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9.2OBJ 格式的多边形表示模型.cpp
#define GLUT DISABLE ATEXIT HACK
#include "ObjLoader.h"
#include "GLUT.H"
int nearplane_width = 600; //视景体宽度
int nearplane height = 600; //视景体高度
int nearplane distance = 500; //视景体近平面与视点距离
int farplane distance = nearplane distance + 300; //视景体远平面与视点距离
float eye_x = 20;
float eye z = 20;
float theta = 0.1;
my triangle 3DModel cur3DModel; //场景中的3D模型
//模型加载
void init(void)
{
    ObjLoader objModel = ObjLoader("lily-impeller.obj");
    cur3DModel = objModel.my 3DModel;
}
//绘制内容
void display(void)
{
    glClearColor(1.f, 1.f, 1.f, 0.f);
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
    glColor3f(157.0 / 256, 195.0 / 256, 230.0 / 256);
    //开始绘制
    glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
    for (int i = 0; i < cur3DModel.faceSets.size(); i++)
    {
        //取出顶点序号获得相应顶点坐标
        my 3D point coord point1, point2, point3;
        int firstPointIndex = cur3DModel.faceSets[i].first_point_index;
        int secondPointIndex = cur3DModel.faceSets[i].second point index;
        int thirdPointIndex = cur3DModel.faceSets[i].third point index;
        point1 = cur3DModel.pointSets[firstPointIndex]; //第一个顶点
        point2 = cur3DModel.pointSets[secondPointIndex]; //第二个顶点
        point3 = cur3DModel.pointSets[thirdPointIndex]; //第三个顶点
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//取出法向序号获得相应法向
        my 3Dvector vector1, vector2, vector3;
        int firstNormalIndex = cur3DModel.faceSets[i].first point normal index;
        int secondNormalIndex = cur3DModel.faceSets[i].second point normal index;
        int thirdNormalIndex = cur3DModel.faceSets[i].third_point_normal_index;
        vector1 = cur3DModel.pointNormalSets[firstNormalIndex]; //第一个点的法向量
        vector2 = cur3DModel.pointNormalSets[secondNormalIndex]; //第二个点的法向量
        vector3 = cur3DModel.pointNormalSets[thirdNormalIndex]; //第三个点的法向量
        //取出纹理坐标序号获得相应纹理坐标
        my 2D Texture coord texture1, texture2, texture3;
        int firstTextureIndex = cur3DModel.faceSets[i].first point texture index;
        int secondTextureIndex = cur3DModel.faceSets[i].second point texture index;
        int thirdTextureIndex = cur3DModel.faceSets[i].third point texture index;
        texture1 = cur3DModel.pointTextureSets[firstTextureIndex]; //第一个点的纹理
        texture2 = cur3DModel.pointTextureSets[secondTextureIndex]; //第二个点的纹理
        texture3 = cur3DModel.pointTextureSets[thirdTextureIndex]; //第三个点的纹理
        //绘制三角网格面
        glNormal3f(vector1.dx, vector1.dy, vector1.dz); //绑定顶点的法向
        glTexCoord2f(texture1.u, texture1.v); //绑定顶点的纹理
        glVertex3f(point1.x, point1.y, point1.z); //绘制顶点
        glNormal3f(vector2.dx, vector2.dy, vector2.dz);
        glTexCoord2f(texture2.u, texture2.v);
        glVertex3f(point2.x, point2.y, point2.z);
        glNormal3f(vector3.dx, vector3.dy, vector3.dz);
        glTexCoord2f(texture3.u, texture3.v);
        glVertex3f(point3.x, point3.y, point3.z);
    glEnd();
    glutSwapBuffers();
//键盘交互事件
void keyboard(unsigned char key, int x, int y)
    switch (key)
```

}

}

{

```
case 'z': //打开深度缓冲测试
    case 'Z':
    {
        glEnable(GL DEPTH TEST); //打开深度缓冲测试
        glDepthFunc(GL_LEQUAL); //判断遮挡关系时,离视点近的物体遮挡离视点远的
物体
        glutPostRedisplay();
        break;
    }
    case 'c': //关闭深度缓冲测试
    case 'C':
    {
        glDisable(GL_DEPTH_TEST); //关闭深度缓冲测试
        glutPostRedisplay();
        break;
    case 'l': //打开灯光
    case 'L':
        GLfloat light_position[] = { 100.0, 100.0, 100.0, 0.0 };
        GLfloat light_diffuse[] = { 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0 };
        glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_POSITION, light_position);
        glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_DIFFUSE, light_diffuse);
        glEnable(GL_LIGHTING);
        glEnable(GL LIGHT0);
        GLfloat diffuse[] = \{1, 0, 0, 1.0\};
        glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_DIFFUSE, diffuse);
        glutPostRedisplay();
        break;
    }
    case 27:
        exit(0);
        break;
}
//投影方式、modelview方式设置
void reshape(int w, int h)
    glViewport(0, 0, (GLsizei)w, (GLsizei)h);
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
```

