SPECIFICATION BASED TESTING TECHNIQUES ASSIGNMENT

IMPLEMENT AND TEST BANK SYSTEM

- 1. Implement Account / Customer / Credit card / ATM classes and methods supporting the following features...
 - Creation of customers with accounts
 - Addition of credit cards to customers
 - Manipulation of credit cards by ATMs
 - Insert credit card
 - Extract credit card
 - Deposit amount
 - Withdraw amount
 - Purchase with discount
 - Show balance
 - Show monthly interest rate
 - Show yearly interest rate

Credit cards should be created the following way...

When a customer is getting a credit card, the customer will then receive a discount percentage, based on being a new or an existing customer and having a loyalty card or a coupon

- If you are a new customer opening a credit card account, you will get a 15% discount on all your purchases today
- If you are an existing customer and you hold a loyalty card, you get a 10% discount
- If you have a coupon, you can get 20% off today (but it can't be used with the 'new customer' discount)

Monthly interest rate should be calculated the following way...

- A savings account in a bank earns a different rate of interest depending on the balance in the account
- A balance in the range \$0 up to \$100 has a 3% interest rate
- A balance over \$100 and up to \$1000 has a 5% interest rate
- A balance of \$1000 and over have a 7% interest rate
- 2. Test account.Account.getMonthlyInterest() and creditcard.CreditCard.getDiscount() methods sufficiently
- 3. Incorporate both a repeated test, a parameterized test and a dynamic test for the creditcard.CreditCard.getDiscount() method
- 4. Create 4 different versions of the parameterized test, using the annotations @ValueSource, @CSVSource, @CSVFileSource and @MethodSource for the test data in each version
- 5. Use Hamcrest matchers throughout the tests instead of JUnit asserts
- 6. Set up some further repeated tests, parameterized tests or dynamic tests for another part of the bank system that have not yet been tested with Hamcrest matchers
- 7. Document how equivalence partitions, boundary values, decision tables and state transition models have been used and applied in the creation of the data-driven tests