

LAB 1

```
graph={
    'L':['M','N','O'],
    'M':['N','O'],
    'N':['P'],
    'O':[],
    'P':[]
}
visited=set()    #set to keep track of visited nodes of graph.
def dfs(visited, graph, node):    #function for dfs
    if node not in visited:
        print(node)
        visited.add(node)
        for neighbour in graph[node]:
            dfs(visited, graph, neighbour)
```

#driver code

```
print("Following is the Depth First Search:")
```

```
dfs(visited,graph,'L')
```

Following is the Depth First Search:

L

M

N

P

O

```
graph={
    'L':['M','N','O'],
    'M':['N','O'],
    'N':['P'],
    'O':[],
    'P':[]
}

visited=[]    #list for visited nodes
queue=[]      #initialize a queue

def bfs(visited, graph, node):    #function for BFS
    visited.append(node)
    queue.append(node)

    while queue:    #creating loop to visit each node
        m=queue.pop(0)
        print(m)

        for neighbour in graph[m]:
            if neighbour not in visited:
                visited.append(neighbour)
                queue.append(neighbour)
```

#driver code

```
print("Following is the Breadth First Search:")
```

```
bfs(visited, graph, 'L')    #function calling
```

Following is the Breadth First Search:

L

M

N

O

P

Name: Ayesha Farukh Shaikh

Subject: AI

Roll No.: COTC62

Aim: 2. Implement A star Algorithm for any game search problem.

INPUT:

```
from copy import deepcopy
import numpy as np
import time
```

```
def bestsolution(state):
    bestsol = np.array([], int).reshape(-1, 9)
    count = len(state) - 1
    while count != -1:
        bestsol = np.insert(bestsol, 0, state[count]['puzzle'], 0)
        count = (state[count]['parent'])
    return bestsol.reshape(-1, 3, 3)
```

```
# checks for the uniqueness of the iteration(it).
```

```
def all(checkarray):
    set=[]
    for it in set:
        for checkarray in it:
            return 1
    else:
        return 0
```

```
# number of misplaced tiles
```

```
def misplaced_tiles(puzzle,goal):
    mscost = np.sum(puzzle != goal) - 1
    return mscost if mscost > 0 else 0
```

```
def coordinates(puzzle):
    pos = np.array(range(9))
    for p, q in enumerate(puzzle):
        pos[q] = p
    return pos
```

```
# start of 8 puzzle evaluation, using Misplaced tiles heuristics
```

```
def evaluat_misplaced(puzzle, goal):
    steps = np.array([('up', [0, 1, 2], -3),('down', [6, 7, 8], 3),('left', [0, 3, 6], -1),('right', [2, 5, 8], 1)],
        dtype = [('move', str, 1),('position', list),('head', int)])

    dtstate = [('puzzle', list),('parent', int),('gn', int),('hn', int)]

    costg = coordinates(goal)
```

```

# initializing the parent, gn and hn, where hn is misplaced_tiles function call
parent = -1
gn = 0
hn = misplaced_tiles(coordinates(puzzle), costg)
state = np.array([(puzzle, parent, gn, hn)], dtstate)

#priority queues with position as keys and fn as value.
dtpriority = [('position', int), ('fn', int)]

priority = np.array([(0, hn)], dtpriority)

while 1:
    priority = np.sort(priority, kind='mergesort', order=['fn', 'position'])
    position, fn = priority[0]
    # sort priority queue using merge sort, the first element is picked for exploring.
    priority = np.delete(priority, 0, 0)
    puzzle, parent, gn, hn = state[position]
    puzzle = np.array(puzzle)

    blank = int(np.where(puzzle == 0)[0])

    gn = gn + 1
    c = 1
    start_time = time.time()
    for s in steps:
        c = c + 1
        if blank not in s['position']:
            openstates = deepcopy(puzzle)
            openstates[blank], openstates[blank + s['head']] = openstates[blank + s['head']],
openstates[blank]

            if ~(np.all(list(state['puzzle']) == openstates, 1)).any():
                end_time = time.time()
                if ((end_time - start_time) > 2):
                    print(" The 8 puzzle is unsolvable \n")
                    break

            hn = misplaced_tiles(coordinates(openstates), costg)
            # generate and add new state in the list
            q = np.array([(openstates, position, gn, hn)], dtstate)
            state = np.append(state, q, 0)
            # f(n) is the sum of cost to reach node
            fn = gn + hn

            q = np.array([(len(state) - 1, fn)], dtpriority)
            priority = np.append(priority, q, 0)

            if np.array_equal(openstates, goal):
                print(' The 8 puzzle is solvable \n')
                return state, len(priority)

return state, len(priority)

