

The image features a dark blue background with a central graphic of a globe composed of a white network of lines and dots. This globe is surrounded by stylized circuit board traces and molecular-like structures. The text "DATA SCIENCE" is prominently displayed in the center in a bold, white, sans-serif font.

# DATA SCIENCE



# Reliance Stock Price

Time Series Forecasting

# CONTENTS:

- ❑ INTRODUCTION
- ❑ EDA
- ❑ VISUALIZATION
- ❑ MODEL BUILDING AND FORECASTING
- ❑ COMPARISON TABLES
- ❑ DEPLOYMENT RESULTS





# INTRODUCTION:

## FORECASTING PROJECTS ON PREDICTING THE STOCK PRICES OF RELIANCE INDUSTRIES :

Reliance Industries Limited is a Fortune 500® company and the largest private sector corporation in India. It is an Indian conglomerate holding company headquartered in Mumbai, Maharashtra, India.

Reliance owns businesses across India engaged

- ENERGY
- PETROCHEMICALS
- RETAIL
- DIGITAL SERVICES - JIO
- NEW ENERGY
- MEDIA & ENTERTAINMENT

The number of shares of RIL are approx. 3.1 billion. The promoter group, Ambani family, holds approx. 46.32% of the total shares whereas the remaining 53.68% shares are held by public shareholders, including FII and corporate bodies. Life Insurance Corporation of India is the largest non-promoter investor in the company, with 7.98% shareholding.



## FEATURES :

DATE : STOCK PRICE ON THE SPECIFIC DATE STARTING FROM 1996

OPEN : THE OPENING PRICE OF THE STOCK FOR THE GIVEN DATE

HIGH : THE HIGHEST PRICE OF THE STOCK FOR THE GIVEN DATE

LOW :THE LOWEST PRICE OF THE STOCK FOR THE GIVEN DATE

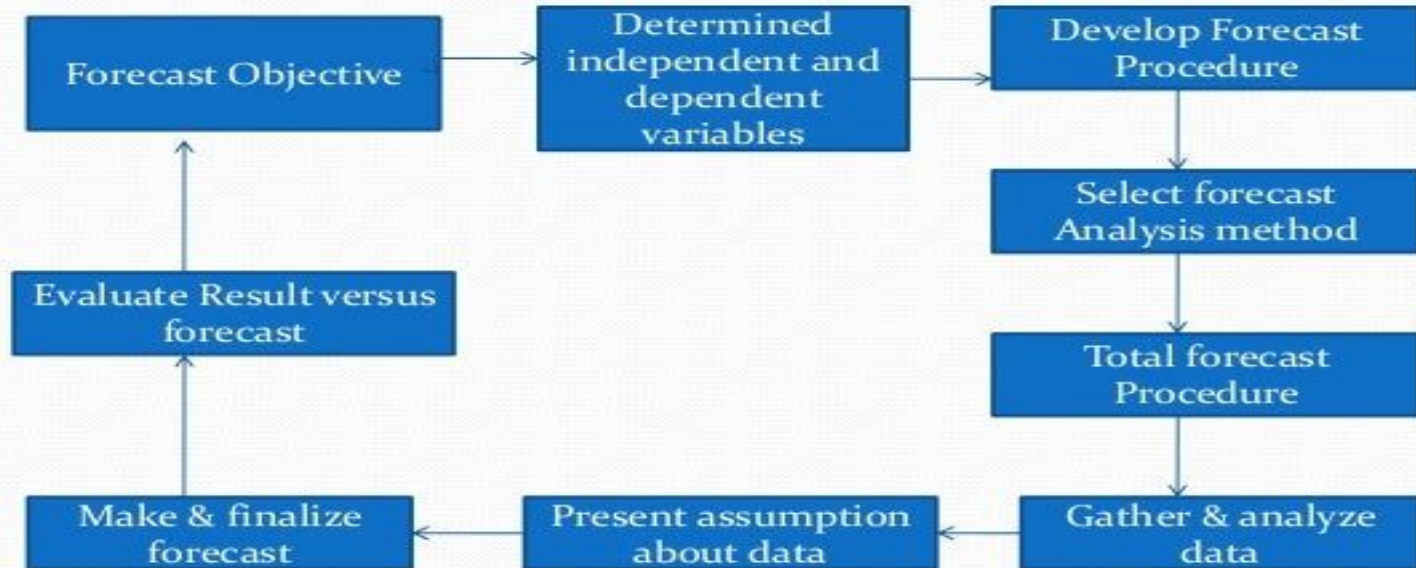
CLOSE : THE CLOSING PRICE OF THE STOCK FOR THE GIVEN DATE

ADJ CLOSE :ADJUSTED CLOSE PRICE ADJUSTED FOR SPLITS AND DIVIDEND AND/OR CAPITAL GAIN DISTRIBUTIONS.

VOLUME : THE VOLUME OF THE STOCK ON THE GIVEN DATE



# Forecasting Process





# Exploratory data analysis:

- ❖ Importing of all important libraries.
- ❖ Installation of python packages.
- ❖ Importing of reliance csv data into the program.
- ❖ Understanding data types of the columns.
- ❖ Checking the shape of the data.
- ❖ Checking missing values.
- ❖ Filling missing values.
- ❖ Converting the date column into date time format and setting it as index
- ❖ For time series forecasting.
- ❖ Checking the statistical values of the data through describe() function.

# EDA (Exploratory Data Analysis):

Descriptive Statistics:

The shape of the dataset is (7045,7).

Dataset Information:

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Date	7035 non-null	object
1	Open	7035 non-null	float64
2	High	7035 non-null	float64
3	Low	7035 non-null	float64
4	Close	7035 non-null	float64
5	Adj Close	7035 non-null	float64
6	Volume	7035 non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(6), object(1)  
memory usage: 439.7+ KB



# Checking for Missing / Nan Values:

```
Date      0
Open      10
High      10
Low       10
Close     10
Adj Close  10
Volume    10
dtype: int64
```

The rows have any missing values are:

The percentage of missing values is 0.141.  
So we dropped the data.

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume
1895	2003-04-14	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2165	2004-04-26	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2287	2004-10-13	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3603	2010-02-06	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4081	2012-01-07	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4120	2012-03-03	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4250	2012-09-08	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4292	2012-11-11	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4629	2014-03-22	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4858	2015-02-28	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN



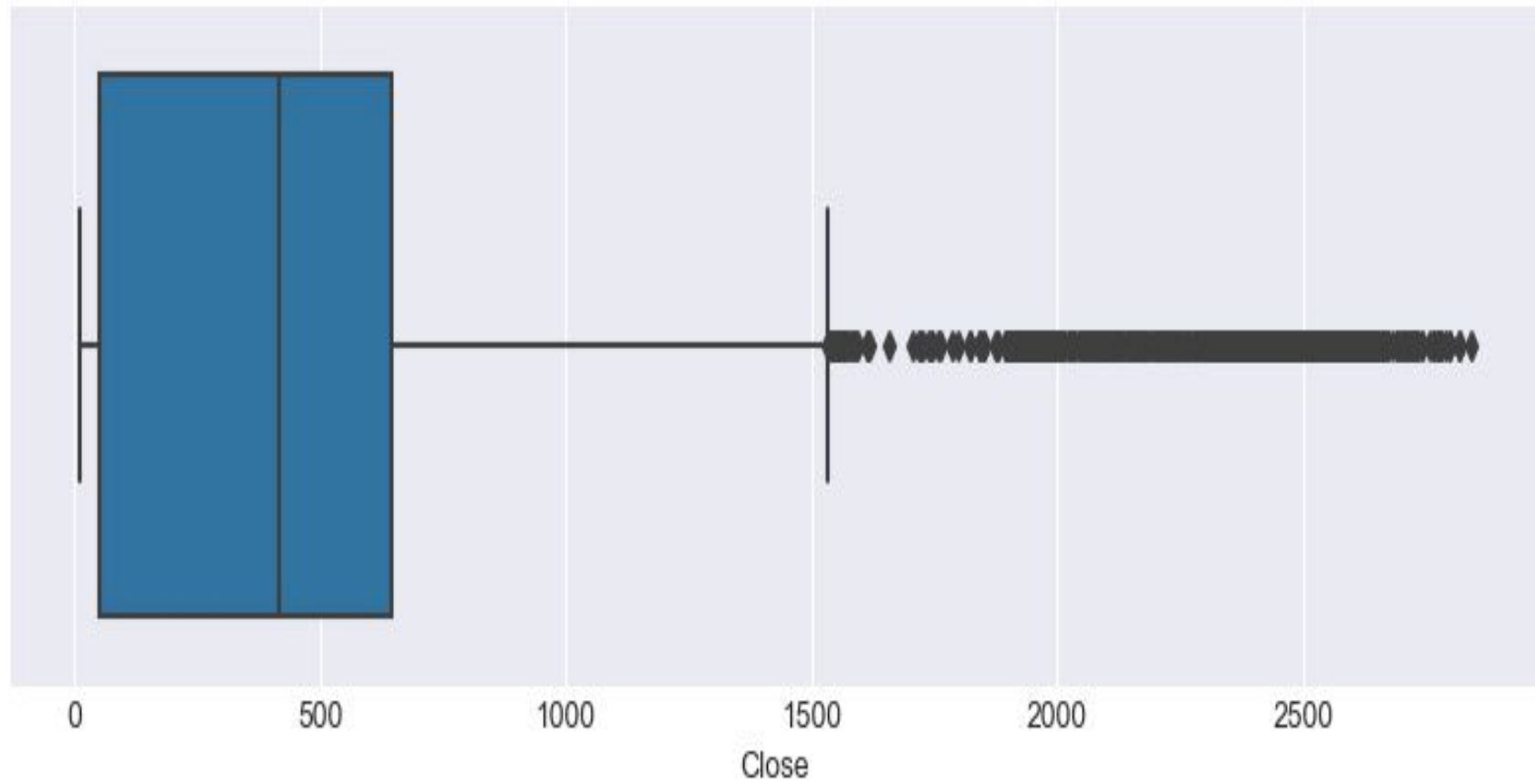
# Data Stats

## Outlier Detection:

INTER QUARTILE RANGE IS	592.2345654999999
FIRST QUARTILE RANGE IS	644.86853
THIRD QUARTILE RANGE IS	52.633964500000005
UPPER TAIL IS	940.9858127499999
LOWER TAIL IS	-243.4833182499999



	close
count	7035.000000
mean	610.886871
std	739.898136
min	11.890704
25%	52.633965
50%	417.740234
75%	644.868530
max	2841.850098



