IAIA Final Project

ShoeBot : automated shoes organizing system

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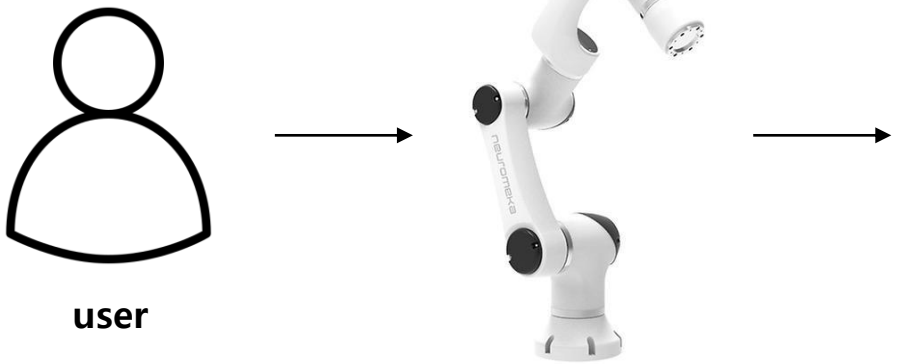
▣ Problem definition

Background and proposal

[source : A shoe rack in a lap]



Implementation of automated shoes organizing system based on robot arm

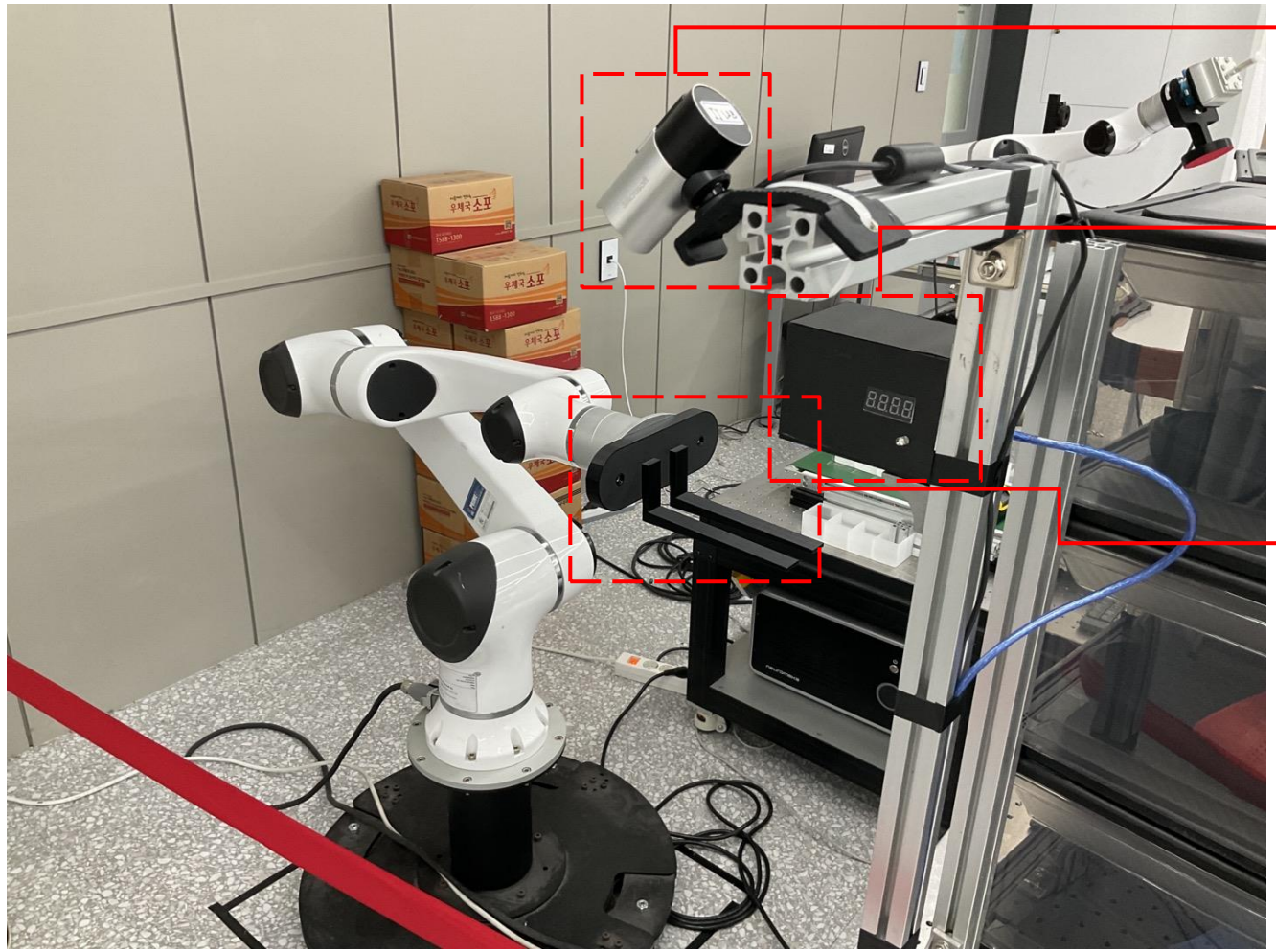
▣ System architecture

Hardware architecture

- Specify index for each shoe rack
