# Time Series Analysis

Homework of week 6

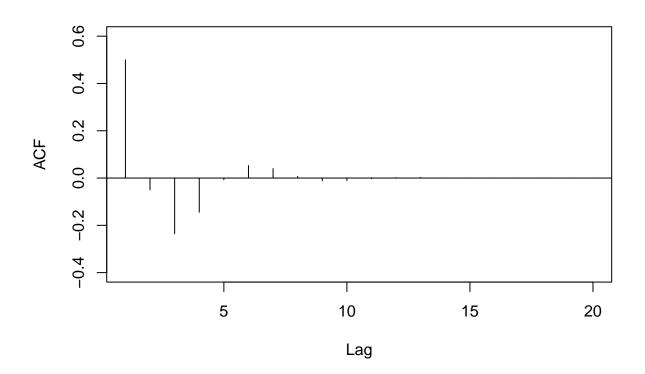
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#### 6.27

```
set.seed(996)
series <- arima.sim(n = 72, list(ar = c(0.7, -0.4)))
```

(a)

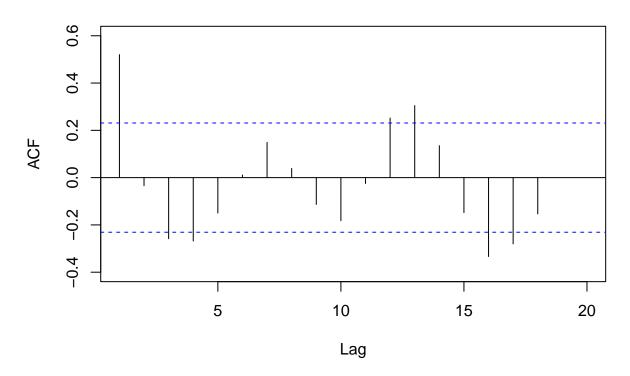
```
ACF <- ARMAacf(ar = c(0.7, -0.4), lag.max = 20)
plot(y = ACF[-1], x = 1:20, xlab = 'Lag', ylab = 'ACF', type = 'h', ylim = c(-0.4, 0.6))
abline(h = 0)
```



(b)

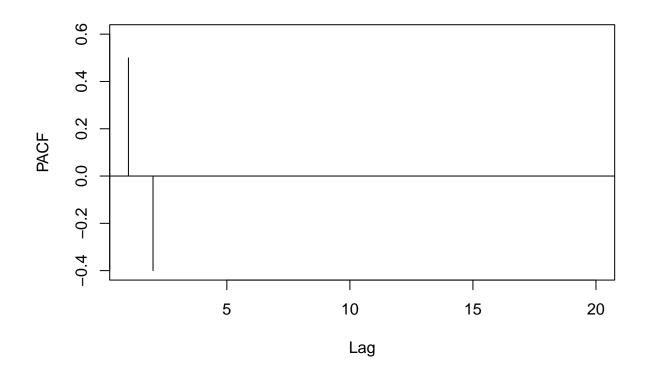
```
acf(series, xlim = c(1, 20), ylim = c(-0.4, 0.6))
```

# Series series



The lag 1 sample ACF matches well and the "damped sine wave" is somewhat apparent but the values at large lags do not die out like the theoretical ACF.

(c) 
$$\phi_{11} = Corr(Y_t, Y_{t-1}) = \rho_1 = 0.5. \ \phi_{22} = Corr(Y_t - \rho_1 Y_{t-1}, Y_{t-2} - \rho_1 Y_{t-1}) = \frac{\rho_2 - \rho_1^2}{1 - \rho_1^2} = -0.4. \ \phi_{kk} = 0, \ k > 2.$$
 PACF <- c(0.5, -0.4, rep(0,18)) 
$$\text{plot}(\mathbf{y} = \text{PACF}, \ \mathbf{x} = 1:20, \ \text{xlab} = \text{'Lag'}, \ \text{ylab} = \text{'PACF'}, \ \text{type} = \text{'h'}, \ \text{ylim} = \text{c(-0.4, 0.6)})$$
 abline(h = 0)

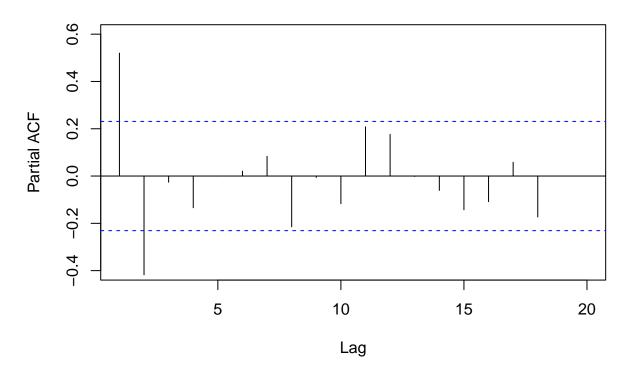


(d)

Same to (b).

