

Lab Assignment 09



Inspiring Excellence

Course Code:	CSE111
Course Title:	Programming Language II
Topic:	Inheritance, Polymorphism
Number of Tasks:	10 (Classwork: 04, Homework: 06)

[Submit all the Coding Tasks (Homework: Task 1 to 3) in the Google Form shared on buX before the next lab.]

[You are not allowed to change the driver codes of any of the tasks]

CLASSWORK

Task 1

1	public class Bank {
2	public static int rs = 3;
3	public static int cd = -8;
4	public int bl = 0;
5	public int br = 0;
6	public Bank() {
7	br = rs - 2;
8	bl = rs + 1;
9	rs -= 2;
10	}
11	public void deposit(int a, int b) {
12	int cd = 0;
13	br = br + a + (rs++);
14	cd = cd + 1 + b;
15	bl = bl + cd + br;
16	System.out.println(cd + " " + br + " " + bl);
17	}
18	}
19	public class Account extends Bank {
20	public static int cd = 1;
21	public int bl = -4;
22	public Account() {
23	bl = 0;
24	br = rs + 3;
25	super.bl = 2 + rs + 3;
26	rs -= 2;
27	}
28	public Account(Account acc) {
29	bl = acc.bl + super.bl;
30	cd = acc.cd;
31	acc.withdraw(2, 3);
32	}
33	public void withdraw(int a, int b) {
34	int br = 0;
35	br = br + this.br;
36	cd = br + 2 + (++rs);
37	deposit(cd, br);
38	bl = cd + br + bl;
39	System.out.println(cd + " " + br + " " + bl);
40	}

Write the output of the following code:

<pre> public class Tester { public static void main(String[] args) { Bank b1 = new Bank(); Account a1 = new Account(); Account a2 = new Account(a1); a1.deposit(3, 4); a2.withdraw(1, 6); } } </pre>	Output:-		

Task 2

Design the **CinemexTicket** class derived from the **MovieTicket** Class so that the given output is produced:

- ❖ The seatTypes and seatPrices arrays contain the type of the seat and its corresponding price
- ❖ Night show charge (15% of ticket price) will be applicable if the time is between 6:00 PM - 11:00 PM
- ❖ Unique id for a ticket is generated by:
MovieName-FirstLetterOfSeatType-TicketCount
- ❖ You may need to use .split() and Integer.parseInt() built-in methods

Parent Class
<pre> public class MovieTicket { public static String [] seatTypes = {"Regular", "Premium", "IMAX 3D"}; public static double [] seatPrices = {300.0, 450.0, 600.0}; public static int nightShowCharge = 15; private String movie; public String showtime; public String date; private double price; public String seat; public MovieTicket(String movie, String date, String showtime, double price) { this.movie = movie; this.showtime = showtime; this.date = date; this.price = price; this.seat = "Not Selected"; } public void setPrice(double price) { this.price = price; } public double getPrice() { return price; } public String getMovie() { return movie; } public String toString() { return "Movie: " + movie + "\nShowtime: " + showtime + "\nDate: " + date; } } </pre>

Driver Code	Output
<pre> public class Tester { public static void main(String[] args) { CinemexTicket ticket1 = new CinemexTicket("Deadpool and Wolverine", "18:30", "Action-Comedy", "July 24, 2024"); System.out.println("Total movie ticket(s): " + CinemexTicket.getTotalTickets()); System.out.println("1====="); ticket1.calculateTicketPrice(); System.out.println("2====="); System.out.println(ticket1); System.out.println("3====="); System.out.println(ticket1.confirmPayment()); System.out.println("4====="); System.out.println(ticket1); System.out.println("5====="); CinemexTicket ticket2 = new CinemexTicket("Twisters", "10:00", "Sci-Fi", "August 10, 2024", "Premium"); System.out.println("Total movie ticket(s): " + CinemexTicket.getTotalTickets()); System.out.println("6====="); ticket2.calculateTicketPrice(); System.out.println("7====="); System.out.println(ticket2.confirmPayment()); System.out.println("8====="); System.out.println(ticket2); System.out.println("9====="); System.out.println(ticket2.confirmPayment()); } } </pre>	<pre> Total movie ticket(s): 1 1===== Ticket price is calculated successfully. 2===== Ticket ID: Deadpool and Wolverine-R-1 Movie: Deadpool and Wolverine Showtime: 18:30 Date: July 24, 2024 Genre: Action-Comedy Seat Type: Regular Price(tk): 345.0 Status: Not Paid 3===== Payment Successful. 4===== Ticket ID: Deadpool and Wolverine-R-1 Movie: Deadpool and Wolverine Showtime: 18:30 Date: July 24, 2024 Genre: Action-Comedy Seat Type: Regular Price(tk): 345.0 Status: Paid 5===== Total movie ticket(s): 2 6===== Ticket price is calculated successfully. 7===== Payment Successful. 8===== Ticket ID: Twisters-P-2 Movie: Twisters Showtime: 10:00 Date: August 10, 2024 Genre: Sci-Fi Seat Type: Premium Price(tk): 450.0 Status: Paid 9===== Ticket price is already paid! </pre>

