

# Usman\_test\_train2\_New

March 31, 2022

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
[2]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
```

```
[3]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.discriminant_analysis import LinearDiscriminantAnalysis
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.svm import SVC

from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout, Activation

from keras.layers.convolutional import Conv1D
from keras import backend as K
from keras.layers.core import Lambda
from keras.layers.convolutional import MaxPooling1D
from keras.layers.embeddings import Embedding

import keras
from keras.utils import np_utils
```

```
[4]: from sklearn.feature_selection import VarianceThreshold
```

```
[5]: dataset = pd.read_csv('Usman_test_train_IoT/Combined_Data_IoT.csv')
```

```
[6]: dataset.columns
```

```
[6]: Index(['ts', 'date', 'time', 'fridge_temperature', 'temp_condition', 'label',
        'type', 'door_state', 'sphone_signal', 'latitude', 'longitude',
        'FC1_Read_Input_Register', 'FC2_Read_Discrete_Value',
        'FC3_Read_Holding_Register', 'FC4_Read_Coil', 'motion_status',
        'light_status', 'current_temperature', 'thermostat_status',
        'temperature', 'pressure', 'humidity'],
        dtype='object')
```

```
[7]: Data = dataset.drop(['ts', 'date', 'time'], axis =1)
```

```
[8]: Data['label'].value_counts()
```

```
[8]: 0    245000
      1    156119
      Name: label, dtype: int64
```

```
[9]: Data['type'].value_counts()
```

```
[9]: normal      245000
      backdoor    35000
      injection    35000
      password    35000
      ddos        25000
      ransomware  16030
      xss         6116
      scanning    3973
      Name: type, dtype: int64
```

```
[10]: Data.isna().sum().sum()
```

```
[10]: 0
```

```
[11]: Data.head()
```

```
[11]:  fridge_temperature  temp_condition  label  type  door_state  sphone_signal  \
0                9.00              1      1  ddos           0             0
1                9.25              1      1  ddos           0             0
2               12.65              1      1  ddos           0             0
3                4.65              0      1  ddos           0             0
4               12.65              1      1  ddos           0             0

      latitude  longitude  FC1_Read_Input_Register  FC2_Read_Discrete_Value  \
0  4.514077   14.421946              32450              32708
1  4.514077   14.421946              32450              32708
2  4.514077   14.421946              32450              32708
3  4.514077   14.421946              32450              32708
4  4.514077   14.421946              32450              32708
```

	FC3_Read_Holding_Register	FC4_Read_Coil	motion_status	light_status	\
0	32035	32728	0	0	
1	32035	32728	0	0	
2	32035	32728	0	0	
3	32035	32728	0	0	
4	32035	32728	0	0	

  

	current_temperature	thermostat_status	temperature	pressure	humidity
0	28.442693	1	35.773605	1.035	46.343618
1	28.442693	1	35.773605	1.035	46.343618
2	28.442693	1	35.773605	1.035	46.343618
3	28.442693	1	35.773605	1.035	46.343618
4	28.442693	1	35.773605	1.035	46.343618

## 1 Model Development (Binary)

```
[12]: # from ctgan import CTGANSynthesizer
# ctgan = CTGANSynthesizer(epochs=10)
# ctgan.fit(Data.drop(['type'], axis = 1), ['label'])
```

```
[13]: # GAN_IOT = ctgan.sample(600000)
# GAN_IOT
```

```
[14]: # GAN_IOT.to_csv("GAN_IOT_10Epochs.csv", index=False)
```

```
[15]: samples = pd.read_csv('GAN_IOT_10Epochs.csv')
```

```
[16]: samples['label'].value_counts()
```

```
[16]: 0    427817
1     172183
Name: label, dtype: int64
```

```
[17]: X_G = samples.drop(['label'], axis = 1)
X_G.shape
```

```
[17]: (600000, 17)
```

```
[18]: y_G = samples['label']
y_G = y_G.values
y_G.shape
```

```
[18]: (600000,)
```

```
[19]: sel = VarianceThreshold(threshold=(.8 * (1 - .8))) #don't change these values
X_T = sel.fit(X_G)
```

```
[20]: sel_cols = X_T.get_support(indices=True)
X_VT = X_G.iloc[:,sel_cols]
X_VT
```

```
[20]:      fridge_temperature  temp_condition  latitude  longitude \
0          10.041658          0  4.550903  14.438127
1           6.699955          1  4.531272  75.202959
2           6.700362          1  4.517152  14.403387
3           6.702047          0  4.524009  14.439772
4           6.701300          1  4.526589  14.442005
...
599995          6.701781          0  4.497448  14.400577
599996          6.700457          0  4.511919  14.457472
599997          6.700144          0  1.381538  10.911842
599998          6.700591          0  4.525477  14.401991
599999          6.701271          0  4.512456  14.453269
```

```
      FC1_Read_Input_Register  FC2_Read_Discrete_Value \
0                32454                32713
1                32451                32705
2                32454                32703
3                32451                32703
4                32449                32707
...
599995          32454                32707
599996          55798                3071
599997          32451                32705
599998          32448                32709
599999          32455                32702
```

```
      FC3_Read_Holding_Register  FC4_Read_Coil  current_temperature \
0                32040                32728        28.442293
1                32039                32724        28.737284
2                32044                32721        28.442653
3                32043                32726        28.442530
4                32038                32725        27.159283
...
599995          32034                32726        28.442123
599996          24817                26585        28.441697
599997          32041                32719        28.442684
599998          32038                32717        28.442219
599999          32038                32715        28.442448
```

```
      thermostat_status  temperature  pressure  humidity
0                1    35.770101  1.035372  46.348176
1                0    35.769628  1.035715  46.355070
2                0    35.771778  1.035797  46.359988
```

```

3          0    35.771197  1.034263  46.343268
4          0    35.772592  1.036184  38.912467
...
599995      0    35.771638  1.035189  46.349511
599996      1    35.770840  1.035442  46.345211
599997      1    35.772983  1.035264  46.349470
599998      1    35.772159  1.035277  46.350916
599999      1    32.364628  1.943538  41.126065

```

[600000 rows x 13 columns]