```

```

# initial state
puzzle = []

puzzle.append(2)
puzzle.append(8)
puzzle.append(3)
puzzle.append(1)
puzzle.append(6)
puzzle.append(4)
puzzle.append(7)
puzzle.append(0)
puzzle.append(5)

#goal state
goal = []

goal.append(1)
goal.append(2)
goal.append(3)
goal.append(8)
goal.append(0)
goal.append(4)
goal.append(7)
goal.append(6)
goal.append(5)

state, visited = evaluvate_misplaced(puzzle, goal)
bestpath = bestsolution(state)
print(str(bestpath).replace('[', ' ').replace(']', ''))
totalmoves = len(bestpath) - 1
print("\nSteps to reach goal:',totalmoves)
visit = len(state) - visited
print("Total nodes visited: ',visit, "\n")

```

OUTPUT:

The 8 puzzle is solvable

2 8 3

1 6 4

7 0 5

2 8 3

1 0 4

7 6 5

2 0 3

1 8 4

7 6 5

0 2 3

1 8 4

7 6 5

1 2 3

0 8 4

7 6 5

1 2 3

8 0 4

7 6 5

Steps to reach goal: 5

Total nodes visited: 6

Name : Ayesha Farukh Shaikh

Roll no :COTC62

Batch : C3

INPUT :

```
import sys
```

```
class Graph():
```

```
    def __init__(self, vertices):
```

```
        self.V = vertices
```

```
        self.graph = [[0 for column in range(vertices)]  
                      for row in range(vertices)]
```

```
    def printMST(self, parent):
```

```
        print("Edge \tWeight")
```

```
        for i in range(1, self.V):
```

```
            print(parent[i], "-", i, "\t", self.graph[i][parent[i]])
```

```
    def minKey(self, key, mstSet):
```

```
        min = sys.maxsize
```

```
        for v in range(self.V):
```

```
            if key[v] < min and mstSet[v] == False:
```

```
                min = key[v]
```

```
                min_index = v
```

```
    return min_index
```

```
    def primMST(self):
```

```
        key = [sys.maxsize] * self.V
```

```
        parent = [None] * self.V
```

```
        key[0] = 0
```

```
        mstSet = [False] * self.V
```

```
        parent[0] = -1
```

```

        for cout in range(self.V):
            u = self.minKey(key, mstSet)
            mstSet[u] = True
            for v in range(self.V):
                if self.graph[u][v] > 0 and mstSet[v] == False \
                and key[v] > self.graph[u][v]:
                    key[v] = self.graph[u][v]
                    parent[v] = u

        self.printMST(parent)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    g = Graph(5)
    g.graph = [[0, 2, 0, 6, 0],
                [2, 0, 3, 8, 5],
                [0, 3, 0, 0, 7],
                [6, 8, 0, 0, 9],
                [0, 5, 7, 9, 0]]

    g.primMST()

```

OUTPUT :

Edge	Weight
0 - 1	2
1 - 2	3
0 - 3	6
1 - 4	5

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```
from __future__ import print_function  
N = 8
```

```
def printSolution(board):  
    for i in range(N):  
        for j in range(N):  
            print(board[i][j], end = " ")  
        print()
```

```
def isSafe(row, col, slashCode, backslashCode,  
          rowLookup, slashCodeLookup,  
          backslashCodeLookup):  
    if (slashCodeLookup[slashCode[row][col]] or  
        backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[row][col]] or  
        rowLookup[row]):  
        return False  
    return True
```

```
def solveNQueensUtil(board, col, slashCode, backslashCode,  
                    rowLookup, slashCodeLookup,  
                    backslashCodeLookup):
```

```
    if(col >= N):  
        return True
```

```
    for i in range(N):  
        if(isSafe(i, col, slashCode, backslashCode,  
                rowLookup, slashCodeLookup,  
                backslashCodeLookup)):
```

```
        board[i][col] = 1  
        rowLookup[i] = True  
        slashCodeLookup[slashCode[i][col]] = True  
        backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[i][col]] = True
```

```
        if(solveNQueensUtil(board, col + 1,  
                            slashCode, backslashCode,  
                            rowLookup, slashCodeLookup,  
                            backslashCodeLookup)):  
            return True
```

