## CS-142 Programming Fundamentals Lab1

**Target:** Get acquainted with C++ and designing simple programs using it.

## **Practice**

• To take input from user we use cin. So program to find the distance between two x, y coordinates will be like this:

```
using namespace::std;
#include<iostream>
#include<math.h>
int main()
{
float x1,x2,y1,y2;
cout<<"Enter x1";</pre>
cin>>x1;
cout<<"Enter y1";</pre>
cin>>y1;
cout<<"Enter x2";</pre>
cin>>x2;
cout<<"Enter y2";</pre>
cin>>y2;
 float temp=((x2-x1)*(x2-x1))+((y2-y1)*(y2-y1));
 float dist=sqrt(temp);
 cout<<"Distance is "<<dist;</pre>
return 0;
}
```

• In given code write the equation to convert temperature given in Celsius to temperature in Fahrenheit:

```
int main()
{
   float cel=45.7, fahren;
   fahren =         ;
   cout<<cel<<" is equivalent to "<<fahren<<" Fahrenheit";
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

## Problem Set 1

- 1. Write a program that finds the area and diameter of a circle given its radius.
- 2. Write a program that finds the area of cylinder given its height and radius.
- 3. Write a program that takes two floats a and b and displays their sum, difference, product and quotient.
- 4. The ideal gas law is given by PV = nRT, where P is the pressure (in pascals), V is the volume (in cubic meters), n is the number of moles of gas, T is the temperature in Kelvin and R is the gas constant (equal to  $8.314 \ JK^{-1}mol^{-1}$ . Write a program which takes as input a temperature in Fahrenheit, pressure in pascals, and n then computes the volume of the gas in cubic meters. You should first convert the temperature in Fahrenheit to Kelvin. <sup>1</sup>
- 5. Write a program that takes two values in separate variables and then swaps the values of these variables.
- 6. Write a program that takes the values of *Base* and *Perpendicular* of a right angled triangle from user and calculates the **Area** and **Hypotenuse** of it.

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>text{K} = \frac{F-32}{1.8} + 273.15$