



MONO  
CEROS  
ALPHA



## PROJECT

# HALO Token Bridge

### CLIENT

HaloDAO

### DATE

August 2021

### REVIEWERS

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## Details

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- **Client** HaloDAO
- **Date** August 2021
- **Lead reviewer** Andrei Simion ([@andreiashu](#))
- **Reviewers** Daniel Luca ([@cleanunicorn](#)), Andrei Simion ([@andreiashu](#))
- **Repository:** [HALO Token Bridge](#)
- **Commit hash** `7fab901ff5aa136972ce2533f39f8d912e5e363c`
- **Technologies**
  - Solidity
  - TypeScript

## Issues Summary

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SEVERITY	OPEN	CLOSED
Informational	1	0
Minor	0	0
Medium	0	0
Major	0	0

## Executive summary

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This report represents the results of the engagement with **HaloDAO** to review **HALO Token Bridge**.

The review is part of a broader engagement with HaloDAO that includes several other components from the HaloDAO ecosystem (Halo Rewards, Halo AMM, Halo Bridge, Halo Bridge Handler).

The full review (across above-mentioned repositories) was conducted over the course of **2 weeks** from **16th of August to 27th of August, 2021**. We spent a total of **20 person-days** reviewing the code.

## Scope

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The initial review focused on the [HALO Token Bridge](#) repository, identified by the commit hash `7fab901ff5aa136972ce2533f39f8d912e5e363c`.

We focused on manually reviewing the codebase, searching for security issues such as, but not limited to, re-entrancy problems, transaction ordering, block timestamp dependency, exception handling, call stack depth limitation, integer overflow/underflow, self-destructible contracts, unsecured balance, use of origin, costly gas patterns, architectural problems, code readability.

### Includes:

- code/contracts/SecondaryBridge.sol
- code/contracts/BaseBridge.sol
- code/contracts/PrimaryBridge.sol

## Recommendations

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We identified a few possible general improvements that are not security issues during the review, which will bring value to the developers and the community reviewing and

using the product.

## Increase the number of tests

A good rule of thumb is to have 100% test coverage. This does not guarantee a lack of security problems, but it means that the desired functionality behaves as intended. The negative tests also bring value because not allowing some actions to happen is also part of the desired behavior.

## Issues

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### Consider adding a nonce to track each deposit / burn operation

Status **Open** Severity **Informational**

#### Description

When a user wants to cross the bridge, they can `deposit` some tokens into the contract by calling `PrimaryBridge.deposit()`.

[code/contracts/PrimaryBridge.sol#L21-L29](#)

```
function deposit(uint256 amount, uint256 chainId) external returns (bool) {
    require(amount > 0, 'Amount must be greater than 0');

    IERC20(_token).safeTransferFrom(msg.sender, self, amount);
    amountHeld += amount;
    _balances[chainId] += amount;
    emit DepositReceived(amount, chainId, block.timestamp, msg.sender);
    return true;
}
```

In this case, their tokens are locked in the bridge, some accounting is done, and an event is emitted.

[code/contracts/PrimaryBridge.sol#L27](#)

```
emit DepositReceived(amount, chainId, block.timestamp, msg.sender);
```

If the same user calls the `deposit` method twice, with the same value, in the same block, 2 identical events will be emitted by the contract.

Each event will have the same:

- `amount`

- `chainId`
- `block.timestamp`
- `msg.sender`

The service watching the contract for events can't differentiate between these 2 deposits. The service also needs to call `SecondaryBridge.mint()` on the destination `chainId`.

To better track each `deposit` and paired `mint`, a `nonce` can be generated by the `PrimaryBridge` to make sure the same `deposit` was executed once and only once.

Having a `nonce` will help track each individual `deposit` and make sure that each `deposit` was executed on the destination chain.

The contract needs to keep track of the nonces and can respond with `true` or `false` (and possibly other info) to make sure the same bridge cross was executed on the destination chain.

This reduces the responsibility of the relayer because tracking each deposit that happens in the contract, which provides more security, helps with duplicate prevention as well as having a confirmation available on-chain for each deposit.

Consider this highly simplified example.

A user wants to cross the bridge; thus, they need to call the `PrimaryBridge.deposit()` below.

```
import {IERC20} from './IERC20.sol';

contract PrimaryBridge {
    event DepositReceived(
        uint256 nonce,
        uint256 amount,
        uint256 chainId,
        uint256 timestamp,
        address indexed from
    );

    address internal _token;
    uint public nextNonce;

    function deposit(uint amount, uint chainId) external {
        IERC20(_token).transferFrom(msg.sender, address(this), amount);

        // Get the current nonce
        uint currentNonce = nextNonce;

        // Increment the next nonce
        nextNonce += 1;
    }
}
```

```

        // Emit an event containing the current nonce.
        //
        // This `nonce` needs to be sent by the relayer to the `SecondaryBridge.mint()` method
        // to correctly and uniquely track each deposit.
        emit DepositReceived(
            currentNonce,
            amount,
            chainId,
            block.timestamp,
            msg.sender
        );
    }
}

```

Once the method was executed successfully, an event is emitted containing the currently implemented values, as well as a generated unique nonce. This unique nonce is then used by the relayer. Also, this nonce can be useful for the user to track and prove their transaction was not mined (in case the relayer is faulty).

