

Muhammad Mudassir

2112193

Bscs8c

HYBRID MOBILE APP DEVELOPMENT EXAM

Q1) LIFE CYCLE METHODS IN REACT NATIVE FUNCTIONAL COMPONENTS:

- In React Native functional components, lifecycle events are handled using React Hooks (mainly `useEffect`).
- Mounting: `useEffect(() => { ... }, [])` runs once when the component mounts (like `componentDidMount`).
- Updating: `useEffect(() => { ... }, [dependency])` runs when the specified dependency changes (like `componentDidUpdate`).
- Unmounting: `useEffect(() => { return () => { ... }; }, [])` cleanup function runs when the component unmounts (like `componentWillUnmount`).
- Hooks provide a way to perform side effects, fetch data, set up subscriptions, and clean up resources in functional components.

Q2) Strategies used to optimize performance of React Native App:

- Use `FlatList` or `SectionList` for rendering large lists efficiently instead of `ScrollView`.
- Minimize unnecessary re-renders by using `React.memo`, `useCallback`, and `useMemo`.
- Optimize images by resizing and compressing them before use.
- Use lazy loading and code splitting to load components only when needed.
- Avoid inline functions and object/array literals in render methods.
- Reduce the number of components mounted at once.
- Use native modules and libraries for heavy computations or animations.
- Remove unused dependencies and assets to reduce app size.
- Enable Hermes engine for better JavaScript performance on Android.
- Profile and monitor performance using tools like Flipper and React DevTools.

Q3) Differences between navigations:

Stack Navigation

- Organizes screens in a stack (like a deck of cards).
- Allows users to push and pop screens (navigate forward and back).
- Common for workflows where users move deeper into content (e.g., details pages).
- Back button returns to the previous screen.

Tab Navigation

- Displays tabs (usually at the bottom or top) for switching between main sections.
- Each tab has its own navigation stack.
- Good for apps with a few top-level screens (e.g., Home, Search, Profile).
- Users can quickly switch between sections.

Drawer Navigation

- Provides a side menu (drawer) that slides in from the left or right.
- Menu contains links to different screens or sections.
- Useful for apps with many sections or settings.
- Frees up screen space compared to tabs.

SECTION B PRACTICAL

```
Q1) import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';

import { View, Text, TextInput, TouchableOpacity, StyleSheet } from 'react-native';
import AsyncStorage from '@react-native-async-storage/async-storage';
import { NativeStackScreenProps } from '@react-navigation/native-stack';
import { RootStackParamList } from '../App';

type Props = NativeStackScreenProps<RootStackParamList, 'Screen1'>;

const Screen1: React.FC<Props> = ({ navigation }) => {
  const [input, setInput] = useState('');
```

```

const [storedValue, setStoredValue] = useState('');

useEffect(() => {
  getData();
}, []);

const saveData = async () => {
  await AsyncStorage.setItem('userInput', input);
  setStoredValue(input);
  setInput('');
};

const getData = async () => {
  const value = await AsyncStorage.getItem('userInput');
  if (value) setStoredValue(value);
};

const deleteData = async () => {
  await AsyncStorage.removeItem('userInput');
  setStoredValue('');
};

return (
  <View style={styles.container}>
    <Text style={styles.title}>Welcome to Screen 1</Text>
    <Text style={styles.label}>
      Stored Value: <Text style={styles.value}>{storedValue || 'None'}</Text>
    </Text>

    <TextInput
      style={styles.input}
      placeholder="Enter something..."
      value={input}
      onChangeText={setInput}
      placeholderTextColor="#999"
    />

    <TouchableOpacity style={styles.button} onPress={saveData}>
      <Text style={styles.buttonText}>💾 Save</Text>
    </TouchableOpacity>

    <TouchableOpacity style={[styles.button, styles.deleteButton]}
      onPress={deleteData}>
      <Text style={styles.buttonText}>🗑 Delete</Text>
    </TouchableOpacity>
  </View>
);

```

```

        <TouchableOpacity style={[styles.button, styles.navButton]} onPress={() =>
          navigation.navigate('Screen2', { passedValue: storedValue })}>
          <Text style={styles.buttonText}>→ Go to Screen 2</Text>
        </TouchableOpacity>
      </View>
    );
  };