- Configure the software to work with assigned indexes as well
- To continuously update the presence or absence of shoes in the shoebox corresponding to each index

▣ System architecture

Hardware architecture



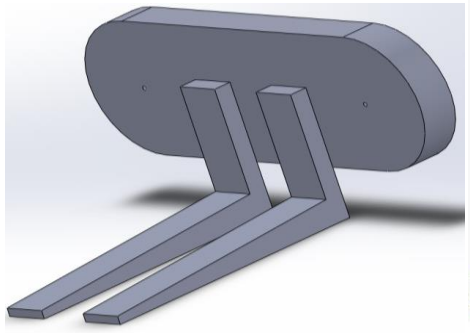
Microsoft life cam studio

- Utilized to determine user behavior

Visual display using arduino uno

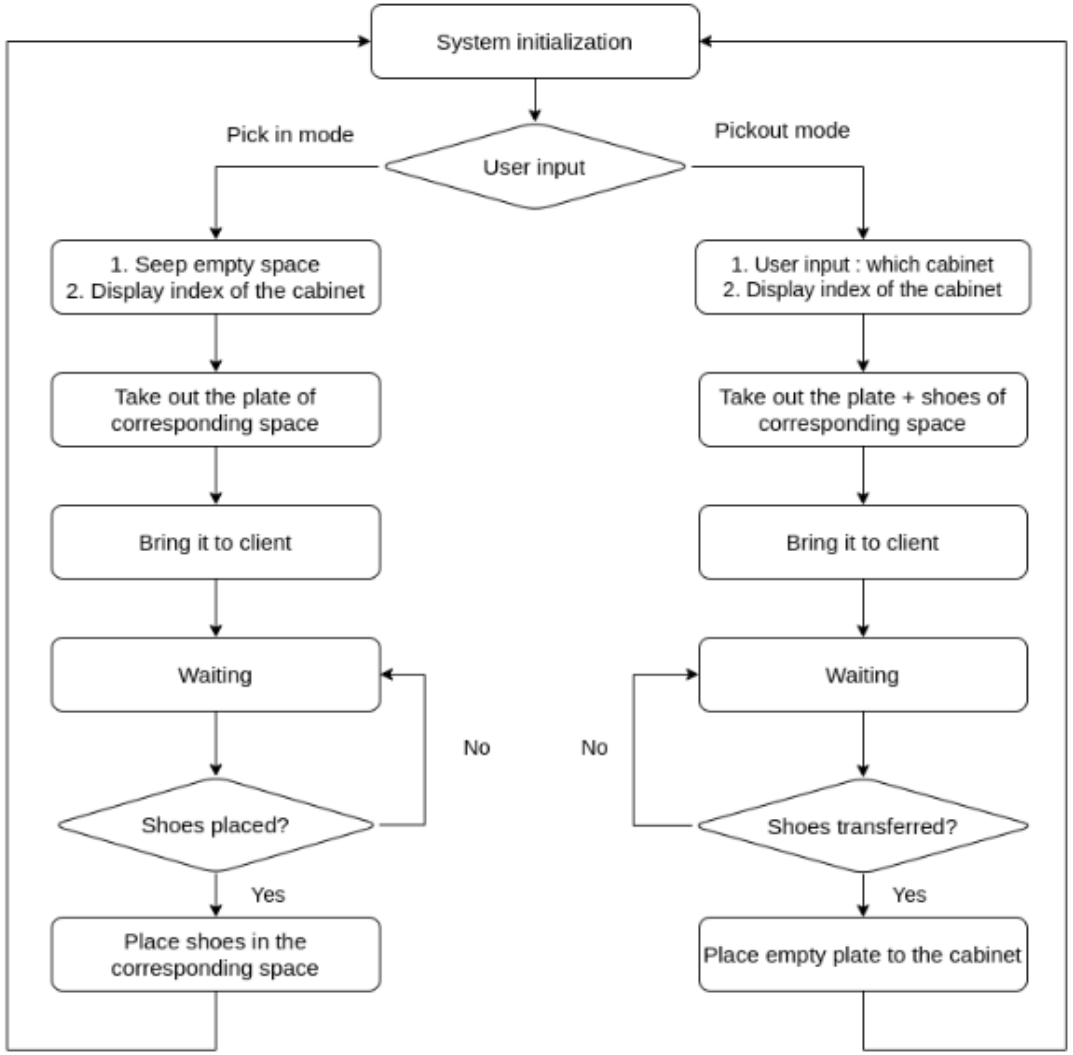
- 4-bit digital tube module
- RGB LED sensor