```
        board[i][col] = 0  
        rowLookup[i] = False  
        slashCodeLookup[slashCode[i][col]] = False  
        backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[i][col]] = False
```

```
    return False
```

```
def solveNQueens():  
    board = [[0 for i in range(N)]]
```



```

        for j in range(N)]

# helper matrices
slashCode = [[0 for i in range(N)]
              for j in range(N)]
backslashCode = [[0 for i in range(N)]
                  for j in range(N)]

# arrays to tell us which rows are occupied
rowLookup = [False] * N

# keep two arrays to tell us
# which diagonals are occupied
x = 2 * N - 1
slashCodeLookup = [False] * x
backslashCodeLookup = [False] * x

# initialize helper matrices
for rr in range(N):
    for cc in range(N):
        slashCode[rr][cc] = rr + cc
        # DIAGONAL CONDITION
        backslashCode[rr][cc] = rr - cc + 7

if(solveNQueensUtil(board, 0, slashCode, backslashCode,
                    rowLookup, slashCodeLookup,
                    backslashCodeLookup) == False):
    print("Solution does not exist")
    return False

# solution found
printSolution(board)
return True

# Driver Code
solveNQueens()

```

OUTPUT:

```

1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0

```

True

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```
import random

# Define some responses for the chatbot
responses = {
    "hi": ["Hello!", "Hi there!", "Hey!"],
    "how are you": ["I'm doing well, thank you!", "I'm fine, thanks for asking.", "Pretty good!"],
    "default": ["I'm sorry, I didn't understand what you said.", "Can you please rephrase that?", "I'm not sure what you mean."],
    "which mobile do you want to purchase":["Redmi"],
    "mobile cost":["20000"],
    "warranty period":["1 year"]
}

# Define a function to respond to user input
def chatbot_response(user_input):
    if user_input.lower() in responses:
        return random.choice(responses[user_input.lower()])
    else:
        return random.choice(responses["default"])

# Chat with the user
print("Hi, I'm a simple chatbot. What can I help you with today?")
while True:
    user_input = input()
    if user_input.lower() == "bye":
        print("Goodbye!")
        break
    else:
        print(chatbot_response(user_input))
```

OUTPUT:

```
Hi, I'm a simple chatbot. What can I help you with today?
"how are you"
Pretty good!
"which mobile do you want to purchase"
Redmi
"mobile cost"
20000
"warranty period"
1 year
"bye"
Goodbye!
```

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, confusion_matrix
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
%matplotlib inline
```

```
In [3]: data = pd.read_csv('Hr.csv')
```

```
In [4]: data.shape
```

```
Out[4]: (1200, 28)
```

```
In [5]: data.columns
```

```
Out[5]: Index([u'EmpNumber', u'Age', u'Gender', u'EducationBackground',
              u'MaritalStatus', u'EmpDepartment', u'EmpJobRole',
              u'BusinessTravelFrequency', u'DistanceFromHome', u'EmpEducationLevel',
              u'EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction', u'EmpHourlyRate', u'EmpJobInvolvement',
              u'EmpJobLevel', u'EmpJobSatisfaction', u'NumCompaniesWorked',
              u'Overtime', u'EmpLastSalaryHikePercent',
              u'EmpRelationshipSatisfaction', u'TotalWorkExperienceInYears',
              u'TrainingTimesLastYear', u'EmpWorkLifeBalance',
              u'ExperienceYearsAtThisCompany', u'ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole',
              u'YearsSinceLastPromotion', u'YearsWithCurrManager', u'Attrition',
              u'PerformanceRating'],
              dtype='object')
```

In [6]: `data.head()`

Out[6]:

	EmpNumber	Age	Gender	EducationBackground	MaritalStatus	EmpDepartme
0	E1001000	32	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales
1	E1001006	47	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales
2	E1001007	40	Male	Life Sciences	Married	Sales
3	E1001009	41	Male	Human Resources	Divorced	Human Resources
4	E1001010	60	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales

5 rows × 28 columns

In [7]: `data.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1200 entries, 0 to 1199
Data columns (total 28 columns):
EmpNumber          1200 non-null object
Age                1200 non-null int64
Gender             1200 non-null object
EducationBackground 1200 non-null object
MaritalStatus      1200 non-null object
EmpDepartment      1200 non-null object
EmpJobRole         1200 non-null object
BusinessTravelFrequency 1200 non-null object
DistanceFromHome   1200 non-null int64
EmpEducationLevel  1200 non-null int64
EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction 1200 non-null int64
EmpHourlyRate      1200 non-null int64
EmpJobInvolvement  1200 non-null int64
EmpJobLevel        1200 non-null int64
EmpJobSatisfaction 1200 non-null int64
NumCompaniesWorked 1200 non-null int64
OverTime           1200 non-null object
EmpLastSalaryHikePercent 1200 non-null int64
EmpRelationshipSatisfaction 1200 non-null int64
TotalWorkExperienceInYears 1200 non-null int64
TrainingTimesLastYear 1200 non-null int64
EmpWorkLifeBalance 1200 non-null int64
ExperienceYearsAtThisCompany 1200 non-null int64
ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole 1200 non-null int64
YearsSinceLastPromotion 1200 non-null int64
YearsWithCurrManager 1200 non-null int64
Attrition          1200 non-null object
PerformanceRating  1200 non-null int64
dtypes: int64(19), object(9)
memory usage: 262.6+ KB
```