The relayer picks up the event and has to call `SecondaryBridge.mint()` to create the user's tokens on the destination chain.

```

import {IERC20} from './IERC20.sol';

contract Secondary {
    event Minted(
        uint nonce,
        uint amount,
        uint timestamp,
        address indexed to,
        uint chainId
    );

    uint256 private _chainId;
    address internal _token;
    mapping(uint => bool) public nonces;

    function mint(
        // This nonce is sent by the relayer
        // it's the one the method `PrimaryBridge.deposit()` emitted
        uint nonce,
        address account,
        uint amount
    ) external returns (bool) {
        // Make sure this nonce was not used before
        require(nonces[nonce] == false, "Deposit already processed");

        // Mark this nonce as used
        nonces[nonce] = true;
    }
}

```

```

    // Create the tokens
    IERC20(_token).mint(account, amount);

    // Emit an event containing this nonce along with all the other details
    emit Minted(nonce, amount, block.timestamp, account, _chainId);

    return true;
}
}

```

This time the `mint` method has an additional argument: `nonce`. Which uniquely identifies the user's deposit. The relayer has to provide this argument to make sure the deposit is uniquely tracked.

Because of this check, each deposit is executed only once, even if the relayer software has a bug and calls the `mint` method multiple times.

```

// Make sure this nonce was not used before
require(nonces[nonce] == false, "Deposit already processed");

```

If the relayer misbehaves and does not process all deposits, checking if a nonce was processed simplifies providing support for the affected user. This is possible because a public nonce mapping is available in the contract.

```

mapping(uint => bool) public nonces;

```

This can be cross-checked with the events emitted by the `PrimaryBridge`; thus, if a nonce was not processed, the event emitting that nonce has all of the necessary details to solve the users' issue.

A few additional things need to be considered:

- You might want to generate individual nonces for each chain. Because there is a `PrimaryBridge`, you could have multiple `SecondaryBridges`; thus, it might help you to track each chain separately. Each chain can have its own list of nonces.
- Moving from `PrimaryBridge` to `SecondaryBridge` was discussed above, but also the inverse operation also needs to be tracked. Make sure you similarly track `SecondaryBridge.burn` to `PrimaryBridge.release`.
- This is extremely simplified. The code is super slim; make sure not to copy-paste. It's just a proof of concept.
- Depending on the amount of complexity you want to add, a structure describing each deposit / burn can be saved in the contract. If you want to later provide or check the actions on-chain, the contract needs to have information about the deposits and the burns. The events are not visible to any of the contracts on-chain. They only serve off-chain services.

- Crossing the bridge heavily relies on the relayer running correctly. An upgrade of your system can provide a mechanism for the user to trigger mint / release themselves if they provide correct cryptographic proof. This, however, will add significant complexity.

## Recommendation

Consider adding a unique tracking mechanism similar to the `nonce` example above to reduce the responsibility of the relayer software, help track successful / un-executed deposits easier and move some of the reliability concerns on-chain.

# Artifacts

## Surya

Sūrya is a utility tool for smart contract systems. It provides several visual outputs and information about the structure of smart contracts. It also supports querying the function call graph in multiple ways to aid in the manual inspection and control flow analysis of contracts.













## Sūrya's Description Report

### Files Description Table

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
code/contracts/BaseBridge.sol	752cfb8c117edac90f87104444078d0ec5be248
code/contracts/IBurnable.sol	e6b632aa80ff808996b148e3f0adde37e052905
code/contracts/IMintable.sol	ef5d9ca863a3f6bb3dbfab573e293e4e9a52438
code/contracts/Migrations.sol	69b8fd36420e55cf1274bec2e70399ddcd700f
code/contracts/MockToken.sol	cafd16a26f3b04f9d7d70014fe2671d3b628edfc
code/contracts/PrimaryBridge.sol	3e7e0fffa8354618c19787f6290d27c32e92248b
code/contracts/SecondaryBridge.sol	40f5eb2252854ba80e3c8eac9c94151c385144f

### Contracts Description Table



Contract	Type	Bases		
L	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
<b>BaseBridge</b>	Implementation	Ownable		
L	balanceOf	External !		NO !
L	bridgeToken	External !		NO !
L	updateAuthorised	Public !		onlyOwner
<b>IBurnable</b>	Interface			
L	burnFrom	External !		NO !
<b>IMintable</b>	Interface	IERC20		
L	mint	External !		NO !
<b>Migrations</b>	Implementation			
L	setCompleted	Public !		restricted
<b>MockToken</b>	Implementation	IERC20, ERC20Burnable, Ownable		
L		Public !		ERC20
L	mint	External !		NO !
<b>PrimaryBridge</b>	Implementation	BaseBridge		
L		Public !		NO !
L	deposit	External !		NO !
L	release	External !		onlyAuthoris
<b>SecondaryBridge</b>	Implementation	BaseBridge		
L		Public !		NO !
L	mint	External !		onlyAuthoris
L	burn	External !		NO !

