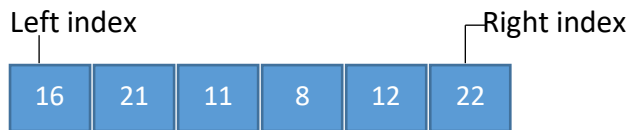


MERGE SORT

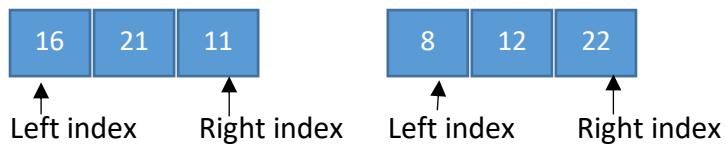
Input: Unsorted array. [16, 21, 11, 8, 12, 22].

Output: Sorted array. [8, 11, 12, 16, 21, 22].

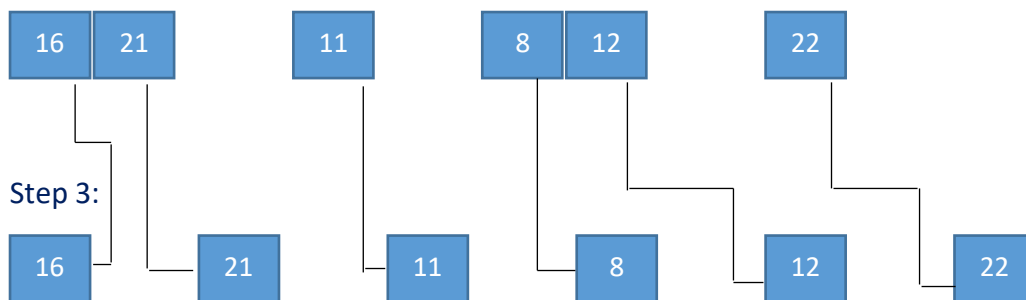
Step 0:



Step 1: if left index < right index, divide array into two parts.



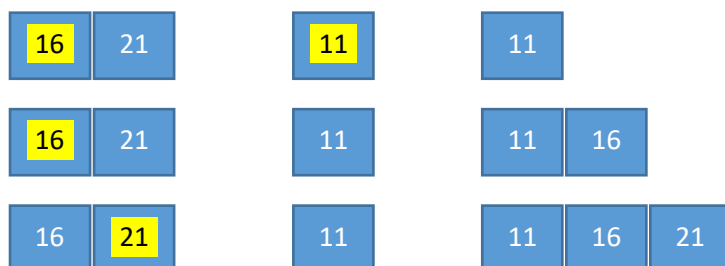
Step 2: if left index < right index, divide array into two parts.



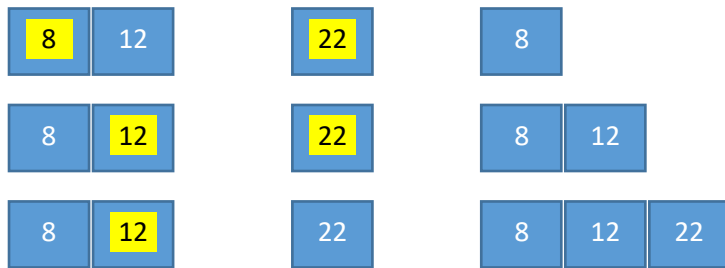
Step 4: After dividing the array into smallest units merging starts, based on comparison of elements.



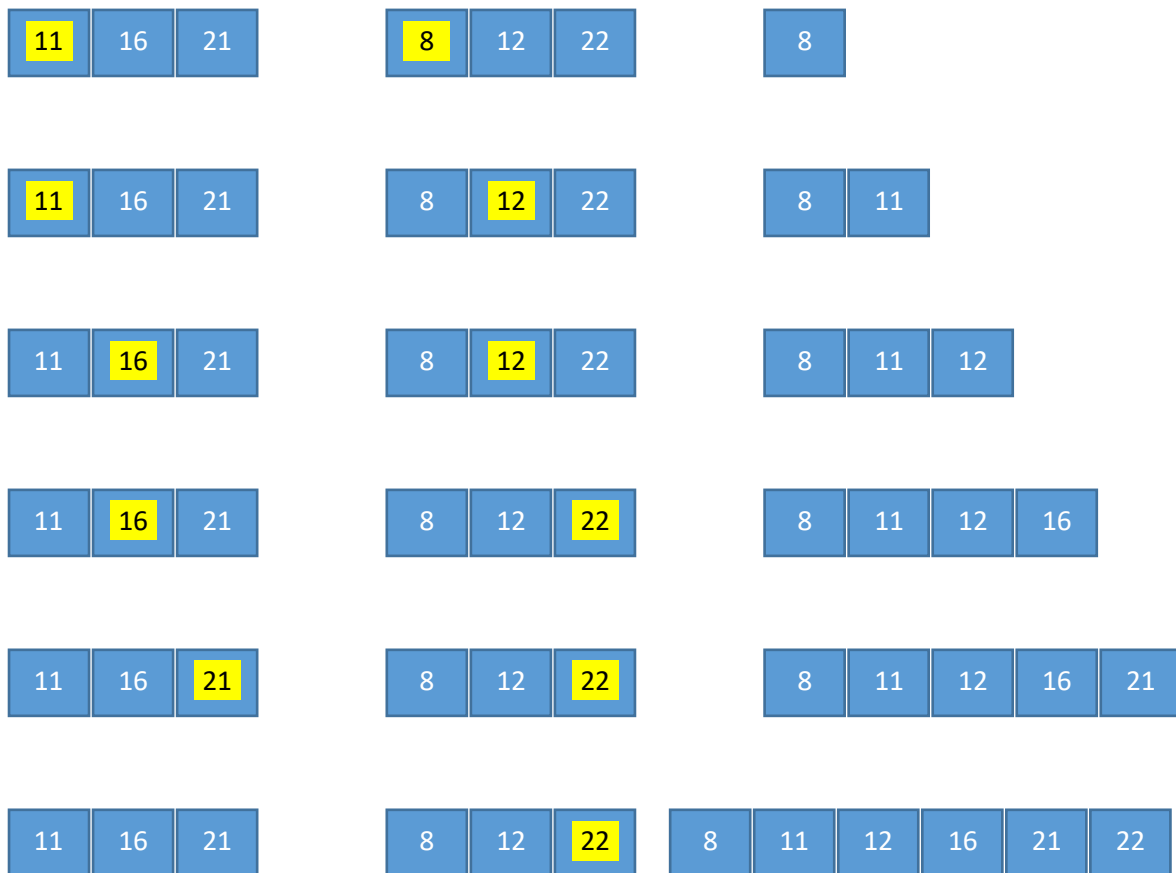
Step 5:



Step 6:



Step 7:



Best Case of Merge Sort: $O(n \log n)$

Average Case of Merge Sort: $O(n \log n)$

Worst Case of Merge Sort: $O(n \log n)$