```
[21]: X_VT.shape
```

```
[21]: (600000, 13)
```

```
[22]: scaler = MinMaxScaler()
X_M = scaler.fit_transform(X_VT)
print(X_M)
```

```

[[0.70550429 0.          0.03402255 ... 0.53001883 0.54297187 0.43603677]
 [0.44952356 1.          0.03388342 ... 0.53000224 0.54300734 0.4361097 ]
 [0.44955469 1.          0.03378335 ... 0.53007757 0.54301577 0.43616172]
 ...
 [0.44953801 0.          0.01156011 ... 0.53011979 0.54296081 0.43605046]
 [0.44957226 0.          0.03384235 ... 0.53009091 0.54296213 0.43606575]
 [0.44962436 0.          0.03375006 ... 0.41070494 0.63669728 0.38079804]]

```

```
[23]: # (Smote -> variance threshold -> min max scaler)
trainX, testX, trainY, testY = train_test_split(X_M, y_G, test_size = 0.30,
↪random_state = 5)
```

```
[24]: print(X_M.shape)
print(y_G.shape)
print(trainX.shape)
print(trainY.shape)
print(testX.shape)
print(testY.shape)
```

```

(600000, 13)
(600000,)
(420000, 13)
(420000,)
(180000, 13)
(180000,)

```

### 1.0.1 LR

```
[29]: #Test Train split
lr = LogisticRegression() #for binary
lr.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict = lr.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict))
```

0.7222277777777778

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.73	0.97	0.83	128414
1	0.58	0.11	0.19	51586
accuracy			0.72	180000
macro avg	0.65	0.54	0.51	180000
weighted avg	0.69	0.72	0.65	180000

### 1.0.2 LDA

```
[30]: #Test Train split
lda = LinearDiscriminantAnalysis()
lda.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict = lda.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict))
```

0.7218222222222223

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.73	0.97	0.83	128414
1	0.57	0.12	0.19	51586
accuracy			0.72	180000
macro avg	0.65	0.54	0.51	180000
weighted avg	0.69	0.72	0.65	180000

### 1.0.3 KNN

```
[ ]: #Test Train split
#default parameters used in base paper (n_neighbors, default=5) (p, default=2,
↪for Euclidean Distance)
knn = KNeighborsClassifier()
knn.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict = knn.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict))
```

```
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict))
```

#### 1.0.4 RF

```
[25]: #Test Train Split
rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=10,criterion='gini')
rf.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict1 = rf.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict1))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict1))
```

0.7392944444444445

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.76	0.93	0.84	128414
1	0.60	0.27	0.37	51586
accuracy			0.74	180000
macro avg	0.68	0.60	0.60	180000
weighted avg	0.71	0.74	0.70	180000

#### 1.0.5 DT (CART)

```
[32]: #Test Train Split
dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini')
dt.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict1 = dt.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict1))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict1))
```

0.6480055555555555

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.76	0.74	0.75	128414
1	0.39	0.41	0.40	51586
accuracy			0.65	180000
macro avg	0.58	0.58	0.58	180000
weighted avg	0.65	0.65	0.65	180000

#### 1.0.6 NB

```
[33]: #Test Train Split
nb = GaussianNB()
nb.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict1 = nb.predict(testX)
```

```
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict1))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict1))
```

0.7011166666666667

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.75	0.87	0.81	128414
1	0.46	0.28	0.35	51586
accuracy			0.70	180000
macro avg	0.61	0.58	0.58	180000
weighted avg	0.67	0.70	0.68	180000

### 1.0.7 SVM

```
[ ]: #Test Train Split
svclassifier = SVC(kernel='rbf', gamma='auto')
svclassifier.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict = svclassifier.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict))
```

### 1.0.8 LSTM

```
[26]: X_G.shape
```

```
[26]: (600000, 17)
```

```
[29]: X_GV = X_G.values
```

```
[30]: X1 = X_GV.reshape((-1, 1, 17))
```

```
[33]: X1.shape
```

```
[33]: (600000, 1, 17)
```

```
[34]: (trainX, testX, trainY, testY) = train_test_split(X1, y_G, test_size = 0.30,
↳ random_state = 5)
```

```
[35]: # 1 LSTM Layer (input), 3 Dense Hidden Layers
model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(17, input_shape=(1, 17), activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(128, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(100, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
```



```

model.add(Dense(64, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
    ↳metrics=["accuracy"])
model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
    ↳validation_data=(testX, testY))

```

Epoch 1/35

6563/6563 - 41s - loss: 0.5999 - accuracy: 0.7127 - val\_loss: 0.5952 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134

Epoch 2/35

6563/6563 - 40s - loss: 0.5984 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val\_loss: 0.5953 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134

Epoch 3/35

6563/6563 - 33s - loss: 0.5972 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val\_loss: 0.5954 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134

Epoch 4/35

6563/6563 - 35s - loss: 0.5975 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val\_loss: 0.5983 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134

Epoch 5/35

6563/6563 - 33s - loss: 0.5971 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val\_loss: 0.5960 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134

Epoch 6/35

6563/6563 - 29s - loss: 0.5972 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val\_loss: 0.5960 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134

Epoch 7/35

6563/6563 - 32s - loss: 0.5967 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val\_loss: 0.5939 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134

Epoch 8/35

6563/6563 - 35s - loss: 0.5964 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val\_loss: 0.5945 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134

Epoch 9/35

```

-----
KeyboardInterrupt                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-35-520b0317fb91> in <module>
     11 model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
     12 model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
    ↳metrics=["accuracy"])
----> 13 model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
    ↳validation_data=(testX, testY))

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\training.py in fit(self,
    ↳x, y, batch_size, epochs, verbose, callbacks, validation_split,
    ↳validation_data, shuffle, class_weight, sample_weight, initial_epoch,
    ↳steps_per_epoch, validation_steps, validation_batch_size, validation_freq,
    ↳max_queue_size, workers, use_multiprocessing)

```

```

1182         _r=1):
1183         callbacks.on_train_batch_begin(step)
-> 1184         tmp_logs = self.train_function(iterator)
1185         if data_handler.should_sync:
1186             context.async_wait()

