Accuracy	Training Data	Testing Data
LDA	43.9%	11.1%
QDA	25.1%	6.5%
Logistic Regression	90.9%	90.8%
BMA	90.9%	90.8%



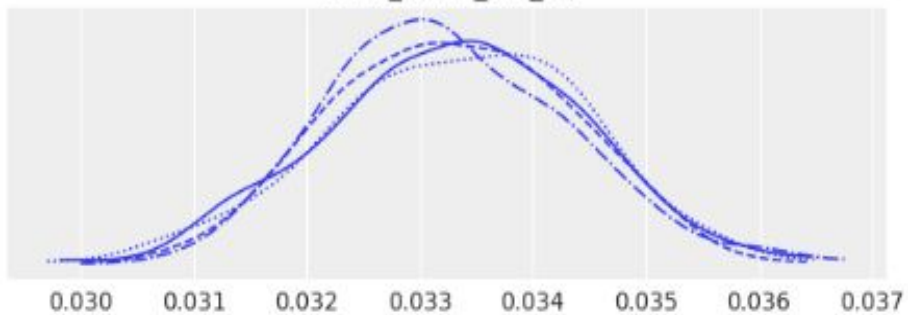
other\_floor\_type\_j



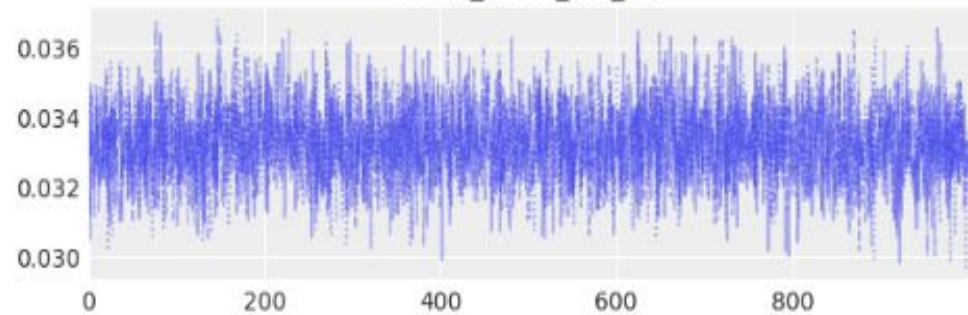
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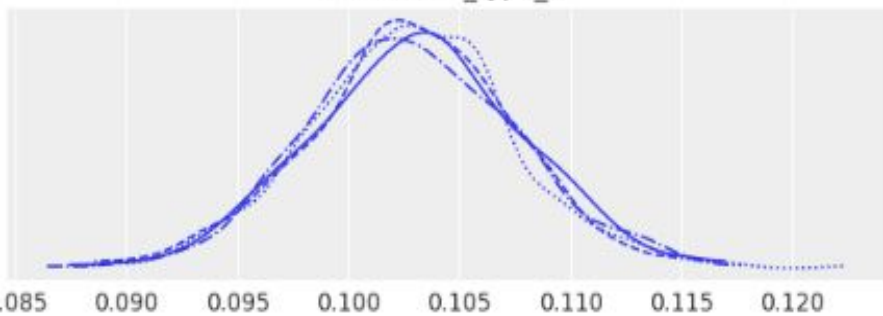
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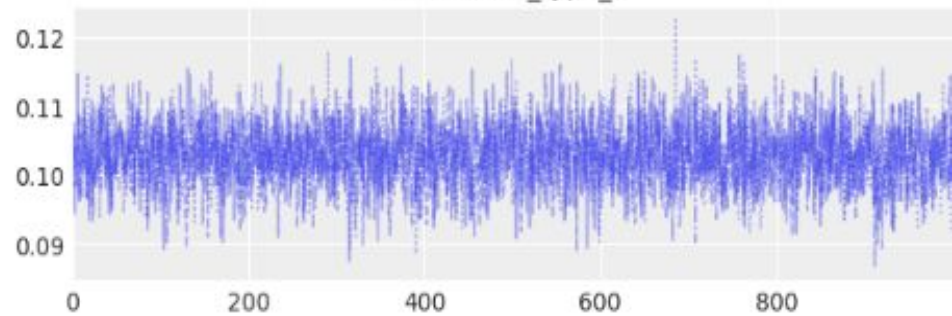
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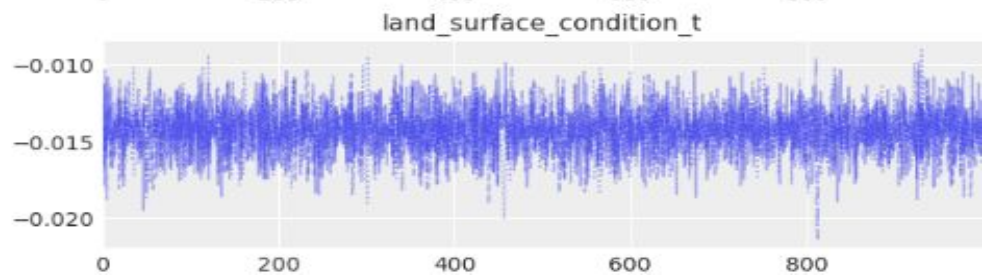