(e)

```
pacf(series, xlim = c(1, 20), ylim = c(-0.4, 0.6))
```



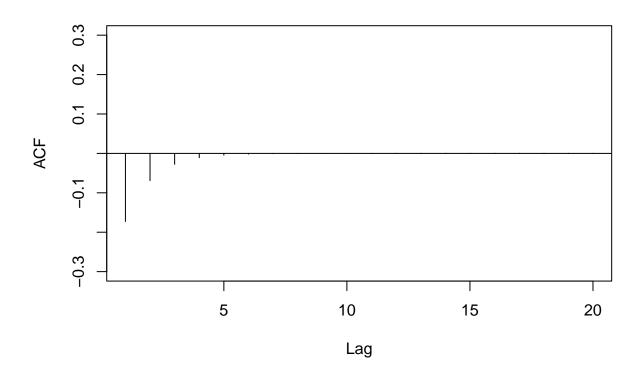
This sample pacf matches the theoretical pacf quite well.

### 6.29

```
set.seed(555)
series \leftarrow arima.sim(n = 60, list(ar = 0.4, ma = -0.6))
```

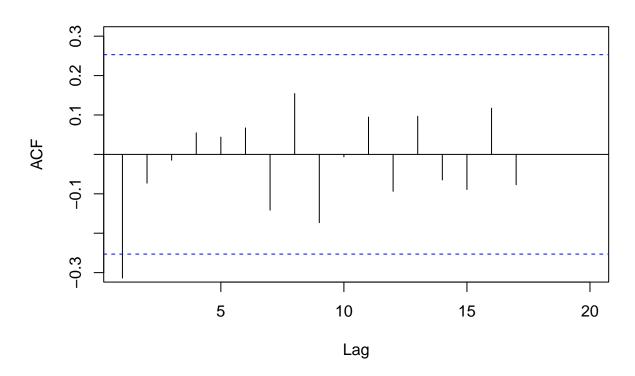
(a)

```
ACF <- ARMAacf(ar = 0.4, ma = -0.6, lag.max = 20)
plot(y = ACF[-1], x = 1:20, xlab = 'Lag', ylab = 'ACF', type = 'h', ylim = c(-0.3, 0.3))
abline(h = 0)
```



(b)

```
acf(series, xlim = c(1, 20), ylim = c(-0.3, 0.3))
```



The pattern matches somewhat at the first few lags but there is a lot of spurious autocorrelation at higher lags.

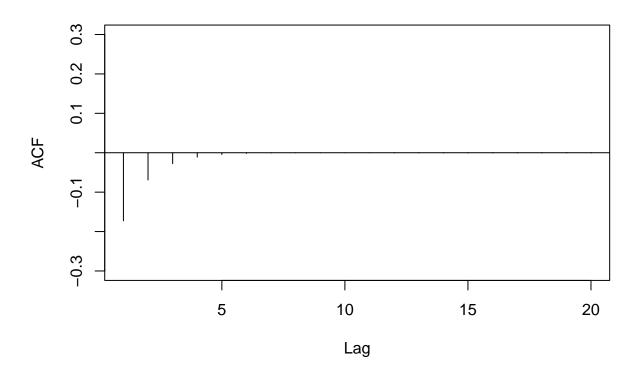
(c)

```
library(TSA)
eacf(series)
```

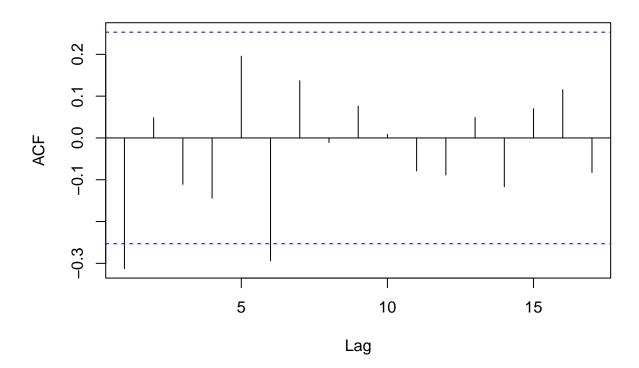
This sample EACF seems to point the mixed ARMA(1,1). Yes.

