

BTree



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1-Objective

The objective of the assignment is implementing BTree and dealing efficiently with its basic operations with preserving the properties of Btree and – as an application – implementing a simple search engine to deal with files in the hard disk

2-Introduction

B-Tress are balanced search trees designed to work well on disks or other direct-access secondary storage devices.

It's used frequently to store information mainly in database systems

3-Main Method Time Complexity

	Best case	Average	Worst Case
Insertion	O(1)	O(tLog _t n)	O(tLog _t n)
deletion	O(1)	O(tLog _t n)	O(tLog _t n)
search	O(1)	O(tLog _t n)	O(tLog _t n)
indexWebPage	O(cnt * tLog _t n)	O(cnt * tLog _t n)	O(cnt * tLog _t n)
SearchWordRanking	O(tLog _t n)	O(tLog _t n)	O(tLog _t n)
DeleteWebPage	O(cnt * tLog _t n)	O(cnt * tLog _t n)	O(cnt * tLog _t n)

Note

n: the number of nodes in the treet: is the minimum degree of the treecnt: is the number of words in the file

4-Space Complexity

All these methods use Btree to get and maintain data so we aren't considering the space complexity of it $(O(tLog_tn))$.

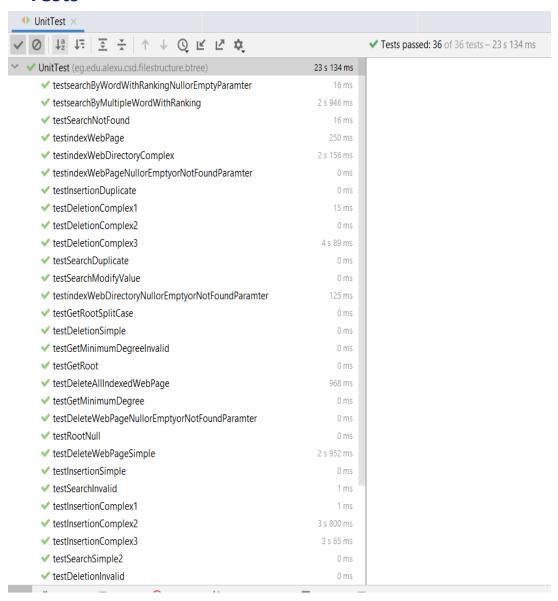
Method	Complexity	
Insertion	O(1)	
deletion	O(1)	
search	O(1)	
indexWebPage	O(cnt)	
SearchWordRanking	O(1)	
DeleteWebPage	O(cnt)	

Note

n: the number of nodes in the treet: is the minimum degree of the treecnt: is the number of words in the file

5-Screen shots

I- Tests



II- Merge Subroutine

1)

```
void merge(IBTreeNode<K, V> parent, int idx) {
     List<IBTreeNode<K, V>> children = parent.getChildren();
     IBTreeNode<K, V> ch1 = children.get(idx);
     IBTreeNode<K, V> ch2 = children.get(idx + 1);
     List<K> parentKeys = parent.getKeys();
     List<V> parentValues = parent.getValues();
     K key = parentKeys.get(idx);
     v value = parentValues.get(idx);
     parentKeys.remove(idx);
     parentValues.remove(idx);
     List<K> mergedKeysList = ch1.getKeys();
     List<V> mergedValuesList = ch1.getValues();
     List<IBTreeNode<K, V>> mergedChildrenList = ch1.getChildren();
     mergedKeysList.add(key);
     mergedValuesList.add(value);
     /* add keys and values to the merged List */
     for (int \underline{i} = 0; \underline{i} < ch2.getKeys().size(); <math>\underline{i} ++) {
         mergedKeysList.add(ch2.getKeys().get(<u>i</u>));
         mergedValuesList.add(ch2.getValues().get(<u>i</u>));
     /*add the children of the sibling to the merged list */
     if (mergedChildrenList != null) {
         for (int \underline{i} = 0; \underline{i} < ch2.getChildren().size(); <math>\underline{i}++) {
              IBTreeNode<K, V> child = ch2.getChildren().get(<u>i</u>);
              mergedChildrenList.add(child);
     children.remove( index idx + 1);
     children.remove(idx);
     children.add(idx, ch1);
     parent.setChildren(children);
     parent.setKeys(parentKeys);
     parent.setValues(parentValues);
     parent.setNumOfKeys(parentKeys.size());
```

III- Split subroutine

```
private void split(IBTreeNode<K, V> parent, int idx) {
       if (parent == null || parent.getChildren() == null || parent.getChildren().get(idx) == null) {
    System.out.println("Unexpected corrupted data in the split function");
               LocalException.throwRunTimeErrorException();
      JBTreeNode<K, V> target = parent.getChildren().get(idx);
IBTreeNode<K, V> newNode = new BTreeNode<>();
newNode.setLeaf(target.isLeaf());
      List<K> keys = new ArrayList<>();
List<V> val = new ArrayList<>();
      List(V) var = new ArrayList();

List(X) newTargetKeys = new ArrayList()();

List(V) newTargetValues = new ArrayList()();

K medianKey = target.getKeys().get(minimumDegree - 1);

V medianValue = target.getValues().get(minimumDegree - 1);
       for (int i = 0; i < minimumDegree - 1; i++) {
   keys.add(target.getKeys().get(i + minimumDegree));
   val.add(target.getValues().get(i + minimumDegree));</pre>
              newTargetKeys.add(target.getKeys().get(i));
newTargetValues.add(target.getValues().get(i));
       newNode.setKeys(keys);
newNode.setValues(val);
        newNode.setNumOfKeys(keys.size());
       target.setKeys(newTargetKeys);
      target.setkeys(newlargetkeys);
target.setValues(newlargetValues);
target.setNumOfKeys(keys.size());
if (InewNode.isleaf()) {
    List<IBTreeNode<K, \>> children = new ArrayList<>();
    List*IBTreeNode<K, \>> newTargetChildren = new ArrayList<>();
    for (int i = 0; i < minimumDegree; i++) {</pre>
                      children.add(target.getChildren().get(i + minimumDegree));
                      newTargetChildren.add(target.getChildren().get(i));
               target.setChildren(newTargetChildren);
              newNode.setChildren(children);
       Shift parent nodes so that we make the median place ready for the median element
       List<K> parentKeys = parent.getKeys();
       List
List
List
parenttyalues = parent.getValues();
List<IBTreeNode</pre>
List<IBTreeNode</pre>
List
parent.getChildren();
children.add(idx + 1, newNode);
       parentKeys.add(idx, medianKey);
parentValues.add(idx, medianValue);
       parent.setValues(parentValues);
parent.setChildren(children);
        parent.setKeys(parentKeys);
       parent.setNumOfKeys(parent.getKeys().size());
```