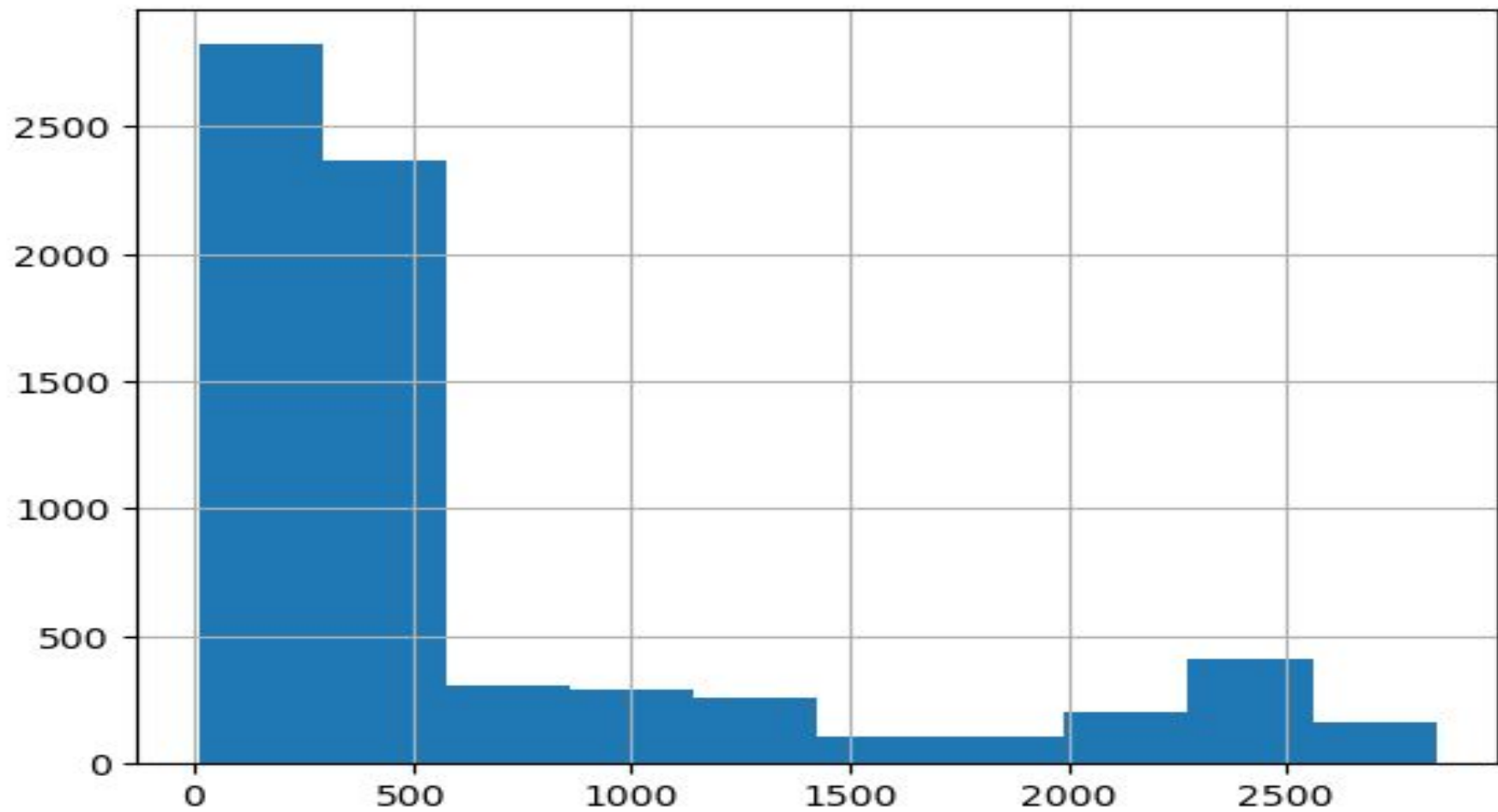


## Skewness of the Data:

```
Close      1.566294
Month     -0.009149
Year       0.028751
Daily Returns  9.447249
dtype: float64
```

Inference : The skewness of a dataset measures the asymmetry of its distribution.

**SKEWNESS 1.566294** : A positive skewness indicates that the data has a long tail to the right, meaning that there are more extreme values on the right side of the distribution. In the context of stock prices, a positive skewness might suggest that there are occasional large increases in the stock price, leading to a right-skewed distribution.