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_function
->py in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
    883
    884         with OptionalXlaContext(self._jit_compile):
--> 885             result = self._call(*args, **kwargs)
    886
    887             new_tracing_count = self.experimental_get_tracing_count()

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_function
->py in _call(self, *args, **kwargs)
    915         # In this case we have created variables on the first call, so we
->run the
    916         # defunned version which is guaranteed to never create variables.
--> 917         return self._stateless_fn(*args, **kwargs) # pylint:
->disable=not-callable
    918         elif self._stateful_fn is not None:
    919             # Release the lock early so that multiple threads can perform the
->call

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
->in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
    3037         (graph_function,
    3038          filtered_flat_args) = self._maybe_define_function(args, kwargs)
-> 3039         return graph_function._call_flat(
    3040             filtered_flat_args, captured_inputs=graph_function.
->captured_inputs) # pylint: disable=protected-access
    3041

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
->in _call_flat(self, args, captured_inputs, cancellation_manager)
    1961         and executing_eagerly):
    1962         # No tape is watching; skip to running the function.
-> 1963         return self._build_call_outputs(self._inference_function.call(
    1964             ctx, args, cancellation_manager=cancellation_manager))
    1965         forward_backward = self._select_forward_and_backward_functions(

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
->in call(self, ctx, args, cancellation_manager)
    589         with _InterpolateFunctionError(self):
    590             if cancellation_manager is None:

```

```

--> 591         outputs = execute.execute(
592             str(self.signature.name),
593             num_outputs=self._num_outputs,

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\execute.py i
↳quick_execute(op_name, num_outputs, inputs, attrs, ctx, name)
57     try:
58         ctx.ensure_initialized()
--> 59         tensors = pywrap_tfe.TFE_Py_Execute(ctx._handle, device_name,
↳op_name,
60             inputs, attrs, num_outputs)
61     except core._NotOkStatusException as e:

KeyboardInterrupt:

```

```

[56]: loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(testX, testY)
print("Loss:" + str(loss))
print("Accuracy:" + str(accuracy))

```

```

2507/2507 [=====] - 4s 2ms/step - loss: 0.5779 -
accuracy: 0.6798
Loss:0.5779118537902832
Accuracy:0.679796576499939

```

```

[57]: model.summary()

```

Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
lstm_4 (LSTM)	(None, 17)	2380
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 17)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 128)	2304
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 100)	12900
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None, 100)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 64)	6464
dropout_7 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 1)	65

```
=====
Total params: 24,113
Trainable params: 24,113
Non-trainable params: 0
-----
```

### 1.0.9 CNN (ConvID)

```
[36]: X_G.shape
```

```
[36]: (600000, 17)
```

```
[37]: X_GV = X_G.values
```

```
[38]: X1 = X_GV.reshape((-1, 1, 17))
```

```
[39]: X1.shape
```

```
[39]: (600000, 1, 17)
```

```
[40]: (trainX, testX, trainY, testY) = train_test_split(X1, y_G, test_size = 0.30,
↳random_state = 5)
```

```
[41]: nb_filter = 250
filter_length = 3

model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv1D(filters=nb_filter, kernel_size=filter_length, padding='same',
↳activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(128, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(100, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(64, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
↳metrics=["accuracy"])
model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
↳validation_data=(testX, testY))
```

Epoch 1/35

6563/6563 - 41s - loss: 0.6038 - accuracy: 0.7116 - val\_loss: 0.6011 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134

Epoch 2/35

6563/6563 - 41s - loss: 0.6008 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val\_loss: 0.5991 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134

Epoch 3/35  
6563/6563 - 37s - loss: 0.6007 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val\_loss: 0.6004 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134  
Epoch 4/35  
6563/6563 - 37s - loss: 0.6007 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val\_loss: 0.6029 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.7134  
Epoch 5/35

```
-----
KeyboardInterrupt                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-41-248afc4dcd16> in <module>
    13 model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
    14 model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
-> metrics=["accuracy"])
---> 15 model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
-> validation_data=(testX, testY))

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\training.py in fit(self,
-> x, y, batch_size, epochs, verbose, callbacks, validation_split,
-> validation_data, shuffle, class_weight, sample_weight, initial_epoch,
-> steps_per_epoch, validation_steps, validation_batch_size, validation_freq,
-> max_queue_size, workers, use_multiprocessing)
    1182         _r=1):
    1183             callbacks.on_train_batch_begin(step)
-> 1184             tmp_logs = self.train_function(iterator)
    1185             if data_handler.should_sync:
    1186                 context.async_wait()

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-> py in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
    883
    884         with OptionalXlaContext(self._jit_compile):
--> 885             result = self._call(*args, **kwargs)
    886
    887             new_tracing_count = self.experimental_get_tracing_count()

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-> py in _call(self, *args, **kwargs)
    915         # In this case we have created variables on the first call, so we
-> run the
    916         # defunned version which is guaranteed to never create variables.
--> 917         return self._stateless_fn(*args, **kwargs) # pylint:
-> disable=not-callable
    918         elif self._stateful_fn is not None:
    919             # Release the lock early so that multiple threads can perform the
-> call
```

```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
↳ in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
    3037         (graph_function,
    3038          filtered_flat_args) = self._maybe_define_function(args, kwargs)
-> 3039         return graph_function._call_flat(
    3040             filtered_flat_args, captured_inputs=graph_function.
↳ captured_inputs) # pylint: disable=protected-access
    3041

```

```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
↳ in _call_flat(self, args, captured_inputs, cancellation_manager)
    1961         and executing_eagerly):
    1962         # No tape is watching; skip to running the function.
-> 1963         return self._build_call_outputs(self._inference_function.call(
    1964             ctx, args, cancellation_manager=cancellation_manager))
    1965         forward_backward = self._select_forward_and_backward_functions(

```

```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
↳ in call(self, ctx, args, cancellation_manager)
    589         with _InterpolateFunctionError(self):
    590         if cancellation_manager is None:
--> 591         outputs = execute.execute(
    592             str(self.signature.name),
    593             num_outputs=self._num_outputs,

```

