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Chapter 1. FEATURES FOR PLATFORMS AND SOFTWARE

This section lists the supported TensorRT features based on which platform and software.

Table 1 List of supported features per platform.

	Linux x86-64	Windows x64	Linux ppc64le	Linux AArch64
Supported CUDA versions	► 11.0 RC ► 10.2	11.0 RC	11.0 RC	10.2
Supported cuDNN versions	cuDNN 8.0.0 Preview	cuDNN 8.0.0 Preview	cuDNN 8.0.0 Preview	cuDNN 8.0.0 Preview
TensorRT Python API	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
NvUffParser	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
NvOnnxParser	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Loops	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



Serialized engines are not portable across platforms or TensorRT versions.

Chapter 2. LAYERS AND FEATURES

The section lists the supported TensorRT layers and each of the features.

Table 2 List of supported features per TensorRT layer.

Layer	Dimensions of input tensor	Dimensions of output tensor	Does the operation apply to only the innermost 3 dimensions?	Supports broadcast (see Note 1)	Supports broadcast across batch (see Note 2)
<u>IActivationLayer</u>	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IConcatenationLa</u>	<u>ayle</u> i7 dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IConstantLayer</u>	has no inputs	0-7 dimensions	No	No	Always
IConvolutionLayer > 2D Convolution	r3 or more dimensions	3 or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
IConvolutionLayer > 3D Convolution	r4 or more dimensions	4 or more dimensions	No	No	No
IDeconvolutionLay		3 or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
IDeconvolutionLa > 3D Deconvolution	y e or more dimensions	4 or more dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IElementWiseLay</u>	eo-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	Yes	Yes

Layer	Dimensions of input tensor	Dimensions of output tensor	Does the operation apply to only the innermost 3 dimensions?	Supports broadcast (see Note 1)	Supports broadcast across batch (see Note 2)
<u>IFillLayer</u>	1 dimension	0-7 dimensions	No	NA	NA
IFullyConnected	ഷ്യ er more dimensions	3 or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
IGatherLayer	► Input1: 1-7 dimensions ► Input2: 0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	Yes
IldentityLayer	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IlteratorLayer</u>	IteratorLayer 1-7 dimensions		No	No	NA
<u>ILoopOutputLaye</u>	r0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	NA
ILRNLayer	3 or more dimensions	3 or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
<u>IMatrixMultiplyLa</u>	<u>ye</u> or more dimensions	2 or more dimensions	No	Yes	Yes
<u>IPaddingLayer</u>	3 or more dimensions	3 or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
<u>IParametricReluL</u>	<u>alye7r</u> dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IPluginLayer</u>	User defined	User defined	User defined	User defined	User defined
IPluginV2Layer	User defined	User defined	User defined	User defined	User defined
IPoolingLayer > 2D Pooling	3 or more dimensions	3 or more dimensions	Yes	Yes	Yes
IPoolingLayer > 3D Pooling	4 or more dimensions	4 or more dimensions	No	Yes	Yes
IRaggedSoftMaxL	Input: 2 dimensions Bounds: 2 dimensions	2 or more dimensions	No	No	Yes

Layer	Dimensions of input tensor	Dimensions of output tensor	Does the operation apply to only the innermost 3 dimensions?	Supports broadcast (see Note 1)	Supports broadcast across batch (see Note 2)
IRecurrenceLaye	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	NA
<u>IReduceLayer</u>	1-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IResizeLayer</u>	1-7 dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	No
IRNNLayer	3 dimensions	3 dimensions	No	No	No
IRNNv2Layer	➤ Data/ Hidden/ Cell: 2 or more dimensions ➤ Seqlen: 0 or more dimensions	Data/Hidden/ Cell: 2 or more dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IScaleLayer</u>	3 or more dimensions	3 or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
<u>ISelectLayer</u>	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	Yes	NA
<u>IShapeLayer</u>	1 or more dimensions	1 dimension	No	No	NA
IShuffleLayer	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>ISliceLayer</u>	1-7 dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	Yes
<u>ISoftMaxLayer</u>	1-7 dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	Yes
ITopKLayer	1-7 dimensions	➤ Output1: 1-7 dimensions ➤ Output2: 1-7 dimensions	Yes	No	Yes
<u>ITripLimitLayer</u>	0 dimensions	has no outputs	No	No	NA

Layer	Dimensions of input tensor	Dimensions of output tensor	Does the operation apply to only the innermost 3 dimensions?	Supports broadcast (see Note 1)	Supports broadcast across batch (see Note 2)
<u>IUnaryLayer</u>	1-7 dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	No



- 1. Indicates support for broadcast in this layer. This layer allows its two input tensors to be of dimensions [1, 5, 4, 3] and [1, 5, 1, 1], and its output is [1, 5, 4, 3]. The second input tensor has been broadcast in the innermost 2 dimensions.
- 2. Indicates support for broadcast across the batch dimension. "NA" in this column means it's not allowed in networks with an implicit batch dimension.