Manufacture of robot end effecter joint

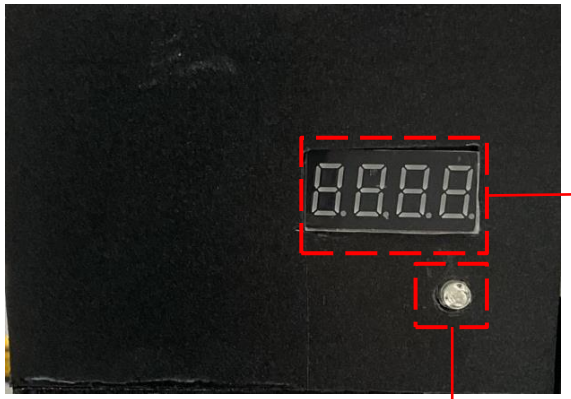


▣ System architecture

Flow chart



- Microprocessor behavior during manipulation :



4 bit digital tube module

1) Pickin mode

- Display which cabinet is assigned

2) Pickout mode

- Display which cabinet is selected

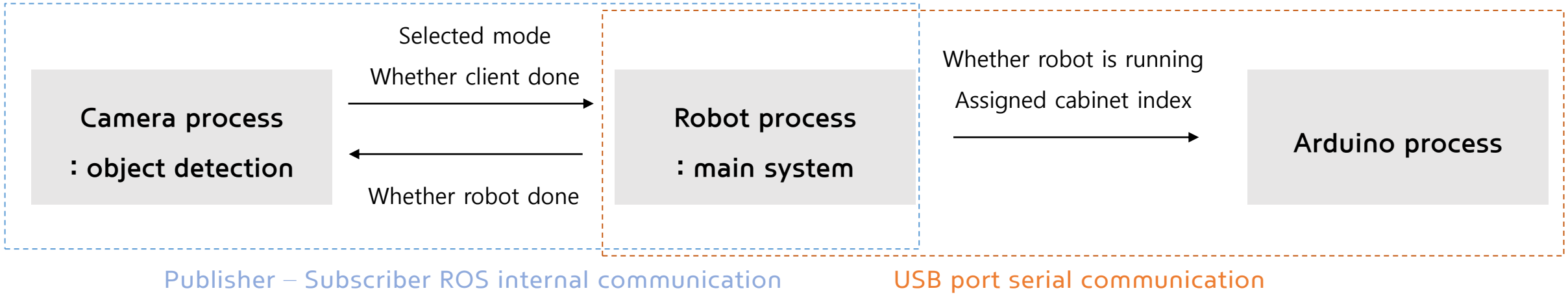
RGB LED module

1) When robot is running : red light as danger alarm

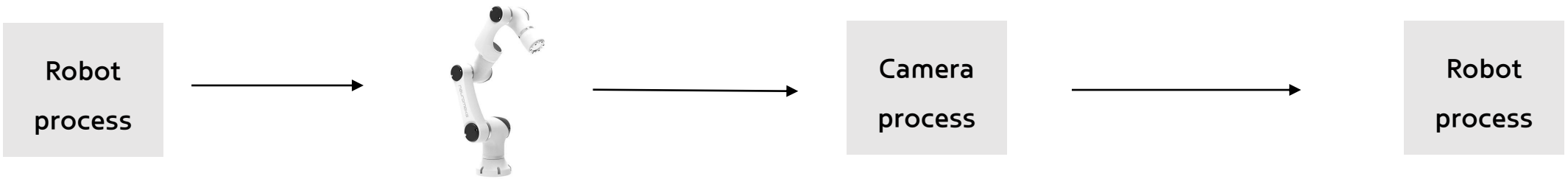
2) When robot is stopped : blue light for safety alarm

