

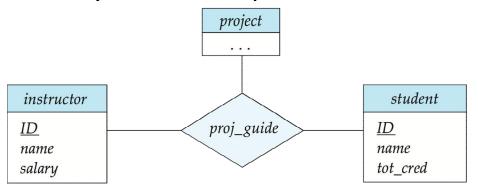
Database System Concept (CSE 3103)

Lecture 04-Day 05

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Non-binary Relationship Sets

- Most relationship sets are binary
- There are occasions when it is more convenient to represent relationships as non-binary.
- E-R Diagram with a Ternary Relationship



Cardinality Constraints on Ternary Relationship

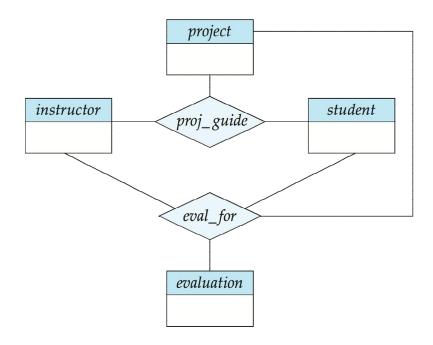
- We allow at most one arrow out of a ternary (or greater degree) relationship to indicate a cardinality constraint
- For exampe, an arrow from proj_guide to instructor indicates each student has at most one guide for a project
- If there is more than one arrow, there are two ways of defining the meaning.
 - For example, a ternary relationship R between A, B and C with arrows to B and C could mean
 - 1. Each A entity is associated with a unique entity from B and C or
 - 2. Each pair of entities from (A, B) is associated with a unique C entity, and each pair (A, C) is associated with a unique B
 - Each alternative has been used in different formalisms.
 - To avoid confusion we outlaw more than one arrow

Specialization

- Top-down design process; we designate sub-groupings within an entity set that are distinctive from other entities in the set.
- These sub-groupings become lower-level entity sets that have attributes or participate in relationships that do not apply to the higher-level entity set.
- Depicted by a *triangle* component labeled ISA (e.g., *instructor* "is a" *person*).
- Attribute inheritance a lower-level entity set inherits all the attributes and relationship participation of the higher-level entity set to which it is linked.

Aggregation

- Consider the ternary relationship *proj_guide*, which we saw earlier
- Suppose we want to record evaluations of a student by a guide on a project



Aggregation (Cont.)

- Relationship sets eval_for and proj_guide represent overlapping information
 - Every eval_for relationship corresponds to a proj_guide relationship
 - However, some proj_guide relationships may not correspond to any eval_for relationships
 - So we can't discard the *proj_guide* relationship
- Eliminate this redundancy via aggregation
 - Treat relationship as an abstract entity
 - Allows relationships between relationships
 - Abstraction of relationship into new entity

Aggregation (Cont.)

- Eliminate this redundancy via *aggregation* without introducing redundancy, the following diagram represents:
 - A student is guided by a particular instructor on a particular project
 - A student, instructor, project combination may have an associated evaluation

