

COMSATS University Islamabad, Lahore Campus

Course Title:	Introducti	Introduction to Data Science			Course Code:	CSC461	Credit Hours:	3(3,0)
Resource Person:	Dr. Muha	r. Muhammad Sharjeel		Programme Name:	BSSE			
Semester:	5 th	Batch:	FA21	Section:	С	Max Marks:	10	

HAMNA ASHRAF SP20-BSE-047

Assignment 4

Due Date: 11-12-2023

<u>Submission: Upload the assignment solution (PDF file and Python code, preferably iPython notebook) to your GitHub account (private repository).</u>

Important instructions: Please write the following information at the start of your ipython file.

Date

CSC461 – Assignment4 – NLP

Your Full Name

You Complete Registration Number

A brief description of the task

Important Instruction:

Solve the following questions manually as well as implement the solution using Python. Submit both.

- Q1. Compute BoW, TF, IDF, and then TF.IDF values for each term in the following three sentences.
 - S1: "data science is one of the most important courses in computer science"
 - S2: "this is one of the best data science courses"
 - S3: "the data scientists perform data analysis"
- Q2. Compute the similarity between S1, S2, and S3 using cosine, manhattan, and euclidean distances.

10	Han	nna Ashraj					
12	SP20-BSE-047 Section-A						
	Dil Consite Boy TE IDES						
•	CP: 1 Compute BOW, TF, IDF ST TF-IDF.						
**	Ans:						
00		y & Unique Te	rms):		7712		
0	Vocabulary & Unique Terms): data, science, is, one, of, the g most,						
	important, courses, in, computer, this, best,						
10		perform g and					
6		ords (Bow):)					
M	Term	51	52	53			
	deta	•	1	2			
	Ccience	2	1	0-			
	is		1	0-			
	onl	1	1	0			
		1	•	0			
	9			1			
	the	1	0	O			
	nost		0.	0	1		
•	inportant			0			
0	courses			0			
4	in		Ð	0			
•	computer		6	0			
	Mis	0		0			
0	this best	0			The state of		
	The second secon	The same of the sa					

Bag of vore) 51	32	\ S 3	
Scientists	D	0	1	
perform	0	0	1	
Anelysis	0	0		
			Far a	N
Vector S1:	1.211111	111100	000]
]_
Vector S2:	[11 111100	110011	000	
Vector S2:		110011	000	
Vector S2:	[11 111100	110011	000	
Vector S2:	[11 111100	110011	000	
Veeton S2:	[11 111100	110011	000	
Veeton S2:	[11 111100	110011	000	

(AX)				
90		1.		
	em Frequen	cy):		
Tem	SI	52	53 22/6	
of (data)	1/12	1/9		
+f(Science)	2/12	1/9	0	
the H(is)	1/12	19	D	
H(me)	1/12	1/9	0	13
+f(1)	1/12	10/9	0	
tf (elata) tf (saience) tf (is) tf (one) tf (of) tf (the) tf (most) tf (inportant)	Y12	1/9	1/4	
of the	1/12	D	0	
+f(most)		0	0	
+f (inportant)	1/12	2 1/9	0	
tf (courses)	1/12		0	
of the circle	1/12	D		
10 Constant	1/12	0	0	
of (computer)	0	Ya	0	
off (this)		1/9	0	
of (bust)	9		16	,
e = H (secentists)	0	3	. 16	
1	0	0	16	
1) of f (perform)	0	0	16	
f (analysis)				
0				
				. 7 3 5
24				
			-	
	The second second second	the same of the sa	Andrew Street,	

Inverse Document Frequency (IDF) idf (data) = $\log (\frac{3}{3}) = 0$ idf (science) = $\log (\frac{3}{2}) = 0.18$ idf (is) = $\log (\frac{3}{2}) \frac{3}{3} = 0.18$ idf (one) = $\log (\frac{3}{2}) \frac{3}{3} = 0.18$ idf(ef) = log(3/2) = 0.18idford (the) = log (3/3) = 0 idf(most)= log(3/1)=0.48 idf (important) = log (3/1) \$ = 0.48 idf (courses) = log (3/2) = 0.18 idf(in) = log (3/1) = 0.48 idf (computer) = log (3/1) = 0.48 idf (this) = log (3/1)=\$ 0,48 idf (best) = log (3/1)=} 0.48 idf (scientists) = log (3/1) = 0.48 idf (perform) = log (3/1)=\$ 0.48 idf (analysis) = log (3/1)= \$ 0,48

				e)		
	TF-IDF:					
	Tem	+ f x id f (51)	If x id.f(S2)	4.faidf(\$3)		
	dala	1/2 × 0 = 0.	1	4×0=0		
	Science	2/12× 0.18= 0.03	14 × 0.18 = 0.02	0		
	is	1/2×0.18 = 0.015	1/4×0-18=0.02	o D		
4	one	1/2×0.18= 0-015	14 0-18 = 0.02	40		
1	of of	12 × 0/18 = 0.015	1/4×0.18=0.02			
	the	1/2 0 = 0	1/4×0=0	1/20=0		
	most	1/2 0-48 = 0-01	6	0		
	important	1/2×0.48= 0.04	0	000		
×	courses	1/2 0 1/8 = 0 .07	12×0.18= 0.02	C 10		
	in	1/2×0,48 =0.04	0	0		
	conguter	1/2×0.48=0.01	0	D		
	this	01	1/4×0,48 = 0.02	3 0		
		0 &	1/4×0.48 = 0.08	3 0		
	best	0.4	0	1/2×0.48=0.08		
	scientists		0	16 × 0.48=0.08		
100	perform	0.2	0	1/x0.48=0.08		
	analysis	04		-		
	0					

Hamna Ashraf SP25-BSE-547 0:2 15, 115211531 $cos(S_1, S_2) = \frac{S_1 \cdot S_2}{|S_1| |S_2|}$ Si.S2 = 1.1+2.1+1.1+1.1+1.1+1.0+1.0 +1.1+1.0+1.0+1.1+1.0+1.0+0.1+0.1+ 0.0 + 0.0 +0.0 51,52 = 9 15,1 = (1+4+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+0+0+0+0+0) = 14 10.5 = 3.7417 1521 = 1+1+1+1+1+0+0+1+0+0+1+1+0+0+0 200 = 59 = 3 15,1 1521 = 11.2251 cas (s,, s2) = 0.80.17 os de la serie (os (s2, s3) = s2, s3 152/1531 S2. S3 = 2+1+0=3 1821 = 59=3 1331 = 16 = 2.4495 cos (52,53) = 0.4082

(os (51/53) = 51.53 151/153/

 $S_1 \cdot S_3 = 1 + 2 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 0 = 8$ $S_1 \cdot S_3 = 2 + 1 + 0 = 3$

15,1 = 3.74,7

1531 = 56 = 2.4495

cos (S1, S2) 2 0 3 27