### 实验二、Three languages for algebraic expressions

#### 一、实验目的

For this lab, you will study and work on the problems about three languages for algebraic expressions. There are three languages for algebraic expressions:

- Infix: An operator appears between its operands.
- Prefix: An operator appears before its operands.
- Postfix: An operator appears after its operands.

In all three versions, the operands occur in the same order, and just the operators must be moved to keep the meaning correct. A fully parenthesized infix algebraic expression is an infix algebraic expression where every operator and its operands are contained in parentheses.

## 二、使用仪器、材料

Computer

### 三、实验内容

Convert the following infix expressions into fully parenthesized infix expressions. And then convert each fully parenthesized infix expression into to prefix and postfix. Compare your results with others.

### 四、实验步骤及过程记录

```
1.Fully parenthesized: ((A + (B * C)) + D)
Prefix: + + A * BCD
Postfix: ABC * + D +
2.Fully parenthesized: ((A + B) * (C + D))
Prefix: * + AB + CD
Postfix: AB + CD + *
3.Fully parenthesized: ((A * B) + (C * D))
Prefix: + * AB * CD
Postfix: AB * CD * +
4.Fully parenthesized:(((A + B) + C) + D)
```

Prefix:+++ABCD Postfix:AB+C+D+

# 五、实验收获与体会

- 1.In-depth study of prefix, postfix, and fully parenthesized infix expressions.
- 2.Learned to convert between three expressions.
- 3.Understood the relationship between algebraic expression conversions and stack operations