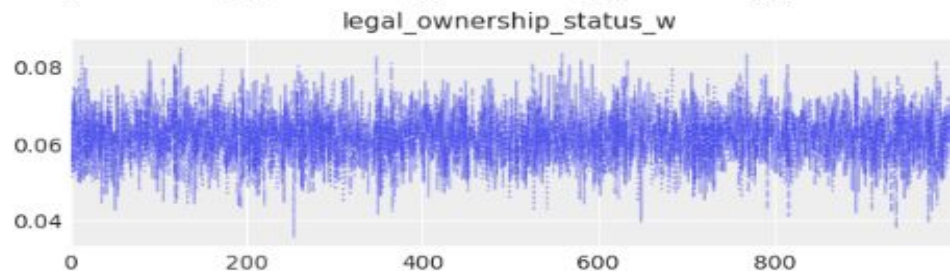
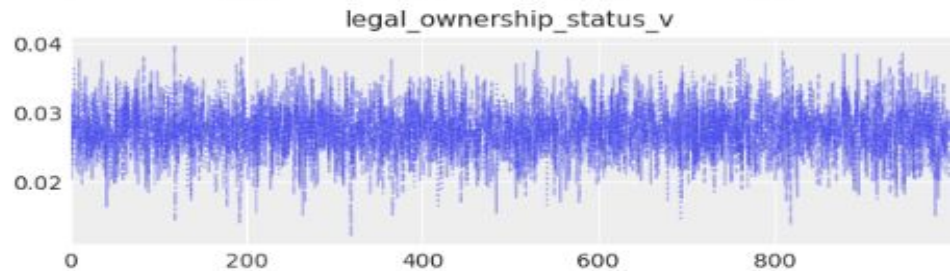
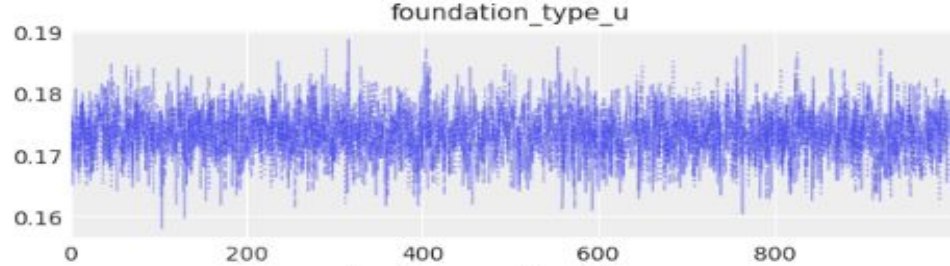
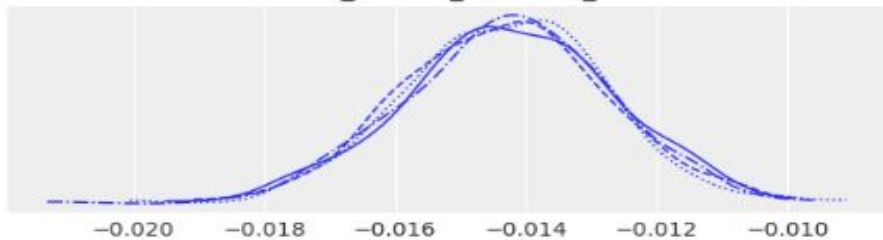
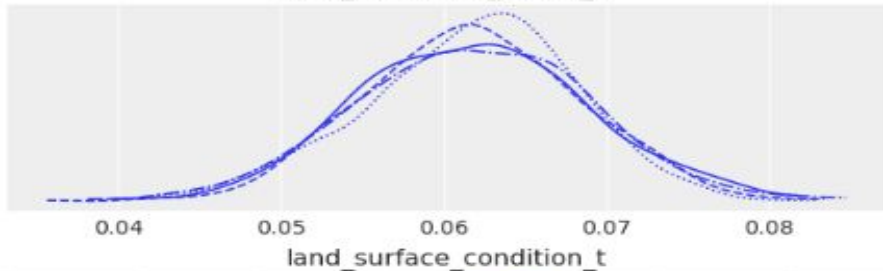
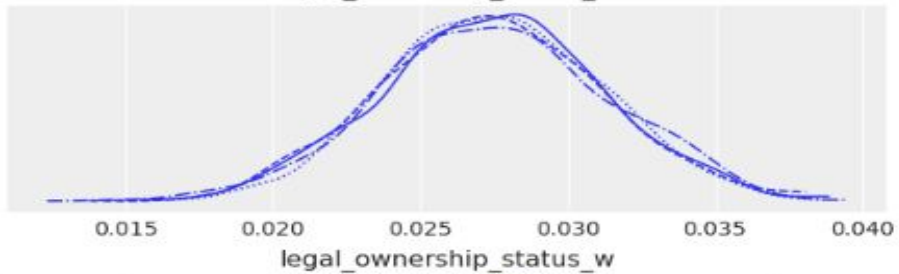
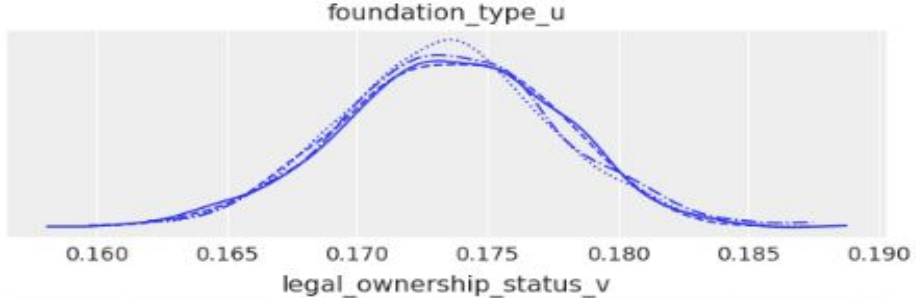


foundation\_type\_w



foundation\_type\_w





# Conclusions

- Logistic regression performs best
- QDA and LDA should not be used for predictions
- Further model explorations recommended
- Apply to other similar case studies