Solution 1:

$$P(A) = 0.3$$

$$P(B) = 0.4$$

$$P(A \cap B) = 0.2$$

(a) P(exactly one occurs) = P(A) + P(B) -
$$2xP(A \cap B)$$

$$= 0.3$$

(b) P(atleast one occurs) = P(AUB) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A
$$\cap$$
B) = 0.5

(c)
$$P(\text{none occurs}) = 1 - P(AUB) = 0.5$$

Solution 2:

Let the chosen door be door 1

P(car is behind door 1 initially) = $\frac{1}{3}$

A: door 1 does not have a car behind it

B: Monty shows a door with a goat behind it

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$$

P(B) = 1, because there are 2 goats and the player is choosing 1 door, so one of the two doors left always has a goat behind it and Monty knows what door it is.

$$P(A \cap B) = P(B|A)xP(A)$$

$$P(A) = \frac{2}{3}$$

Therefore, $P(A|B) = \frac{2}{3}$

Therefore, contestant should switch door

Solution 3:

A: first 3 draws are red

B: all balls are red

$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(A)} = \frac{P(B) P(A|B)}{P(A)}$$

6 cases: 1 R, 2 R, 3 R, 4 R, 5 R, 6 R

Each has probability 1/6

$$P(A) = \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{20} + \frac{4}{20} + \frac{10}{20} + \frac{20}{20} \right) = 7/24$$

$$P(A|B) = 1$$

Therefore, P(B|A) = 4/7

Solution 4:

$$P(X<0.5) = P(X=0.2) + P(X=0.4) = 0.3$$

$$P(0.25 < X < 0.75) = P(0.4) + P(0.5) = 0.4$$

$$P(X=0.2|X<0.6) = \frac{P(X=0.2)}{P(X<0.6)} = 0.2$$

Solution 5:

1)
$$4c^2 - 9c + 6 = 4$$

 $\Rightarrow c = 0.25, 2$
For c = 2, F(1)<0
Therefore, c=0.25

2)
$$P(1
 $P(2<=X<3) = F(3-) - F(2-) = 1/12$
 $P(0
 $P(1<=X<=2) = F(2) - F(1-) = \frac{1}{3}$
 $P(X>=3) = 1 - F(3-) = 0$$$$

Solution 6:

a) E(X) =
$$\int_{0}^{1} x \, dx = \frac{1}{2}$$

a) E(X) =
$$\int_{0}^{1} x \, dx = \frac{1}{2}$$

b) E(X²) = $\int_{0}^{1} x^{2} dx = \frac{1}{3}$

$$V(X) = E(X^2) - E(X)^2 = 1/12$$

c)
$$E(X^2) + E(Y^2) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow E(Y^2) = 2/3$$

$$V(Y) = 5/9$$

$$E(Y) = \frac{1}{3}$$

d)
$$E(X+Y) = E(X) + E(Y) = \%$$

Answers:

- 1) (a) 0.3
 - (b) 0.5
 - (c) 0.5
- 2) Switch doors
- 3) 4/7
- 4) P(X<0.5) = 0.3P(0.25 < X < 0.75) = 0.4P(X=0.2|X<0.6) = 0.2
- 5) (a) c=0.25
 - (b) P(1 < X < 2) = 0 $P(2 \le X \le 3) = 1/12$ $P(0 < X <= 1) = \frac{1}{4}$

$$P(0 < \Lambda < -1) = 74$$

$$P(1 \le X \le 2) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(X>=3) = 0$$

- 6) (a) 0.5
 - (b) 1/12
 - (c) 1/3
 - (d) %