```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\execute.py i
↳ quick_execute(op_name, num_outputs, inputs, attrs, ctx, name)
    57     try:
    58         ctx.ensure_initialized()
---> 59         tensors = pywrap_tfe.TFE_Py_Execute(ctx._handle, device_name,
↳ op_name,
    60             inputs, attrs, num_outputs)
    61     except core._NotOkStatusException as e:

```

KeyboardInterrupt:

```

[ ]: loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(testX, testY)
print("Loss:" + str(loss))
print("Accuracy:" + str(accuracy))

```

### 1.0.10 Conv-LSTM

```
[42]: X_G.shape
```

```
[42]: (600000, 17)
```

```
[43]: X_GV = X_G.values

[44]: X1 = X_GV.reshape((-1, 1, 17))

[45]: X1.shape

[45]: (600000, 1, 17)

[46]: (trainX, testX, trainY, testY) = train_test_split(X1, y_G, test_size = 0.30,
↳random_state = 5)

[47]: nb_filter = 250
filter_length = 3

model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv1D(filters=nb_filter, kernel_size=filter_length, padding='same',
↳activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(MaxPooling1D(pool_size=1))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(LSTM(17))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(128, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(100, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(64, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
↳metrics=["accuracy"])
model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
↳validation_data=(testX, testY))
```

```
Epoch 1/35
6563/6563 - 61s - loss: 0.5997 - accuracy: 0.7128 - val_loss: 0.5978 -
val_accuracy: 0.7134
Epoch 2/35
6563/6563 - 51s - loss: 0.5988 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val_loss: 0.5975 -
val_accuracy: 0.7134
Epoch 3/35
6563/6563 - 50s - loss: 0.5980 - accuracy: 0.7129 - val_loss: 0.5965 -
val_accuracy: 0.7134
Epoch 4/35
```

```
-----
KeyboardInterrupt                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-47-d0a6813e3fce> in <module>
```

```

17 model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
18 model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
↳metrics=["accuracy"])
--> 19 model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
↳validation_data=(testX, testY))

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\training.py in fit(self
↳x, y, batch_size, epochs, verbose, callbacks, validation_split,
↳validation_data, shuffle, class_weight, sample_weight, initial_epoch,
↳steps_per_epoch, validation_steps, validation_batch_size, validation_freq,
↳max_queue_size, workers, use_multiprocessing)
1182         _r=1):
1183             callbacks.on_train_batch_begin(step)
-> 1184             tmp_logs = self.train_function(iterator)
1185             if data_handler.should_sync:
1186                 context.async_wait()

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_function
↳py in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
883
884         with OptionalXlaContext(self._jit_compile):
--> 885             result = self._call(*args, **kwargs)
886
887             new_tracing_count = self.experimental_get_tracing_count()

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_function
↳py in _call(self, *args, **kwargs)
915         # In this case we have created variables on the first call, so we
↳run the
916         # defunned version which is guaranteed to never create variables.
--> 917         return self._stateless_fn(*args, **kwargs) # pylint:
↳disable=not-callable
918         elif self._stateful_fn is not None:
919             # Release the lock early so that multiple threads can perform the
↳call

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
↳in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
3037         (graph_function,
3038          filtered_flat_args) = self._maybe_define_function(args, kwargs)
-> 3039         return graph_function._call_flat(
3040             filtered_flat_args, captured_inputs=graph_function.
↳captured_inputs) # pylint: disable=protected-access
3041

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
↳in _call_flat(self, args, captured_inputs, cancellation_manager)
1961         and executing_eagerly):

```



```

1962         # No tape is watching; skip to running the function.
-> 1963         return self._build_call_outputs(self._inference_function.call(
1964             ctx, args, cancellation_manager=cancellation_manager))
1965         forward_backward = self._select_forward_and_backward_functions(
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
-> in call(self, ctx, args, cancellation_manager)
589         with _InterpolateFunctionError(self):
590             if cancellation_manager is None:
--> 591                 outputs = execute.execute(
592                     str(self.signature.name),
593                     num_outputs=self._num_outputs,
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\execute.py i
-> quick_execute(op_name, num_outputs, inputs, attrs, ctx, name)
57     try:
58         ctx.ensure_initialized()
---> 59         tensors = pywrap_tfe.TFE_Py_Execute(ctx._handle, device_name,
-> op_name,
60                                     inputs, attrs, num_outputs)
61     except core._NotOkStatusException as e:
KeyboardInterrupt:

```

```

[ ]: loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(testX, testY)
print("Loss:" + str(loss))
print("Accuracy:" + str(accuracy))

```

```

[ ]: nb_filter = 250
filter_length = 3

model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv1D(filters=nb_filter, kernel_size=filter_length, padding='same',
-> activation='tanh'))
model.add(MaxPooling1D(pool_size=1))
model.add(Conv1D(filters=nb_filter, kernel_size=filter_length, padding='same',
-> activation='tanh'))
model.add(MaxPooling1D(pool_size=1))
model.add(Activation('softmax'))
model.add(LSTM(17, return_sequences=True))
model.add(LSTM(17, return_sequences=True))
model.add(Dense(128, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dense(100, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dense(64, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))

```

```
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',  
↳metrics=["accuracy"])  
model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=500, batch_size=100, verbose=2,  
↳validation_data=(testX, testY))
```

```
[ ]: loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(testX, testY)  
print("Loss:" + str(loss))  
print("Accuracy:" + str(accuracy))
```

## 2 Model Development (Multi Class)

```
[98]: XM = Data.drop(['label', 'type', 'latitude', 'longitude'], axis = 1)  
XM.shape
```

```
[98]: (401119, 15)
```

```
[99]: yM = Data['type']  
yM = yM.values  
yM.shape
```

```
[99]: (401119,)
```

```
[64]: # from ctgan import CTGANSynthesizer  
# ctgan = CTGANSynthesizer(epochs=10)  
# ctgan.fit(Data.drop(['label'], axis = 1), ['type'])
```

```
[65]: # GAN_IOT_M = ctgan.sample(600000)  
# GAN_IOT_M
```

```
[51]: GAN_IOT_M.to_csv("GAN_IOT_M_10Epochs.csv", index=False)
```

```
[52]: samples_M = pd.read_csv('GAN_IOT_M_10Epochs.csv')
```

```
[53]: samples_M['type'].value_counts()
```

```
[53]: backdoor      283393  
xss              59076  
password         54409  
normal           46782  
ddos             46552  
injection        43116  
scanning         33949  
ransomware       32723  
Name: type, dtype: int64
```