```
if(w \le h)
          glOrtho(-0.5 * nearplane width, 0.5 * nearplane width, -0.5 * nearplane height *
(GLfloat)nearplane height / (GLfloat)nearplane width, 0.5 * nearplane height *
(GLfloat)nearplane height / (GLfloat)nearplane width,
               -nearplane distance, farplane distance); //相对于视点
     else
          glOrtho(-0.5 * nearplane width, 0.5 * nearplane width, -0.5 * nearplane height *
(GLfloat)nearplane width / (GLfloat)nearplane height, 0.5 * nearplane height *
(GLfloat)nearplane width / (GLfloat)nearplane height,
               -nearplane distance, farplane distance);
     glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
     glLoadIdentity();
    gluLookAt(eye_x, 10, eye_z, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0);
}
//鼠标交互事件
void mouse(int button, int state, int x, int y)
{
     switch (button)
     case GLUT LEFT BUTTON:
          if (state == GLUT DOWN)
          {
               eye_x = eye_x * cosf(-theta) + eye_z * sinf(-theta);
               eye_z = eye_z * cosf(-theta) - eye_x * sinf(-theta);
               reshape(nearplane width, nearplane height);
               glShadeModel(GL_FLAT);
               glutPostRedisplay();
          }
          break;
     case GLUT_RIGHT_BUTTON:
          if (state == GLUT DOWN)
          {
               eye x = \text{eye } x * \text{cosf(theta)} + \text{eye } z * \text{sinf(theta)};
               eye z = \text{eye } z * \cos f(\text{theta}) - \text{eye } x * \sin f(\text{theta});
               reshape(nearplane_width, nearplane_height);
               glutPostRedisplay();
          }
          break;
     default:
          break:
     }
```

```
}
//主调函数
int main(int argc, char** argv)
    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_DOUBLE | GLUT_RGB | GLUT_DEPTH);
    glutInitWindowSize(nearplane_width, nearplane_height);
    glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
    glutCreateWindow("三维模型加载");
    init();
    glutReshapeFunc(reshape);
    glutDisplayFunc(display);
    glutKeyboardFunc(keyboard);
    glutMouseFunc(mouse);
    glutMainLoop();
    return 0;
}
ObjLoader.h
#pragma once
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
//纹理坐标数据结构
struct my 2D Texture coord
{
    float u;//u方向上的坐标
    float v;//v方向上的坐标
    my_2D_Texture_coord() {}
    ~my 2D Texture coord() {}
    my_2D_Texture_coord(float ui, float vi)
    {
         u = ui;
         \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v}\mathbf{i};
```

```
};
//顶点数据结构
struct my 3D point coord
{
    float x;//x轴坐标值
    float y;//y轴坐标值
    float z;//z轴坐标值
    my_3D_point_coord() {}
   ~my_3D_point_coord() {}
    my_3D_point_coord(float xi, float yi, float zi)
        x = xi;
        y = yi;
        z = zi;
};
//面数据结构,即构成三维图形的一个三角网格面
struct my_triangle_indices
{
    int first point index;//第一个点序号
    int first_point_texture_index;//第一个纹理坐标序号
    int first_point_normal_index;//第一个点法向序号
    int second point index;//第二个点序号
    int second point texture index;//第二个纹理坐标序号
    int second_point_normal_index;//第二个点法向序号
    int third_point_index;//第三个点序号
    int third point texture index;//第三个纹理坐标序号
    int third_point_normal_index;//第三个点法向序号
};
class my 3Dvector
public:
    float dx;
    float dy;
    float dz;
```