Task 3

Write the **Mango** and the **Jackfruit** classes derived from Fruit class so that the following code generates the output below:

Parent Class		
<pre>public class Fruit{ private boolean formalin = false; private String name = ""; public Fruit(boolean formalin, String name){ this.formalin = formalin; this.name = name; } public String getName(){ return name; } public boolean hasFormalin(){ return formalin; } }</pre>		
Driver Code	Output	
<pre>public class FruitTester{ public static void testFruit(Fruit f){ System.out.println("----Printing Detail-----"); if(f.hasFormalin()){ System.out.println("Do not eat the "+f.getName()+"."); System.out.println(f); }else{ System.out.println("Eat the "+f.getName()+"."); System.out.println(f); } } public static void main(String [] args){ Mango m = new Mango(); testFruit(m); Jackfruit j = new Jackfruit(); testFruit(j); } }</pre>	<pre>----Printing Detail----- Do not eat the Mango. Mangos are bad for you ----Printing Detail----- Eat the Jackfruit. Jackfruits are good for you</pre>	

Task 4

1	public class Caramel extends SilkOreo{
2	String texture = "Softy";
3	public void method1() {
4	System.out.println("Caramel m1");
5	}
6	public void method4() {
7	System.out.println("Caramel m4");
8	}
9	public String toString(){
10	method2();
11	return "Caramel is "+ texture;
12	}
13	}
14	public class Chocolate{
15	String texture = "Chocolaty";
16	public void method1() {
17	method2();
18	System.out.println("Chocolate m1");
19	}
20	public void method2() {
21	System.out.println("Chocolate m2");
22	}
23	public String toString(){
24	method2();
25	return "Chocolate is "+ texture;
26	}
27	}
28	public class DairyMilk extends Chocolate{
29	String texture = "Yummy";
30	public void method2() {
31	System.out.println(this.texture);
32	System.out.println("DairyMilk m2");
33	}
34	public void method3() {
35	System.out.println("DairyMilk m3");
36	}
37	}
38	public class KitKat extends Chocolate{
39	String texture = "Crunchy";
40	public void method1() {

41	<code>System.out.println("KitKat m1");</code>
42	<code>}</code>
43	<code>public void method4() {</code>
44	<code>System.out.println("KitKat m4");</code>
45	<code>}</code>
46	<code>public String toString(){</code>
47	<code>method2();</code>
48	<code>return "KitKat is "+ texture;</code>
49	<code>}</code>
50	<code>}</code>
51	<code>public class SilkOreo extends DairyMilk{</code>
52	<code>String texture = "Silky";</code>
53	<code>public void method1() {</code>
54	<code>super.method1();</code>
55	<code>System.out.println("SilkOreo m1");</code>
56	<code>}</code>
57	<code>public void method3() {</code>
58	<code>System.out.println("SilkOreo m3");</code>
59	<code>System.out.println(this);</code>
60	<code>}</code>
61	<code>}</code>

Assuming the following variables have been defined:

```
Chocolate choco1 = new Chocolate();
KitKat kit = new KitKat();
DairyMilk dairyMilk1 = new DairyMilk();
DairyMilk dairyMilk2 = new SilkOreo();
Object obj1 = new DairyMilk();
Object obj2 = new KitKat();
Chocolate caramel1 = new Caramel();
```

In the table below,

- The output produced by the statement in the left-hand column, should be written in the right-hand column
- If the statement produces more than one line of output, indicate the line breaks with slashes as in "a/b/c" to indicate three lines of output with "a" followed by "b" followed by "c".
- If the statement causes an error, fill in the right-hand column with either the phrase "compiler error" or "runtime error" to indicate when the error would be detected.

