# Home Assignment

# Question:

# What is Computer Science?

# Richard Feynman



#### Introduction:

## Computer Science - What is it? (1)

# A combination of many things...

- includes a.o.:
  - (1) hardware design, (2) programming, (3) human computer interaction, (4) artificial intelligence, etc...
- in other words:
  - mathematics, engineering, psychology, linguistics, biology, business administration, ethics, sociology, ...

# Certainly not:

- 'science' of computer applications
- 'science' of programming in language 'X'

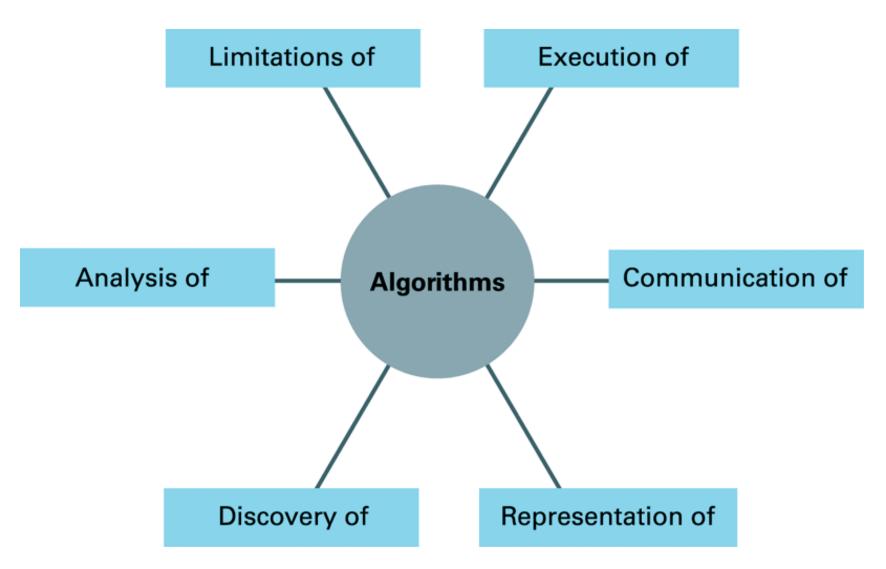
#### Introduction:

# Computer Science - What is it? (2)

# • Science of algorithms:

- algorithm (informally):
  - set of steps that defines how a task is performed
  - Our Knowledge of algorithms would be the main driving force behind modern technology and this book
- machine-compatible representation = 'program'
- central issues:
  - (1) algorithm discovery
  - (2) algorithm representation
  - (3) handling complex collections of algorithms
  - (4) hardware implications, ...

## The central role of algorithms in computer science



#### Orientation of Book

#### Discovery

Discover solution of a problem - Chapter 4

#### Representation

- Communication to Machine-Programming Languages
- Programming Languages are based on programming paradigms or processes- Chapter 5

#### Communication

- Communication among the algorithms Chapter 10
- Interaction among the components Chapter 6
- Computer Architecture Data storage, presentation,
  manipulation and Retrieval Chapters 1, 2, 7, 8 & 9

# Orientation of Book (2)

#### Execution

- The design of large software system involve more development of individual algorithms for performing the required activities.
- Software Engineering Project management, Personal management and programming language design.
- Software Engineering also deals with the development of the tools - Chapter 6
- How algorithms will be stored in machine? How algorithms will be executed by machine Chapter 3
- Human intelligence is and will be simulated to machines so that machine can perform more activities like humans.
  Chapter 10

# Orientation of Book (3)

#### Limitations

In Early 1900 Kurt Godel proposed "incompleteness theory":

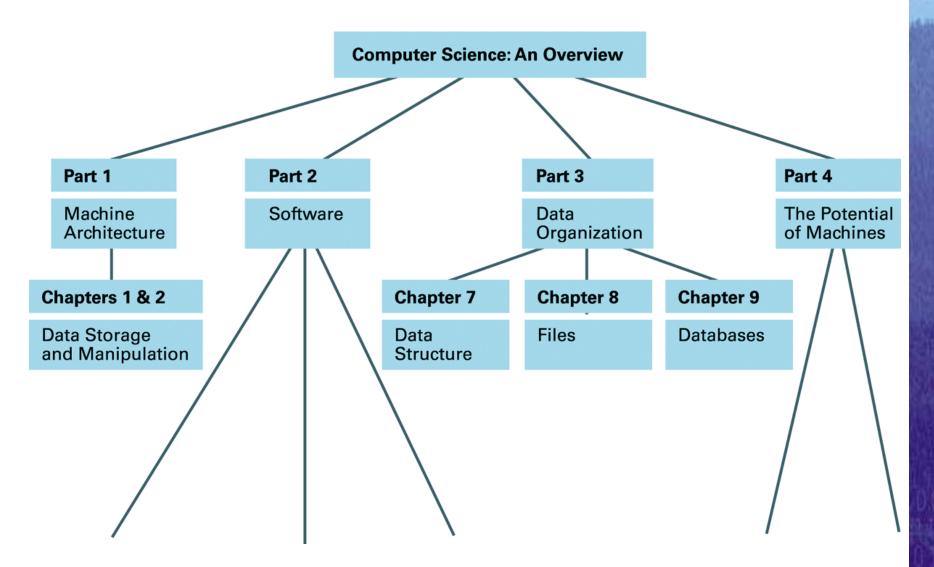
"Any Complete study of our arithmetic system lies beyond the capabilities of algorithmic activities"

Limitation of algorithms study limits the mathematical studies to design hypothetical machines- Chapter 11

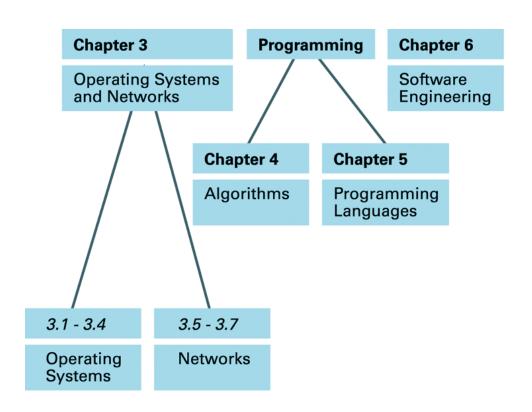
# Analysis

 Analysis of algorithms is important to know which algorithm is more efficient and correct - Chapter 4

Figure 0.7: Viewing this text, itself, as a hierarchy of abstract tools (continued)



# Figure 0.7: Viewing this text, itself, as a hierarchy of abstract tools



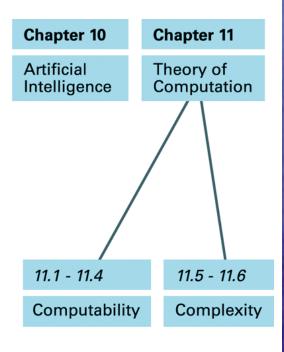


Figure 0.6: The hierarchy of abstraction in the hardware of a typical personal computer

