### Chapter 4

#### An Agile View of Process

Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach
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# The Manifesto for Agile Software Development

- "We are uncovering better ways of developing software by doing it and helping others do it. Through this work we have come to value:
  - Individuals and interactions over processes and tools
  - Working software over comprehensive documentation
  - Customer collaboration over contract negotiation
  - Responding to change over following a plan

That is, while there is value in the items on the right, we value the items on the left more."

» Kent Beck et al



- Effective response to change
- Effective communication among all stakeholders
- Drawing the customer onto the team; eliminate the "us and them" attitude
- Organizing a team so that it is in control of the work performed
- Rapid, incremental delivery of software



- Highest priority -> satisfy the customer
- 2. Welcome changing requirements
- 3. Deliver working software frequently
- Business people and developers must work together
- Build projects around motivated individuals
- 6. Emphasize face-to-face conversation



- Working software is the primary measure of progress
- 8. Agile processes promote sustainable development
- Continuous attention to technical excellence and good design enhances agility
- 10. Simplicity the art of maximizing the amount of work not done is essential
- The best designs emerge from self-organizing teams
- 12. The team tunes and adjusts its behavior to become more effective



- Difficulty in predicting changes of requirements and customer priorities
- For many types of s/w, design and construction are interleaved
- Analysis, design, construction, and testing are not as predictable as we might like



- An agile process must be adaptable
- It must adapt incrementally
- Requires customer feedback
- An effective catalyst for customer feedback is an operational prototype

# The Politics of Agile Development

- There is considerable debate about the benefits and applicability of agile software development
- No one is against agility. The real question is:
  - What is the best way to achieve it?

#### Human Factor

- Key point:
  - The Process molds to the needs of the people and team, not the other way around
- A number of key traits must exist among the people on an agile team and the team itself
  - Competence
  - Common focus
  - Collaboration
  - Decision-making ability
  - Fuzzy problem-solving ability
  - Mutual trust and respect
  - Self-organization

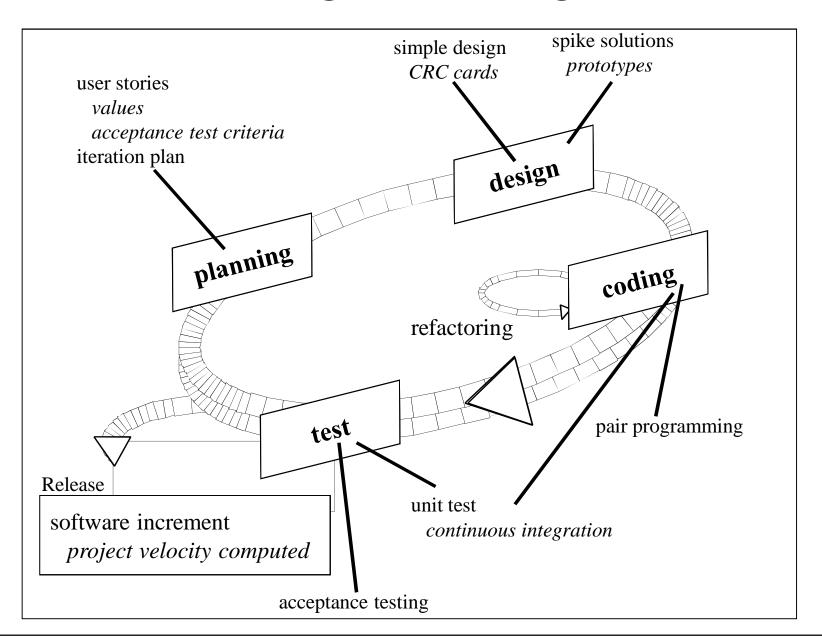
#### Agile Process Models

- Extreme Programming (XP)
- Adaptive Software Development (ASD)
- Dynamic Systems Development Method (DSDM)
- Scrum
- Crystal
- Feature Driven Development (FDD)
- Agile Modeling (AM)

#### Extreme Programming (XP) - 1

- The most widely used agile process, originally proposed by Kent Beck [BEC99]
- XP uses an object-oriented approach as its preferred development paradigm
- Defines four (4) framework activities
  - Planning
  - Design
  - Coding
  - Testing

### Extreme Programming (XP) - 2



#### XP - Planning

- Begins with the creation of a set of stories (also called user stories)
- Each story is written by the customer and is placed on an index card
- The customer assigns a value (i.e. a priority) to the story
- Agile team assesses each story and assigns a cost
- Stories are grouped to for a deliverable increment
- A commitment is made on delivery date
- After the first increment "project velocity" is used to help define subsequent delivery dates for other increments

#### XP - Design

- Follows the KIS (keep it simple) principle
- Encourage the use of CRC (classresponsibility-collaborator) cards (Chapter 8)
- For difficult design problems, suggests the creation of "spike solutions"—a design prototype
- Encourages "refactoring"—an iterative refinement of the internal program design
- Design occurs both before and after coding commences

#### XP - Coding

- Recommends the construction of a series of unit tests for each of the stories before coding commences
- Encourages "pair programming"
  - Mechanism for real-time problem solving and realtime quality assurance
  - Keeps the developers focused on the problem at hand
- Needs continuous integration with other portions (stories) of the s/w, which provides a "smoke testing" environment (Chapter 13)

#### XP - Testing

- Unit tests should be implemented using a framework to make testing automated. This encourages a regression testing strategy.
- Integration and validation testing can occur on a daily basis
- Acceptance tests, also called customer tests, are specified by the customer and executed to assess customer visible functionality
- Acceptance tests are derived from user stories