For more information about each of the TensorRT layers, see TensorRT Layers.

Chapter 3. LAYERS AND PRECISION

The section lists the TensorRT layers and the precision modes that each layer supports. It also lists the ability of the layer to run on Deep Learning Accelerator (DLA).

For more information about additional constraints, see DLA Supported Layers.

For more information about each of the TensorRT layers, see TensorRT Layers. To view a list of the specific attributes that are supported by each layer, refer to the TensorRT API documentation.

Table 3 List of supported precision modes per TensorRT layer.

Layer	FP32	FP16	INT8	INT32	DLA FP16	DLA INT8
IActivationLay	e Y es	Yes	Yes	No	Yes ¹	Yes ²
IConcatenation	n Yæ şer	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ³	Yes ³
IConstantLaye	r Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
IConvolutionLa > 2D Convolution	<u>ıykes</u>	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes ⁴
IConvolutionLa > 3D Convolution	<u>lyXe</u> rs	Yes	No	No	No	No
IDeconvolution > 2D Deconvolution		Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes ⁵

Partial support. Yes for ReLU, sigmoid and TanH activation types only.

Partial support. Yes for ReLU activation type only.

Partial support. Yes for concatenation across C dimension only.

⁴ Partial support. *Yes* for ungrouped convolutions and *No* for grouped.

⁵ Partial support. *Yes* for ungrouped deconvolutions and *No* for grouped.

Layer	FP32	FP16	INT8	INT32	DLA FP16	DLA INT8
IDeconvolution > 3D Deconvolution		Yes	No	No	No	No
<u>IElementWisel</u>	.alyeesr	Yes	No	Yes	Yes ⁶	Yes ⁷
<u>IFillLayer</u>	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No
IFullyConnecte	ed les yer	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
<u>IGatherLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
IldentityLayer	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
IlteratorLayer	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
<u>ILoopOutputLa</u>	ı yXe rs	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
IPluginV2Laye	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
ILRNLayer	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
<u>IMatrixMultiply</u>	/LYeyser	Yes	No	No	No	No
<u>IPaddingLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
<u>IParametricRe</u>	.u Yes yer	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
<u>IPluginLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
IPoolingLayer > 2D Pooling	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes ⁸	Yes ⁸
IPoolingLayer > 3D Pooling	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
IRaggedSoftMa	x Yes yer	No	No	No	No	No
IRecurrenceLa	y ¥e s	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
IReduceLayer	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
IResizeLayer	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
IRNNLayer	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
IRNNv2Layer	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
<u>IScaleLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes ⁹	Yes ⁹

Partial support. Yes for sum, sub, prod, min and max elementwise operations only.
Partial support. Yes for sum elementwise operation only.
Partial support. Yes for max and average pooling type only.
Partial support. DLA does not support power on scale layer.

Layer	FP32	FP16	INT8	INT32	DLA FP16	DLA INT8
<u>ISelectLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
IShapeLayer ¹⁰	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
<u>IShuffleLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
<u>ISliceLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	No ¹¹	Yes	No	No
<u>ISoftMaxLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
<u>ITopKLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
ITripLimitLaye	<u>r</u> Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
<u>IUnaryLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No



DLA with FP16/INT8 precision with some restrictions on layer parameters.

Output is always INT32.

Partial support. *Yes* for unstrided Slice and *No* for strided.

Chapter 4. HARDWARE AND PRECISION

The following table lists NVIDIA hardware and which precision modes each hardware supports. TensorRT supports all NVIDIA hardware with capability SM 5.0 or higher. It also lists the availability of Deep Learning Accelerator (DLA) on this hardware. Refer to the following tables for the specifics.



Support for CUDA Compute Capability version 3.0 has been removed. Support for CUDA Compute Capability versions below 5.0 may be removed in a future release and is now deprecated.

Table 4 Supported hardware

CUDA Compute Capability	-	TF32	FP32	FP16	INT8	FP16 Tensor Cores	INT8 Tensor Cores	DLA
8.0	NVIDIA A100/ GA100 GPU	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
7.5	Tesla T4	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
7.2	Jetson AGX Xavier	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7.0	Tesla V100	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
6.2	Jetson TX2	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
6.1	Tesla P4	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No

CUDA Compute Capability	-	TF32	FP32	FP16	INT8	FP16 Tensor Cores	INT8 Tensor Cores	DLA
6.0	Tesla P100	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
5.3	Jetson TX1	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
5.2	Tesla M4	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
5.0	Quadro K2200	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
3.7	Tesla K80	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
3.5	Tesla K40	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
3.0	Tesla K10	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

Deprecated hardware

Table 5 List of supported precision mode per hardware.

CUDA Compute Capability	Example Device	FP32	FP16	INT8	FP16 Tensor Cores	INT8 Tensor Cores	DLA
3.7	Tesla K80	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
3.5	Tesla K40	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

Removed hardware

Table 6 List of supported precision mode per hardware.