	Statement	Output
1	choco1.method1();	
2	dairyMilk1.method1();	
3	dairyMilk2.method4();	
4	caramel1.method1();	
5	System.out.println(caramel1);	
6	System.out.println(caramel1.texture);	
7	((Chocolate)kit).method2();	
8	((SilkOreo)dairyMilk2).method3();	
9	((DairyMilk)kit).method2();	
10	((Chocolate)kit).method3();	
11	((Chocolate)dairyMilk2).method1();	
12	((Chocolate)obj1).method2();	
13	((Caramel)obj1).method2();	
14	((SilkOreo)obj2).method3();	
15	System.out.println(((Object)choco1).toString());	
16	System.out.println(((Chocolate)kit).texture);	

HOMEWORK

Task 1

Design the **Manager** and **Developer** class derived from the **Employee** class with appropriate attributes and properties so that the driver code can generate the output given below. [Hint:

Manager:

1. Adds a bonus to the base salary if the manager works more than 40 hours.
2. If the manager works more than 100 hours, the full amount is approved; if they work more than 80 hours, half the amount is approved. Otherwise, the increment is denied.

Developer:

1. Adds \$700 to the base salary if the developer works with Java programming language.]

Driver Code and Parent Class	Output
<pre>public class Employee { public String name; private double baseSalary; private int hoursWorked; public Employee(String name, double baseSalary, int hoursWorked){ this.name = name; this.baseSalary = baseSalary; this.hoursWorked = hoursWorked; } public double getBaseSalary() { return baseSalary; } public void setBaseSalary(double baseSalary) { this.baseSalary = baseSalary; } public int getHoursWorked() { return hoursWorked; } public void setHoursWorked(int hoursWorked) { this.hoursWorked = hoursWorked; } public void displayInfo() { System.out.println("Name: " + name); System.out.println("Base Salary: \$" + baseSalary); System.out.println("Work Hours: " + hoursWorked); } } public class EmployeeTester { public static void main(String[] args) { Manager neymar = new Manager("Neymar",1000, 45, 10); Developer messi = new Developer("Messi", 1000, 50, "Java"); Developer chiesa = new Developer("Chiesa", 1000, 50, "Javascript"); neymar.calculateSalary(); System.out.println("1.====="); neymar.displayInfo();</pre>	<pre>1.===== Name: Neymar Base Salary: \$1000.0 Work Hours: 45 Bonus: 10.0 % Final Salary: \$1100.0 2.===== Increment denied. 3.===== \$50 Increment approved. 4.===== 5.===== Name: Neymar Base Salary: \$1050.0 Work Hours: 85 Bonus: 10.0 % Final Salary: \$1155.0 6.===== 7.===== Name: Messi Base Salary: \$1000.0 Work Hours: 50 Language: Java Final Salary: \$1700.0 8.===== 9.===== Name: Chiesa Base Salary: \$1000.0 Work Hours: 50 Language: Javascript Final Salary: \$1000.0</pre>

```
System.out.println("2.=====");
neymar.requestIncrement(100);
System.out.println("3.=====");
neymar.setHoursWorked(85);
neymar.requestIncrement(100);
System.out.println("4.=====");
neymar.calculateSalary();
System.out.println("5.=====");
neymar.displayInfo();
System.out.println("6.=====");
messi.calculateSalary();
System.out.println("7.=====");
messi.displayInfo();
System.out.println("8.=====");
chiesa.calculateSalary();
System.out.println("9.=====");
chiesa.displayInfo();
}
}
```

