

The following shows a compound matrix, and how this form of matrix can be used to eliminate variables from a network whilst maintaining their influence on other parameters.....

* DO NOT COPY THIS *

Compound Matrices....

- knowledge of i 's flowing in ALL windings not necessary.
 \hookrightarrow but can't neglect their influence on other windings.
- $$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R_{11} & R_{12} \\ R_{21} & R_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} V_1 &= R_{11} I_1 + R_{12} I_2 \quad \text{--- ①} \\ V_2 &= R_{21} I_1 + R_{22} I_2 \quad \text{--- ②} \end{aligned}$$
- To eliminate I_f (now called I_2)
 $\times \text{② by } R_{22}^{-1} \Rightarrow R_{22}^{-1} V_2 = R_{22}^{-1} R_{21} I_1 + R_{22}^{-1} R_{22} I_2$
 $R_{22}^{-1} V_2 = R_{22}^{-1} R_{21} I_1 + I_2$
 $\Rightarrow I_2 = R_{22}^{-1} V_2 - R_{22}^{-1} R_{21} I_1 \quad \text{--- ③}$
- Sub. ③ into ① $\Rightarrow V_1 = R_{11} I_1 + R_{12} (R_{22}^{-1} V_2 - R_{22}^{-1} R_{21} I_1)$
 $= R_{11} I_1 + R_{12} R_{22}^{-1} V_2 - R_{12} R_{22}^{-1} R_{21} I_1$
 $\Rightarrow \underbrace{V_1 - R_{12} R_{22}^{-1} V_2}_{V'} = \underbrace{I_1}_{= I_1} \underbrace{(R_{11} - R_{12} R_{22}^{-1} R_{21})}_{R'}$