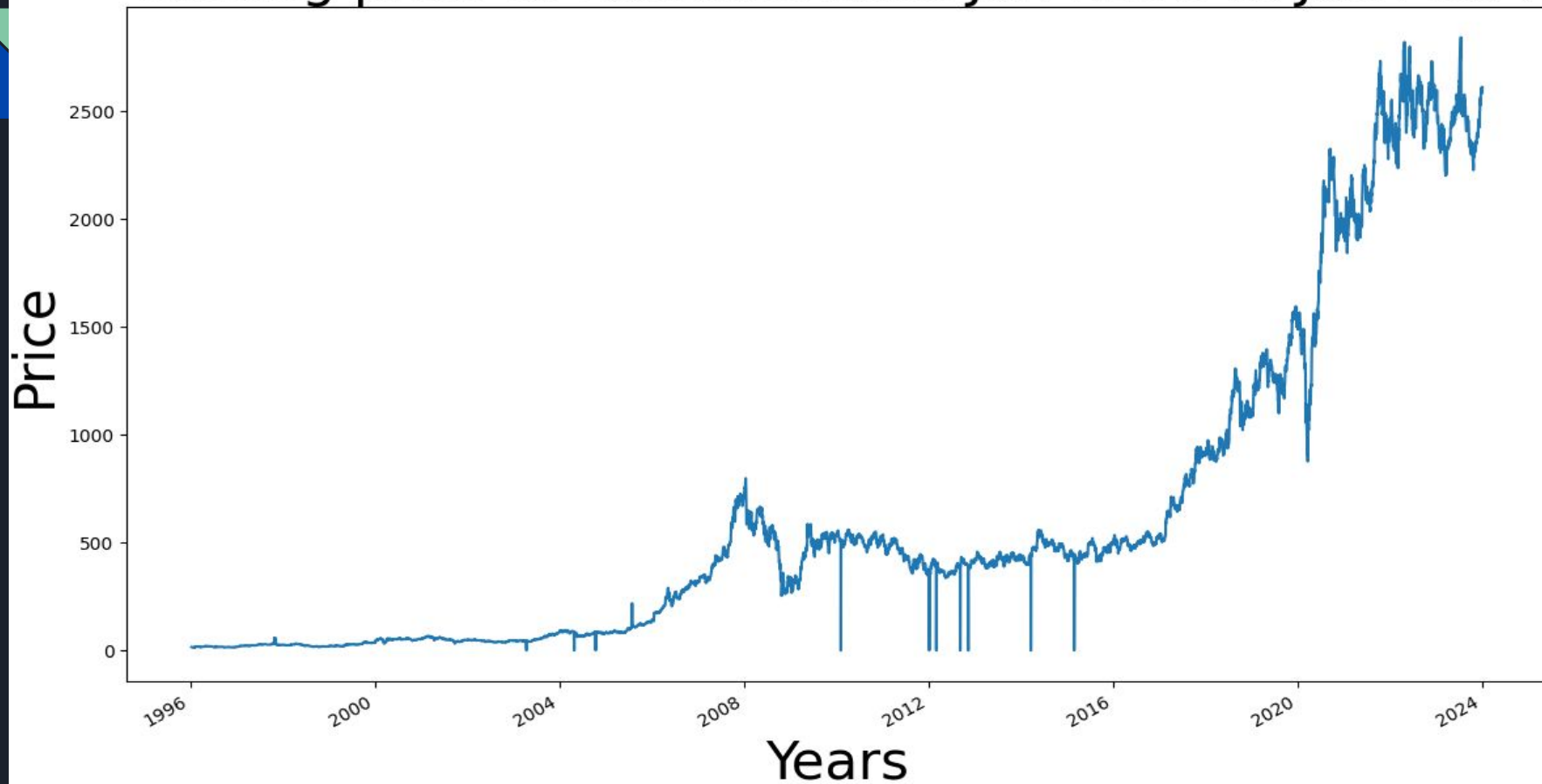


# Exploratory Data Analysis Visualizations:

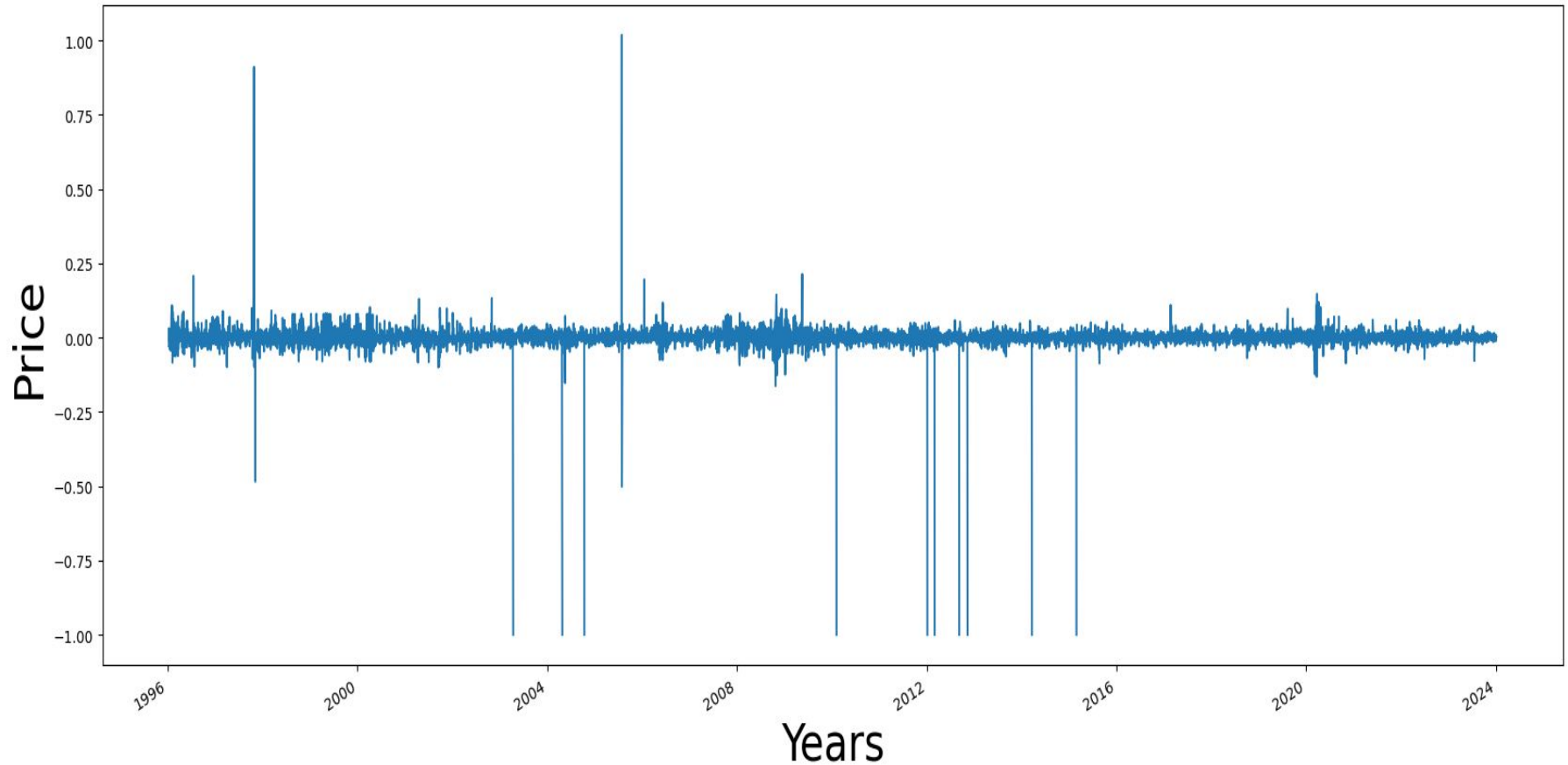
- ❖ Closing stock price from Jan 1996 to Jan 2004.
- ❖ Percentage change with respect to Adjusted close from Jan 1996 to Jan 2004.
- ❖ Quarterly Average line Plot.
- ❖ Comparing the Quarterly mean of both High and Low(Line plot).
- ❖ Comparing the Quarterly mean of both High and Low(Bar plot).
- ❖ Plotting the Close price through a histogram.
- ❖ Violinplot depicting Closing stock price.
- ❖ Boxplot for Outlier detection.
- ❖ Monthly visualization using box plot.



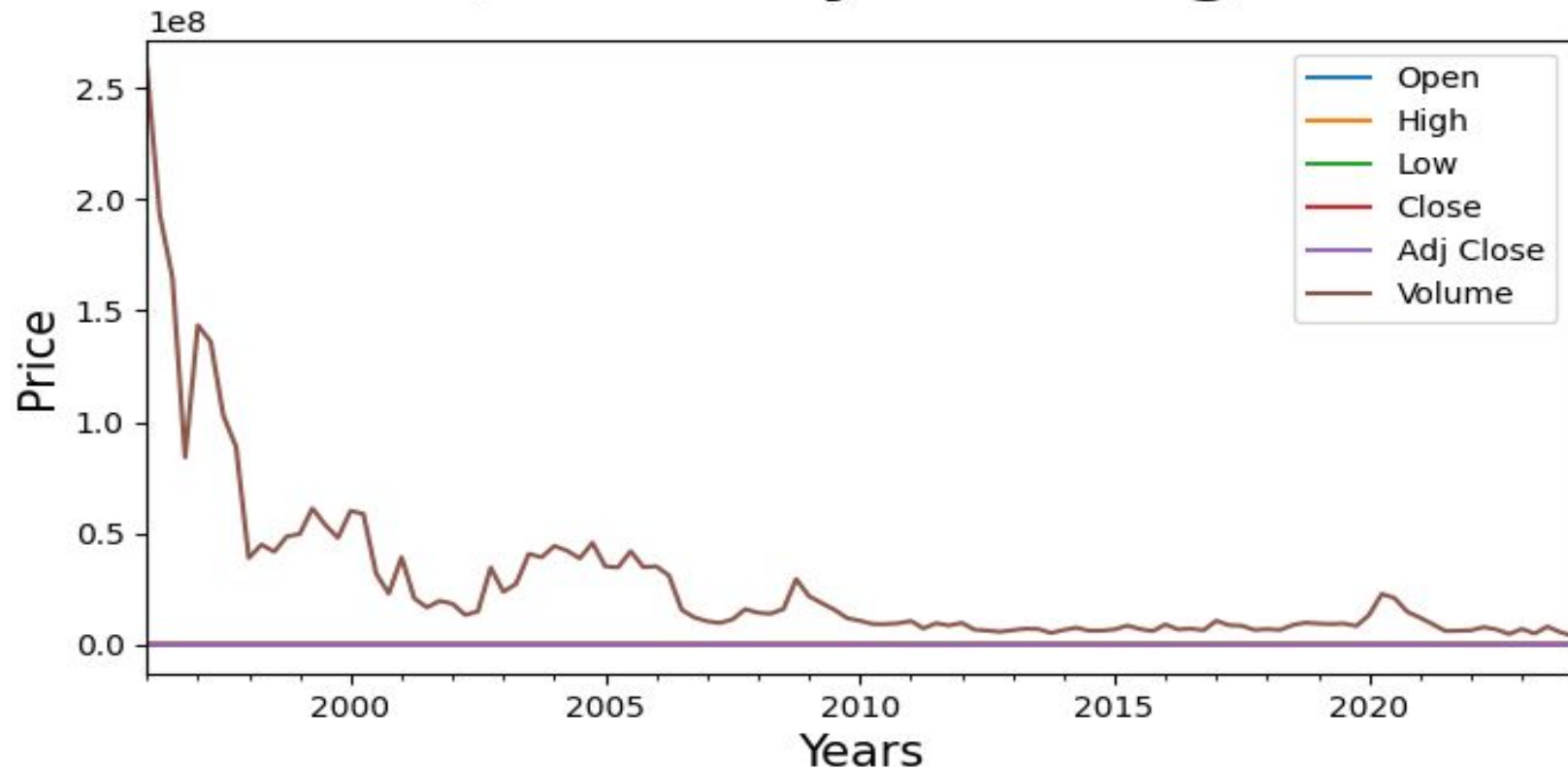
# Closing price of Reliance from Jan 1996 to Jan 2004



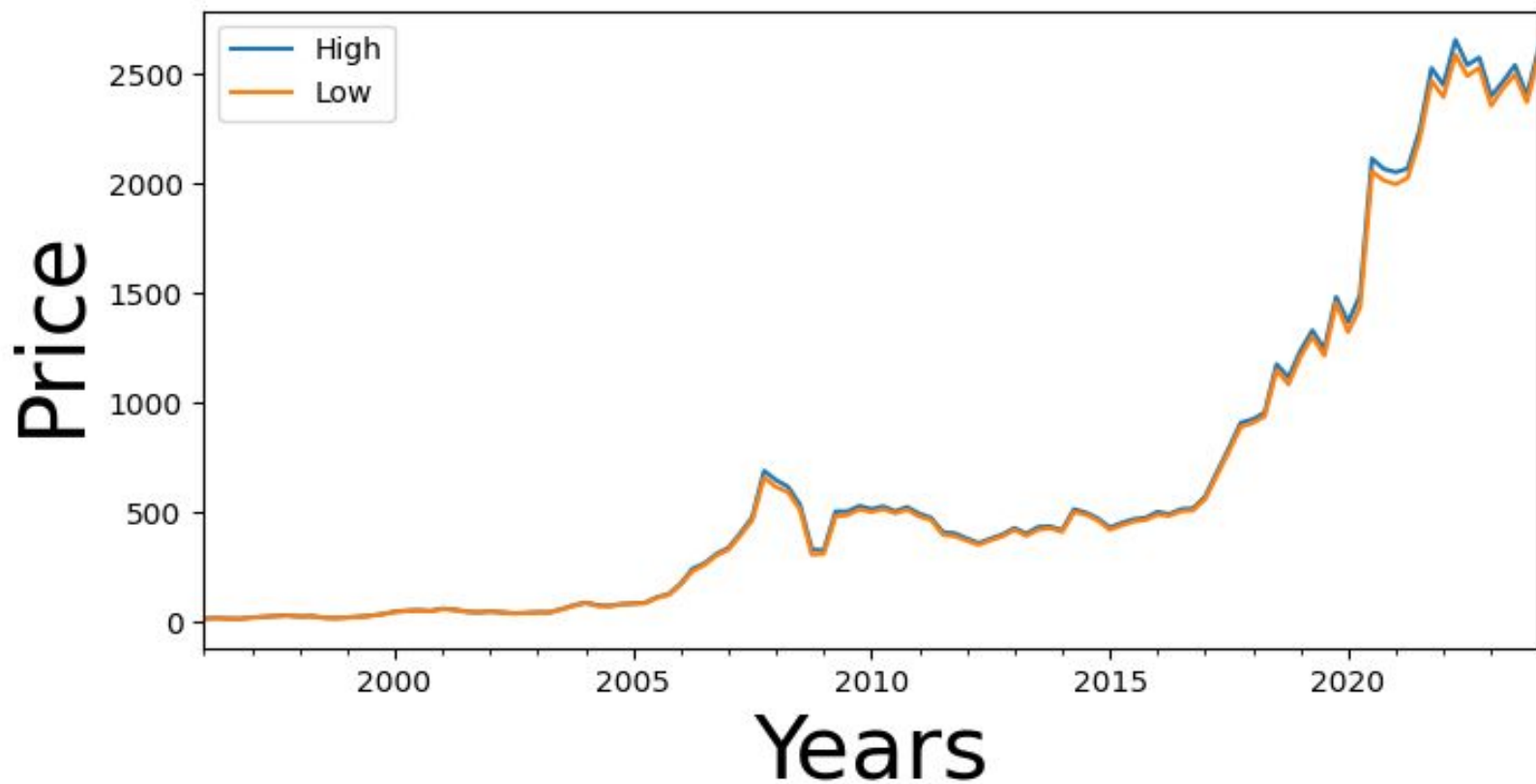
# Percentage change with respect to Adjusted from Jan 1996 - Jan 2004



