E-CAT 2013 collected mcqs www.preparationforetest.weebly.com

- 1) If Thermistor Is Placed In Oven If Temp Of oven Is Increased Then The
- a) R Increses b) R Decreses
- 2 A Body is accelerating downward with 9.8ms^-2. If we throw it with some force, then acceleration will be:
- a) More than 9.8 b) Less than 9.8 c) Equal d) None
- 3) 1+cosx/sinx+sinx/1+cosx equal to
- a) 2/sinx b) tan2x
- 4) To Increase Charging of Capacitor
- a) Resistance Decrease b) Capacitance Increases c) Fixed Capacitance
- 5) The Function $y=3x-x^2$ for x>=0 Has A MAx Val AT
- a) 1,2 b) 2,1 c) 3,4 d) 2,2
- 6) When Borax Is Hydrolized Then Caustic Soda And Boric Acid Is Produced Then The Solution Is
- a) Neutral b) Acidic c) Alkaline
- 7) How Many Arrangments Of The Letters Of FASTING Can B Made
- 1) 5040 b) 2045
- 8) In Exothermic Reaction If Temp Is Increased Then Reaction Moves
- A) Backward Forward C) No Change
- 9) The Angular Frequency Of A Pendulum Is 1 Rad/sec Its Length Will Be:
- 1. 24 m 2. 9.8 m 3. 98 m 4. None

Nylon Is Which Type Of Polymer

- a) Condensation b) Additiion
- 10) How Many Maximum Amino Groups In Amino Acid?
- a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 4
- 11) The Table Represents

00 0

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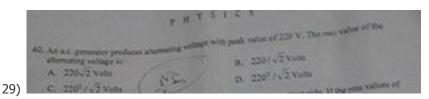
- 10 0
- 11 1
- a) And b) Nand c) OR
- 12) Lithium and sodium both belongs to same group but Lithium differs in properties remarkably because A) Lithium is lighter than sodium B)large charge to size ratio C)Li slowly react with water D)ALL
- 13) If 1 micro coulumb charge is pass through wire in 1 micro second then current will be
- a) 1 A b) 1 Micro Ampere c) None
- 14) n^2!/(n-1)!(n-2)!
- a) n b) n^2 c)n^3-n^2
- 15) log9y + log3y = 3
- a) 9 b) 27 c) 3
- 16) Orbital speed of stallites going around the earth increased if the distance from earth is.....
- a)increased b) decreased c) Remain same
- 17) The repeating unit is(-ch^2-ch^2-)n the molecular mass of repeating unit is
- a) 63000 b) 5800
- 18) a helicopter is ascending vertically at the rate of 19.6ms-1 when it is at a height of 156.8m above the ground.how long the stone takes to reach the ground
- a) 8 Sec b) 4 Seconds 1st year 3rd chp 1st numerical
- 19) Tesla is a unit of magnetic field is equal to?
- a) Nm/A b) NmA c) none

24. Solve
$$2^{z-3}/8^{-z} = 32/4^{z-2}$$
: $\frac{2 \times 2^{-3}}{2} \times \sqrt{\frac{1}{z}} = \frac{2\pi 2}{2}$.

A. $5/8$
B. $-5/8$
C. $8/5$
D. $-8/5$

- 21) A coin is tossed. If it lands head a point value of +1 is recorded if it is tails then -1.If the coin is tossed 50 times and the final score is 14 how many heads landed.
- a) 14 b) 25 c) 32 d) 39
- 22) the ph of 10^-7.5 hydrogen is
- a) 7.5 b) 6.5
- 23) 3 Intergal 2 (x^3+2x^2+1) Three Or 2 Ipper or lower limits hain
- a) 15 b) 25
- 24) which has no Hydrogen bonding a) alcohol b) water c) ethane d) acetic acid