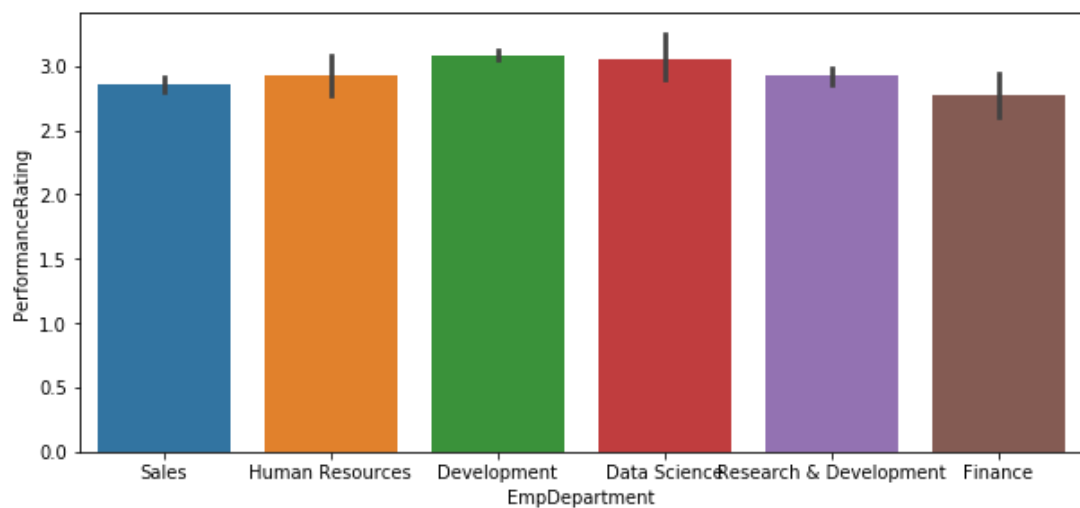
```
In [8]: dept = data.iloc[:,[5,27]].copy()  
dept_per = dept.copy()
```

```
In [9]: dept_per.groupby(by='EmpDepartment')['PerformanceRating'].mean()
```

```
Out[9]: EmpDepartment  
Data Science      3.050000  
Development       3.085873  
Finance           2.775510  
Human Resources   2.925926  
Research & Development 2.921283  
Sales             2.860590  
Name: PerformanceRating, dtype: float64
```

```
In [10]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,4.5))  
sns.barplot(dept_per['EmpDepartment'],dept_per['PerformanceRating'])
```

```
Out[10]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f078c105a50>
```