```

```

const styles = StyleSheet.create({
  container: {
    padding: 20,
    paddingTop: 60,
    backgroundColor: '#f4f4f4',
    flex: 1,
  },
  title: {
    fontSize: 22,
    fontWeight: '700',
    marginBottom: 15,
    color: '#333',
  },
  label: {
    fontSize: 16,
    marginBottom: 10,
  },
  value: {
    fontWeight: 'bold',
    color: '#555',
  },
  input: {
    borderWidth: 1,
    borderColor: '#ccc',
    padding: 12,
    borderRadius: 10,
    backgroundColor: '#fff',
    marginBottom: 15,
    fontSize: 16,
  },
  button: {
    backgroundColor: '#4CAF50',
    padding: 14,
    borderRadius: 10,
    marginBottom: 10,
    alignItems: 'center',
  },

```

```
    },
    deleteButton: {
      backgroundColor: '#f44336',
    },
    navButton: {
      backgroundColor: '#2196F3',
    },
    buttonText: {
      color: '#fff',
      fontWeight: '600',
      fontSize: 16,
    },
  }
});

export default Screen1;
```

AS IN THE Q1 YOU CAN SEE ADD NOTE, LIST OF NOTE,ASYNC STORAGE AND DELETE BUTTON WHICH IS FUNCTIONAL.

1:50

55%

Notes



My Notes



I am Mudassir 2112193
and I am giving final exam



Hello



Ckfuh



1:50

55%

Notes



My Notes



I am Mudassir 2112193
and I am giving final exam



Hello



Ckfuh



1:50

Bluetooth, Signal, Do Not Disturb, Airplane Mode, 55% battery



Note Details

You're now on Screen 2

Received from Screen 1:

I am Mudassir 2112193 and I am giving final exam

1:50

Bluetooth, Signal, Cellular, Airplane Mode, 55%, Battery

Notes



My Notes



Delete Note

Are you sure?

CANCEL

DELETE



Hello



Ckfuh



1:50

55%

Notes



My Notes



I am Mudassir 2112103

Delete Note

Are you sure?

CANCEL

DELETE



Hello



Ckfuh



```

Q2) import React from 'react';

import { View, Text, StyleSheet } from 'react-native';
import { NativeStackScreenProps } from '@react-navigation/native-stack';
import { RootStackParamList } from '../App';

type Props = NativeStackScreenProps<RootStackParamList, 'Screen2'>;

const Screen2: React.FC<Props> = ({ route }) => {
  const { passedValue } = route.params;

  return (
    <View style={styles.container}>
      <Text style={styles.title}>You're now on Screen 2</Text>

      <View style={styles.card}>
        <Text style={styles.label}>Received from Screen 1:</Text>
        <Text style={styles.value}>
          {passedValue ? passedValue : 'No data received'}
        </Text>
      </View>
    </View>
  );
};

const styles = StyleSheet.create({
  container: {
    padding: 20,
    paddingTop: 60,
    backgroundColor: '#f4f4f4',
    flex: 1,
  },
  title: {
    fontSize: 22,
    fontWeight: '700',
    marginBottom: 20,
    color: '#333',
  },
  card: {
    backgroundColor: '#fff',
    borderRadius: 12,
    padding: 20,
    elevation: 3,
    shadowColor: '#000',
    shadowOpacity: 0.1,
  },
});

```

```
    shadowRadius: 5,  
    shadowOffset: { width: 0, height: 2 },  
  },  
  label: {  
    fontSize: 16,  
    color: '#666',  
    marginBottom: 8,  
  },  
  value: {  
    fontSize: 18,  
    fontWeight: 'bold',  
    color: '#111',  
  },  
});  
  
export default Screen2;
```

YOU CAN SEE SAME DATA PASSED DOWN IN SCREEN 2

1:50

✱ 📶 🌙 ➡ 55% 🔋

← Note Details

You're now on Screen 2

Received from Screen 1:

**I am Mudassir 2112193 and I am
giving final exam**