Task 2

Design the `KKTea` (parent) and `KKFlavouredTea` (child) classes so that the following output is produced. The `KKFlavouredTea` class should inherit `KKTea` and `KKTea` should inherit the `Tea` class. Note that:

- An object of either class represents a single box of teabags.
- Each tea bag weighs 2 grams.
- The status of an object refers to whether it is sold or not

Driver Code and Parent Class	Output
<pre>public class Tea { public String name; protected int price; protected boolean status; public Tea(String name, int price) { this.name = name; this.price = price; this.status = false; } public void productDetail() { System.out.println("Name: " + name + ", Price: " + price); System.out.println("Status: " + status); } } //Driver Code public class TeaTester{ public static void main(String[] args) { KKTea t1 = new KKTea(250, 50); System.out.println("-----1-----"); t1.productDetail(); System.out.println("-----2-----"); KKTea.totalSales(); System.out.println("-----3-----"); KKTea t2 = new KKTea(470, 100); KKTea t3 = new KKTea(360, 75); KKTea.updateSoldStatusRegular(t1); KKTea.updateSoldStatusRegular(t2); System.out.println("-----4-----"); t2.productDetail(); System.out.println("-----5-----"); KKTea.totalSales(); System.out.println("-----6-----"); KKFlavouredTea t4 = new KKFlavouredTea("Jasmine", 260, 50); KKFlavouredTea t5 = new KKFlavouredTea("Honey Lemon", 270, 45); KKFlavouredTea t6 = new KKFlavouredTea("Honey Lemon", 270, 45); System.out.println("-----7-----"); t4.productDetail(); System.out.println("-----8-----"); t6.productDetail(); System.out.println("-----9-----"); KKFlavouredTea.updateSoldStatusFlavoured(t4); KKFlavouredTea.updateSoldStatusFlavoured(t5); KKFlavouredTea.updateSoldStatusFlavoured(t6); System.out.println("-----10-----"); KKTea.totalSales(); } }</pre>	<pre>-----1----- Name: KK Regular Tea, Price: 250 Status: false Weight: 100, Tea Bags: 50 -----2----- Total Sales: 0 KK Regular Tea: 0 -----3----- -----4----- Name: KK Regular Tea, Price: 470 Status: true Weight: 200, Tea Bags: 100 -----5----- Total Sales: 2 KK Regular Tea: 2 -----6----- -----7----- Name: KK Jasmine Tea, Price: 260 Status: false Weight: 100, Tea Bags: 50 -----8----- Name: KK Honey Lemon Tea, Price: 270 Status: false Weight: 90, Tea Bags: 45 -----9----- -----10----- Total Sales: 5 KK Regular Tea: 2 KK Flavoured Tea: 3</pre>

Task 3

Write the **CSEStudent** and **CSE111Student** classes derived from **Student** class so that the following code generates the output below:

Parent Class	
<pre>public class Student{ public String msg = "I love BU"; public String shout(){ return msg; } }</pre>	
Driver Code	Output
<pre>public class StudentTester{ public static void printShout(Student s){ System.out.println("-----"); System.out.println(s.msg); System.out.println(s.shout()); } public static void main(String [] args){ Student s = new Student(); CSEStudent cs = new CSEStudent(); CSE111Student cs111 = new CSE111Student(); System.out.println(s.msg); System.out.println(cs.msg); System.out.println(cs111.msg); printShout(s); printShout(cs); printShout(cs111); } }</pre>	<pre>I love BU I want to transfer to CSE I love Java Programming ----- I love BU I love BU ----- I love BU I want to transfer to CSE ----- I love BU I love Java Programming</pre>

Task 4

1	public class Gandalf {
2	public void method1(){
3	System.out.println("Gandalf 1");
4	}
5	
6	public void method2(){
7	System.out.println("Gandalf 2");
8	method1();
9	}
10	}
11	public class Bilbo extends Gandalf{
12	public void method1(){
13	System.out.println("Bilbo 1");
14	}
15	}
16	public class Gollum extends Gandalf{
17	public void method3(){
18	System.out.println("Gollum 3");
19	}
20	}
21	public class Frodo extends Bilbo{
22	public void method1(){
23	System.out.println("Frodo 1");
24	super.method1();
25	}
26	
27	public void method3(){
28	System.out.println("Frodo 3");
29	}
30	}