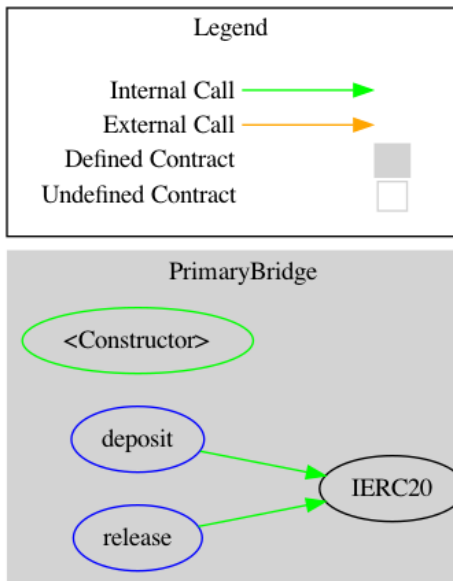
## Legend

Symbol	Meaning
🔴	Function can modify state
💰	Function is payable

## Graphs

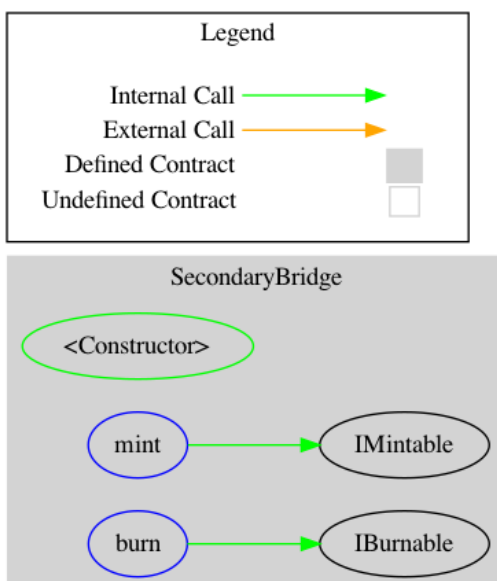
### PrimaryBridge

```
surya graph code/contracts/PrimaryBridge.sol | dot -Tpng > ./static/PrimaryBridge_Contract.png
```



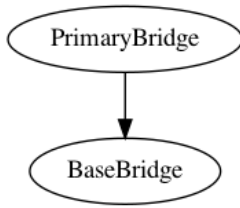
### SecondaryBridge

```
surya graph code/contracts/SecondaryBridge.sol | dot -Tpng > ./static/SecondaryBridge_Contract.png
```

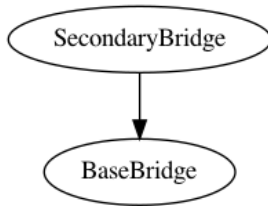


## Inheritance

```
surya inheritance code/contracts/PrimaryBridge.sol | dot -Tpng > ./static/PrimaryBridge_inheritance.png
```



```
surya inheritance code/contracts/SecondaryBridge.sol | dot -Tpng > ./static/SecondaryBridge_inheritance.p
```



## Describe

```
$ npx surya describe ./code/contracts/PrimaryBridge.sol
+ PrimaryBridge (BaseBridge)
  - [Pub] <Constructor> #
  - [Ext] deposit #
  - [Ext] release #
    - modifiers: onlyAuthorised
```

(\$) = payable function

# = non-constant function

```
$ npx surya describe ./code/contracts/SecondaryBridge.sol
+ SecondaryBridge (BaseBridge)
  - [Pub] <Constructor> #
  - [Ext] mint #
    - modifiers: onlyAuthorised
  - [Ext] burn #
```

(\$) = payable function

# = non-constant function

## Coverage

```
$ yarn add --dev solidity-coverage
```

```
# added import "solidity-coverage" to hardhat.config.ts file
```

```
$ npx hardhat coverage
```

Version

=====

> solidity-coverage: v0.7.16

Instrumenting for coverage...

=====

> BaseBridge.sol

> IBurnable.sol

> IMintable.sol

> Migrations.sol

> MockToken.sol

> PrimaryBridge.sol

> SecondaryBridge.sol

Compilation:

=====

Compiling 15 files with 0.8.6

Generating typings for: 15 artifacts in dir: typechain for target: ethers-v5

Successfully generated 27 typings!

