

General Stuff

Introduction

Data models

E-R model

Relational model

SQL

E-R model, Relational model, SQL

Hogeschool Rotterdam Rotterdam, Netherlands



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Data models

F-R model

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Course

- Three assignments (relational databases, map and reduce, graph database)
- Two exams: written and practicum (practicum check)



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Course

- Relational databases: advantages and limitations (PostgreSQL)
- NoSQL databases: advantages, limitation, two cases studies (MongoDB and Neo4J)
- Advance topics for big data such as Hadoop, Spark will not be discussed



Introduction

E-R model, Relational model, SQL

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Lecture topics

- E-R model.
- Relational model.
- SQL, and examples.



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database design process

Requirements analysis



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- Requirements analysis
- Conceptual database design using E-R models



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- Requirements analysis
- Conceptual database design using E-R models
- Logical database design (sometimes conceptual and logical are merged into one step)



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- Requirements analysis
- Conceptual database design using E-R models
- Logical database design (sometimes conceptual and logical are merged into one step)
- Schema refinement through normalization



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- Requirements analysis
- Conceptual database design using E-R models
- Logical database design (sometimes conceptual and logical are merged into one step)
- Schema refinement through normalization
- Physical database design



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- Requirements analysis
- Conceptual database design using E-R models
- Logical database design (sometimes conceptual and logical are merged into one step)
- Schema refinement through normalization
- Physical database design
- Application and Security Design



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Overview

- Highest level of database modelling.
- Model the conceptual aspect of the database.
- Far from the physical representation in the DBMS.



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Entity

- Anything which can exist on its own on the database
- Consider a database for a space shooter game
- Starships, asteroids are entities, they have a meaning on their own



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Attributes

- They model characteristics of the entity.
- Starship: velocity, shield, armour, weapon, [...]
- Asteroid: velocity, mass, integrity, [...]



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Relations

- They describe the associations among entities (two or more).
- They have a cardinality: number of participants for each side.

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Relations - 1:1

- Entity modelling a pilot and one modelling a starship.
- Related by "drives".
- The cardinality is 1:1: one pilot drives at most one starship, and one starship can contain only one pilot.



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Relations - 1: N

- Entity modelling a starship and one modelling a weapon.
 - Related by "mounted"
 - The cardinality is 1:N: a weapon can be mounted only on one starship, but a starship can mount more than one weapon.



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Relations - N : M

- Entity modelling a starship and one modelling an asteroid.
- Related by "collides with"
- The cardinality is N : M : several starships can collide with several asteroids.

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Keys

- A way to uniquely identify an entity.
- A key is a set of attributes that have unique values among entities.
- Starship: id number.



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Weak entities

- Entities which do not have a key attribute.
- **Asteroids:** There can be two asteroids with the same position, same mass, velocity, etc.



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Overview

- Halfway between a conceptual model and the physical model.
- Contain an abstraction of physical elements.
- Can be easily mapped to a physical implementation in a DBMS.
- There are mapping rules from E-R model to the relational model.



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Relation

- A relation is a collection of tuples.
- Each element of a tuple is a value taken from an attribute set.
- Each attribute set is identified by a name

Ships					
<u>id</u>	name	shields	pilot	armour	integrity

(38258269, "Battlestar Galactica", 3000, "Captain Jack", 5000, 1.0)



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Keys

- A Primary key is a set of attributes with unique values in each tuple.
- A Candidate key is the smallest set of attributes which form a superkey.

Example:

Candidate key: (id, name)

Primary key: (id)



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Keys

- A Primary key is the chosen key for a relation among all the candidate keys.
- A Foreign key is a set of attributes in one relation which is a primary key in another relation.

Example (Foreign key):

Mounts		
shipid	weaponName	

Ships					
<u>id</u>	name	shields	pilot	armour	integrity

In the relation Mounts the attribute shipid is a foreign key to Ships.

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Overview

 Declarative language ("What" not "How"). Consists of 4 categories

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Overview

- Declarative language ("What" not "How"). Consists of 4 categories
- Data Definition Language (DDL): used to create relations (tables).
- Data Manipulation Language (DML): used to insert/modify/extract data from relations (tables).
- Data Control Language (DCL): grant control to tables, views and database
- Transaction Control Language TCL: used to create transactions and to control them.



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Ships					
<u>id</u>	name	pilot	shields	armour	integrity

Select all ships from the game



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Ships					
<u>id</u>	name	pilot	shields	armour	integrity

Select all ships from the game

SELECT *

FROM Ships



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Ships					
<u>id</u>	name	pilot	shields	armour	integrity

Select all ships in the game whose pilot is "William Adama"



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Ships					
<u>id</u>	name	pilot	shields	armour	integrity

Select all ships in the game whose pilot is "William Adama"

SELECT *

FROM Ships s

WHERE s.pilot = 'William Adama'



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Ships					
<u>id</u>	name	pilot	shields	armour	integrity

Find the name of the ships whose pilot is "Starbucks"



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Ships					
id	name	pilot	shields	armour	integrity

Find the name of the ships whose pilot is "Starbucks"

```
SELECT s.name
FROM Ship s
where s.pilot = 'Starbucks'
```



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Ships					
<u>id</u>	name	pilot	shields	armour	integrity

Mounts			
shipid	weaponName		

Weapons				
<u>name</u>	damage	type		

Find the id of the ships mounting the weapon "Stealthblade MKII"



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Mounts	
shipid	weaponName

Weapons		
<u>name</u>	damage	type

Find the id of the ships mounting the weapon "Stealthblade MKII"



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			Ships		
<u>id</u>	name	pilot	shields	armour	integrity

Mounts		
shipid weaponName		

1	Weapons	
<u>name</u>	damage	type

Find the name of all the weapons mounted in the ships flown by "Apollo"



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Mounts		
shipid	weaponName	

1	Weapons	
<u>name</u>	damage	type

Find the name of all the weapons mounted in the ships flown by "Apollo"



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			Ship		
<u>id</u>	name	pilot	shields	armour	integrity

Mounts		
shipid	weaponName	Count

Weapons		
<u>name</u>	damage	type

Find the total damage output of the ships flown by "Athena"



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Mounts		
shipid	weaponName	Count

Weapons		
<u>name</u>	damage	type

Find the total damage output of the ships flown by "Athena"



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Mounts			
shipid	weaponName		

Weapon			
<u>name</u>	damage	type	

Count all the ships having more than 3 weapons



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Mounts		
shipid	weaponName	

Weapon			
<u>name</u>	damage	type	

Count all the ships having more than 3 weapons

```
SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM (
   SELECT * AS ShipCount
   FROM Ship s, Mounts m, Weapon w
   WHERE s.id = m.shipid AND
        m.weaponName = w.Name
   GROUP BY s.id
   HAVING COUNT(*) > 3)
```