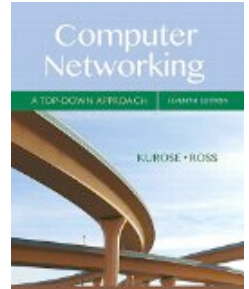


COMP 375: Lecture 41



- **News & Notes:**

- Project 5 demos: Sign up on Piazza
- Need volunteer to administer course evals on Monday
- Clicker Registration in class Monday
- Final Exam: Friday, May 18

- **Reading (Mon, Dec. 14)**

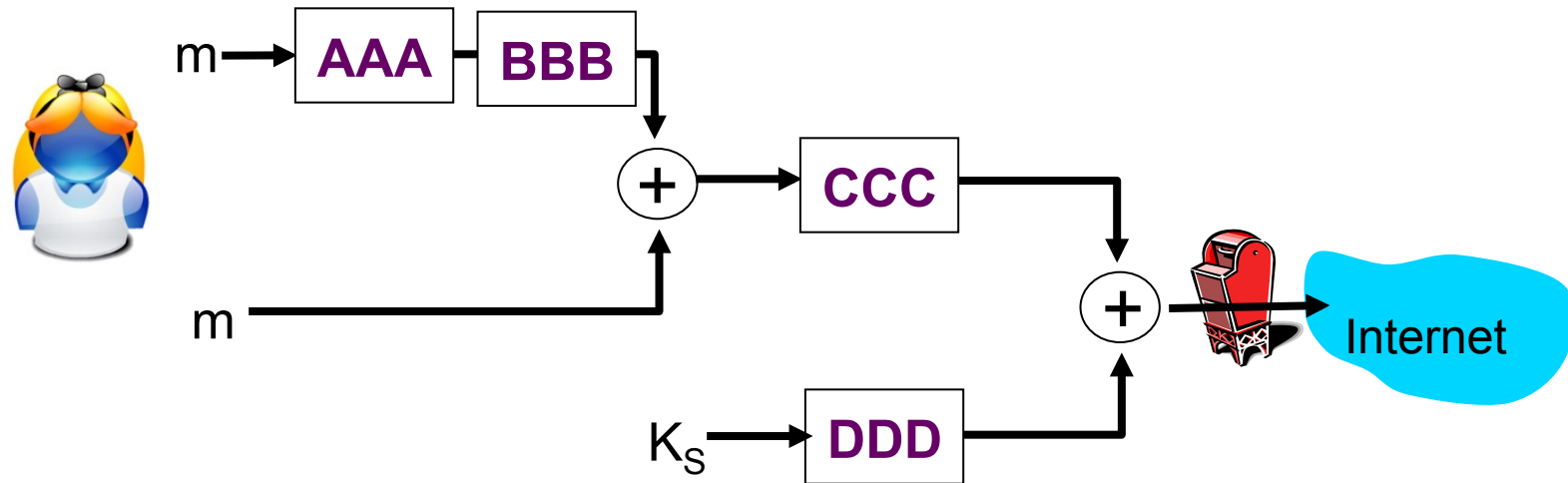
- “Neverwhere” by Neil Gaiman

*“This is America,
Don’t catch you clickin’ in”*
- Childish Gambino

Section 8.5

APPLICATION LAYER SECURITY (EMAIL)