▣ System architecture

Software architecture



Example : shoes pickin mode

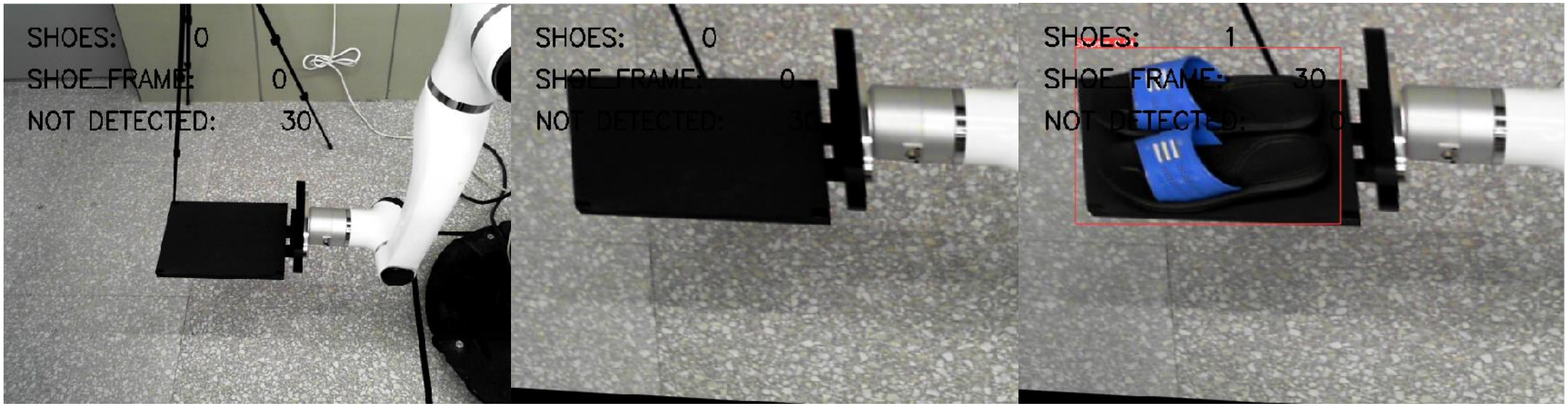


▣ Camera

Object detection

- Object detection based on YOLO V5
- Training data : 147 images of shoes
- opencv inverse perspective mapping

  : Change frame to top-down view



[frame with inverse perspective mapping]

▣ Robot

Robot manipulation

- Instability for path setting with absolute, relative coordinate → determined to use joint command
- Organized system to save the joint commands required for each path planning and sequentially applied
- Example)

```
""" cabinet 0 planning [PICK IN] : SIMULATION COMPLETE """

caninet_0_pickin_0 = [1.46, -10.19, 88.52, 3.86, 7.94, -3.94]
caninet_0_pickin_1 = [1.40, -1.02, 79.55, 3.86, 7.92, -3.94]
caninet_0_pickin_2 = [1.36, 22.27, 53.24, 3.86, 7.88, -3.94]
caninet_0_pickin_3 = [1.38, 21.09, 53.30, 3.86, 7.91, -3.94]
caninet_0_pickin_4 = [1.35, -23.88, 99.58, 3.86, 7.94, -3.94]

cabinet_0_in_planning = [caninet_0_pickin_0, caninet_0_pickin_1, caninet_0_pickin_2, caninet_0_pickin_3, caninet_0_pickin_4]
```

```
"""-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------"""
def jointSet(jointList) :

    targetJoint = [jointList[0]*DEG2RAD, jointList[1]*DEG2RAD, jointList[2]*DEG2RAD , jointList[3]*DEG2RAD , jointList[4]*DEG2RAD ,
                   jointList[5]*DEG2RAD]

    return targetJoint
```

```
"""-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------"""
def jointPlanning(planning) :

    indy10_interface = MoveGroupPythonInterface()

    for action in planning :

        indy10_interface.go_to_joint_state(jointSet(action))

        time.sleep(0.3)
```

