R(S)

Ke-ST

S

C(S)

(بال شسية

الى مامن هى مام مراس كذر عاد (ولا) را مست وربع - باى ابن كلما بد داويد ناع تعد مل حلمة ماز مبار عبال را رابر 180.

$$\frac{|G(sw)|}{|j \times \frac{9}{7}|} = \frac{|Ke^{j \cdot 9}|}{|j \times \frac{9}{7}|} = \frac{|Ke^{j \cdot 9}|}{|j \times \frac{9}{7}|} = \frac{|Ke^{j \cdot 9}|}{|j \times \frac{9}{7}|} = \frac{|Ke^{j \cdot 9}|}{|Ke^{j \cdot 9}|} = \frac{|Ke^{j \cdot 9}|}{|Ke^{j \cdot 9}|}$$

بای بافتی PM علم فرانس گوربرو (Wc) رابست آوریع . برای این کار انداره تابع تبدیل حلقه باز را برابریک قراری دهیع

سيستغرر معدين با بدار است كم حاشبه فاز وبره آن عقد ار مشب داشت بالسند:

DOM

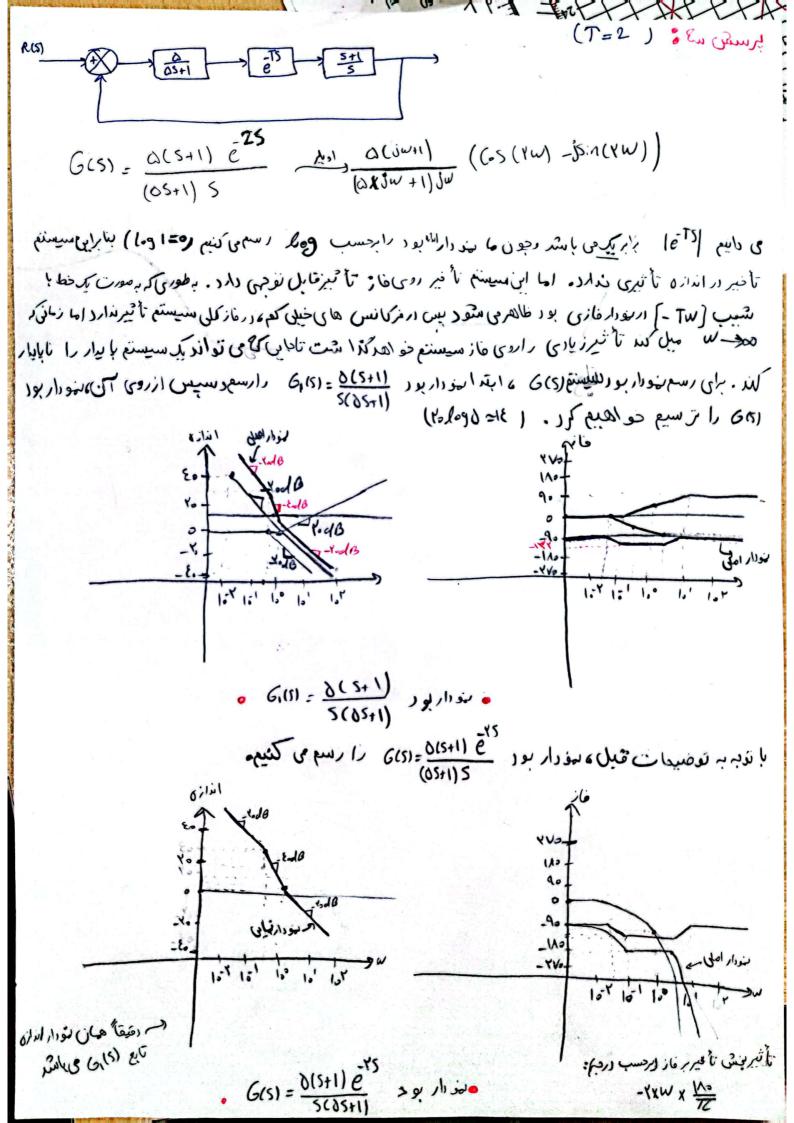
K=8 - PM=ED°

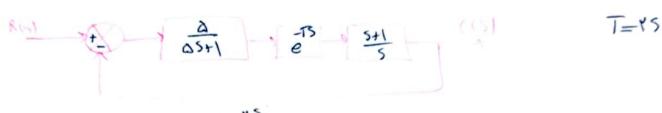
لىرىسىشى (دم)