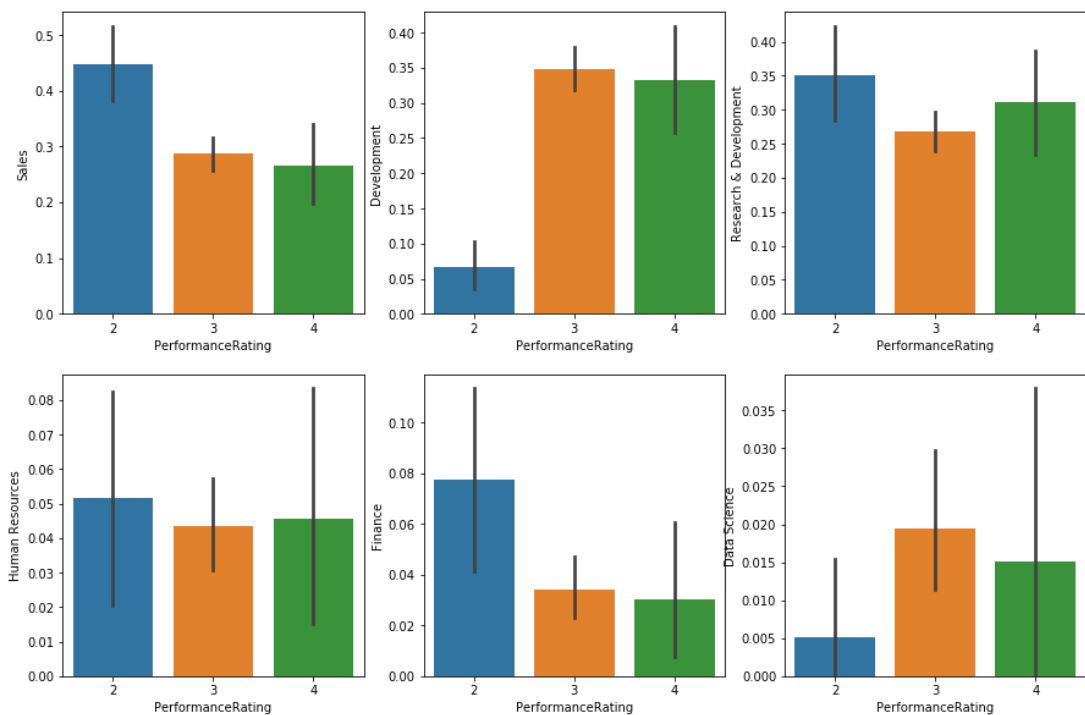


```
In [11]: dept_per.groupby(by='EmpDepartment')['PerformanceRating'].value_
counts()
```

```
Out[11]: EmpDepartment      PerformanceRating
Data Science              3              17
                        4              2
                        2              1
Development              3             304
                        4             44
                        2             13
Finance                  3             30
                        2             15
                        4              4
Human Resources          3             38
                        2             10
                        4              6
Research & Development  3             234
                        2             68
                        4             41
Sales                    3            251
                        2             87
                        4             35
Name: PerformanceRating, dtype: int64
```

```
In [12]: department = pd.get_dummies(dept_per['EmpDepartment'])
performance = pd.DataFrame(dept_per['PerformanceRating'])
dept_rating = pd.concat([department,performance],axis=1)
```

```
In [14]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
plt.subplot(2,3,1)
sns.barplot(dept_rating['PerformanceRating'],dept_rating['Sales
'])
plt.subplot(2,3,2)
sns.barplot(dept_rating['PerformanceRating'],dept_rating['Develo
pment'])
plt.subplot(2,3,3)
sns.barplot(dept_rating['PerformanceRating'],dept_rating['Resear
ch & Development'])
plt.subplot(2,3,4)
sns.barplot(dept_rating['PerformanceRating'],dept_rating['Human
Resources'])
plt.subplot(2,3,5)
sns.barplot(dept_rating['PerformanceRating'],dept_rating['Financ
e'])
plt.subplot(2,3,6)
sns.barplot(dept_rating['PerformanceRating'],dept_rating['Data S
cience'])
plt.show()
```



```
In [16]: #Data Processing
enc = LabelEncoder()
for i in (2,3,4,5,6,7,16,26):
    data.iloc[:,i] = enc.fit_transform(data.iloc[:,i])
data.head()
```

Out[16]:

	EmpNumber	Age	Gender	EducationBackground	MaritalStatus	EmpDepartme
0	E1001000	32	1	2	2	5
1	E1001006	47	1	2	2	5
2	E1001007	40	1	1	1	5
3	E1001009	41	1	0	0	3
4	E1001010	60	1	2	2	5

5 rows × 28 columns

In [17]: `data.corr()`

Out[17]:

	Age	Gender	EducationBackground	Ma
Age	1.000000	-0.040107	-0.055905	-0.0
Gender	-0.040107	1.000000	0.009922	-0.0
EducationBackground	-0.055905	0.009922	1.000000	-0.0
MaritalStatus	-0.098368	-0.042169	-0.001097	1.0
EmpDepartment	-0.000104	-0.010925	-0.026874	0.0
EmpJobRole	-0.037665	0.011332	-0.012325	0.0
BusinessTravelFrequency	0.040579	-0.043608	0.012382	0.0
DistanceFromHome	0.020937	-0.001507	-0.013919	-0.0
EmpEducationLevel	0.207313	-0.022960	-0.047978	0.0
EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction	0.013814	0.000033	0.045028	-0.0
EmpHourlyRate	0.062867	0.002218	-0.030234	-0.0
EmpJobInvolvement	0.027216	0.010949	-0.025505	-0.0
EmpJobLevel	0.509139	-0.050685	-0.056338	-0.0
EmpJobSatisfaction	-0.002436	0.024680	-0.030977	0.0
NumCompaniesWorked	0.284408	-0.036675	-0.032879	-0.0
OverTime	0.051910	-0.038410	0.007046	-0.0
EmpLastSalaryHikePercent	-0.006105	-0.005319	-0.009788	0.0
EmpRelationshipSatisfaction	0.049749	0.030707	0.005652	0.0
TotalWorkExperienceInYears	0.680886	-0.061055	-0.027929	-0.0
TrainingTimesLastYear	-0.016053	-0.057654	0.051596	0.0
EmpWorkLifeBalance	-0.019563	0.015793	0.022890	0.0
ExperienceYearsAtThisCompany	0.318852	-0.030392	-0.009887	-0.0
ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole	0.217163	-0.031823	-0.003215	-0.0
YearsSinceLastPromotion	0.228199	-0.021575	0.014277	-0.0
YearsWithCurrManager	0.205098	-0.036643	0.002767	-0.0
Attrition	-0.189317	0.035758	0.027161	0.1
PerformanceRating	-0.040164	-0.001780	0.005607	0.0

27 rows × 27 columns

In [18]: `data.drop(['EmpNumber'], inplace=True, axis=1)`

In [19]: `data.head()`

Out[19]:

	Age	Gender	EducationBackground	MaritalStatus	EmpDepartment	EmpJobRole
0	32	1	2	2	5	13
1	47	1	2	2	5	13
2	40	1	1	1	5	13
3	41	1	0	0	3	8
4	60	1	2	2	5	13

5 rows × 7 columns

In [40]: `y=data.PerformanceRating
X=data.iloc[:,[4,5,9,16,20,21,22,23,24]]
X.head()`

Out[40]:

	EmpDepartment	EmpJobRole	EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction	EmpLastSalaryHil
0	5	13	4	12
1	5	13	4	12
2	5	13	4	21
3	3	8	2	15
4	5	13	1	14

In [41]: `X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)`

In [42]: `sc=StandardScaler()
X_train=sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test=sc.transform(X_test)`

In [43]: `X_train.shape`

Out[43]: (840, 9)

In [44]: `X_test.shape`

Out[44]: (360, 9)

```
In [46]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
classifier_rfg=RandomForestClassifier(random_state=33,n_estimators=23)
parameters=[{'min_samples_split':[2,3,4,5], 'criterion':['gini', 'entropy'], 'min_samples_leaf':[1,2,3], 'min_samples_split':[2,3,4,5]}]
model_gridrf=GridSearchCV(estimator=classifier_rfg, param_grid=parameters, scoring='accuracy')
model_gridrf.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[46]: GridSearchCV(cv=None, error_score='raise',
                    estimator=RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, class_weight=None, criterion='gini',
                    max_depth=None, max_features='auto', max_leaf_nodes=None,
                    min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,
                    min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,
                    min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, n_estimators=23, n_jobs=1,
                    oob_score=False, random_state=33, verbose=0, warm_start=False),
                    fit_params=None, iid=True, n_jobs=1,
                    param_grid=[{'min_samples_split': [2, 3, 4, 5], 'criterion': ['gini', 'entropy'], 'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 3]}],
                    pre_dispatch='2*n_jobs', refit=True, return_train_score='warn',
                    scoring='accuracy', verbose=0)
```

```
In [47]: model_gridrf.best_params_
```

```
Out[47]: {'criterion': 'entropy', 'min_samples_leaf': 2, 'min_samples_split': 2}
```

```
In [48]: y_predict_rf = model_gridrf.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [49]: print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_predict_rf))
print(classification_report(y_test,y_predict_rf))
```

```
0.9305555555555556
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
2	0.92	0.89	0.90	63
3	0.94	0.97	0.96	264
4	0.83	0.73	0.77	33
avg / total	0.93	0.93	0.93	360

```
In [50]: confusion_matrix(y_test,y_predict_rf)
```

```
Out[50]: array([[ 56,   7,   0],
                [  4, 255,   5],
                [  1,   8,  24]])
```