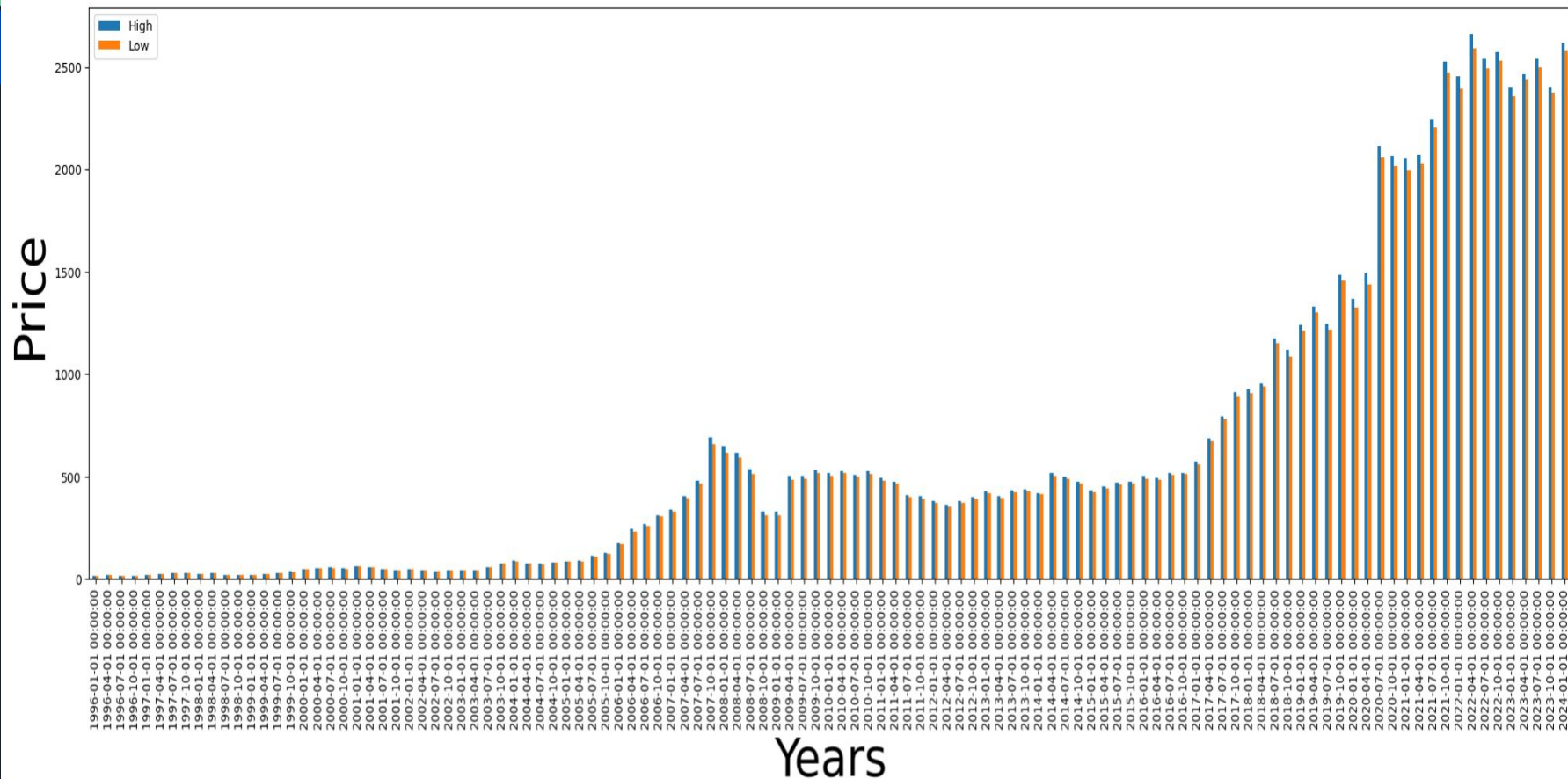
# Quarterly Average



# Quarterly mean of both high and low



# Quarterly mean bar of both high and low





## Scaling of Data:

### Feature scaling

Normalization

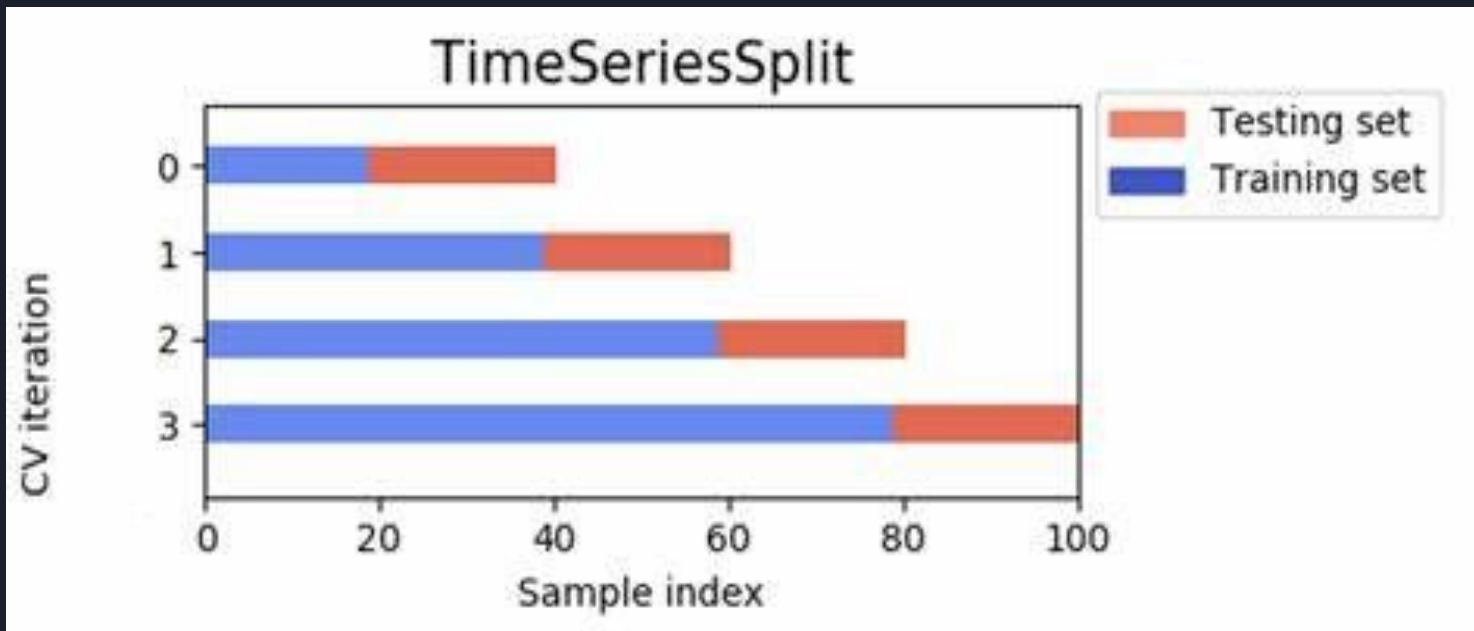
Standardization


$$X_{new} = \frac{X - X_{min}}{X_{max} - X_{min}}$$

$$X' = \frac{X - \text{Mean}}{\text{Standard deviation}}$$



# Splitting of Data:





# Model Building in Time Series Forecasting

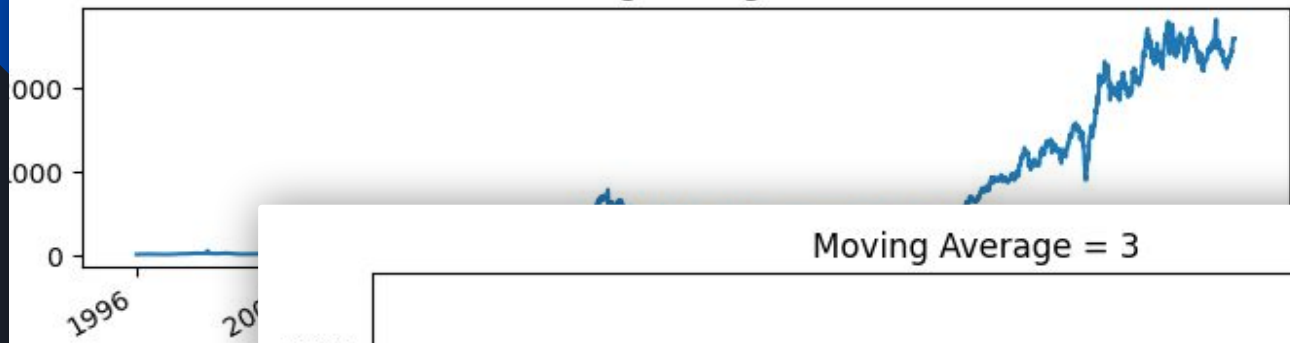
## Top 10 Time Series Forecasting Methods in Data Science

Method	Description
ARIMA	Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average
Exponential Smoothing	Includes Holt-Winters and other variants
Prophet	True positives over all actual positives.
SARIMA	Harmonic mean of precision and recall.
LSTM	Model's ability to distinguish between classes.
GRU	Average absolute difference between predicted and true.
VAR	Average squared difference between predicted and true.
Theta Method	Square root of MSE.
TBATS	Loss based on probability estimates.
Facebook Prophet	Variance explained by the model.