Assuming the following variables have been defined:

```
Gandalf var1 = new Frodo();
Gandalf var2 = new Bilbo();
Gandalf var3 = new Gandalf();
Object var4 = new Bilbo();
Bilbo var5 = new Frodo();
Object var6 = new Gollum();
```

In the table below,

- The output produced by the statement in the left-hand column, should be written in the right-hand column
- If the statement produces more than one line of output, indicate the line breaks with slashes as in "a/b/c" to indicate three lines of output with "a" followed by "b" followed by "c".
- If the statement causes an error, fill in the right-hand column with either the phrase "compiler error" or "runtime error" to indicate when the error would be Detected.

	Statement	Output
1	var1.method1();	
2	var2.method1();	
3	var4.method1();	
4	var6.method1();	
5	var1.method2();	
6	var3.method2();	
7	var4.method2();	
8	var5.method2();	
9	var6.method2();	
10	((Frodo)var4).method3();	
11	((Frodo)var6).method2();	
12	((Gollum)var1).method3();	
13	((Gollum)var4).method1();	
14	((Gandalf)var1).method2();	
15	((Frodo)var4).method1();	
16	((Gollum)var6).method2();	
17	((Gandalf)var2).method1();	
18	((Bilbo)var6).method2();	
19	((Frodo)var1).method3();	
20	((Gandalf)var5).method3();	

Task 5

1	public class Sue {
2	void method1() {
3	System.out.println("sue 1");
4	}
5	void method3() {
6	System.out.println("sue 3");
7	}
8	}
9	
10	public class Blue {
11	void method1() {
12	System.out.println("blue 1");
13	method3();
14	}
15	void method3() {
16	System.out.println("blue 3");
17	}
18	}
19	
20	public class Moo extends Blue {
21	void method2() {
22	super.method3();
23	System.out.println("moo 2");
24	this.method3();
25	}
26	void method3() {
27	System.out.println("moo 3");
28	}
29	}
30	
31	public class Crew extends Moo {
32	void method1() {
33	System.out.println("crew 1");
34	}
35	void method3() {
36	System.out.println("crew 3");
37	}
38	}

Assuming the following variables have been defined:

```
Moo var1 = new Crew();
```

```

Blue var2 = new Moo();
Object var3 = new Sue();
Sue var4 = new Sue();
Blue var5 = new Crew();
Blue var6 = new Blue();

```

In the table below,

- The output produced by the statement in the left-hand column, should be written in the right-hand column
- If the statement produces more than one line of output, indicate the line breaks with slashes as in "a/b/c" to indicate three lines of output with "a" followed by "b" followed by "c".
- If the statement causes an error, fill in the right-hand column with either the phrase "compiler error" or "runtime error" to indicate when the error would be detected.

	Statement	Output
1	var1.method1();	
2	var2.method1();	
3	var3.method1();	
4	var4.method1();	
5	var5.method1();	
6	var6.method1();	
7	var1.method3();	
8	var2.method3();	
9	var3.method3();	
10	((Blue)var1).method1();	
11	((Crew)var1).method2();	
12	((Sue)var1).method3();	
13	((Blue)var3).method1();	
14	((Crew)var3).method1();	
15	((Sue)var3).method3();	
16	((Moo)var2).method2();	
17	((Crew)var3).method2();	
18	((Moo)var5).method2();	
19	((Moo)var6).method2();	
20	((Moo)var2).method1();	

Task 6

1	public class Foo {
2	String name = "foo";
3	public void call1() {
4	System.out.println("Foo 1");
5	}
6	public void call2() {
7	call1();
8	System.out.println("Foo 2");
9	}
10	}
11	
12	public class Bar extends Foo {
13	public void call2() {
14	System.out.println("Bar 2");
15	}
16	public void call3() {
17	System.out.println("Bar 3");
18	}
19	}
20	
21	public class Buzz extends Bar {
22	String name = "Buzz";
23	public void call1() {
24	System.out.println("Buzz 1");
25	}
26	public void call4() {
27	call3();
28	System.out.println("Buzz 4");
29	}
30	}
31	public class Bux extends Foo {
32	String name = "Bux";
33	public void call1() {
34	System.out.println("Bux 1");
35	}
36	public void call3() {
37	System.out.println("Bux 3");
38	}
39	}

