

Efetuar as operações indicadas:

$$1) (4b+3c-a) + (4a-3b-2c) = 1b + c + 3a = 3a + c + b$$

$$2) (5ab-3c+4d) + (-2d+3c-4ab) = ab + 2d$$

$$3) (xy-3x^2+1) + (3+5x^2-3xy) = -2xy + 2x^2 + 4$$

$$4) \left(\frac{1}{2}xy^2 - 2x + y\right) + \left(4x - 2y + \frac{1}{4}x^2y\right) = \frac{1}{2}xy^2 + 2x - y + \frac{1}{4}x^2y$$

$$5) (5xy-x^3+4y) + (5+2x^3-4y-6xy) = -1xy + x^3 + 5$$

$$6) (10x+20y) - (5x+15y) = 10x + 20y - 5x - 15y = 5x + 5y$$

$$7) (xy^3-2xy+1) - (4xy+5+2xy^3) = xy^3 - 2xy + 1 - 4xy - 5 - 2xy^3 = -xy^3 - 6xy - 4$$

$$8) (x^2+2xy+3y^2) - (x^2-2xy+3y^2) = x^2 + 2xy + 3y^2 - x^2 + 2xy - 3y^2 = 4xy$$

$$9) (-x^3+2xy+4) - (2x^3+2xy+8) = -x^3 + 2xy + 4 - 2x^3 - 2xy - 8 = -3x^3 - 4$$

$$10) \left(\frac{3}{5}x^2y - 2zh\right) + \left(1 + 2zh + \frac{2}{5}x^2y\right) - (x^2y + 1)$$

$$\frac{3}{5}x^2y - 2zh + 1 + 2zh + \frac{2}{5}x^2y - x^2y - 1 = \frac{5}{5}x^2y - x^2y = 0$$

$$1x^2y - x^2y = 0$$

$$11) (5a)(-7) = -35a$$

$$12) (4ab)(-7ab^2) = -28a^2b^3$$

$$13) (x+y^2+4)(x+1) = x^2 + x + y^2x + y^2 + 4x + 4 = x^2 + 5x + y^2x + y^2 + 4$$

$$14) (4x-3y)(4x+3y) = 16x^2 + 12xy - 12yx - 9y^2 = 16x^2 - 9y^2$$

$$15) (x+3)(x+3) = x^2 + 3x + 3x + 9 = x^2 + 6x + 9$$

$$16) (8x^2) : (4x^2) = \frac{8x^2}{4x^2} = 2 \cdot 1 = 2$$

$$\frac{a^2}{a^4} = \frac{\cancel{a} \cdot \cancel{a}}{\cancel{a} \cdot \cancel{a} \cdot a \cdot a} =$$

$$17) (xy) : (4xy^2) = \frac{xy}{4xy^2} = \frac{1}{4y}$$

$$18) (3a^2b^4) : (5a^4b^2) = \frac{3a^2b^4}{5a^4b^2} = \frac{3b^2}{5a^2}$$

$$19) (5x^2y^3 + 4x^2y - 3xy^2) : (2xy) = \frac{5x^2y^3 + 4x^2y - 3xy^2}{2xy} =$$

$$= \frac{5x^2y^3}{2xy} + \frac{4x^2y}{2xy} - \frac{3xy^2}{2xy} = \frac{5xy^2}{2} + 2x - \frac{3y}{2}$$

Desenvolver os produtos indicados:

$$1) (1+i)^2 = 1^2 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot i + i^2 = 1 + 2i + i^2$$

$$2) (2x+5)^2 = (2x)^2 + 2 \cdot 2x \cdot 5 + 5^2 = 4x^2 + 20x + 25$$

$$3) \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{x}{2} \right)^2 + 2 \cdot \frac{x}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^2 = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{2x}{8} + \frac{1}{16}$$

$$4) (3x+4y)^2 = (3x)^2 + 2 \cdot 3x \cdot 4y + (4y)^2 = 9x^2 + 24xy + 16y^2$$

$$5) (\sqrt{2} - x)^2 = (\sqrt{2})^2 - 2 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot x + x^2 = 2 - 2\sqrt{2}x + x^2$$

$$6) (3x-y)^2 = (3x)^2 - 2 \cdot 3x \cdot y + y^2 = 9x^2 - 6xy + y^2$$

$$7) \left(\frac{1}{x} - 2y \right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^2 - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{x} \cdot 2y + (2y)^2 = \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{4y}{x} + 4y^2$$

$$8) (5x+1)(5x-1) = (5x)^2 - 1^2 = 25x^2 - 1$$

$$9) (2x^2+1)(2x^2-1) = (2x^2)^2 - 1^2 = 4x^4 - 1$$

$$10) (\sqrt{x} + y)(\sqrt{x} - y) = (\sqrt{x})^2 - y^2 = x - y^2$$

$$11) (y - 5)^2 = y^2 - 2y \cdot 5 + 5^2 = y^2 - 10y + 25$$

$$12) (x + 2)^2 = x^2 + 2 \cdot x \cdot 2 + 2^2 = x^2 + 4x + 4$$

$$13) (3x - 2)(3x + 2) = (3x)^2 - 2^2 = 9x^2 - 4$$

<https://youtu.be/AqEWLuOHV9I>

$$\cdot \frac{10}{5} = \frac{5 \cdot 2}{5} = 2$$

$$\cdot \frac{15}{9} = \frac{5 \cdot 3}{3 \cdot 3} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$\cdot \frac{10x^2y^3}{5xy} = 2xy^2$$

$$\cdot \frac{x^2 - 4x + 1}{x - 2} = x^0$$

$$\cdot \frac{20 \cdot x^4 \cdot y^5}{15 \cdot x^6 \cdot y^4} = \frac{4 \cdot y}{3 \cdot x^2}$$

$$\frac{3+5}{3} \neq 5 \quad \frac{3+5}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$$

<https://youtu.be/57C0PQ6WZng>

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

Simplificar as expressões:

$$1) \frac{3x^4 - 10x^2}{x^5 - x^2} = \frac{\cancel{x^2}(3x^2 - 10)}{\cancel{x^2}(x^3 - 1)} = \frac{3x^2 - 10}{x^3 - 1}$$

$$2) \frac{x^2 - 16}{x + 4} = \frac{\cancel{(x+4)} \cdot (x-4)}{\cancel{x+4}} = x - 4$$

$$3) \frac{2x - 2}{(x - 1)^2} = \frac{2(\cancel{x-1})}{(\cancel{x-1}) \cdot (x-1)} = \frac{2}{x-1}$$

$$4) \frac{(x+3)^2}{x^2 - 9}$$

$$5) \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3}$$

$$6) \frac{x + 7}{x^2 - 49}$$

$$7) \frac{x^2 + 10x + 25}{x + 5} = \frac{\cancel{(x+5)}(x+5)}{\cancel{x+5}} = x + 5$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x^2 + 10x + 25 \\ a=1 \quad b=10 \quad c=25 \\ \Delta = b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c \\ \Delta = 100 - 100 = 0 \end{array} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{0}}{2 \cdot 1} \\ x = \frac{-10 \pm 0}{2} \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} (x - x_1)(x - x_2) \\ (x + 5)(x + 5) \end{array}$$

$$8) \frac{x^2 - 36}{(x - 6)^2}$$

$$9) \frac{x^2 + 6x}{x^2 - 36}$$

$$10) \frac{4x + 6}{2x}$$

$$11) \frac{x^2 + 6x + 9}{2x + 6}$$

$$12) \frac{2x + 14}{49 - x^2}$$

$$13) \frac{x^2 - 12x + 36}{(x - 6)^2}$$