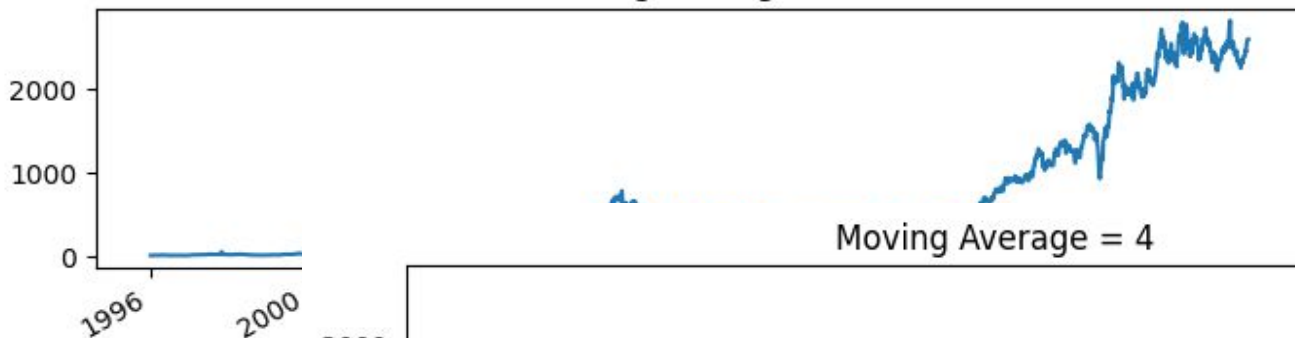


# Moving Average:

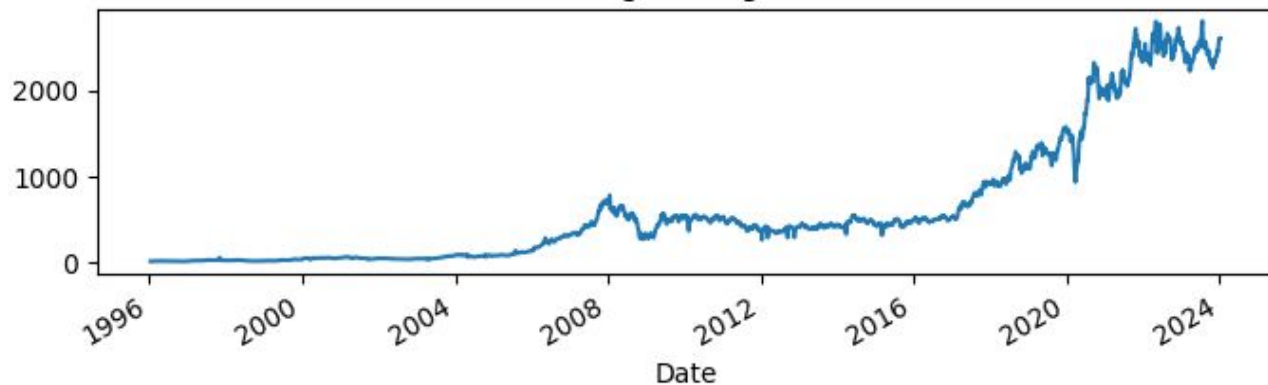
Moving Average = 2



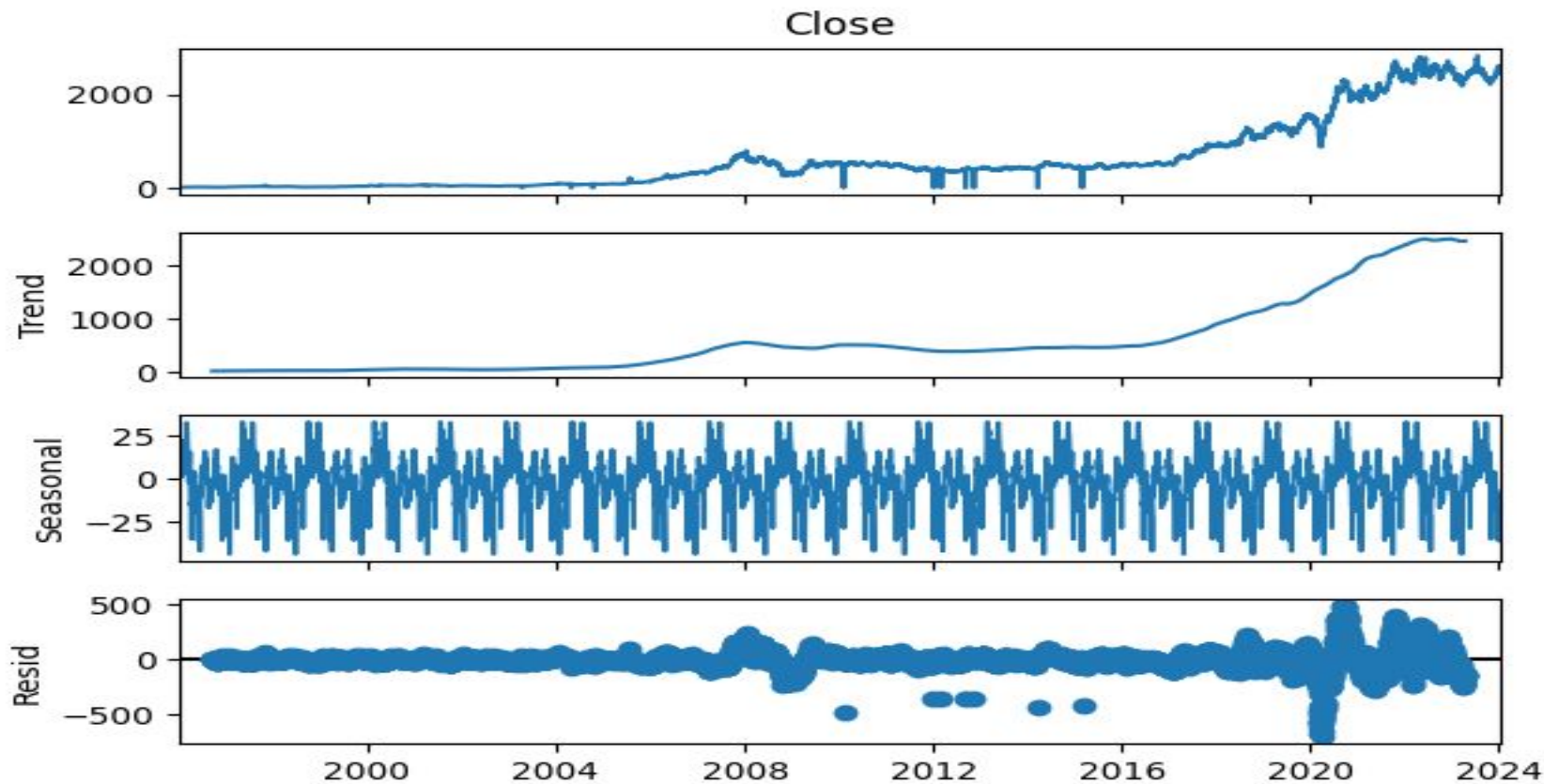
Moving Average = 3



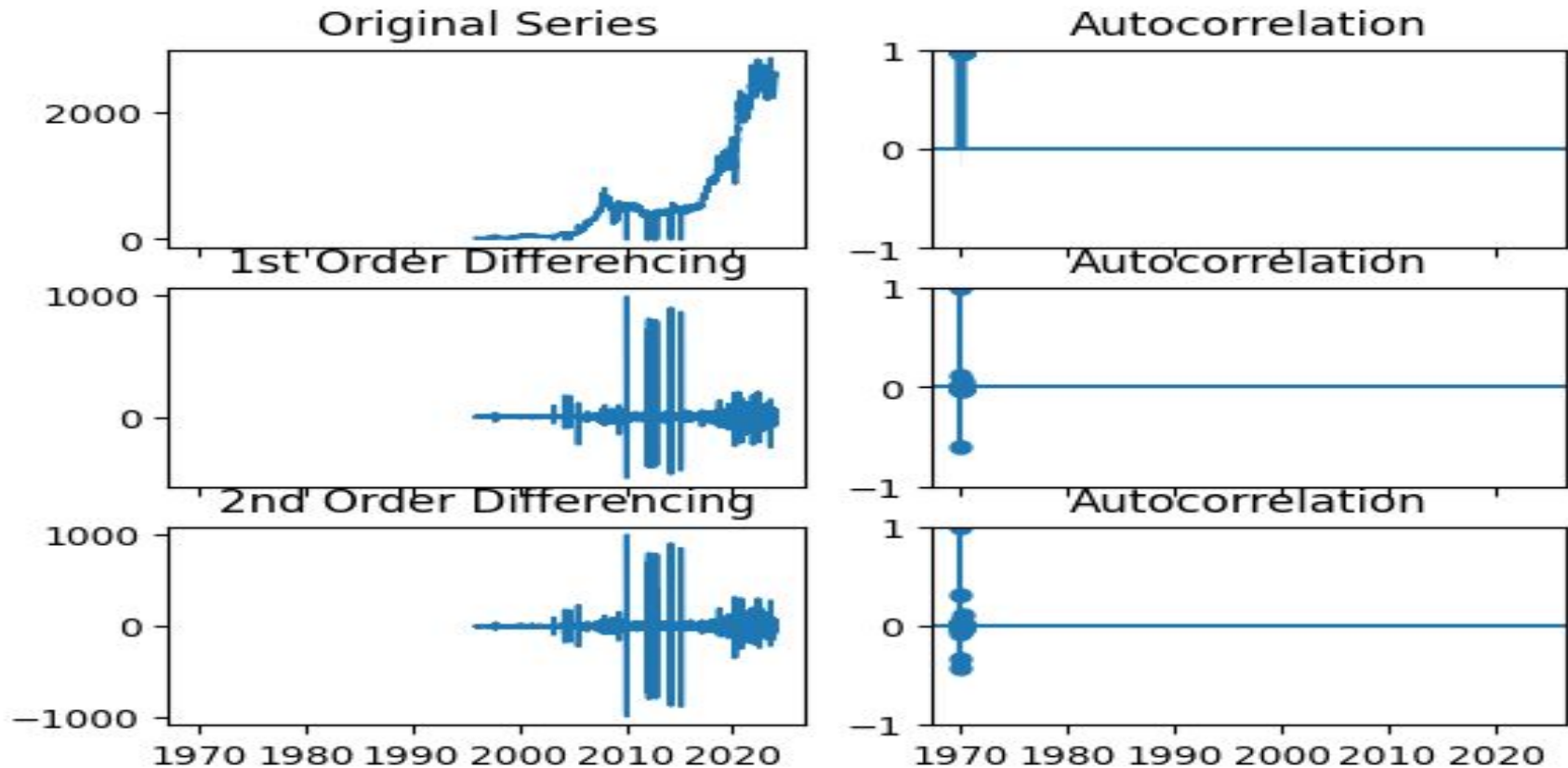
Moving Average = 4



# Decomposition of Data:

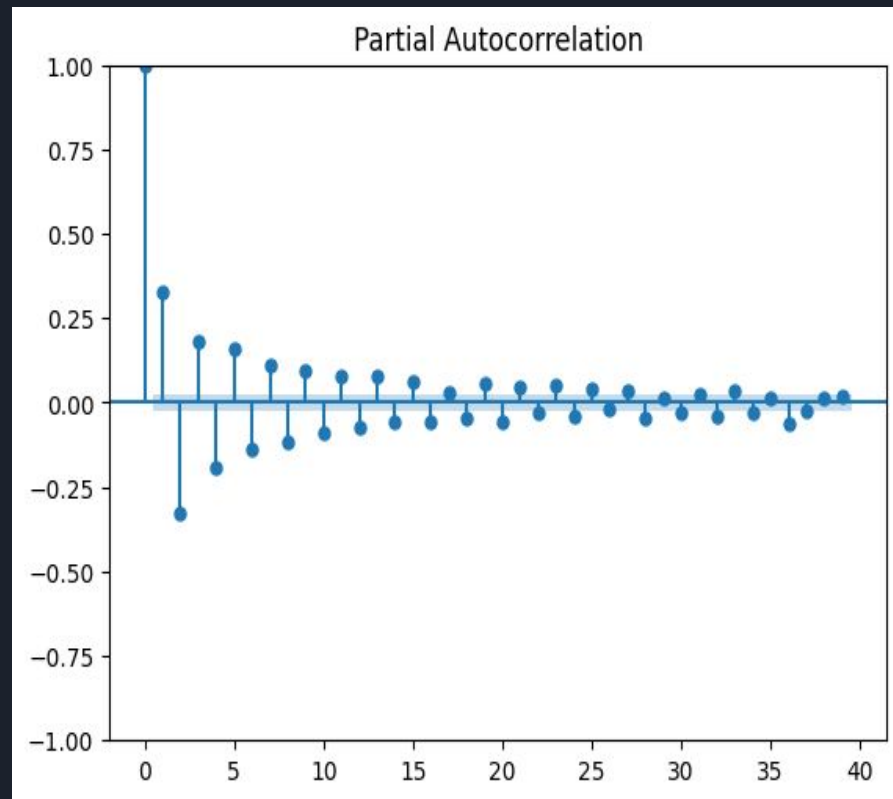
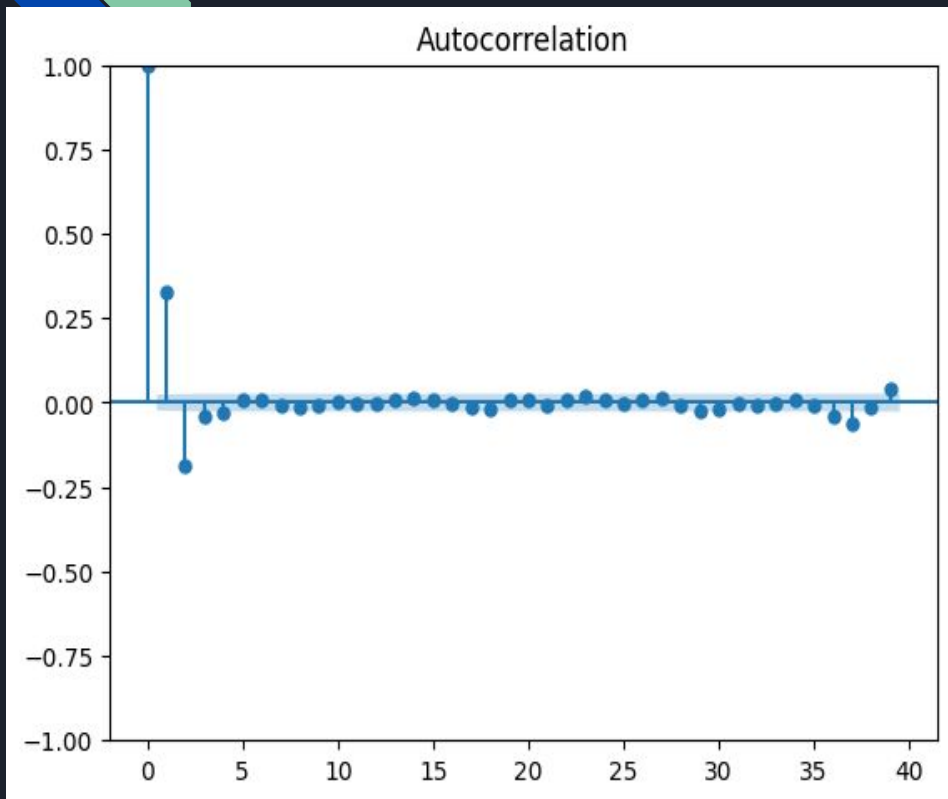


# ACF plot after differencing:





# ACF and PACF plot:







# ARIMA model:

- ❖ ARIMA model applied through stats model, the best value for p,d,q has been found to be (2,2,1) fetching the following metric values.
- ❖ MSE: 267.840
- ❖ MAE: 14.3465
- ❖ RMSE: 16.3658
- ❖ MAPE: 0.005531
- ❖ 15 days of forecasted Data has been drawn and plotted along with the train and test data.