(d)

```
set.seed(777)
series <- arima.sim(n = 60, list(ar = 0.4, ma = -0.6))
#
ACF <- ARMAacf(ar = 0.4, ma = -0.6, lag.max = 20)
plot(y = ACF[-1], x = 1:20, xlab = 'Lag', ylab = 'ACF', type = 'h', ylim = c(-0.3, 0.3))
abline(h = 0)</pre>
```



```
#
acf(series)
```



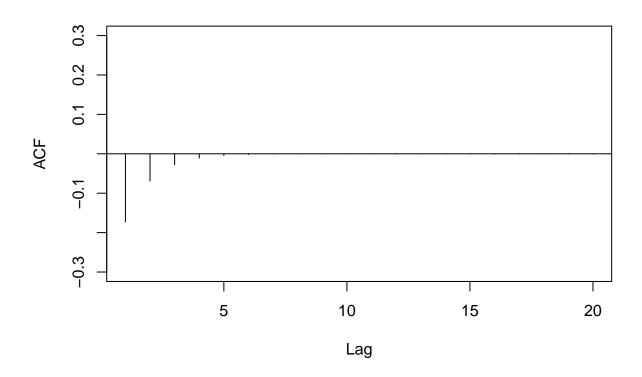
```
#
eacf(series)
```

part(b): the pattern matches somewhat at the first few lags but there is a lot of spurious autocorrelation at higher lags.  $\setminus$  part(c): this sample EACF seems to point to an MA(1) or AR(1) model rather than the mixed ARMA(1,1).

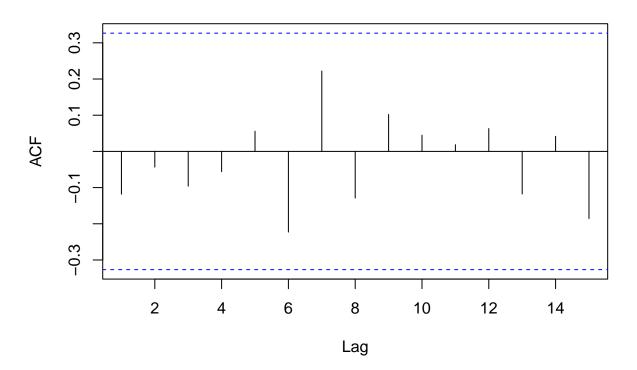
(e)

```
set.seed(1234)
series <- arima.sim(n = 36, list(ar = 0.4, ma = -0.6))
#</pre>
```

```
ACF <- ARMAacf(ar = 0.4, ma = -0.6, lag.max = 20) plot(y = ACF[-1], x = 1:20, xlab = 'Lag', ylab = 'ACF', type = 'h', ylim = c(-0.3, 0.3)) abline(h = 0)
```



```
#
acf(series)
```



```
## eacf(series, ar.max = 7, ma.max = 10)

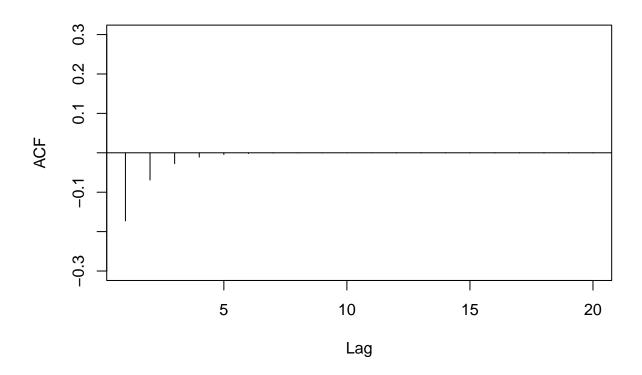
## AR/MA
## 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## 1 x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 2 x x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 3 x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 4 x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 6 x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 7 x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

part(b): the pattern matches somewhat at the first few lags but there is a lot of spurious autocorrelation at higher lags.  $\setminus$  part(c): this sample EACF seems to point to an ARMA(0,0) model(white noise) rather than the mixed ARMA(1,1).

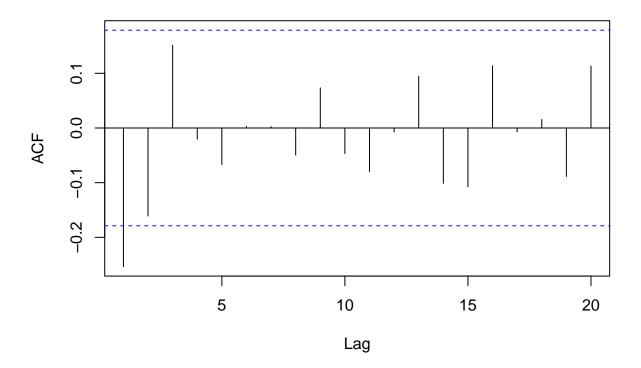
(f)