ret) + K (S+Y) > 1/5Y (Ltt)

$$G(j\omega) = \frac{k(j\omega+1)}{(j\omega)^{2}} = \frac{k(j\omega+1)}{-\omega^{2}} \rightarrow \left|G(j\omega)\right| = \frac{k\sqrt{\omega^{2}+\epsilon}}{\omega^{2}} = 1$$

$$\text{T} \Rightarrow \frac{k\sqrt{\epsilon+\epsilon}}{\epsilon} = \frac{k\sqrt{\Lambda}}{\epsilon} = 1 \rightarrow k = \frac{\epsilon}{\sqrt{\gamma}} \Rightarrow \boxed{k=\sqrt{\gamma}}$$





بای عاسب ۵۵۱ مایوعاز (۱۵ رابابر ۱۵۰ - درج مرار بدهیم تامز کانس گزرغاز (م۱) را عاسمکنیم دربراز آن بایجابیزاری معرار ۱۸ میرارد را بدست می آوردم.

G(sw) = 0(sw+1) e iw 60w+1) = -110

~ arity(w)-arity(Dw)-YW=-90

16(100)] = | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/100/1) | (1/10

GM = - 40 log | G (jup) -> GM = - 40 log 0/04 -> GM = - 18/10 50

مای عاسسی مرح ، باید اندازه تابع نبایل ملتهار سیستم را برابر یک قرار دهیع تافزکانس گذر مرد (س)راملسه در افران مقدار می را بدست آوریع .

PM = arctg(w) - YW-90- arctg(ow) = PM = arctg(1/41)-Y(1/41/x1/0-90-arctan(0x1/41) +1/0 => A= 01/01-18/0-00-00/19+100=-18/91 <0 باتوجه این که هم ۱۸۹ و هم ۱۸۵ صنی شره منابراین می تان گفت سیستم تا با بدار سی ایسد. GH(5) = \frac{\xi \alpha'}{(5+\alpha)^7} لىرىسى جمع) برای علسه GM عبا بد خان مسيستم دو برابر 18 - ترار بدوم ربا بدست آورو ن مزكا نس كد رخار (وال) ومايلزاري عمدار حديرورا G(jw) = fa' (jw+a) > x G(jw) = 0 - Yarctan(= = 1/0 -) arctg(= = = 0 بارابی سیسنم حدیره (۱۵) تدارد . سے ادماء رافظہ نفی کند دے کسے سے GM=00 بای ماسب الم عابد الذان تابع تنبدل سیسنغ را بار یک (۱۵مه) مارداده و بابست آوردن فرکانس کدربره ر) مارداده مقارحه عازرا برست أوريع. $|6(j\omega)| = \left| \frac{\epsilon \alpha^{\gamma}}{\omega^{\gamma} + j \kappa \alpha \omega + \alpha^{\gamma}} \right| = \frac{\epsilon \alpha^{\gamma}}{(\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma})^{\gamma} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma}} = 1 \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} \omega^{\gamma} \implies \epsilon \alpha^{\gamma} = \sqrt{\alpha^{\gamma} - \omega^{\gamma}} + \epsilon \alpha^{$ far = lating-yalwitan = lating = far = lating = far = art = art = art = wr = wr = rar = wr = rar ->PM=0-Yarcton(=0-Yarcton(\(\frac{\f

and a property to be a full

مسیستنم، ماطرما شبه مبره بزرگ و ۱۳۸۰ با میار است.