## INFERENCE:

- ❖ The data shows an upward trend from 2016 onwards.
- ❖ There have been fluctuations in the data.

The forecasted values of 15 days show an upward trend in the data.

# Forecast for 15 days:





# SARIMA Model:

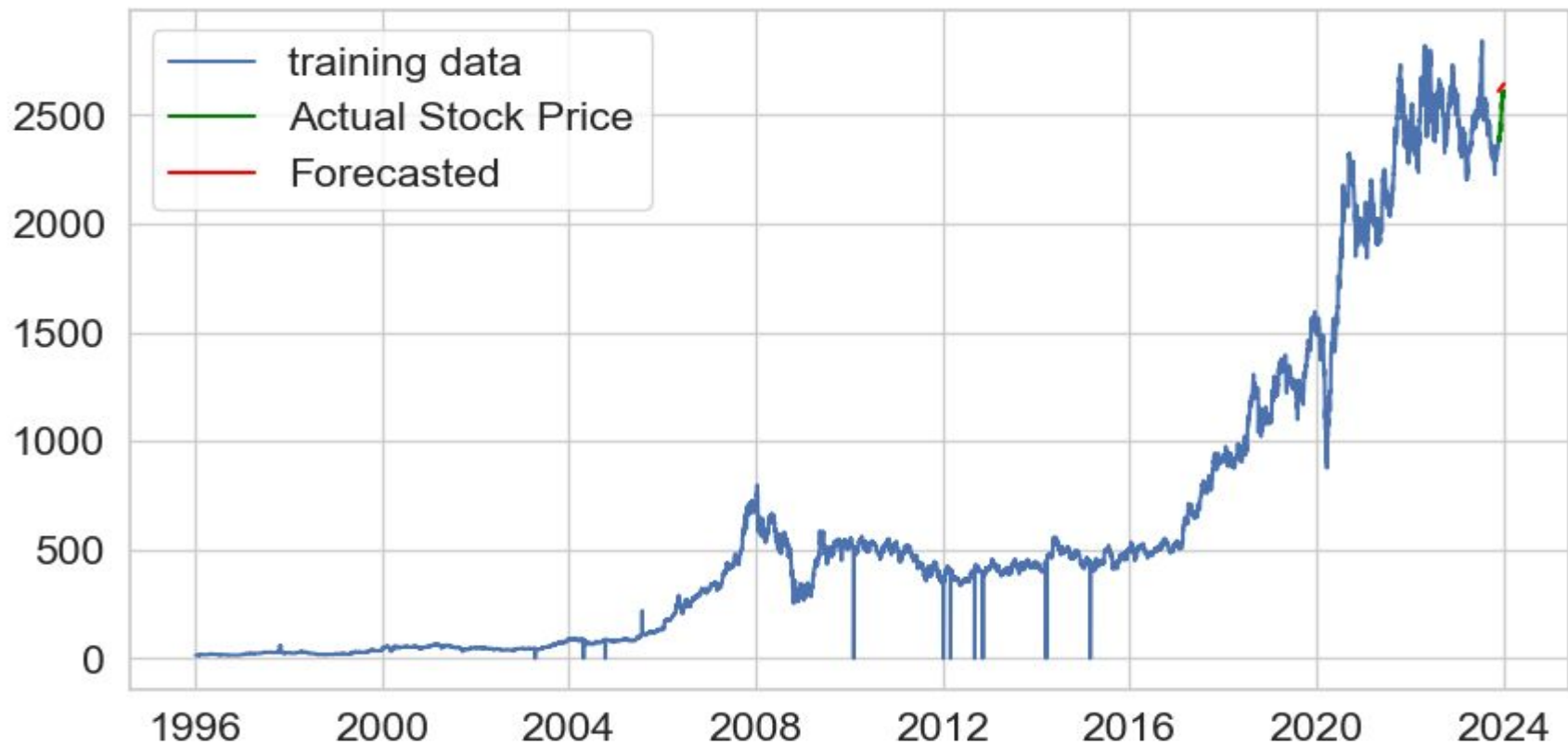
- ❖ SARIMA model has been applied with max of 0 to 3 for p q and d.
- ❖ Generated a ARIMA model with seasonality that is a SARIMAX model with (1,1,1) and seasonality (2,1,0,12) values for p, d, and q.
- ❖ Metrics obtained for the above Data is as follows:
- ❖ MSE: 226.1910
- ❖ MAE: 12.6365
- ❖ RMSE: 15.0396
- ❖ MAPE: 0.00487877
- ❖ 15 days forecast has been drawn and plotted along with the train and test data.

