

Ein Einblick in die GODOT Game Engine









Lesson 02

Some of the most important Nodes and movement

More nodes!!!

Godot Example: Nodes

A few more nodes on the way:

- Timer
- Kinematic Body 2D
- Rigid Body 2D
- Sprite
- Collision shape
- Animation player 2D (will be covered in detail later)

Accessing children of the tree hierarchy in code:

Use \$ to access a child node (f.ex . \$MyNode, \$Button)

Use . to access specific properties (f.ex. \$Button.text)

Change visibility of a node: \$MyNode.show() \$MyNode.hide()

Export Expert

https://docs.godotengine.org/en/stable/tutorials/scripting/gdscript/gdscript_exports.html

```
export var number = 5
export(int) var number
export(Texture) var character_face
export(PackedScene) var scene_file
export(String, "Thief", "Wizard", "Hexblade") var character_class
Etc...
```

Aufgabe:

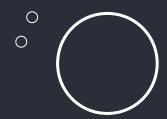
- Mach eine 'export variable' checkbox (tip: true/false ist eine boolean)
- Füge zwei Buttons ein, die verschiedenen Text ausgeben (Button1 und Button2)
- Wenn die checkbox an ist, lass zur runtime Button1 erscheinen aber nicht Button zwei, wenn die checkbox aus ist dasselbe umgekehrt

Player movement

"Just make sure that the moment to moment feels good so that when someone's just sitting there with a controller, the room could be empty but they can move their character around - make that feel good."

- Noel Berry Interview with Game Maker's Toolkit, 31 Jul 2019 https://youtu.be/yorTG9at90g





First Gamejam: Kettle game

https://pr0crastigam3s.itch.io/wgj196-strangerecipe-kettle





First Gamejam:

Kettle game - An example of bad platformer controls - why they are bad and how to make them better

https://pr0crastigam3s.itch.io/waj196-strangerecipe-kettle

How would you improve on them?

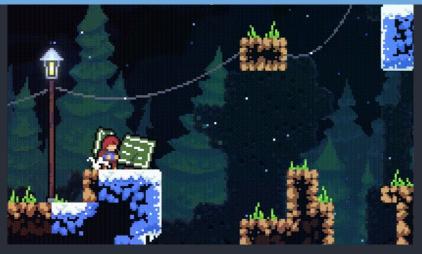


Gut designt ist gut gelogen



Touhou

Die Hitbox des Spielers und der **Celeste** "Coyote time" Bullets sind kleiner als der Sprite; Nur der weiße Kreis zählt als Verlassen der Plattform kann getroffen.



man noch springen.

Spielspaß im Vordergrund!!!!

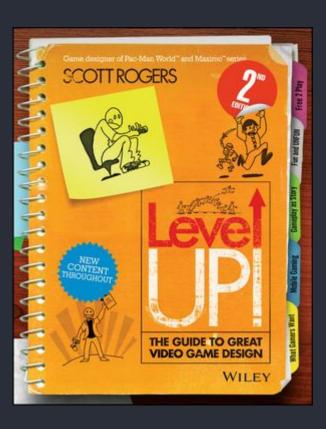


Interaktive Essay: Platformer-Toolkit

https://gmtk.itch.io/platformer-toolkit

ALWAYS REMEMBER THAT HUMANS ARE PLAYING THESE GAMES

- Scott Rogers, Level Up!, Level 7



A good book

You have free access through the HFU library. Read it!

Link:

https://www.oreilly.com/library-access/?next=/library/view/-/9781118877197/



Was könnte man an der Steuerung ändern für:

- Ein Auto mit drift
- Eine Rakete
- Einen Schlittschuhläufer
- Einen Golf Ball
- Einen Schleim
- Einen Vogel
- Einen Würfel
- Eine scheibe Toast
- 555

Ein Problem, viele Lösungen

Nicht "DER" eine richtige Weg um PlayerControls zu gestalten

Nicht "DIE" richtige Lösung.

"Für jede Lösung ein Problem"

Let's talk shrimps



Basic Movement (Explained with Shrimps)

This is a northern prawn.

Despite being named "Pandalus borealis", it has little to do with pandas.