CUDA Compute Capability	Example Device	FP32	FP16	INT8	FP16 Tensor Cores	INT8 Tensor Cores	DLA
3.0	Tesla K10	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

Chapter 5. SOFTWARE VERSIONS PER PLATFORM

The section lists the supported software versions based on platform.

Table 7 List of supported platforms per software version.

	Compiler version	Python version	
Ubuntu 16.04 x86-64	gcc 5.4.0	2.7, 3.5	
Ubuntu 18.04 x86-64	gcc 7.4.0	2.7, 3.6	
CentOS 7.6 x86-64	gcc 4.8.5	2.7, 3.6	
Windows 10 x64	MSVC 2017u5	NA	
Ubuntu 18.04 ppc64le	gcc 7.4.0	2.7, 3.6	
Ubuntu 18.04 AArch64	gcc 7.4.0	2.7, 3.6	

Chapter 6. SUPPORTED OPS

The section lists the operations that are supported in a Caffe or TensorFlow framework and in the ONNX TensorRT parser.

Caffe

These are the operations that are supported in a Caffe framework:

- BatchNormalization
- ▶ BNLL
- ▶ Clip¹²
- ▶ Concatenation
- Convolution
- Crop
- Deconvolution
- Dropout
- ElementWise
- ▶ ELU
- InnerProduct
- Input
- LeakyReLU
- LRN
- Permute
- Pooling
- Power
- Reduction
- ReLU, TanH, and Sigmoid
- Reshape
- SoftMax

When using the Clip operation, Caffe users must serialize their layers using ditcaffe.pb.h instead of caffe.pb.h in order to import the layer into TensorRT.

Scale

TensorFlow

These are the operations that are supported in a TensorFlow framework:

- Add, Sub, Mul, Div, Minimum and Maximum
- ArgMax
- ArgMin
- AvgPool
- BiasAdd
- ▶ Clip
- ▶ ConcatV2
- Const
- ▶ Conv2D
- ConvTranspose2D
- DepthwiseConv2dNative
- ▶ Elu
- ExpandDims
- ▶ FusedBatchNorm
- Identity
- LeakyReLU
- MaxPool
- Mean
- Negative, Abs, Sqrt, Recip, Rsqrt, Pow, Exp and Log
- Pad is supported if followed by one of these TensorFlow layers: Conv2D, DepthwiseConv2dNative, MaxPool, and AvgPool.
- Placeholder
- ReLU, TanH, and Sigmoid
- ▶ Relu6
- Reshape
- Sin, Cos, Tan, Asin, Acos, Atan, Sinh, Cosh, Asinh, Acosh, Atanh, Ceil and Floor
- Selu
- Slice
- SoftMax



If the input to a TensorFlow softMax op is not NHWC, TensorFlow will automatically insert a transpose layer with a non-constant permutation, causing the UFF converter to fail. It is therefore advisable to manually transpose softMax inputs to NHWC using a constant permutation.

- Softplus
- Softsign
- Transpose

For the list of ops supported in UFF, see <u>UFF Operators</u>.

ONNX

Since the ONNX parser is an open source project, the most up-to-date information regarding the supported operations can be found <u>here</u>.

These are the operations that are supported in the ONNX framework:

- Abs
- Acos
- Acosh
- And
- Asin
- Asinh
- Atan
- Atanh
- Add
- ArgMax
- ArgMin
- AveragePool
- BatchNormalization
- Cast
- Ceil
- Clip
- Concat
- Constant
- ConstantOfShape
- Conv
- ConvTranspose
- Cos
- Cosh
- DepthToSpace
- DequantizeLinear
- Div
- Dropout
- Elu
- Equal

- ▶ Erf
- Exp
- Expand
- Flatten
- Floor
- Gather
- Gemm
- GlobalAveragePool
- ▶ GlobalMaxPool
- Greater
- GRU
- HardSigmoid
- Identity
- ImageScaler
- InstanceNormalization
- LRN
- LeakyRelU
- Less
- Log
- LogSoftmax
- Loop
- LRN
- ▶ LSTM
- MatMul
- Max
- MaxPool
- Mean
- Min
- Mul
- Neg
- Not
- ▶ Or
- Pad
- ParametricSoftplus
- ▶ Pow
- PRelu
- QuantizeLinear
- RandomUniform
- RandomUniformLike

- Range
- Reciprocal
- ▶ ReduceL1
- ▶ ReduceL2
- ▶ ReduceLogSum
- ReduceLogSumExp
- ReduceMax
- ReduceMean
- ReduceMin
- ReduceProd
- ReduceSum
- ReduceSumSquare
- Relu
- Reshape
- Resize
- ► RNN
- ScaledTanh
- Scan
- Selu
- Shape
- Sigmoid
- Sin
- Sinh
- Size
- Slice
- Softmax
- Softplus
- Softsign
- SpaceToDepth
- Split
- Sqrt
- Squeeze
- Sub
- Sum
- Tan
- Tanh
- ThresholdedRelu
- ► Tile
- TopK

- Transpose
- Unsqueeze
- Upsample
- Where

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