```
float len;
public:
    my 3Dvector() {}
    ~my 3Dvector() {}
    my_3Dvector(float x, float y, float z)
        dx = x;
        dy = y;
        dz = z;
        len = sqrtf(powf(dx, 2) + powf(dy, 2) + powf(dz, 2));
    }
};
//三维空间中的三角网格模型
struct my_triangle_3DModel
{
    float transparency = 0;
    float reflection = 0;
   //以下用于计算直接光照能量
    float material ambient rgb reflection[3] = { 0,0,0 }; //环境光反射系数,初始不反射
    float material diffuse rgb reflection[3] = { 0,0,0 };//漫反射系数,初始不反射
    float material specular rgb reflection[3] = { 0,0,0 };//镜面光反射系数,初始不反射
    float ns = 0;//聚光指数,初始不聚光
    vector<my 3D point coord>pointSets;//存放模型所有顶点
    vector<my 3Dvector> pointNormalSets;//存放模型所有顶点的法向
    vector<my 2D Texture coord> pointTextureSets://存放模型所有纹理坐标
    vector<my triangle indices> faceSets;//存放模型所有三角网格面
    //模型尺寸
    float max x = -1e8, min x = 1e8;
    float max y = -1e8, min y = 1e8;
    float max_z = -1e8, min_z = 1e8;
    void modify_color_configuration(float transparency, float reflection, float
ambient reflection[], float diffuse reflection[], float specular reflection[], float ns)
    {
        this->transparency = transparency;
        this->reflection = reflection;
        //以下用于计算直接光照能量
                                      memcpy用于把资源内存拷到目标内存中
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```
memcpy(this->material_ambient_rgb_reflection, ambient_reflection, 3 * sizeof(float));
         memcpy(this->material_diffuse_rgb_reflection, diffuse_reflection, 3 * sizeof(float));
         memcpy(this->material_specular_rgb_reflection, specular_reflection, 3 * sizeof(float));
         this->ns = ns;
    }
};
//模型加载器
class ObjLoader
{
public:
    my_triangle_3DModel my_3DModel;
public:
    ObjLoader() {}
    ObjLoader(string filename) //构造函数
         string line;
         fstream f;
         f.open(filename, ios::in);
         if (!f.is_open()) {
              cout << "Something Went Wrong When Opening Objfiles" << endl;
         }
         while (!f.eof())
              getline(f, line);//拿到obj文件中一行,作为一个字符串
              if (line.find("#") != -1)
                  continue;
              line.append(" ");
              vector<string> parameters;
              string ans = "";
              for (unsigned int i = 0; i < line.length(); i++)
              {
                  char ch = line[i];
                  if (ch != ' ')
                       ans += ch;
                   }
                  else if (ans != "")
                   {
                       parameters.push back(ans); //取出字符串中的元素, 以空格切分
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```
ans = "";
                  }
             }
             if (parameters.size() == 4 || parameters.size() == 3)
                  if (parameters[0] == "v") //顶点
                      my 3D point coord curPoint;
                      curPoint.x = atof(parameters[1].c_str());
                      my_3DModel.max_x = my_3DModel.max_x < curPoint.x ? curPoint.x :
my_3DModel.max_x;
                      my_3DModel.min_x = my_3DModel.min_x > curPoint.x ? curPoint.x :
my 3DModel.min x;
                      curPoint.y = atof(parameters[2].c str());
                      my_3DModel.max_y = my_3DModel.max_y < curPoint.y ? curPoint.y :
my 3DModel.max y;
                      my 3DModel.min y = my 3DModel.min y > curPoint.y? curPoint.y:
my_3DModel.min_y;
                      curPoint.z = atof(parameters[3].c_str());
                      my_3DModel.max_z = my_3DModel.max_z < curPoint.z ? curPoint.z :
my 3DModel.max z;
                      my 3DModel.min z = my 3DModel.min z > curPoint.z? curPoint.z:
my_3DModel.min_z;
                      my 3DModel.pointSets.push back(curPoint);
                  }
                  else if (parameters[0] == "vn") //顶点的法向量
                      my 3Dvector curPointNormal;
                      curPointNormal.dx = atof(parameters[1].c_str());
                      curPointNormal.dy = atof(parameters[2].c str());
                      curPointNormal.dz = atof(parameters[3].c str());
                      my 3DModel.pointNormalSets.push back(curPointNormal);
                  }
                  else if (parameters[0] == "vt") //纹理坐标
                  {
                      my 2D Texture coord curTextureCoord;
                      curTextureCoord.u = atof(parameters[1].c str());
                      curTextureCoord.v = atof(parameters[2].c_str());
                      my_3DModel.pointTextureSets.push_back(curTextureCoord);
                  }
```

```
else if (parameters[0] == "f") //面, 顶点索引/纹理 uv 索引/法向索引
                    {
                        //因为顶点索引在obj文件中是从1开始的,而我们存放的顶点vector
是从0开始的,因此要减1
                        my triangle indices curTri;
                        curTri.first_point_index = atoi(parameters[1].substr(0,
parameters[1].find first of('/')).c str()) - 1;
                        parameters[1] = parameters[1].substr(parameters[1].find first of('') + 1);
                        curTri.first point texture index = atoi(parameters[1].substr(0,
parameters[1].find first of('/')).c str()) - 1;
                        parameters[1] = parameters[1].substr(parameters[1].find first of('/') + 1);
                        curTri.first point normal index = atoi(parameters[1].substr(0,
parameters[1].find first of('/')).c str()) - 1;
                        curTri.second point index = atoi(parameters[2].substr(0,
parameters[2].find first of('/')).c str()) - 1;
                        parameters[2] = parameters[2].substr(parameters[2].find first of(('')) + 1);
                        curTri.second point texture index = atoi(parameters[2].substr(0,
parameters[2].find first of('/')).c str()) - 1;
                        parameters[2] = parameters[2].substr(parameters[2].find first of('') + 1);
                        curTri.second point normal index = atoi(parameters[2].substr(0,
parameters[2].find_first_of('/')).c_str()) - 1;
                        curTri.third point index = atoi(parameters[3].substr(0,
parameters[3].find first of('/')).c str()) - 1;
                        parameters[3] = parameters[3].substr(parameters[3].find first of(('')) + 1);
                        curTri.third_point_texture index = atoi(parameters[3].substr(0,
parameters[3].find first of('/')).c str()) - 1;
                        parameters[3] = parameters[3].substr(parameters[3].find first of(('')) + 1);
                        curTri.third point normal index = atoi(parameters[3].substr(0,
parameters[3].find_first_of('/')).c_str()) - 1;
                        my 3DModel.faceSets.push back(curTri);
                   }
              }
         f.close();
};
```