However, I found it very useful, simply due to the fact you wouldn't expect a shrimp*. It will be your trusty companion sprite for testing movement.

Find it in the Github under

> Assets



*The author of these slides does not take any responsibility if you were expecting a shrimp.

The author just found over the years that a touch Of semi-unexpected nonsensicality makes it easier to remember things.

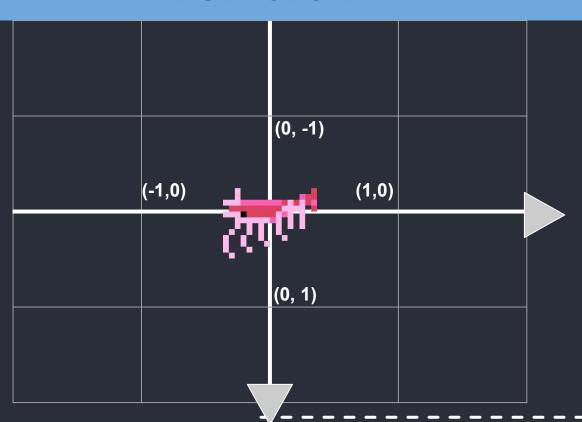
If you indeed DID expect a shrimp: Why???

Koordinaten geben die Position auf dem Bildschirm an. Dein Koordinatensystem fängt oben links an!

Χ

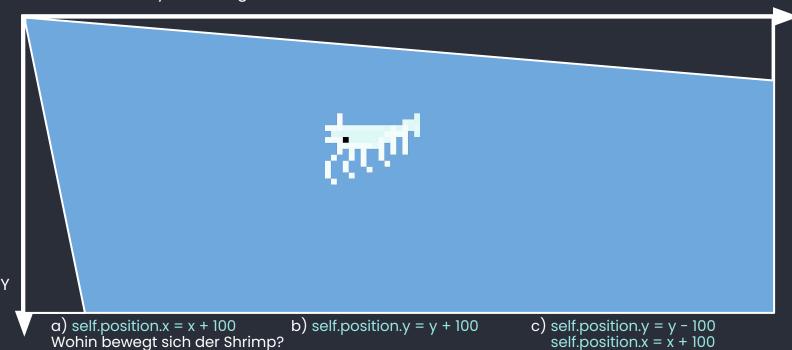


Vektoren



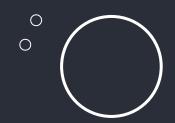
Dein Koordinatensystem fängt oben links an!

X



Vector2(); Beinhaltet x und y wert. (z.B. var direction = Vector2(-3, 2)) (Documentation: https://docs.godotengine.org/en/stable/tutorials/math/vector_math.html) X

Normalisieren mit a = a.normalized() (Vektor3 und Vektor2)



Exemplary Shrimp: Make a shrimp that moves on the screen from left to right!

Called every frame: func _process(_delta)

Var x = x+1

Example: Shrimp01

not!

Boolean: Use not or!

By using not (or alternatively !), you can check whether a boolean is not true, or set a boolean to its reverse state. **Booleans can have a state** of either true/false or 1/0

Examples:

```
if (x == !true): OR if (x == not true):

pass

#asks whether x is false

var b = !true #b is false

var c = !0 #c is true

b = !b

#if b is true, it will be set to false. If b is false, it will be set to true
```

This can be useful to make f.ex. Hidden objects, that only show to the player on certain conditions. Or change sections of dialogue.

But you will also find this useful for some player controls and toggles.

You will need this in one of the example tasks later, so you'll have a concrete idea how this can be.