Path planning

Unit conversion of degree value to radian for each joint command

Apply actual commands to the robot based on the converted value

▣ Robot manipulation

Original manipulation

- Long time consumed for RVIZ update
- Problem with the next command taking too long

Command to robot

Update RVIZ state with corresponding command

Compare current & RVIZ state

- Apply next command if difference < tolerance

Changed manipulation

- Sequential command applying got faster
- Slowing down problem as ROS running time increases still exists

Command to robot

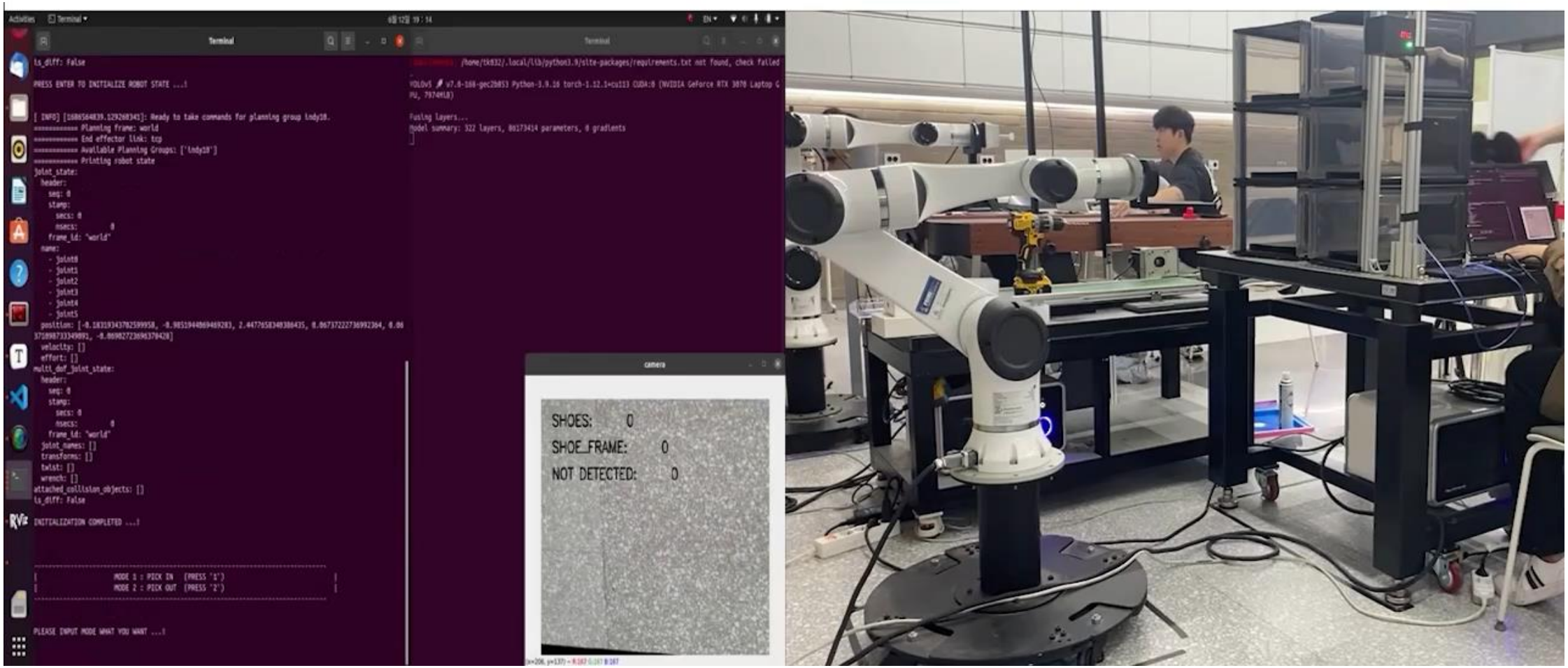
Self judgment of whether the command has completed

If judged to be complete, next command is applied

▣ Result (Demo video)