```
[54]: # XM = samples_M.drop(['type'], axis = 1)  
# XM.shape
```

[54]: (600000, 17)

```
[55]: # yM = samples_M['type']
# yM = yM.values
# yM.shape
```

[55]: (600000,)

```
[66]: # from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE
# smote = SMOTE()
# from collections import Counter
```

```
[84]: # XM_S = Data.drop(['label', 'type'], axis = 1)
# XM_S.shape
```

```
[85]: # yM_S = Data['type']
# yM_S = yM_S.values
# yM_S.shape
```

```
[86]: # XM, yM = smote.fit_resample(XM_S,yM_S)
```

```
[87]: # print("Before Smote :", Counter(yM_S))
# print("After Smote :", Counter(yM))
```

```
[88]: # XM.shape
```

```
[100]: sel = VarianceThreshold(threshold=(.8 * (1 - .8))) #don't change these values
X_T = sel.fit(XM)
```

```
[101]: sel_cols = X_T.get_support(indices=True)
X_VT = XM.iloc[:,sel_cols]
X_VT
```

```
[101]:
```

	fridge_temperature	FC1_Read_Input_Register	FC2_Read_Discrete_Value	\
0	9.00	32450	32708	
1	9.25	32450	32708	
2	12.65	32450	32708	
3	4.65	32450	32708	
4	12.65	32450	32708	
...	...	...	...	
401114	6.70	32450	32708	
401115	6.70	32450	32708	
401116	6.70	32450	32708	
401117	6.70	32450	32708	
401118	6.70	32450	32708	
	FC3_Read_Holding_Register	FC4_Read_Coil	current_temperature	\
0	32035	32728	28.442693	

1	32035	32728	28.442693
2	32035	32728	28.442693
3	32035	32728	28.442693
4	32035	32728	28.442693
...	...	...	...
401114	32035	32728	28.442693
401115	32035	32728	28.442693
401116	32035	32728	28.442693
401117	32035	32728	28.442693
401118	32035	32728	28.442693

	temperature	pressure	humidity
0	35.773605	1.035000	46.343618
1	35.773605	1.035000	46.343618
2	35.773605	1.035000	46.343618
3	35.773605	1.035000	46.343618
4	35.773605	1.035000	46.343618
...	...	...	...
401114	32.799434	2.204924	37.024913
401115	29.453781	-2.030547	90.297894
401116	47.185992	0.872942	37.687701
401117	43.097037	3.168207	93.647950
401118	32.489751	2.204924	37.024913

[401119 rows x 9 columns]

```
[102]: X_VT.shape
```

```
[102]: (401119, 9)
```

```
[103]: scaler = MinMaxScaler()
X_M = scaler.fit_transform(X_VT)
print(X_M)
```

```
[0.61538462 0.49521571 0.49909209 ... 0.51730735 0.53355618 0.46251056]
[0.63461538 0.49521571 0.49909209 ... 0.51730735 0.53355618 0.46251056]
[0.89615385 0.49521571 0.49909209 ... 0.51730735 0.53355618 0.46251056]
...
[0.43846154 0.49521571 0.49909209 ... 0.90452247 0.52695586 0.3756012 ]
[0.43846154 0.49521571 0.49909209 ... 0.76578681 0.62043775 0.93746771]
[0.43846154 0.49521571 0.49909209 ... 0.40588822 0.58120503 0.3689465 ]]
```

```
[104]: (trainX, testX, trainY, testY) = train_test_split(X_M, yM, test_size = 0.30,
↳ random_state = 5)
```

## 2.0.1 LR

```
[105]: #Test Train split
lr = LogisticRegression(multi_class='ovr') #for multiclass
lr.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict = lr.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict))
```

0.610474006116208

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\\_classification.py:1245: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero\_division` parameter to control this behavior.  
\_warn\_prf(average, modifier, msg\_start, len(result))  
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\\_classification.py:1245: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero\_division` parameter to control this behavior.  
\_warn\_prf(average, modifier, msg\_start, len(result))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
backdoor	0.00	0.00	0.00	10449
ddos	1.00	0.00	0.00	7678
injection	0.00	0.00	0.00	10462
normal	0.61	1.00	0.76	73454
password	0.00	0.00	0.00	10490
ransomware	0.00	0.00	0.00	4743
scanning	0.00	0.00	0.00	1212
xss	0.00	0.00	0.00	1848
accuracy			0.61	120336
macro avg	0.20	0.13	0.10	120336
weighted avg	0.44	0.61	0.46	120336

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\\_classification.py:1245: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero\_division` parameter to control this behavior.  
\_warn\_prf(average, modifier, msg\_start, len(result))

## 2.0.2 LDA

```
[106]: #Test Train split
lda = LinearDiscriminantAnalysis()
lda.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict = lda.predict(testX)
```

```
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict))
```

0.6130002659220848

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\\_classification.py:1245: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero\_division` parameter to control this behavior.  
 \_warn\_prf(average, modifier, msg\_start, len(result))  
 C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\\_classification.py:1245: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero\_division` parameter to control this behavior.  
 \_warn\_prf(average, modifier, msg\_start, len(result))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
backdoor	0.00	0.00	0.00	10449
ddos	0.38	0.00	0.00	7678
injection	0.00	0.00	0.00	10462
normal	0.62	1.00	0.76	73454
password	0.51	0.03	0.05	10490
ransomware	0.00	0.00	0.00	4743
scanning	0.15	0.08	0.11	1212
xss	0.00	0.00	0.00	1848
accuracy			0.61	120336
macro avg	0.21	0.14	0.12	120336
weighted avg	0.45	0.61	0.47	120336

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\\_classification.py:1245: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero\_division` parameter to control this behavior.  
 \_warn\_prf(average, modifier, msg\_start, len(result))

### 2.0.3 KNN