- 25) voltage-current graph of non ohmic device is......
- a) is n0t straight line b) straight line c) parabola
- 26) ameter is a galvanometer with a
- a) high resistance connected in parallel b) low resistance connected in parallel
- c) high resistance connected in series d) low resistance connected in series
- 27) the coefficient of x in the expansion of (1 2x) n is -8 then the coefficient of x^2 will be
- 28) which one is not true about hydrocarbons
- a) they r aromatic compound b) they have high c h ratio c) they r ring compound d) all have odour



- 30) hygrocarbon containing triple bond are
- A) alkene B) aromatic C) alkane D) none
- 31) $9x^2+kx+36=(3x+n)^2$ value of k-n
- 32) during the preparation of Na electrolysis of sadium salt CaCl^2 Is added to
- a) To Increase Temp b) To Decrease Temp
- 33) If a H of 10dm³ has N no. of molecules then a Oxygen of 10 dm³ has ___ bo, of molecules?? a)16N b)N/16 c)NA value(6.02 . 10²³) d)N
- 34) 100 kg mass 100m radius 36ms-1 speed centripetal force
- a) 100N
- 35) if power of body is 10 Js^-1 then energy of body is
- a) 100J b) 10 J
- 36) oxidation state of cl in nacl and naocl is
- a) -1,+1 b) 2,-1 c) -1,2 d) none
- 37) which of following does not have haxagonal structure
- a) zn b) graphite c) zn oxide d) gold
- 38) phenol is a) similar to alcohol b) contains one OH C) it is aromatic contain benzene ring d) it also contain more then 1 OH
- 39) Find values of p nd k

[01]

[10]

if $A+A^-1=kI$

2 and 1 b) 1 and 2

- 40) zn can b converted in to cu by
- a) neutron b) a particles c) b particles
- 41) A line X=Y+2 intersects at Y^2=XY-1...coordinates of points of intersection are:
- 42) a man is standing at the pole looks at the car 10m away from poll the angle of depression is 45degree find the height of pole...
- a) 10 m b) 100m
- 43) 4m where bio gas obtained?
- a) is not a gas b) obtained from cattle wastes c) underwater reservoirs
- 44) Find Solution Of Equations 2x-y-4 2x^2-4xy-y^2
- 45) [a b+gamma 1]
 [b gamma+a 1]
 [gamma a+b 1] determinant equal to
 a) 0 b) 1
- 46) if s=[01]

[10]then s^4

a) Identity Matrice

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4. When a metal surface is expended to light, it may emit electrons. The maximum energy of these electrons depends on:

A. Intensity of light.

B. Area of metal surface.

D. All of the above.
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29. The solution of $125^s = 25(5^s)$ and $7^s \div 49^s = 1$ is: A. (2/5, 4/5) B. (4/5, 2/5)C. (2/5, -4/5) D. (-2/5, 4/5)

- 49) pi/2integral0 (siny+2)dy
- a) 0 b) 1 c) pi+1
- 50) if x=sinteheeta then find costheeta
- a) + -underroot $1-x^2$ b) + underroot $1+x^2$
- 51) which one is covalent bonding giant molecule
- a) diamond b) sugar c) ice

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8. In frequency modulation, the amplitude of the carrier waves remains the same but its frequency changes in proportion to:

A. The amplitude of the modulating signal.

B. The frequency of the modulating signal.

C. The sign of the modulating signal.

D. All of the above.
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27. If
$$\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{3}} = 13(4+\sqrt{3})^{-1}$$
 then the value of integers a and b are:

A. -19 and $+8$

B. $+19$ and -8

C. -19 and -8

D. $+19$ and $+8$

55) a train travelling a sounds a whistle of frequency 5270hz.frequency of sound heard by the driver was a) 5270 b) more than 5270 c) less than 5270

if the rms values of input voltage... tht

was missing

- 57) e^sin(5-2x) difrentiation
- a) $2\cos e^{\sin(5-2x)}$
- 58) when we tune a radio that means
- a) capacitance changes b) inductance changes c)resistance changes d)we change the frequency ic questn ma 4^{th} option k bre ma sure nhi
- 59) if determinant of matricsis 15 then find values of w [w 2w+5] [-1 w+1]
- a) 2,-5
- 60) the directn of induced currnt is always so as to oppose tha chng which causes the crrnt
- a) Lenz Law b) Farady Law
- 61) expand upto 2 terms (2.02)^4 binomial theorem through
- a) 16.44 b) 0.644
- 62) If X Oxidation produdes y product then
- a) 2ndry alcohol: ketone b) primary alcohol aldehyde
- 63) milkians method is used to determine?
- a) e/m of electron b) Charge On Electron c) Mass Of Electron
- 64) if three resistances r connected in parallel thier eqivqlent resistance is
- a) R/3ohm b) 9R c) 3R

- 65) What is oxidati0n state of Sulphur in Na2SO4?
- a)2 b)5 c)4 d)n0ne
- 66) if three resistances r connected in series Then Thier Eqivalent resistance is 3R b) 9R C) R/9 D) 3/R
- 67) Voltmeter is a device a) high internal resistance b) low internal resistance

Windmills in antiquity

The windwheel of the Greek engineer Heron of Alexandria in the first century AD is the earliest known instance of using a wind-driven wheel to power a machine. [4][5] Another early example of a wind-driven wheel was the prayer wheel, which was used in ancient Tibet and China since the fourth century. [6] It has been claimed that the Babylonian emperor Hammurab planned to use wind power for his ambitious irrigation project in the 17th century BC. [7]

This paragraph was asked in English

Horizontal windmills

The first practical windmills had sails that rotated in a horizontal plane, around a vertical axis. [8] According to Ahmad Y. al-Hassan, these panemone windmills were invented in eastern Persia as recorded by the Persian geographer Estakhri in the 9th century, [9](10] The authenticity of an earlier anecdote of a windmill involving the second caliph Umar (AD 634–644) is questioned on the grounds that it appears in a 10th-century document. [11] Indeed of six to 12 sails covered in reed matting or cloth material, these windmills were used to grind grain or draw up water, and were quite different from the later European vertical windmills. Windmills were in widespread use across the Middle East and Central Asia, and later spread to China and India from there. [12]

A similar type of horizontal windmill with rectangular blades, used for irrigation, can also be found in 13th-century China (during the Jurchen Jin Dynasty in the north), introduced by the travels of Yelü Chucai to Turkestan in 1219.[15]

Horizontal windmills were built, in small numbers, in Europe during the 18th and 19th centuries, [8] for example Fowler's Mill at Battersea in London, and Hooper's Mill at Margate in Kent. These early modern examples seem not to have been directly influenced by the horizontal windmills of the Middle and Far East, but to have been independent inventions by engineers influenced by the Industrial Revolution. [14]

Vertical windmills

Due to a lack of evidence, debate occurs among historians as to whether or not Middle Eastern horizontal windmills triggered the original development of European windmills, [15][16][17][16] in northwestern Europe, the horizontal-axis or vertical windmill (so called due to the plane of the movement of its sails) is believed to date from the last quarter of the 12th century in the triangle of

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The earliest certain reference to a windmill in Europe (assumed to have been of the vertical type) dates from 1185, in the former village of Weedley in Yorkshire which was located at the southern tip of the Wold overlooking the Humber estuary. [19] A number of earlier, but less certainly dated, 12th-century European sources referring to windmills have also been found. [20] These earliest mills were used to grind cereals.

68) From Where this Paragraph Has Been Taken

Wikipedia The Free Encyclopedia

- 69) (ch2o2) by combustion analysis find the ratio of carbon to hydrogen in compound
- a) 2:4:4b)2:3:33c)3:2:2
- 70) 8) Free Chlorine Forms In
- a) Lithosphere b) Troposphere c) Biosphere d) Stratospherethe