## INFERENCE:

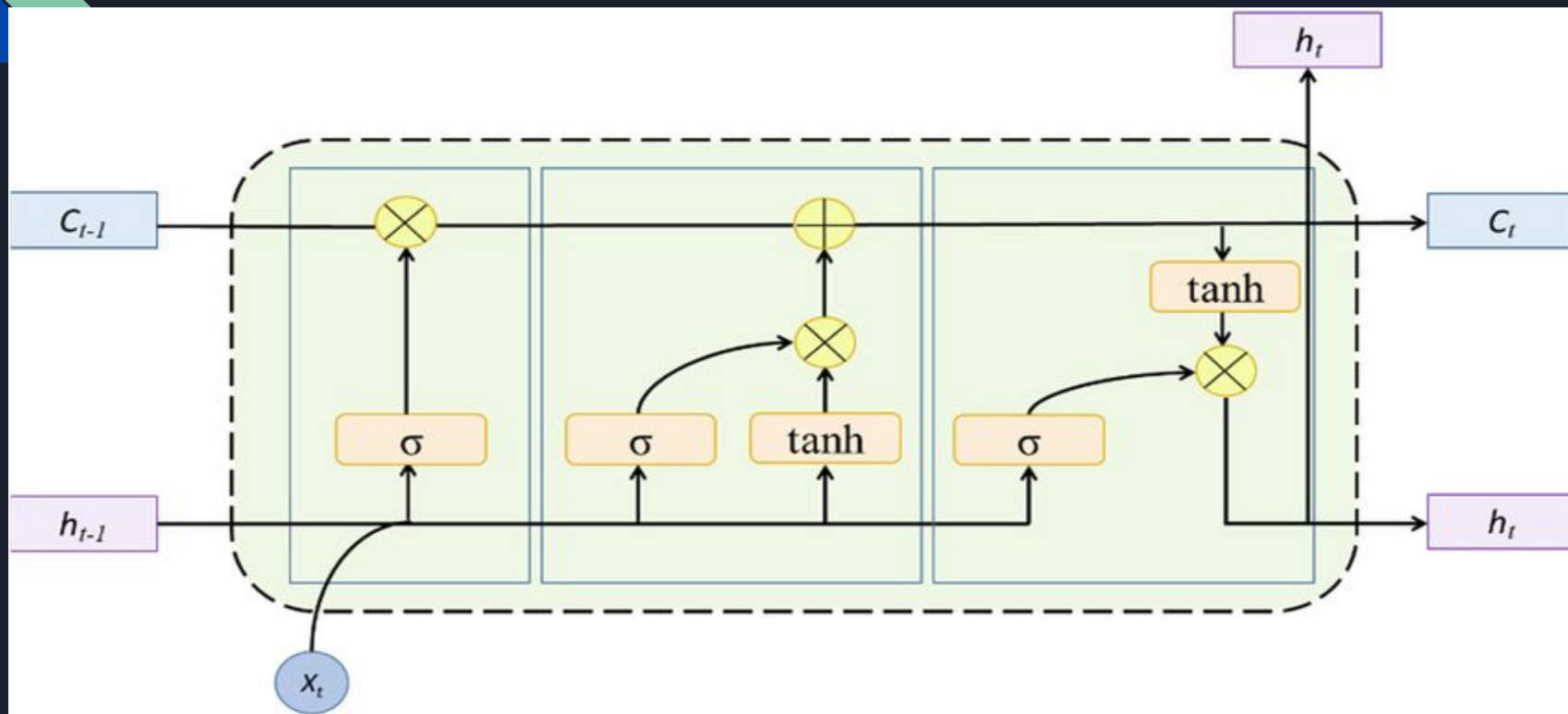
- ❖ The data shows a upward trend from 2016 onwards.
- ❖ There has been fluctuations in the data.

The forecasted values of 15 days shows a upward trend in the data.

## Forecasting for 30 days:



# LSTM model(working):





# LSTM model:

- ❖ LSTM (Long- short term memory) model applied .
- ❖ Three hidden layers created with one output layer.
- ❖ Since LSTM is a part of neural network, it follows the gradient descent and the optimizer used is Adam, and the loss function is taken as mean squared error as its a regression problem.
- ❖ fetching the following metric values.
- ❖ MSE: 548.597
- ❖ MAE: 14.8856
- ❖ RMSE: 23.42216
- ❖ MAPE: 0.0535
- ❖ 15 days of forecasted Data has been drawn and plotted along with the train and test data.

## INFERENCE:

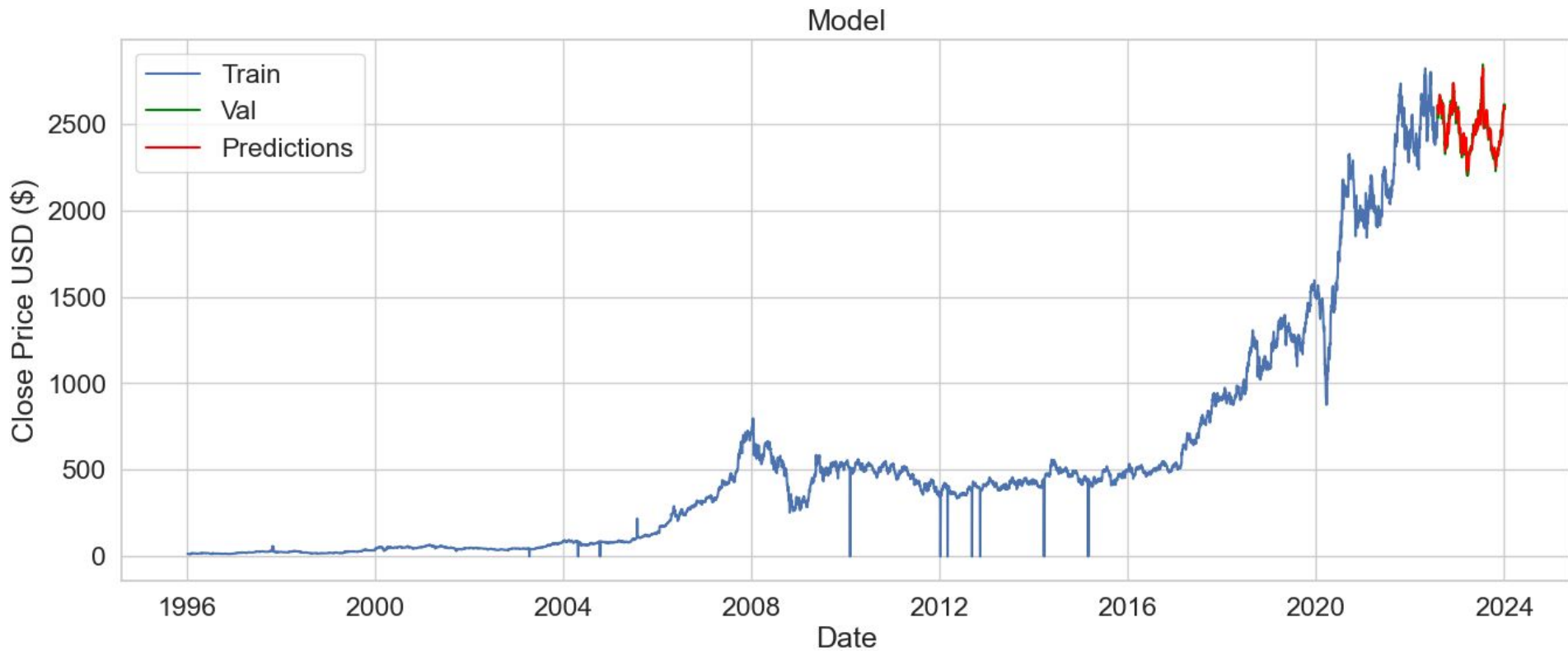
- ❖ The data shows a upward trend from 2016 onwards.
- ❖ There has been fluctuations in the data.

The forecasted values of 15 days shows a upward trend in the data.





# LSTM Model:





# Prophet Model:

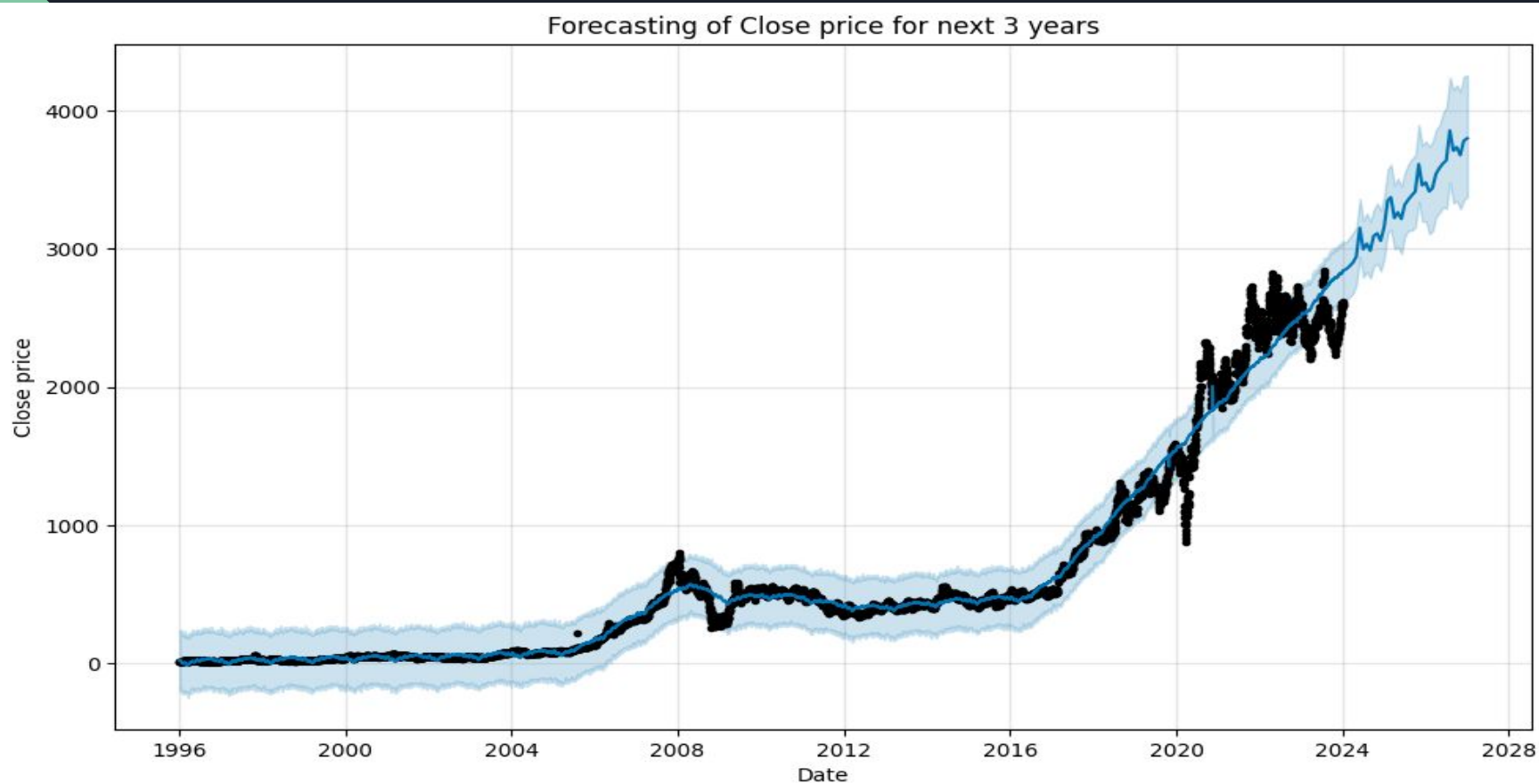
- ❖ The Prophet model is a method for forecasting time series data that is based on an additive model.
- ❖ It can handle data with trends, seasonality, and holidays, and it can automatically adjust for changes in the data. .
- ❖ fetching the following metric values.
- ❖ MSE: 11534.503
- ❖ MAE: 56.8109
- ❖ RMSE: 107.3988
- ❖ MAPE: 0.18806
- ❖ 3 years of forecasted Data has been drawn and plotted along with the train and test data.