```
[44]: #Test Train split
knn = KNeighborsClassifier()
knn.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict = knn.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict))
```

0.5679347826086957

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
--	-----------	--------	----------	---------

backdoor	0.17	0.55	0.26	7034
ddos	0.61	0.35	0.45	5125
injection	0.58	0.36	0.44	6950
normal	0.75	0.70	0.73	48919
password	0.67	0.26	0.37	7003
ransomware	0.76	0.26	0.38	3184
scanning	0.94	0.26	0.40	810
xss	0.47	0.12	0.18	1199
accuracy			0.57	80224
macro avg	0.62	0.36	0.40	80224
weighted avg	0.67	0.57	0.59	80224

## 2.0.4 RF

```
[107]: #Test Train split
rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=10,criterion='gini')
rf.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict1 = rf.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict1))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict1))
```

0.6795472676505784

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
backdoor	0.68	0.28	0.40	10449
ddos	0.96	0.19	0.32	7678
injection	0.70	0.29	0.41	10462
normal	0.67	0.96	0.79	73454
password	0.71	0.27	0.39	10490
ransomware	0.58	0.17	0.26	4743
scanning	0.94	0.20	0.33	1212
xss	0.74	0.19	0.30	1848
accuracy			0.68	120336
macro avg	0.75	0.32	0.40	120336
weighted avg	0.70	0.68	0.62	120336

## 2.0.5 DT (CART)

```
[108]: #Test Train split
dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini')
dt.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict1 = dt.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict1))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict1))
```

0.6761983113947614

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
backdoor	0.66	0.28	0.39	10449
ddos	0.94	0.19	0.31	7678
injection	0.68	0.29	0.40	10462
normal	0.67	0.95	0.79	73454
password	0.66	0.27	0.39	10490
ransomware	0.53	0.17	0.26	4743
scanning	0.85	0.21	0.34	1212
xss	0.68	0.21	0.32	1848
accuracy			0.68	120336
macro avg	0.71	0.32	0.40	120336
weighted avg	0.69	0.68	0.62	120336

## 2.0.6 NB

```
[47]: #Test Train split
nb = GaussianNB()
nb.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict1 = nb.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict1))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict1))
```

0.07077682489030714

```
C:\Users\usman\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\metrics\_classification.py:1221: UndefinedMetricWarning:
Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no
predicted samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
_warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
backdoor	0.00	0.00	0.00	7034
ddos	0.09	1.00	0.16	5125
injection	0.00	0.00	0.00	6950
normal	0.00	0.00	0.00	48919
password	0.00	0.00	0.00	7003
ransomware	0.04	0.14	0.06	3184
scanning	0.01	0.14	0.02	810
xss	0.00	0.00	0.00	1199
accuracy			0.07	80224
macro avg	0.02	0.16	0.03	80224
weighted avg	0.01	0.07	0.01	80224



## 2.0.7 SVM

```
[74]: #Test Train split
svclassifier = SVC(kernel='rbf', gamma='auto')
svclassifier.fit(trainX, trainY)
y_predict = svclassifier.predict(testX)
print(accuracy_score(testY, y_predict))
print(classification_report(testY, y_predict))
```

0.6113257877941763

C:\Users\usman\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\\_classification.py:1221: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero\_division` parameter to control this behavior.  
\_warn\_prf(average, modifier, msg\_start, len(result))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
backdoor	0.00	0.00	0.00	7034
ddos	1.00	0.02	0.05	5125
injection	0.00	0.00	0.00	6950
normal	0.61	1.00	0.76	48919
password	0.00	0.00	0.00	7003
ransomware	0.00	0.00	0.00	3184
scanning	0.00	0.00	0.00	810
xss	0.00	0.00	0.00	1199
accuracy			0.61	80224
macro avg	0.20	0.13	0.10	80224
weighted avg	0.44	0.61	0.47	80224

## 2.0.8 LSTM

```
[113]: XM.shape
```

```
[113]: (401119, 15)
```

```
[115]: X_MV = XM.values
```

```
[117]: X1 = X_MV.reshape((-1,1,15))
```

```
[118]: X1.shape
```

```
[118]: (401119, 1, 15)
```

```
[119]: len(np.unique(yM_G))
```

```
[119]: 8
```

```

[122]: encoder = LabelEncoder()
       encoder.fit(yM)
       y_E = encoder.transform(yM)

[123]: y_E.shape

[123]: (401119,)

[124]: (trainX, testX, trainY, testY) = train_test_split(X1, y_E, test_size=0.30,
       ↪random_state = 5)

[126]: # 1 LSTM Layer (input), 3 Dense Hidden Layers
       model = Sequential()
       model.add(LSTM(17, input_shape=(1, 15), activation='tanh'))
       model.add(Dropout(0.2))
       model.add(Dense(128, activation='tanh'))
       model.add(Dropout(0.2))
       model.add(Dense(100, activation='tanh'))
       model.add(Dropout(0.2))
       model.add(Dense(64, activation='tanh'))
       model.add(Dropout(0.2))
       model.add(Dense(8, activation='softmax'))
       model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
       ↪metrics=["accuracy"])
       model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
       ↪validation_data=(testX, testY))

```

```

Epoch 1/35
4388/4388 - 19s - loss: 1.3616 - accuracy: 0.6107 - val_loss: 1.3472 -
val_accuracy: 0.6104
Epoch 2/35
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3518 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val_loss: 1.3466 -
val_accuracy: 0.6104
Epoch 3/35
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3508 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val_loss: 1.3509 -
val_accuracy: 0.6104
Epoch 4/35
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3500 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val_loss: 1.3573 -
val_accuracy: 0.6104
Epoch 5/35
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3500 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val_loss: 1.3473 -
val_accuracy: 0.6104
Epoch 6/35
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3502 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val_loss: 1.3454 -
val_accuracy: 0.6104
Epoch 7/35
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3479 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val_loss: 1.3447 -
val_accuracy: 0.6104

```

Epoch 8/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3462 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3497 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 9/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3469 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3459 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 10/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3451 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3456 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 11/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3474 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3513 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 12/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3479 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3459 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 13/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3473 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3530 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 14/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3467 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3463 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 15/35  
4388/4388 - 17s - loss: 1.3471 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3530 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 16/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3466 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3402 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 17/35  
4388/4388 - 17s - loss: 1.3456 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3464 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 18/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3456 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3459 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 19/35  
4388/4388 - 17s - loss: 1.3466 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3491 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 20/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3502 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3513 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 21/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3513 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3510 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 22/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3502 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3496 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
Epoch 23/35  
4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3494 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3485 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6104

