

The University of Sheffield
Department of Electronic and Electrical Engineering

EEE117 Problem Sheet

a.c. Sources and Circuits

- Q1** Express each of the following voltages in polar form. (*remember that they must all be referred to the same base reference that can be either a sin or a cos*)

$$v_1 = 212 \sin(\omega t + 45^\circ) \quad v_2 = 141 \sin(\omega t - 90^\circ) \quad v_3 = 127 \cos(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{6})$$

$$v_4 = 85 \cos(\omega t - 45^\circ) \quad v_5 = 141 \sin(\omega t + 180^\circ) \quad v_6 = 100 \cos(\omega t - \frac{\pi}{3})$$

[212∠45°, 141∠-90°, 127∠120°, 85∠45°, 141∠180°, 100∠30°][these answers use sinωt as phase reference]

[212∠-45°, 141∠-180°, 127∠30°, 85∠-45°, 141∠90°, 100∠-60°][these answers use cosωt as phase reference. Note that +180° is indistinguishable from -180°]

- Q2** Convert the following complex voltages into polar form,

$$(2 - j2); (3 + j8); (-5 + j3); (-4 - j4); (2 - j2)(3 + j8); (-5 + j3) - (-4 - j4)$$

[2.83∠-45°; 8.54∠69.4°; 5.83∠149°; 5.66∠225° or 5.66∠-135°; 24.2∠24.4°; 7.1∠98.1°]

- Q3** Convert the following polar voltages into an $(a + jb)$ form,

$$6\angle 45^\circ; 50\angle -170^\circ; 4\angle 105^\circ; 3\angle -90^\circ; (5\angle -30^\circ)(6\angle 120^\circ); (3\angle 15^\circ + 3\angle 135^\circ + 3\angle -105^\circ)$$

[(4.2 + j4.2); (-49.2 - j8.7); (-1.0 + j3.9); (0 - j3); (0 + j30); (0 + j0)]

- Q4** Use phasor diagrams to evaluate the sum of each of (i), (ii) and (iii) below and give your answers in polar form.

(i) $i_1 = 14 \sin(\omega t + 45^\circ)$ and $i_2 = 14 \sin(\omega t + 45^\circ)$

(ii) $v_1 = 14.14 \sin(\omega t + 13^\circ)$ and $v_2 = 14.14 \sin(\omega t + 103^\circ)$

(iii) $i_1 = 3 \sin(\omega t - 145^\circ)$ and $i_2 = 3 \sin(\omega t - 25^\circ)$ and $i_3 = 3 \sin(\omega t + 95^\circ)$

[28∠45°, 20∠58°, 0]

- Q5** A series circuit consisting of two unknown components draws a current of $11\cos(800t + 140^\circ)$ when driven by a voltage of $280\cos(800t + 150^\circ)$.

(i) What two components must be involved? [L and R]

(ii) Find values for those components. [25 Ω, 5.5 mH]

(iii) Calculate the power dissipated in the circuit. [1.52 kW]

Q6 A coil draws 10 A when connected to a 230 Vrms 50 Hz voltage source. If the coil resistance is $2\ \Omega$, find its inductance. Using a phasor diagram, or by other means, find the phase of the current with respect to the voltage. [73 mH, -85°]

Q7 $|Z|$ of a particular RC series combination is $110\ \Omega$. If $R = 47\ \Omega$ and $f = 100\text{ Hz}$ find the reactance of the capacitor and hence its value. Use a phasor diagram to find the phase of the current with respect to the driving voltage. [99.5 Ω , 16 μF , 64.7°]

Q8 For the circuit of figure 8, find the magnitude and phase of I and V_C with respect to V_I for

- (i) $f = 50\text{ Hz}$ [0.30 $\angle 73^\circ$; 18.8 $\angle -17^\circ$]
- (ii) $f = 150\text{ Hz}$ [0.14 $\angle -82.2^\circ$; 2.9 $\angle -172^\circ$]

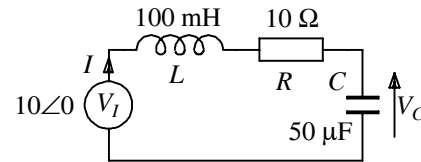


Figure 8

Q9 For the circuit of figure 9,

- (i) Draw a phasor diagram to sum the voltages in the loop and hence find the magnitude of V_3 . [41 V]
- (ii) Express V_{S1} and V_{S2} in an $a + jb$ form. [(40 + j 0); (10.3 + j 28.2)]
- (iii) Find I in the form $a + jb$ and evaluate its magnitude and phase. What is the reference phase with respect to which the phase of I has been calculated? [0.56 $\angle -92.4^\circ$; All phases w.r.t V_{S1}]

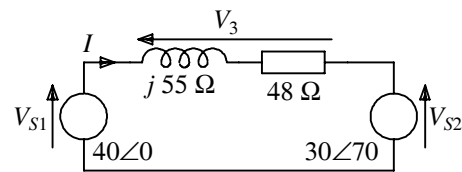


Figure 9

Q10 For the circuit of figure 10,

- (i) Calculate Z and express it in $a + jb$ and polar forms. [(5 + j 9.3); 10.6 $\angle 61.7^\circ$]
- (ii) What components might Z be composed of? [L (j 9.3 Ω) in series with R (5 Ω)]
- (iii) Write down I and Z if the source is modified to $50\angle 0^\circ$. [2.5 $\angle -60^\circ$; (5 + j 9.3)]

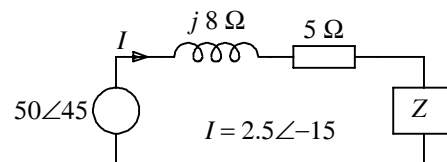


Figure 10

Q11 In figure 11 all the resistances and reactances given are in Ω and the sources are specified by their rms values. There is no phase difference between the two sources. Use loop analysis to find I in the form ($a + jb$) and evaluate the power delivered to the circuit by each of the two sources. [(1 - j1.5), 0, 5 W]

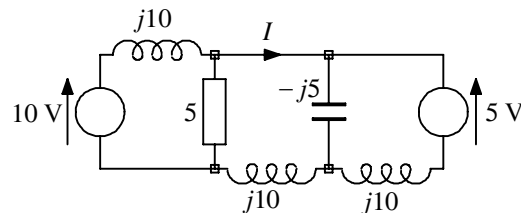


Figure 11