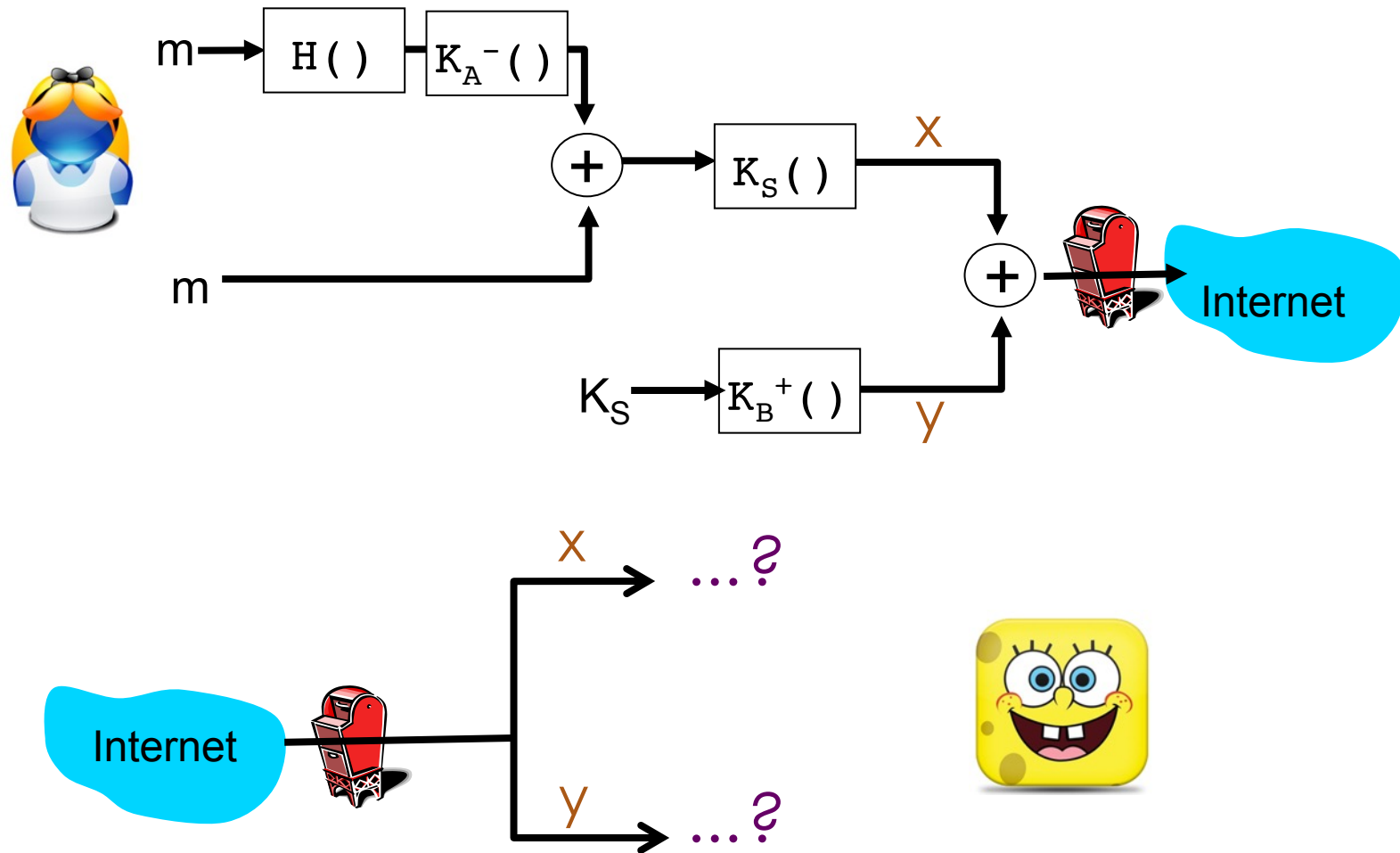
Fill in the ops so that e-mail is private,
and cannot be forged/modified.



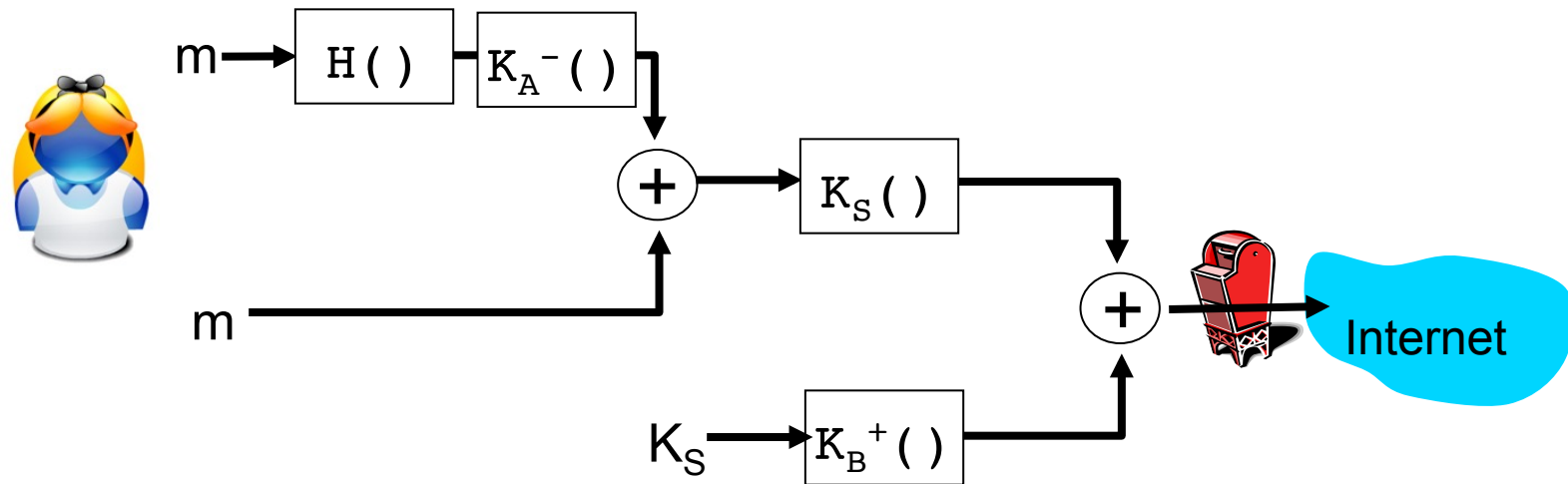
Available Ops:

- Hash: $H()$
- Encrypt with Shared Private Key: $K_S()$
- Encrypt with Alice's Public/Private Key: $K_A^+()$, $K_A^-()$
- Encrypt with Bob's Public/Private Key: $K_B^+()$, $K_B^-()$

What does Bob have to do to get the original message (m) and verify its integrity?



Does the order of H and K_A^- matter?



- | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| A. | Yes , for correctness. |
| B. | Yes , but only for efficiency. |
| C. | No . |

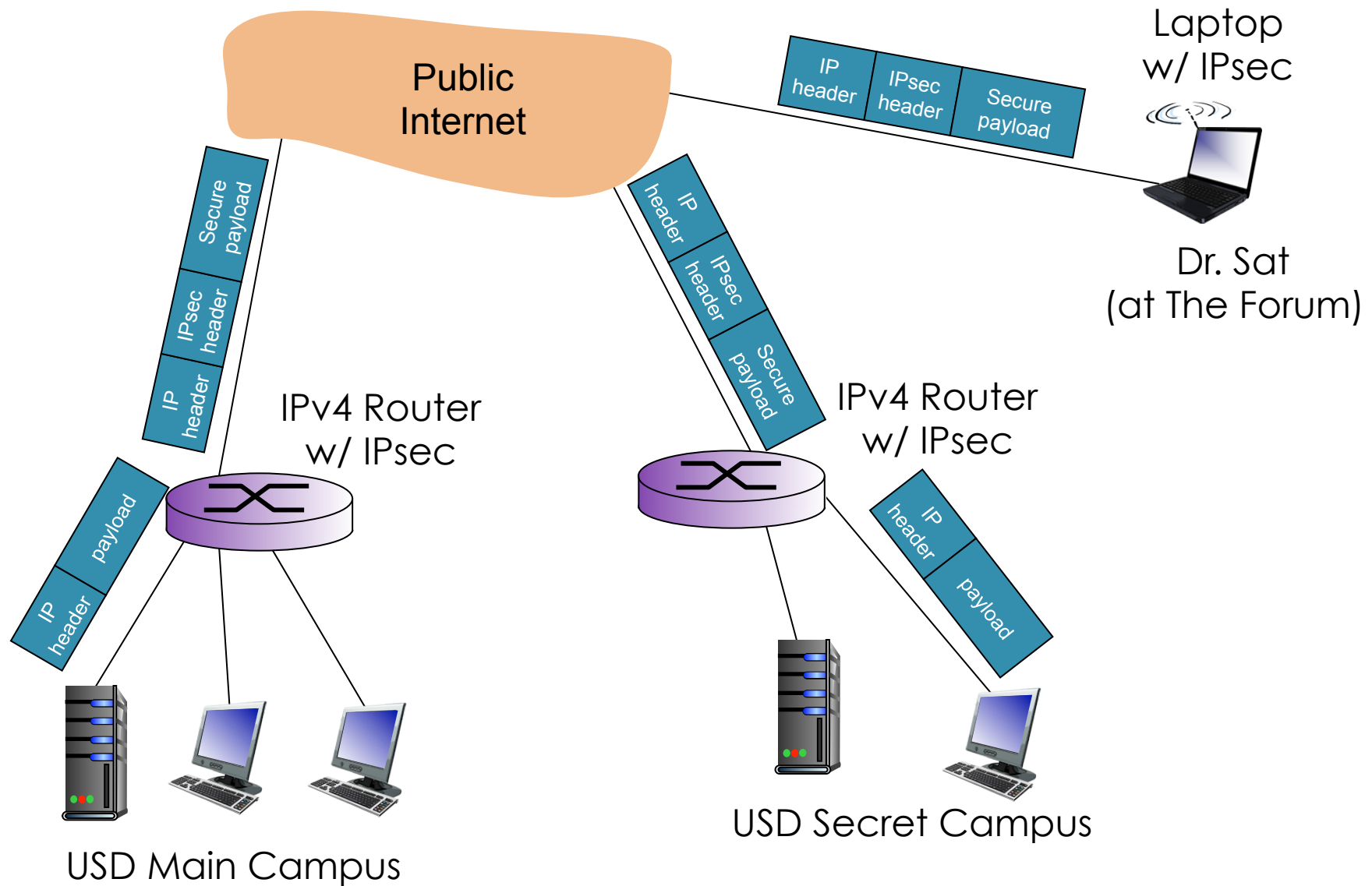
Section 8.6

NETWORK LAYER SECURITY

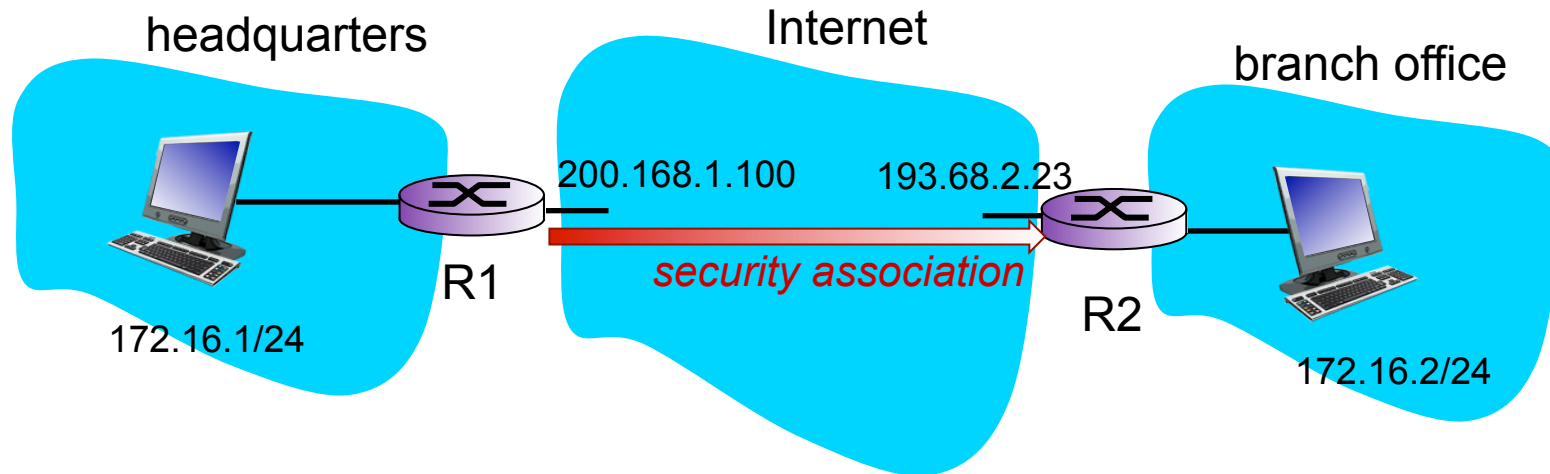
Discussion Question

What is a Virtual Private Network (VPN)?

VPNs are formed using IPsec.



Entities establish **security associations** before sending IPsec datagrams.



- Each entity maintains a **security association database** (SAD) to track all of its associations.
- Sender uses a **security policy database** (SPD) to decide if datagram needs to use IPsec.

Which of the following is **not** part of a IPsec security association (SA)?

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| A. | Encryption key |
| B. | Type of encryption used |
| C. | Data to be encrypted |
| D. | More than one of the above |
| E. | None of the above (<i>i.e.</i> all three are part of the SA) |

How many SAs are required here?