Epoch 24/35  
 4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3484 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3476 -  
 val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
 Epoch 25/35  
 4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3472 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3422 -  
 val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
 Epoch 26/35  
 4388/4388 - 16s - loss: 1.3471 - accuracy: 0.6110 - val\_loss: 1.3521 -  
 val\_accuracy: 0.6104  
 Epoch 27/35

```
-----
KeyboardInterrupt                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-126-5968feebf5aa> in <module>
    11 model.add(Dense(8,activation='softmax'))
    12 model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
->metrics=["accuracy"])
--> 13 model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
->validation_data=(testX, testY))

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\training.py in fit(self
->x, y, batch_size, epochs, verbose, callbacks, validation_split,
->validation_data, shuffle, class_weight, sample_weight, initial_epoch,
->steps_per_epoch, validation_steps, validation_batch_size, validation_freq,
->max_queue_size, workers, use_multiprocessing)
    1182         _r=1):
    1183             callbacks.on_train_batch_begin(step)
-> 1184             tmp_logs = self.train_function(iterator)
    1185             if data_handler.should_sync:
    1186                 context.async_wait()

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_function
->py in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
    883
    884         with OptionalXlaContext(self._jit_compile):
--> 885             result = self._call(*args, **kwargs)
    886
    887             new_tracing_count = self.experimental_get_tracing_count()

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_function
->py in _call(self, *args, **kwargs)
    915         # In this case we have created variables on the first call, so we
->run the
    916         # defunned version which is guaranteed to never create variables.
--> 917         return self._stateless_fn(*args, **kwargs) # pylint:
->disable=not-callable
    918         elif self._stateful_fn is not None:
```

```

919         # Release the lock early so that multiple threads can perform the
↳ call

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
↳ in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
3037         (graph_function,
3038          filtered_flat_args) = self._maybe_define_function(args, kwargs)
-> 3039         return graph_function._call_flat(
3040             filtered_flat_args, captured_inputs=graph_function.
↳ captured_inputs) # pylint: disable=protected-access
3041

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
↳ in _call_flat(self, args, captured_inputs, cancellation_manager)
1961         and executing_eagerly):
1962         # No tape is watching; skip to running the function.
-> 1963         return self._build_call_outputs(self._inference_function.call(
1964             ctx, args, cancellation_manager=cancellation_manager))
1965         forward_backward = self._select_forward_and_backward_functions(

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
↳ in call(self, ctx, args, cancellation_manager)
589         with _InterpolateFunctionError(self):
590         if cancellation_manager is None:
--> 591         outputs = execute.execute(
592             str(self.signature.name),
593             num_outputs=self._num_outputs,

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\execute.py i
↳ quick_execute(op_name, num_outputs, inputs, attrs, ctx, name)
57     try:
58         ctx.ensure_initialized()
---> 59         tensors = pywrap_tfe.TFE_Py_Execute(ctx._handle, device_name,
↳ op_name,
60             inputs, attrs, num_outputs)
61     except core._NotOkStatusException as e:

KeyboardInterrupt:

```

```

[ ]: loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(testX, testY)
print("Loss:" + str(loss))
print("Accuracy:" + str(accuracy))

```

## 2.0.9 CNN (Conv1D)

```
[133]: X_M.shape
```

```
[133]: (401119, 17)
```

```
[134]: X1 = X_M.reshape((-1,1,17))
```

```
[135]: X1.shape
```

```
[135]: (401119, 1, 17)
```

```
[136]: encoder = LabelEncoder()  
encoder.fit(yM_G)  
y_E = encoder.transform(yM_G)
```

```
[137]: (trainX, testX, trainY, testY) = train_test_split(X1, y_E, test_size = 0.30,   
↳ random_state = 5)
```

```
[138]: nb_filter = 250  
filter_length = 3  
  
model = Sequential()  
model.add(Conv1D(filters=nb_filter, kernel_size=filter_length, padding='same',   
↳ activation='tanh'))  
model.add(Dropout(0.2))  
model.add(Dense(128, activation='tanh'))  
model.add(Dropout(0.2))  
model.add(Dense(100, activation='tanh'))  
model.add(Dropout(0.2))  
model.add(Dense(64, activation='tanh'))  
model.add(Dropout(0.2))  
model.add(Dense(8, activation='softmax'))  
model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',   
↳ metrics=["accuracy"])  
model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,   
↳ validation_data=(testX, testY))
```

Epoch 1/35

5014/5014 - 21s - loss: 1.3224 - accuracy: 0.6129 - val\_loss: 1.2808 -

val\_accuracy: 0.6189

Epoch 2/35

```
-----  
KeyboardInterrupt                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
<ipython-input-138-91fdfd111abf> in <module>  
    13 model.add(Dense(8, activation='softmax'))
```

```

14 model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
↳metrics=["accuracy"])
---> 15 model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
↳validation_data=(testX, testY))

C:
↳\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\keras\engine\training.
↳py in fit(self, x, y, batch_size, epochs, verbose, callbacks,
↳validation_split, validation_data, shuffle, class_weight, sample_weight,
↳initial_epoch, steps_per_epoch, validation_steps, validation_batch_size,
↳validation_freq, max_queue_size, workers, use_multiprocessing)
1098         _r=1):
1099             callbacks.on_train_batch_begin(step)
-> 1100             tmp_logs = self.train_function(iterator)
1101             if data_handler.should_sync:
1102                 context.async_wait()

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_function
↳py in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
826         tracing_count = self.experimental_get_tracing_count()
827         with trace.Trace(self._name) as tm:
-> 828             result = self._call(*args, **kwargs)
829             compiler = "xla" if self._experimental_compile else "nonXla"
830             new_tracing_count = self.experimental_get_tracing_count()

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_function
↳py in _call(self, *args, **kwargs)
853         # In this case we have created variables on the first call, so we
↳run the
854         # defunned version which is guaranteed to never create variables.
-> 855         return self._stateless_fn(*args, **kwargs) # pylint:
↳disable=not-callable
856         elif self._stateful_fn is not None:
857             # Release the lock early so that multiple threads can perform the
↳call

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
↳in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
2940         (graph_function,
2941          filtered_flat_args) = self._maybe_define_function(args, kwargs)
-> 2942         return graph_function._call_flat(
2943             filtered_flat_args, captured_inputs=graph_function.
↳captured_inputs) # pylint: disable=protected-access
2944

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
↳in _call_flat(self, args, captured_inputs, cancellation_manager)
1916         and executing_eagerly):
1917         # No tape is watching; skip to running the function.