Compilation finished successfully

Network Info

=====

> HardhatEVM: v2.4.1

> network: hardhat

No need to generate any newer typings.

PrimaryBridge

=====Deploying Contracts=====

mock contract deployed at 0x668eD30aAcC7C7c206aAF1327d733226416233E2

Primary bridge contract deployed at 0x50D75C1BC6a1cE35002C9f92D0AF4B3684aa6B74

- ✓ should have no tokens held on deploy
- ✓ should not be able to deposit 0 tokens (63ms)
- ✓ should deposit 10 tokens from addr 1 on chain 1 and release 5 back (240ms)
- ✓ should not release tokens from unauthorised account
- ✓ should revert when trying to release 0 tokens
- ✓ should revert if chain balance is insufficient

SecondaryBridge

=====Deploying Contracts=====

mock contract deployed at 0xD63259B15E88DFDC994A90104a2c7226CE3ECa69

bridge contract deployed at 0x13E07a1dC038B61cbDb1D501221Ec634cC4a7013

- ✓ should have no tokens issued on deploy
- mint functions
- ✓ should not mint tokens from unauthorised account
  - ✓ should not mint 0 tokens
  - ✓ should not mint to address 0

- ✓ should mint 10 tokens to addr1 (92ms)

burn functions

- ✓ should not burn 0 tokens
- ✓ should not burn more than the amount issued (51ms)
- ✓ should not burn 10 tokens from addr 1 without approval (55ms)
- ✓ should burn 10 tokens from addr 1 (89ms)

15 passing (2s)

File	% Stmts	% Branch	% Funcs	% Lines	Uncovered Lines
contracts/	90.48	75	78.57	88.64	
BaseBridge.sol	60	50	75	66.67	20,21
IBurnable.sol	100	100	100	100	
IMintable.sol	100	100	100	100	
Migrations.sol	0	0	0	0	9,13,17
MockToken.sol	100	100	100	100	
PrimaryBridge.sol	100	87.5	100	100	
SecondaryBridge.sol	100	90	100	100	
All files	90.48	75	78.57	88.64	

> Istanbul reports written to ./coverage/ and ./coverage.json

## Tests

```

> yarn run test
yarn run v1.22.4
$ npx hardhat test
Downloading compiler 0.8.6
Compiling 15 files with 0.8.6
Generating typings for: 15 artifacts in dir: typechain for target: ethers-v5
Successfully generated 27 typings!
Compilation finished successfully

PrimaryBridge
=====Deploying Contracts=====
mock contract deployed at 0x668eD30aAcC7C7c206aAF1327d733226416233E2
Primary bridge contract deployed at 0x50D75C1BC6a1cE35002C9f92D0AF4B3684aa6B74
  ✓ should have no tokens held on deploy
  ✓ should not be able to deposit 0 tokens
  ✓ should deposit 10 tokens from addr 1 on chain 1 and release 5 back
  ✓ should not release tokens from unauthorised account
  ✓ should revert when trying to release 0 tokens
  ✓ should revert if chain balance is insufficient

SecondaryBridge

```

=====Deploying Contracts=====

mock contract deployed at 0xD63259B15E88DFDC994A90104a2c7226CE3ECa69

bridge contract deployed at 0x13E07a1dC038B61cbDb1D501221Ec634cC4a7013

✓ should have no tokens issued on deploy

mint functions

✓ should not mint tokens from unauthorised account

✓ should not mint 0 tokens

✓ should not mint to address 0

✓ should mint 10 tokens to addr1

burn functions

✓ should not burn 0 tokens

✓ should not burn more than the amount issued

✓ should not burn 10 tokens from addr 1 without approval

✓ should burn 10 tokens from addr 1

----- ----- ----- -----						
	Solc version: 0.8.6		Optimizer enabled: false		Runs: 200	Block limit: 12450000 gas
----- ----- ----- -----						
	Methods					
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	Contract	Method	Min	Max	Avg	# calls      eur (avg)
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	MockToken	approve	46832	46844	46838	2      -
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	MockToken	mint	-	-	51969	2      -
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	PrimaryBridge	deposit	-	-	100070	2      -
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	PrimaryBridge	release	-	-	77870	2      -
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	SecondaryBridge	burn	-	-	40939	2      -
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	SecondaryBridge	mint	52844	69944	64244	3      -
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	Deployments		% of limit			
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	MockToken	-	-	-	1905097	15.3 %      -
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	PrimaryBridge	-	-	-	1476216	11.9 %      -
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						
	SecondaryBridge	-	-	-	1137606	9.1 %      -
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----						

15 passing (3s)

✨ Done in 23.37s.

## License

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