

NAME:- MUHAMMAD HAMZAH IQBAL

REGISTRATION #:- F 24604018

QUIZ 03

Q Find the area bounded by $y = x^3$ and $y = x$ along the y axis.

*First we make x the subject in both functions.

$$\begin{aligned} y &= x^3 \\ \Rightarrow \text{Taking Cube root} \quad \sqrt[3]{y} &= \sqrt[3]{x^3} \\ \sqrt[3]{y} &= x \\ x &= \sqrt[3]{y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= x \\ x &= y \end{aligned}$$

Step 1:- Finding Intervals:-

\Rightarrow Equating both functions

$$\sqrt[3]{y} = y$$

$$(\sqrt[3]{y})^3 = (y)^3$$

$$y = y^3$$

$$y^3 - y = 0$$

$$y(y^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$y = 0$$

$$y^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$y^2 = 1$$

$$y = \pm 1$$

$$y = \pm 1$$

Step 2:- Sign Test

$$\begin{array}{c} -1 \quad \quad \quad 0 \quad \quad \quad +1 \end{array}$$

\Rightarrow Finding point between interval $[-1, 0]$

$$y = -0.5$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{y}$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{-0.5}$$

\therefore Lower Curve $x = -0.79$

$$x = y$$

$$x = -0.5$$

\therefore Upper Curve

Finding point between interval $[0, 1]$

$$y = +0.5$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{y}$$

$$x = y$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{0.5}$$

$$x = 0.5$$

$$x = 0.79$$

\therefore lower Curve

\therefore Upper Curve

Step 3:- Finding Area

$$A_T = A_1 + A_2$$

$$A_T = \left[\int_{-1}^0 (y - \sqrt[3]{y}) dy \right] + \left[\int_0^1 (\sqrt[3]{y} - y) dy \right]$$

$$A_T = \left[\int_{-1}^0 y dy - \int_{-1}^0 \sqrt[3]{y} dy \right] + \left[\int_0^1 \sqrt[3]{y} dy - \int_0^1 y dy \right]$$

$$A_T = \left[\int_{-1}^0 \frac{y^2}{2} - \int_{-1}^0 \frac{y^{4/3}}{4/3} \right] + \left[\int_0^1 \frac{y^{4/3}}{4/3} - \int_0^1 \frac{y^2}{2} \right]$$

$$A_T = \left[\int_{-1}^0 \frac{y^2}{2} - \int_{-1}^0 \frac{3y^{4/3}}{4} \right] + \left[\int_0^1 \frac{3y^{4/3}}{4} - \int_0^1 \frac{y^2}{2} \right]$$

$$A_T = \left[\left[\frac{(0)^2}{2} - \frac{(-1)^2}{2} \right] - \left[\frac{3(0)^{4/3}}{4} - \frac{3(-1)^{4/3}}{4} \right] \right] + \left[\left[\frac{3(1)^{4/3}}{4} - 0 \right] - \left[\frac{(1)^2}{2} - 0 \right] \right]$$

$$A_T = \left[\left[0 - \frac{1}{2} \right] - \left[0 - \frac{3}{4} \right] \right] + \left[\left[\frac{3}{4} \right] - \left[\frac{1}{2} \right] \right]$$

$$A_T = 0.25 + 0.25$$

$$A_T = 0.5$$