```

```

-> 1918         return self._build_call_outputs(self._inference_function.call(
1919             ctx, args, cancellation_manager=cancellation_manager))
1920         forward_backward = self._select_forward_and_backward_functions(

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
-> in call(self, ctx, args, cancellation_manager)
553         with _InterpolateFunctionError(self):
554             if cancellation_manager is None:
--> 555                 outputs = execute.execute(

556                     str(self.signature.name),
557                     num_outputs=self._num_outputs,

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\execute.py i
-> quick_execute(op_name, num_outputs, inputs, attrs, ctx, name)
57     try:
58         ctx.ensure_initialized()
---> 59         tensors = pywrap_tfe.TFE_Py_Execute(ctx._handle, device_name,
-> op_name,

60             inputs, attrs, num_outputs)
61     except core._NotOkStatusException as e:

KeyboardInterrupt:

```

```

[ ]: loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(testX, testY)
print("Loss:" + str(loss))
print("Accuracy:" + str(accuracy))

```

## 2.0.10 Conv-LSTM

```
[140]: X_M.shape
```

```
[140]: (401119, 17)
```

```
[141]: X1 = X_M.reshape((-1,1,17))
```

```
[142]: X1.shape
```

```
[142]: (401119, 1, 17)
```

```

[143]: encoder = LabelEncoder()
encoder.fit(yM_G)
y_E = encoder.transform(yM_G)

```

```

[144]: (trainX, testX, trainY, testY) = train_test_split(X1, y_E, test_size = 0.30,
-> random_state = 5)

```



```
[145]: nb_filter = 250
filter_length = 3

model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv1D(filters=nb_filter, kernel_size=filter_length, padding='same',
    ↪activation='tanh'))
model.add(MaxPooling1D(pool_size=1))
model.add(Conv1D(filters=nb_filter, kernel_size=filter_length, padding='same',
    ↪activation='tanh'))
model.add(MaxPooling1D(pool_size=1))
model.add(Activation('softmax'))
model.add(LSTM(17, return_sequences=True))
model.add(LSTM(17, return_sequences=True))
model.add(Dense(128, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dense(100, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dense(64, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dense(8, activation='softmax'))
model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
    ↪metrics=["accuracy"])
model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
    ↪validation_data=(testX, testY))
```

Epoch 1/35

5014/5014 - 49s - loss: 1.3253 - accuracy: 0.6137 - val\_loss: 1.3003 -  
val\_accuracy: 0.6167

Epoch 2/35

```
-----
KeyboardInterrupt                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-145-7e57bc212920> in <module>
    15 model.add(Dense(8, activation='softmax'))
    16 model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
    ↪metrics=["accuracy"])
--> 17 model.fit(trainX, trainY, epochs=35, batch_size=64, verbose=2,
    ↪validation_data=(testX, testY))

C:
    ↪\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\keras\engine\training.
    ↪py in fit(self, x, y, batch_size, epochs, verbose, callbacks,
    ↪validation_split, validation_data, shuffle, class_weight, sample_weight,
    ↪initial_epoch, steps_per_epoch, validation_steps, validation_batch_size,
    ↪validation_freq, max_queue_size, workers, use_multiprocessing)
    1098         _r=1):
    1099             callbacks.on_train_batch_begin(step)
-> 1100             tmp_logs = self.train_function(iterator)
    1101             if data_handler.should_sync:
    1102                 context.async_wait()
```

```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_function
→py in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
    826         tracing_count = self.experimental_get_tracing_count()
    827         with trace.Trace(self._name) as tm:
--> 828             result = self._call(*args, **kwargs)
    829             compiler = "xla" if self._experimental_compile else "nonXla"
    830             new_tracing_count = self.experimental_get_tracing_count()

```

```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_function
→py in _call(self, *args, **kwargs)
    853         # In this case we have created variables on the first call, so we
→run the
    854         # defunned version which is guaranteed to never create variables.
--> 855         return self._stateless_fn(*args, **kwargs) # pylint:
→disable=not-callable
    856     elif self._stateful_fn is not None:
    857         # Release the lock early so that multiple threads can perform the
→call

```

```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
→in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
    2940         (graph_function,
    2941         filtered_flat_args) = self._maybe_define_function(args, kwargs)
-> 2942         return graph_function._call_flat(
    2943             filtered_flat_args, captured_inputs=graph_function.
→captured_inputs) # pylint: disable=protected-access
    2944

```

```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
→in _call_flat(self, args, captured_inputs, cancellation_manager)
    1916         and executing_eagerly):
    1917         # No tape is watching; skip to running the function.
-> 1918         return self._build_call_outputs(self._inference_function.call(
    1919             ctx, args, cancellation_manager=cancellation_manager))
    1920         forward_backward = self._select_forward_and_backward_functions(

```

```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\function.py
→in call(self, ctx, args, cancellation_manager)
    553         with _InterpolateFunctionError(self):
    554             if cancellation_manager is None:
--> 555                 outputs = execute.execute(
    556                     str(self.signature.name),
    557                     num_outputs=self._num_outputs,

```

```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\execute.py i
→quick_execute(op_name, num_outputs, inputs, attrs, ctx, name)

```

```

57     try:
58         ctx.ensure_initialized()
---> 59         tensors = pywrap_tfe.TFE_Py_Execute(ctx._handle, device_name, op_name,
        ↪                                inputs, attrs, num_outputs)
60     except core._NotOkStatusException as e:
61

```

KeyboardInterrupt:

```

[ ]: loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(testX, testY)
print("Loss:" + str(loss))
print("Accuracy:" + str(accuracy))

```