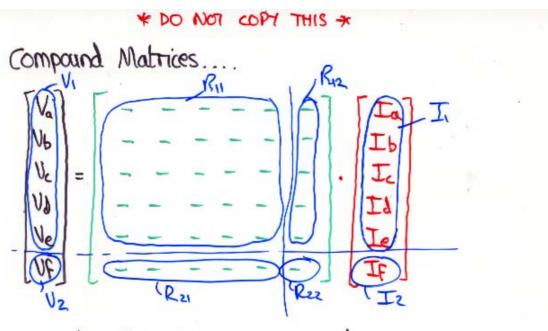
The following shows a compound matrix, and how this form of matrix can be used to eliminate variables from a network whilst maintaining their influence on other parameters.....



knowledge of i's Flowing in ALL windings not necessary.
 but can't neglect their influence on other windings.

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R_{11} & R_{12} \\ R_{21} & R_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow V_1 = R_{11}I_1 + R_{12}I_2 - 0$$

$$V_2 = R_{21}I_1 + R_{22}I_2 - 0$$

· To eliminate If ... (now called Iz)....

$$\times$$
 ② by  $R_{22}^{-1} = R_{22}^{-1} V_2 = R_{22}^{-1} R_{21} I_1 + R_{22}^{-1} R_{22} I_2$   
 $R_{22}^{-1} V_2 = R_{22}^{-1} R_{21} I_1 + I_2$   
 $= \sum_{i=1}^{n} I_2 = R_{22}^{-1} V_2 - R_{22}^{-1} R_{21} I_1 - 3$ 

Sub. (3) into (1) => 
$$V_1 = R_{11}I_1 + R_{12}(R_{22}^{-1}V_2 - R_{22}^{-1}R_{21}I_1)$$
  
 $= R_{11}I_1 + R_{12}R_{22}^{-1}V_2 - R_{12}R_{22}^{-1}R_{21}I_1$   
 $=> \underbrace{V_1 - R_{12}R_{22}^{-1}V_2}_{V'} = \underbrace{I_1(R_{11} - R_{12}R_{22}^{-1}R_{21})}_{R'}$