

Cps688 Midterm 2

Q#1) Masters Theorem

$$\rightarrow \text{If } T(n) = aT(n/b) + \Theta(n^d)$$

where $a > 0$, $b > 1$, and $d \geq 0$

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} \Theta(n^d) & \text{if } d > \log_b a \\ \Theta(n^d \log n) & \text{if } d = \log_b a \\ \Theta(n^{\log_b a}) & \text{if } d < \log_b a \end{cases}$$

Solve the runtime of: $T(n) = T(2n/3) + 1$

$$a = 1, b = 3/2, d = 0$$

$$\text{if } d = \log_b a \Rightarrow \Theta(n^d \log n)$$

$$0 = \log_{3/2} 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \Theta(n^0 \log n) = \Theta(\log n)$$

Q4) Gale-Shapely Algorithm

Given preference case:

$$x_1: y_2 > y_3 > y_1$$

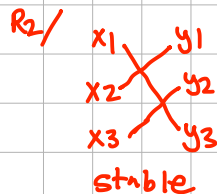
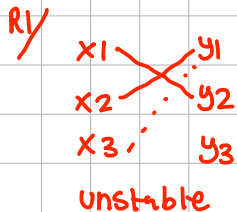
$$y_1: x_1 > x_2 > x_3$$

$$x_2: y_1 > y_3 > y_2$$

$$y_2: x_2 > x_3 > x_1$$

$$x_3: y_1 > y_2 > y_3$$

$$y_3: x_3 > x_2 > x_1$$



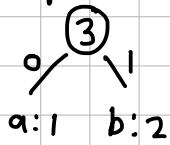
$$m = \{x_3, y_2\}, \{x_2, y_1\}, \{x_1, y_3\}$$

Q5) Example - Execution Hoffmans Algorithm:

size queue = 7

a:1 b:2 c:3 d:5 e:7 f:11 g:13 (Init)

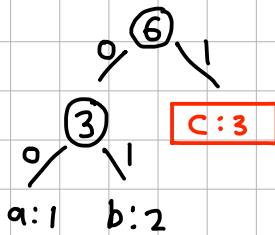
Step 1:



c:3 d:5 e:7 f:11 g:13

size queue = 6

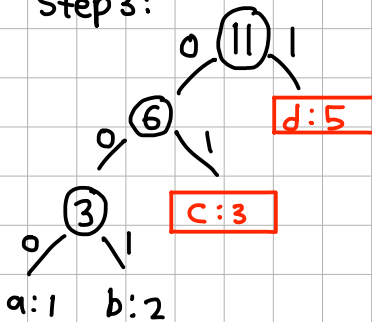
Step 2:



d:5 e:7 f:11 g:13

size queue = 5

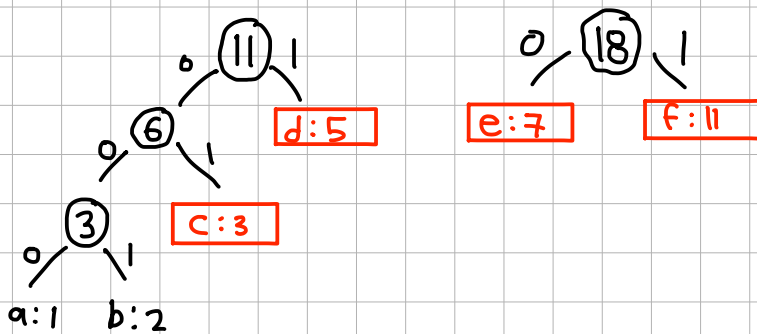
Step 3:



f:11 g:13

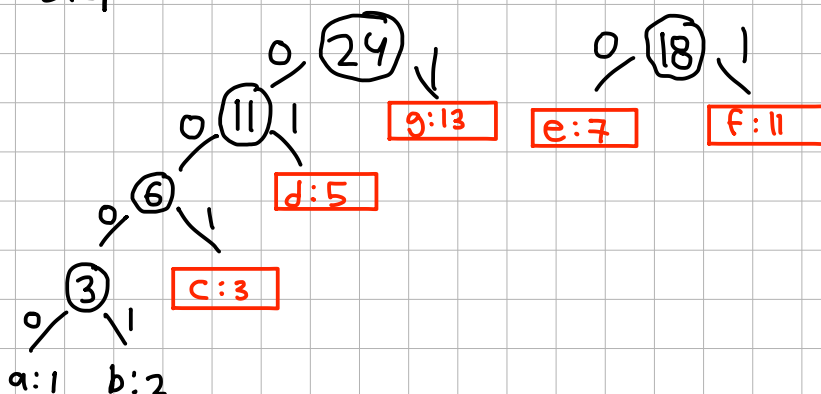
size queue = 4

Step 4:



size queue = 3

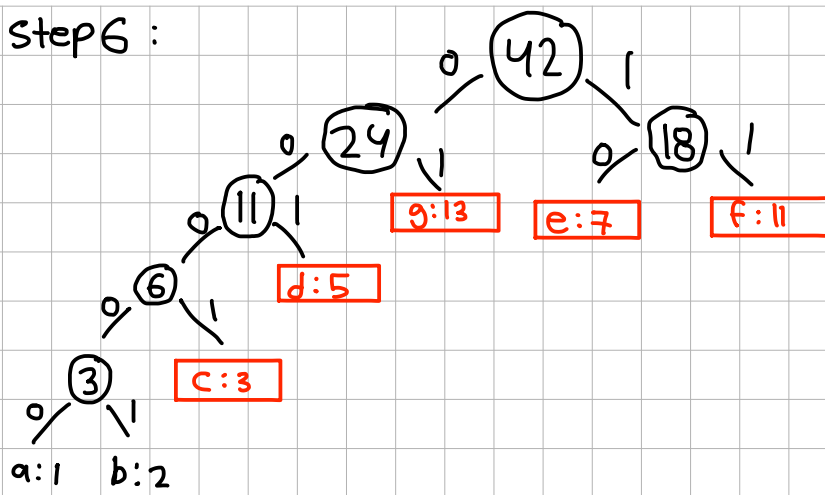
Step 5:



size queue = 2

step 6 :

size queue = 1



a = 00000

b = 00001

c = 0001

d = 001

e = 10

f = 11

g = 01