```
set.seed(105)
series <- arima.sim(n = 120, list(ar = 0.4, ma = -0.6))
#</pre>
```

```
ACF <- ARMAacf(ar = 0.4, ma = -0.6, lag.max = 20) plot(y = ACF[-1], x = 1:20, xlab = 'Lag', ylab = 'ACF', type = 'h', ylim = c(-0.3, 0.3)) abline(h = 0)
```



```
#
acf(series)
```



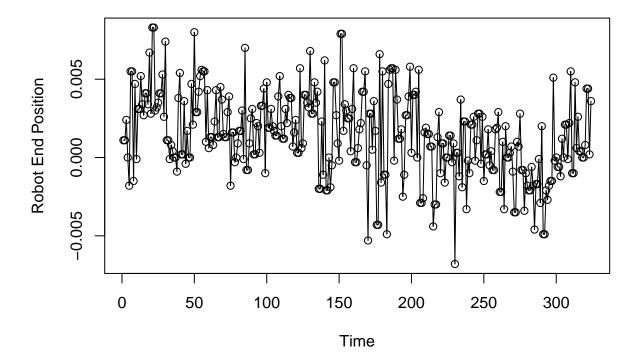
```
#
eacf(series)
```

part(b): the pattern matches somewhat at the first few lags (except lag = 3) but there is a lot of spurious autocorrelation at higher lags.  $\setminus$  part(c): this sample EACF seems to point to an MA(1) model rather than the mixed ARMA(1,1).

#### 6.36

(a)

```
data(robot)
plot(robot, type = 'o', ylab = 'Robot End Position')
```

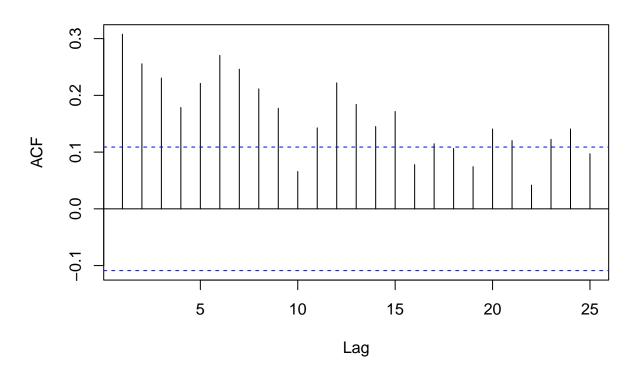


From this plot we might try a stationary model but there is also enough "drift" that we might also suspect nonstationarity.

(b)

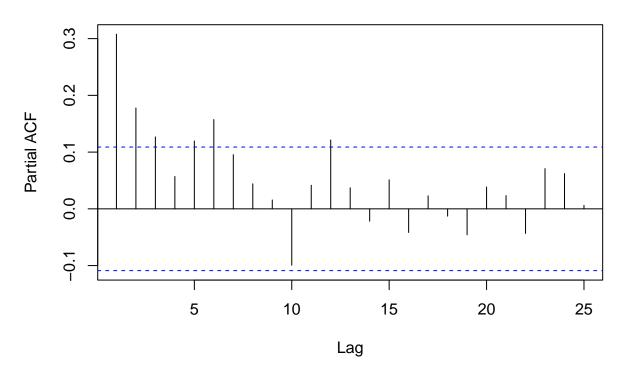
acf(robot)

# Series robot



pacf(robot)

# Series robot



These plots are are not especially definitive, but the pacf suggests possibly an AR(3) or AR(6) model for the series.

(c)

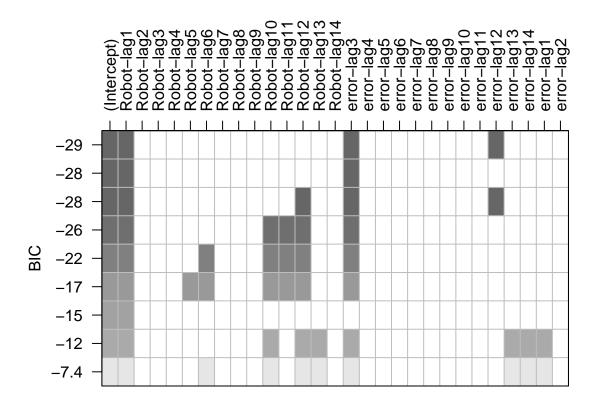
#### eacf(robot)

The EACF suggests an ARMA(1,1) model.

(d)

```
plot(armasubsets(y = robot, nar = 14, nma = 14, y.name = 'Robot', ar.method = 'ols'))
```

## Reordering variables and trying again:



The best model here includes a lag 1 AR term but lags 3 and 12 in the MA part of the model.