Pickin mode

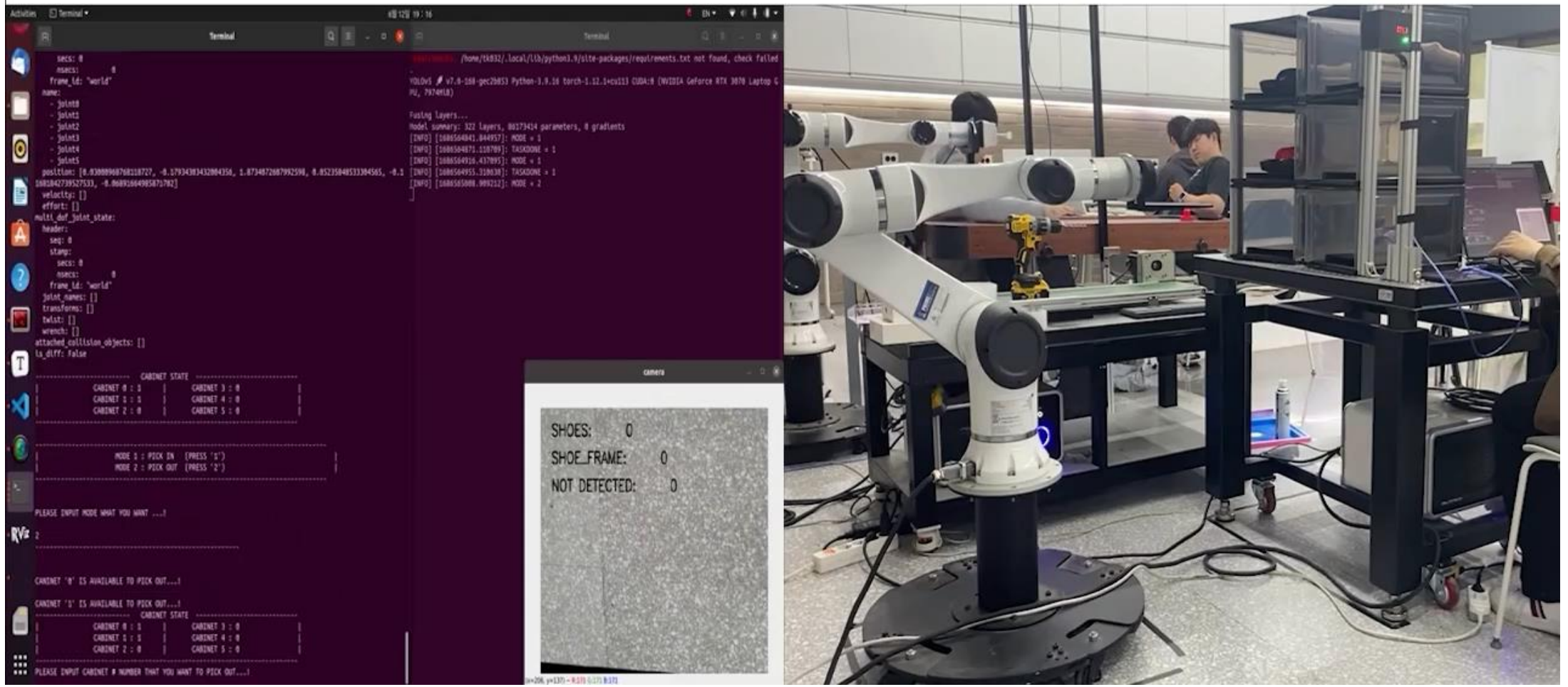
Demo video (left : terminal / right : robot manipulation)



▣ Result (Demo video)

Pickout mode

Demo video (left : terminal / right : robot manipulation)



▣ Result

Performance evaluation

- A total of 5 insertion and removal operations are performed for each compartment analysis is performed
- Analysis of camera recognition accuracy
- Evaluation index : success rate [%]

	Pickin	Pickout	Object detection
cabinet 0	100 [%]	100 [%]	100 [%] Average confidence : 0.93
cabinet 1	100 [%]	100 [%]	
cabinet 2	100 [%]	100 [%]	
cabinet 3	100 [%]	100 [%]	
cabinet 4	100 [%]	100 [%]	
cabinet 5	100 [%]	100 [%]	

- High accuracy joint commands & High accuracy achieved by applying deep learning in static situations

Thank you