

Note on Wigner Function

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This note aims to summarize the main idea of the Wigner function and the Weyl transformation. It is mainly based on DOI 10.1007/978-1-4419-8840-9 chap 5 and my own calculation.

Let's begin with the statistical average value of an operator \hat{A} in a quantum system described by a density operator ρ :

$$\begin{aligned}\langle A \rangle &= \text{Tr}(\hat{A}\hat{\rho}) = \int dx \langle x | \hat{A}\hat{\rho} | x \rangle \\ &= \int dx dx' \langle x | \hat{A} | x' \rangle \langle x' | \hat{\rho} | x \rangle\end{aligned}\tag{1}$$

If we want to know the time evolution of $\langle \hat{A} \rangle$, since \hat{A} , $|x\rangle$ and $|x'\rangle$ are time-independent, the unique term that influence the evolution of $\langle \hat{A} \rangle$ is $\frac{d}{dt}\hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{i\hbar}[\hat{H}, \hat{\rho}]$, according to Liouville's equation. Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dt} \langle A \rangle &= \int dx dx' \langle x | \hat{A} | x' \rangle \langle x' | \frac{d}{dt} \hat{\rho} | x \rangle \\ &= \int dx dx' \langle x | \hat{A} | x' \rangle \langle x' | \frac{1}{i\hbar} [\hat{H}, \hat{\rho}] | x \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{i\hbar} \int dx dx' \langle x | \hat{A} | x' \rangle \left[-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x'^2} \right) + (V(x) - V(x')) \right] \langle x' | \hat{\rho} | x \rangle\end{aligned}\tag{2}$$

According to these 2 equations above, we find out that $\langle x' | \hat{\rho} | x \rangle$ plays a central role to determine the behavior of an operator \hat{A} . The method to deal with $\langle x' | \hat{\rho} | x \rangle$ is double Fourier transformation which is called Weyl transformation.