Assuming the following variables have been defined:

```
Foo foo1 = new Foo();  
Bar bar1 = new Bar();
```

```

Bux bux1 = new Bux();
Foo foo2 = new Buzz();
Bar bar2 = new Buzz();
Object obj1 = new Foo();

```

In the table below,

- The output produced by the statement in the left-hand column, should be written in the right-hand column
- If the statement produces more than one line of output, indicate the line breaks with slashes as in "a/b/c" to indicate three lines of output with "a" followed by "b" followed by "c".
- If the statement causes an error, fill in the right-hand column with either the phrase "compiler error" or "runtime error" to indicate when the error would be detected.

	Statement	Output
1	bar1.call1();	
2	foo2.call1();	
3	foo2.call2();	
4	bar2.call3();	
5	System.out.println(bar1.name);	
6	System.out.println(bar2.name);	
7	System.out.println(((Buzz)bar2).name);	
8	((Buzz)bar1).call4();	
9	((Bar)foo1).call3();	
10	((Foo)bux1).call1();	
11	((Bux)foo1).call1();	
12	bux1.call1();	
13	bux1.call2();	
14	((Foo)foo2).call2();	
15	((Buzz)obj1).call3();	
16	((Buzz)obj1).call2();	
17	((Bux)foo2).call2();	
18	((Buzz)obj1).call1();	
19	System.out.println(foo2.name);	
20	System.out.println(((Bux)foo2).name);	

Ungraded Tasks (Optional)

(You don't have to submit the ungraded tasks)

Task1

Write the **PlatinumCard** and **SignatureCard** classes derived from **CreditCard** class so that the following code generates the output below.

Note: Platinum card users initially have 100 reward points and will get 2 reward points for spending 100 taka each. Signature card users initially have 200 reward points and will get 4 reward points for spending 100 taka each. Signature card users are allowed to bring upto 5 companions at lounges.

Parent Class	
<pre>public class CreditCard { public String cardHolder; public String accountNo; public int rewardPoints; public CreditCard(String cardHolder, String accountNo, int rewardPoints){ this.cardHolder = cardHolder; this.accountNo = accountNo; this.rewardPoints = rewardPoints; } public void cardDetails(){ System.out.println("Card Holder Name: " + cardHolder); System.out.println("Account Number: " + accountNo); System.out.println("Reward point gained: " + rewardPoints); } }</pre>	
Driver Code	Output
<pre>public class CardTester { public static void main(String[] args) { CreditCard card1 = new PlatinumCard("Ali", "345 127"); CreditCard card2 = new SignatureCard("Rahul", "514 123"); CreditCard card3 = new SignatureCard("Rohan", "147 965"); CreditCard [] cards = {card1, card2, card3}; for (int i = 0; i<cards.length; i++) { System.out.println("====="); if (cards[i] instanceof SignatureCard) { SignatureCard new_card = (SignatureCard) cards[i]; new_card.spendCash(500); } else if (cards[i] instanceof PlatinumCard) { PlatinumCard new_card = (PlatinumCard) cards[i]; new_card.spendCash(200); } System.out.println("====="); cards[i].cardDetails(); } } }</pre>	<pre>===== Previous Reward Points: 100 Reward points after spending 200 taka: 104 ===== Card Holder Name: Ali Account Number: 345 127 Reward point gained: 104 ===== Previous Reward Points: 200 Reward points after spending 500 taka: 220 ===== Card Holder Name: Rahul Account Number: 514 123 Reward point gained: 220 Possible Number of Companions for Lounge: 5 ===== Previous Reward Points: 200 Reward points after spending 500 taka: 220 ===== Card Holder Name: Rohan Account Number: 147 965 Reward point gained: 220 Possible Number of Companions for Lounge: 5</pre>