

Multiple Choice Questions

1. Which of the following is a mutable type?
 - a. Strings
 - b. Lists
 - c. Tuples
 - d. Frozenset
2. What will be the output of the following code?

```
t1 = (1, 2, 3, 4)
t1.append((5, 6, 7))
print(len(t1))
```

 - a. Error
 - b. 2
 - c. 1
 - d. 5
3. What is the correct syntax for creating a tuple?
 - a. ["a","b","c"]
 - b. ("a","b","c")
 - c. {"a","b","c"}
 - d. {}
4. Assume `air_force = ("f15", "f22a", "f35a")`. Which of the following is incorrect?
 - a. `print(air_force[2])`
 - b. `air_force[2] = 42`
 - c. `print(max(air_force))`
 - d. `print(len(air_force))`
5. Gauge the output of the following code snippet.

```
bike = ('d','u','c','a','t','i')
bike[1:3]
```

 - a. ('u', 'c')
 - b. ('u', 'c', 'c')
 - c. ('d', 'u', 'c')
 - d. ('a', 't', 'i')
6. What is the output of the following code?

```
colors = ("v", "i", "b", "g", "y", "o", "r")
for i in range(0, len(colors), 2):
    print(colors[i])
```

 - a. ('i', 'b')
 - b. ('v', 'i', 'b')

c. ['v', 'b', 'y', 'r']

d. ('i', 'g', 'o')

7. What is the output of the following code snippet?

```
colors = ("v", "i", "b", "g", "y", "o", "r")
2 * colors
```

a. ['v', 'i', 'b', 'g', 'y', 'o', 'r']

b. ('v', 'i', 'b', 'g', 'y', 'o', 'r')

c. ('v', 'v', 'i', 'i', 'b', 'b', 'g', 'g', 'y', 'y', 'o', 'o', 'r', 'r')

d. ('v', 'i', 'b', 'g', 'y', 'o', 'r', 'v', 'i', 'b', 'g', 'y', 'o', 'r')

8. Predict the output of the following code.

```
os = ('w', 'i', 'n', 'd', 'o', 'w', 's')
os1 = ('w', 'i', 'n', 'd', 'w', 's', 'o')
os < os1
```

a. True

b. False

c. 1

d. 0

9. What is the data type of (3)?

a. Tuple

b. List

c. None

d. Integer

10. Assume tuple_1 = (7,8,9,10,11,12,13) then the output of tuple_1[1:-1] is.

a. Error

b. (8,9,10,11,12)

c. [8,9,10,11,12]

d. None

11. What might be the output of the following code:

```
A = ("hello") * 3
print(A)
```

a. Operator Error

b. ('hello','hello','hello')

c. 'hellohellohello'

d. None of these

12. What is the output of the following code:

```
number_1 = {1,2,3,4,5}
number_2 = {1,2,3}
```

```
number_1.difference(number_2)
```

- a. {4, 5}
- b. {1, 2, 3}
- c. (4, 5)
- d. [4, 5]

13. Judge the output of the following code:

```
tuples = (7,8,9)
sum(tuples, 2)
```

- a. 26
- b. 20
- c. 12
- d. 3

14. `tennis = ('steffi', 'monica', 'serena', 'monica', 'navratilova')` `tennis.count('monica')`

- a. 3
- b. 0
- c. 2
- d. 1

15. A set is an _____ collection with no _____ items.

- a. unordered, duplicate
- b. ordered, unique
- c. unordered, unique

16. Judge the output of the following:

```
sets_1 = set(['a','b','b','c','c','c','d'])
len(sets_1)
```

- a. 1
- b. 4
- c. 5
- d. 7

17. What is the output of the code shown below?

```
s = {1,2,3}
s.update(4)
print(s)
```

- a. {1,2,3,4}
- b. {1,2}
- c. {1,2,3}

d. Error

18. Tuple unpacking requires

- a. an equal number of variables on the left side to the number of items in the tuple.
- b. greater number of variables on the left side to the number of items in the tuple.
- c. less number of variables on the left side to the number of items in the tuple.
- d. Does not require any variables.

19. The statement that is used to create an empty set is

- a. {}
- b. set()
- c. []
- d. ()

20. The _____ functions removes the first element of the set

- a. remove()
- b. delete()
- c. pop()
- d. truncate()

21. The method that returns a new set with items common to two sets is

- a. isdisjoint()
- b. intersection()
- c. symmetric_difference()
- d. union()

22. What is the output of the following code snippet?

```
s1 = {'a','b','c'}  
s2 = {'d'}  
print(s1.union(s2))
```

- a. {'c', 'd', 'b', 'a'}
- b. {'a', 'b', 'c', 'd'}
- c. {'b', 'c', 'd', 'a'}
- d. {'d', 'a', 'b', 'c'}

23. The function that makes a sequence by aggregating the elements from each of the iterables is

- a. remove()
- b. update()
- c. frozenset()
- d. zip()

24. Predict the output of the following code:

```
even = {'2', '4', '6'}  
odd = {'1', '5', '7'}  
even.isdisjoint(odd)  
odd.isdisjoint(even)
```

- a. True False
- b. False True
- c. True True
- d. False False

25. Which of the following code snippet returns symmetric difference between two sets

- a. $x \oplus y$
- b. $x \& y$
- c. $x | y$
- d. $x - y$

