



A Python BBC Microbit Project: 'Meriden Robot'

Introduction

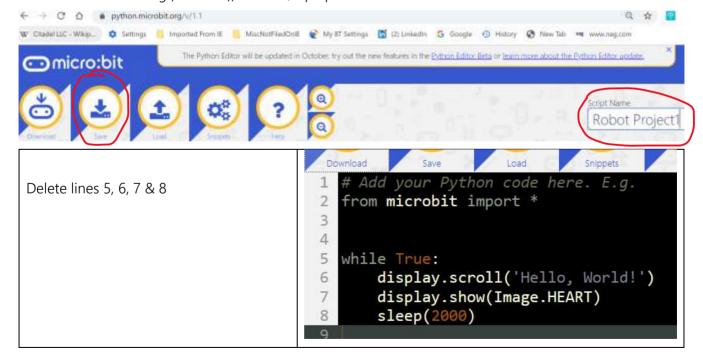
In this project you will program your micro:bit to control a Robot using Python Code.

Getting Set-up to program the Meriden Robot

Using the Internet search for <u>Python Editor for micro:bit</u> or go to www.microbit.org. Select Create Code or Let's create code. You need the Python Editor. Click Start with this editor.

At the top of the screen, in the right, change the name of your script to Robot Project.

Now Click Save, Saves Asto your preferred location, ideally to your network drive where you can recall this when working from a different PC/laptop



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Now highlight the text below and then copy (CTRL C) the following lines of code from this document and paste (CTRL V) to your Python Project.

```
def motor(mtr, dir, speed):
    if mtr == 1 :
        if dir == 1 :
            pin8.write_analog(speed)
            pin12.write_analog(0)
        if dir == 2 :
            pin8.write_analog(0)
            pin12.write_analog(speed)
        if mtr == 2 :
        if dir == 1 :
            pin0.write_analog(speed)
        pin16.write_analog(0)
        if dir == 2 :
        pin0.write_analog(0)
        pin16.write_analog(speed)
```

```
# Add your Python code here. E.g.
 1
 2
   from microbit import *
 3
 4
   def motor(mtr, dir, speed):
 5
       if mtr == 1 :
            if dir == 1 :
 6
 7
                pin8.write analog(speed)
                pin12.write analog(0)
 8
           if dir == 2 :
 9
                pin8.write_analog(0)
10
                pin12.write_analog(speed)
11
12
       if mtr == 2 :
13
            if dir == 1 :
                pin0.write_analog(speed)
14
15
                pin16.write analog(0)
16
           if dir == 2 :
                pin0.write analog(0)
17
18
                pin16.write analog(speed)
```





(1) Meriden Robot - First Movements

OK. Now we can begin properly. Add the following code...

motor(1,1,500)

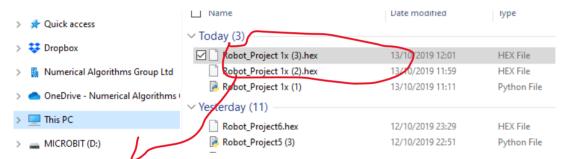
motor(2,1.500)

Save your work – not essential, but good practice!

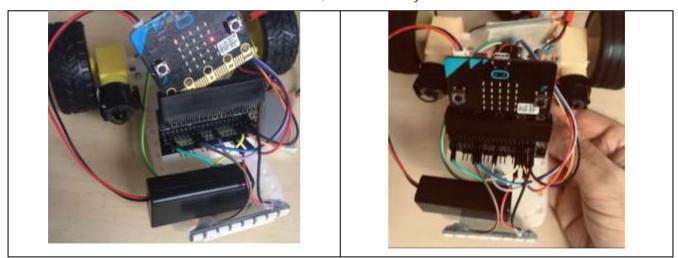
Download (Click Download, Click Save)

Open folder

Drag and Drop the hex file you have just saved and downloaded to your PC onto the Microbit (D:)



Now fit the Microbit to the Robot as shown below, next fit battery to Microbit



Put robot on the floor, next fit motor battery

....... if you've done everything correct your Robot will move and you have done your first project 'First Movements'





CONGRATULATIONS

(2) Meriden Robot – Adding Some Control

In your first project putting the batteries in could be a little bit hazardous with the robot moving as soon as both batteries were in. Let's add some control and checks.

We would like you to use buttons to

- Test the hex file has downloaded successfully and has no Syntax errors
- Start the motor

In the real world when programming you are not given worksheets, so we are going to encourage you to work in a similar manner and search the internet or read the online manual.

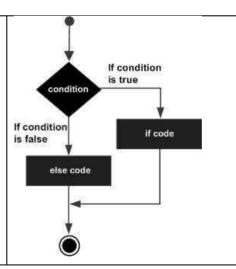
Search for <u>BBC micro:bit MicroPython</u> documentation (or click on the hyperlink)

Look for the buttons tutorial, read the Example

YOUR TASKS:

- Make your code move if one of the button a is pressed
- Make your code display a letter or image if button b is pressed
- Else.... display something else

You will use the code from 'First Movements' but it will not all be within a "While true:....if......elif.... else:"







You will need to read the <u>BBC micro:bit MicroPython</u> documentation again to find a list of images and the command. Pick an image you have not used before!

(3) Meriden Robot – 'More movements and stopping'

In your second project 'Adding Some Control' you made it easier to get the Robot started and check your hex files were downloading OK. You also learnt to refer back to <u>BBC micro:bit MicroPython</u> documentation

3.1 Can you make your Robot Stop?
What happens when.....
Inside your if statement (using code from your second project)
motor(1,1,500)
motor(2,1,500)
sleep (5000)

Was this what you expected?

Now try motor(1,1,500) motor(2,1,500) sleep (000) motor(1,1,0) motor(2,1,0)

OK?





3.2 More Robot Movements

You ae now going to experiment with the two robot motors and their commands

One motor controls the left wheel and the other the right. You now know making the speed 0 stops the wheel(s)!

motor(1,1,500) - this means Motor 1, Motor Direction 1, Motor Speed 500

motor(2,2,500) - this means Motor 2, Motor Direction 2, Motor Speed

Motor Direction can be 1 or 2

Ouestions

Discuss with your colleague what you think will happen before testing it

What happens if you

- change motor direction on one motor? (i.e. the two motor directions are different)
- make motor speed zero on one motor?
- change motor speed on one motor? (i.e. so the motor speeds are different)

Challenges?

- Can you make the robot make a bigger circle / smaller circle
 - o Experiment with the sleep function so it makes exactly one circle and not more or less
- Can you make the robot turn at 90 degrees (right angle)?
 - o If so can you make it go forward, turn 90 degress and go forward again for the same distance (and stop)
 - o Take it a bit further... can you make it complete a square?
 - o A triangle?

Note this may be a little bit fiddly so we don't expect it to be exact triangle or square, but you should be able to get close.

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