## INFERENCE:

- ❖ The data shows an upward trend from 2016 onwards.
- ❖ There have been fluctuations in the data.

The forecasted values of 3 years show an upward trend in the data.

# Forecast for the next 3 years:



# Comparison of different models with different scores:

## □ MSE( Mean Square error):

Model Name	Score
ARIMA	267.840
SARIMA	226.191
LSTM	548.597
PROPHET	11534.503

## □ MAE( Mean Absolute error):

Model Name	Score
ARIMA	14.3465
SARIMA	12.6365
LSTM	14.8856
PROPHET	56.8109

## □ RMSE( Root Mean Square error):

Model Name	Score
ARIMA	16.3658
SARIMA	15.0396
LSTM	23.4221
PROPHET	107.3880

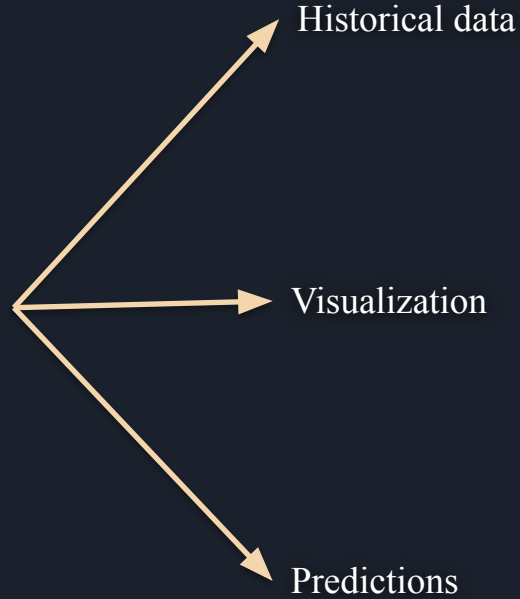
## □ MAPE( Mean Absolute Percentage error):

Model Name	Score
ARIMA	0.005531
SARIMA	0.004878
LSTM	0.05355
PROPHET	0.18806

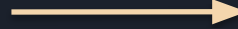


# Deployment:

The UI is enabled with three different options.



The historical data specifies origin of the data and the statistics of the data and EDA for understanding the data.



Graphical representation of the data.



The predictions is where we can get predicted data as we want.



# Historical data:

×

Options

☒ Historic data

☐ Visualization

☐ Predictions


Deploy

:

🔗

## Stock market Prediction of Reliance Industries

Historic data from 1996 to 2024 Jan

0

Stock Market

☒ Show Table

	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	Volume
1996-01-08 00:00:00	15.6273	15.6389	14.8769	15.0316	9.8601	86,288,584.0000
1996-01-09 00:00:00	14.5868	14.8537	14.0994	14.5984	9.5759	179,415,702.0000
1996-01-10 00:00:00	14.3122	14.6564	14.1574	14.2232	9.3298	127,653,926.0000
1996-01-11 00:00:00	14.0801	14.7377	14.0607	14.6680	9.6216	189,051,436.0000
1996-01-12 00:00:00	14.7763	14.8885	14.4166	14.5133	9.5201	172,918,416.0000
1996-01-15 00:00:00	14.4708	14.5443	14.2812	14.3625	9.4211	92,291,448.0000
1996-01-16	14.3122	14.4668	14.2658	14.3885	9.4288	188,358,718.0000

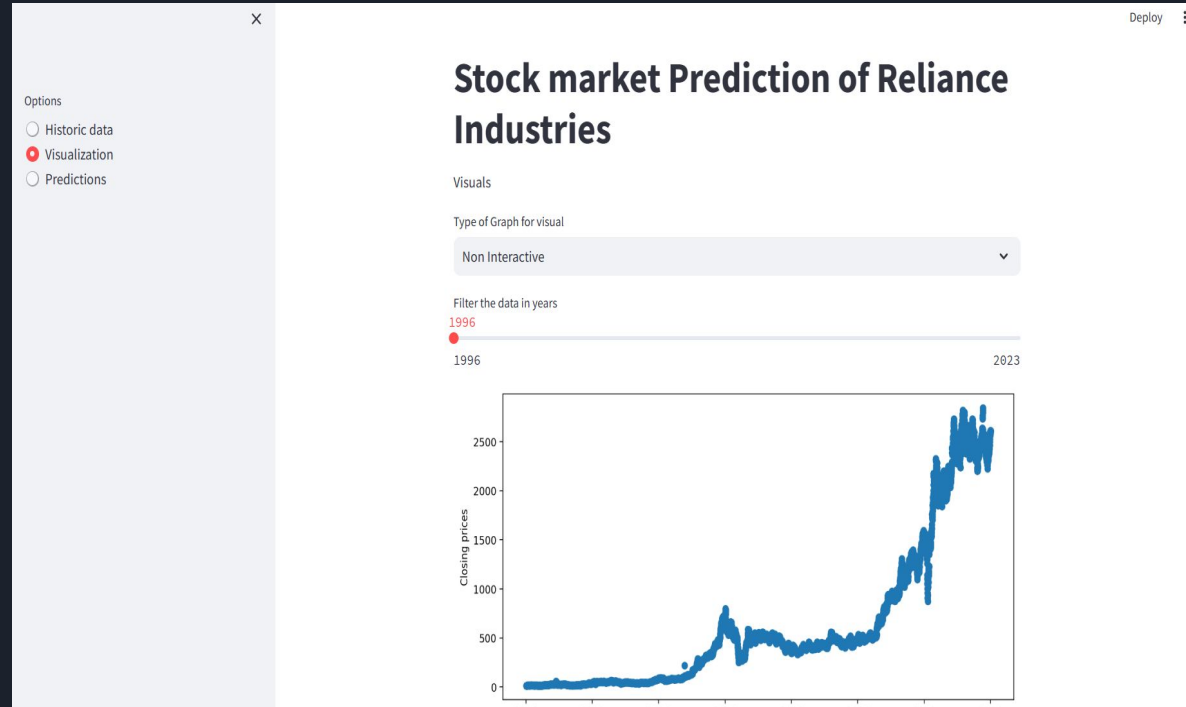
# Visualization:

Here in the visualization window we have two modes:

- ☐ Interactive mode
- ☐ Non interactive mode

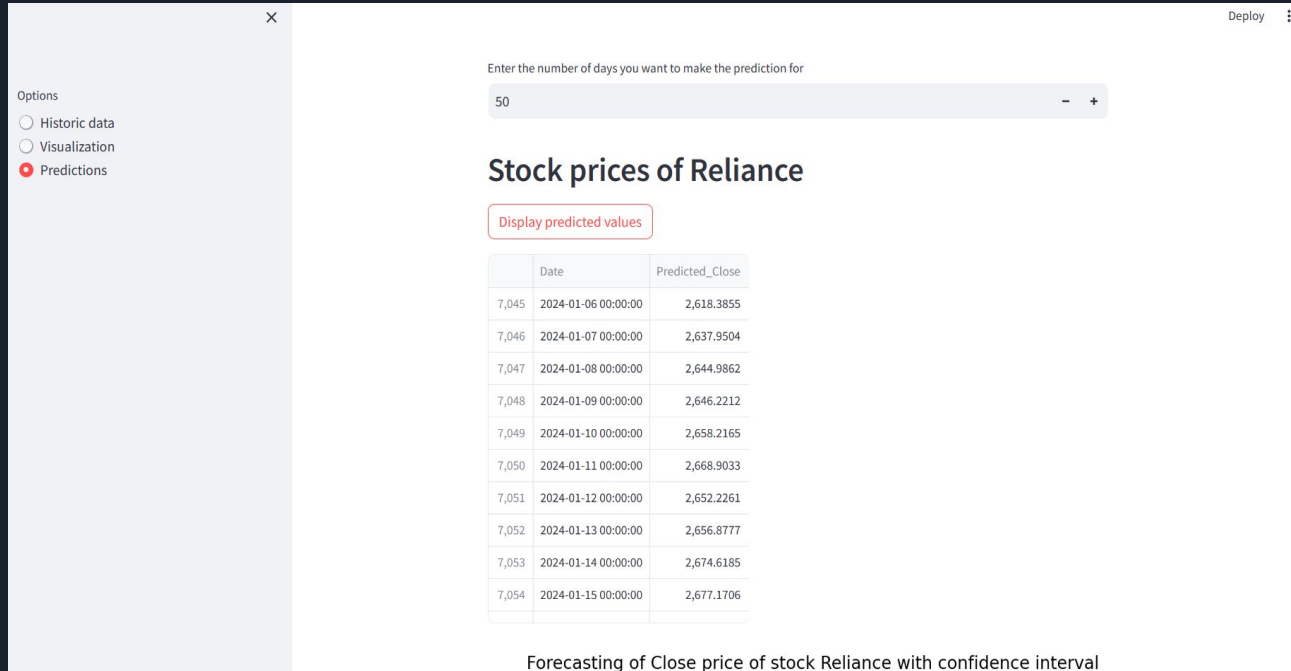
Interactive mode: we can observe whole data graphical representation at a time.

Non-Interactive mode: Here we can customize or filter how many years we require.



# Predictions:

- The final page here we can get predicted data as much we require and we can download the data as for reference.





THANK YOU