What does the following code print?

```
extends Node2D
a)
       var x = true
       func ready():
      print(not x)
       extends Node2D
       var x:bool = false
    4
    5 func ready():
      x = 1
          print(not x)
```

```
b) 1  extends Node2D
2
3  var x:bool = 0
4
5  func _ready():
6  print(not x)
```

```
1 extends Node2D
2
3 var x:bool = true
4
5 func _ready():
6  x = not x
7 print(x)
8  x = !x
9 print (x)
```

What does the following code print?

```
func ready():
   var x:bool = !false
   var y = false
   print("x is")
   if (not y):
   _ function_1(x)
  if (y != false):
   \rightarrow function 2(x)
func function 1(a):
   print(a)
func function 2(b):
   print(!b)
```

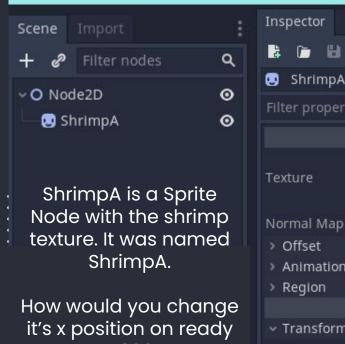
Use not or !

By using not (or alternatively!), you can check whether a boolean is not true, or set a boolean to its reverse state. **Booleans** can have a state of either true/false or 1/0

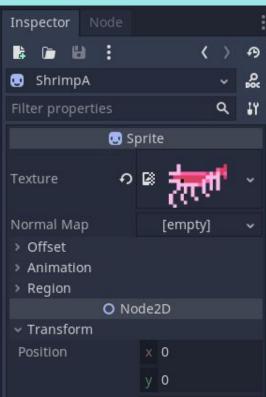
Examples:

false, it will be set to true

Accessing child nodes/their traits



to 200?



REMINDER:

Accessing children of the tree hierarchy in code:

Use \$ to access a child node (f.ex. \$MyNode, \$Button)

Use . to access specific properties (f.ex. \$Button.text)

Change visibility of a node: \$MyNode.visible = true

\$MyNode.visible = false

or:

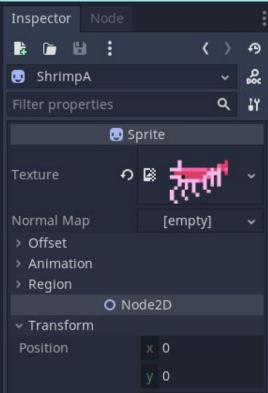
\$MyNode.show() \$MyNode.hide()

Accessing child nodes/their traits



it's x position on ready to 200?

ShrimpA.position.x = 200



REMINDER:

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\$MyNode.visible = false

or:

\$MyNode.show() \$MyNode.hide()

Task 01



- Make a new 2D node scene, attach a new script to it.
- Make a Timer and a Sprite using the Shrimp sprite.
 (The shrimp sprite is available online in the assets folder of the GitHub)
- Use the Timer signals to make a shrimpA (Sprite) appear after timeout.
- (Extra: then change its color after 5 seconds)

Practice

- Make a shrimpB (KinematicBody2D) move right across the screen (See exemplary shrimp).
- Use two buttons to make shrimpB switch directions on button press, one button left one button right.
 (Extra: Use only one single button)
- Open the GODOT stable Documentation online. Search for <u>Mouse and input coordinates</u>. Make a shrimp of a different color (using visibility - self modulate) and half size that moves with your mouse cursor.
- Make shrimpB face the proper direction it moves in
 (Looking left moving left, looking right moving right)
 Tip: Access attributes in the inspector by using \$. \$shrimpB.propertyname (f.ex. \$shrimpB.visibility = true).
 - Play around with the options in the inspector until you find something that would allow you to change its direction. Then try accessing it via code
- Make another shrimpB (Area2D) in the path of ShrimpA, which starts moving once the previous shrimp collides with it Tip: Check out Area2D's built in signals

Physics process engine

Rigid Body 2D

Influenced by Physics process engine, can 'fall', gravity and impulses. Don't access it directly

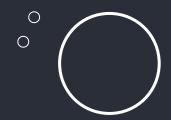
Static body 2D

Not influenced by physics, not intended to move - but influence Rigid Body 2D

Kinematic body 2D

Not influenced by Physics process engine. All movement is based on your code, but can collide with other bodies - Good for player characters

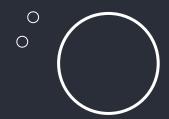
There are specific functions for the Physics process engine (F.ex. move_and_collide())



Exemplary Movement Shrimps

Example: Shrimp02 - 05





Make a 2D Platformer type jump with your current knowledge!

Praxisteil/Selbstaufgabe