

# NCKU Programming Contest Training Course 2013/07/19

#### Pin-chieh Huang (free999)

pinchieh.huang@gmail.com

http://myweb.ncku.edu.tw/~p76014143/20130719\_Trie.rar

Department of Computer Science and Information Engineering National Cheng Kung University Tainan, Taiwan









Store this collection of words in a memory efficient way:

{abacus, abode, dreaded, dust, dusty, planar, east}

How to proceed?



#### Idea



- Avoid the Duplicate Part
  - Can we find a way to avoid search the same part?

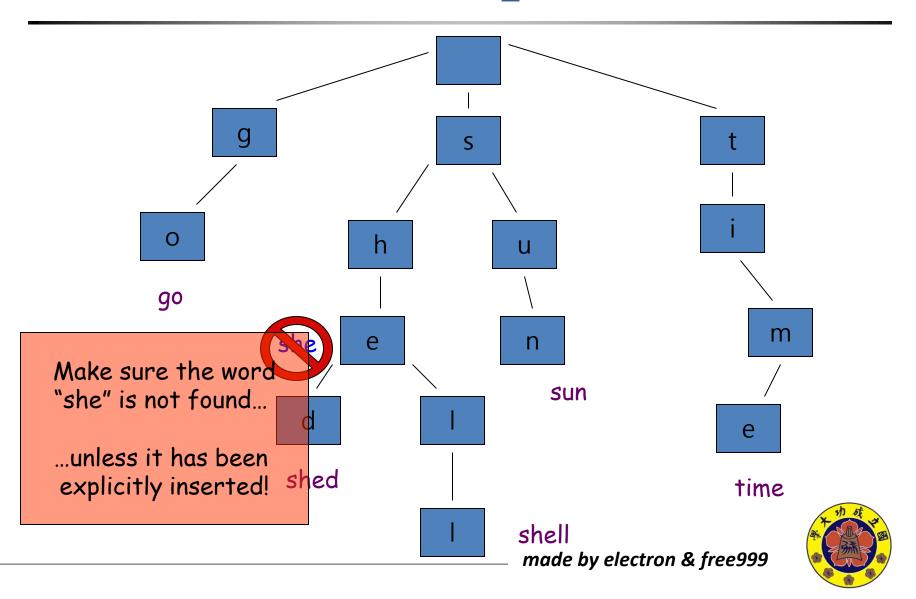
Draw a trie corresponding to the collection of words:

{abacus, abode, dreaded, dust, dusty, planar, east}



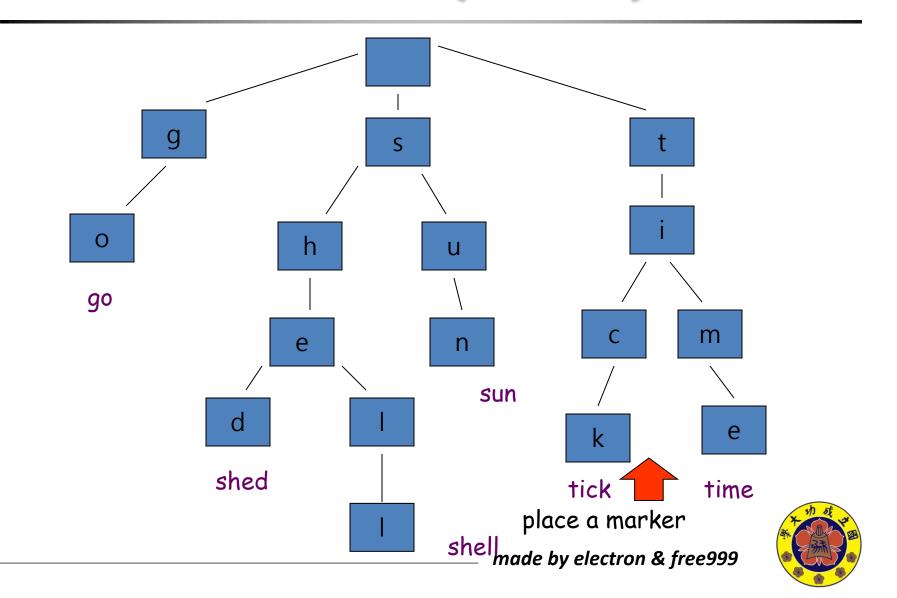


#### Example



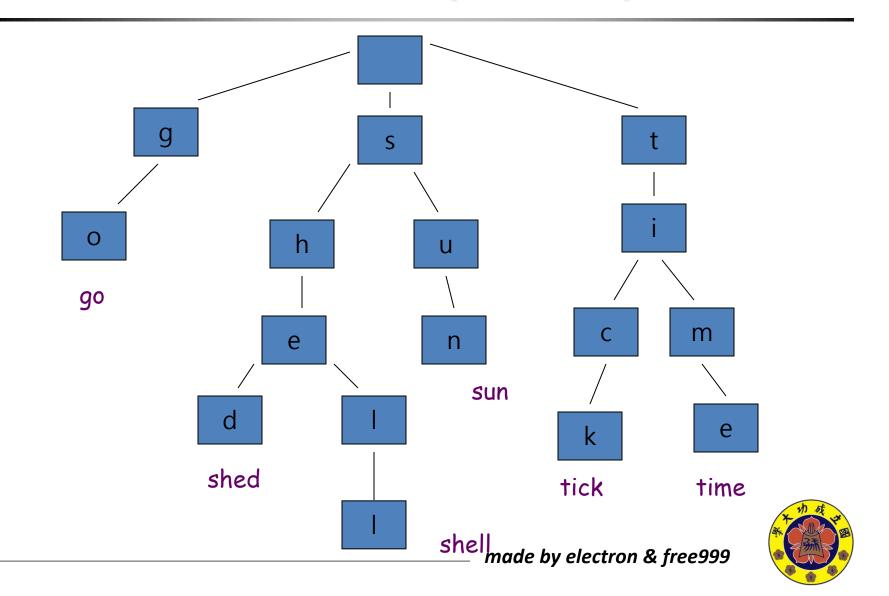


#### T.insert("tick")



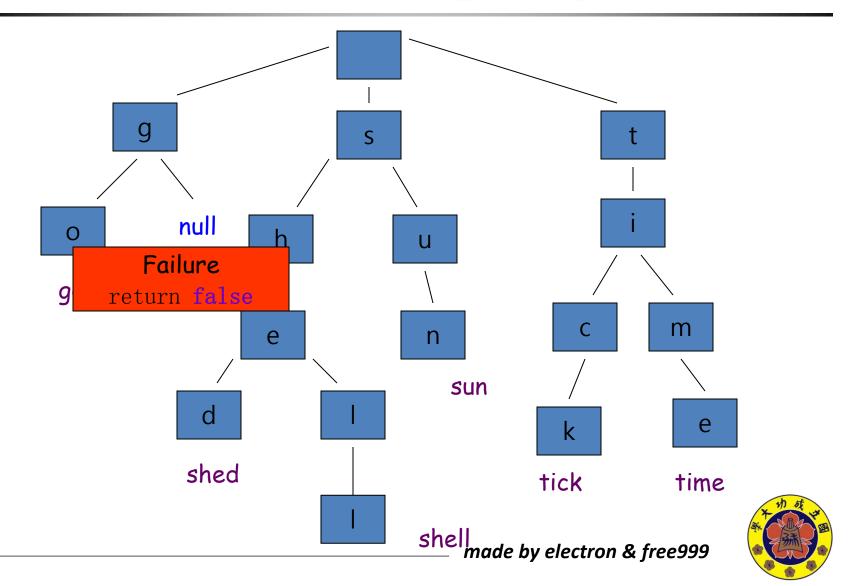


## T.insert("tick")



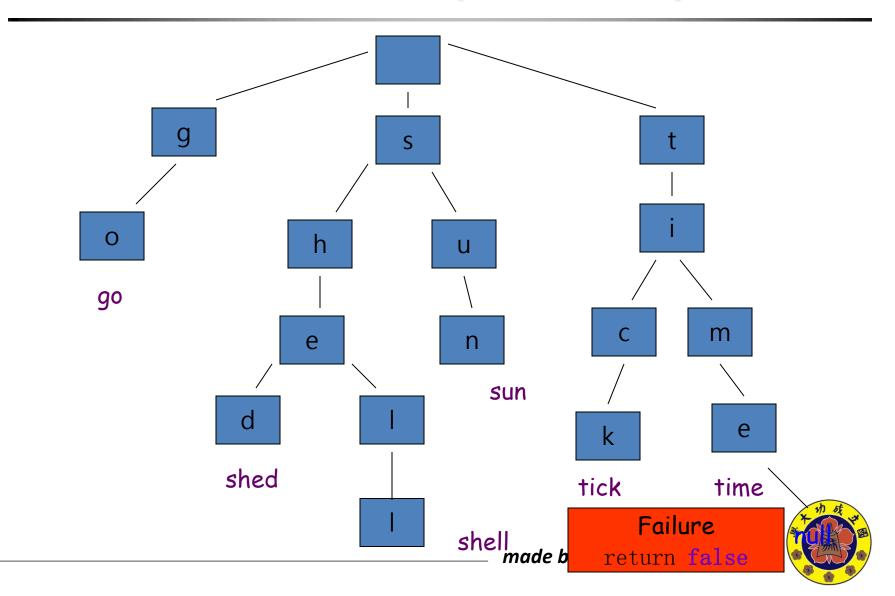


## T.search("group")



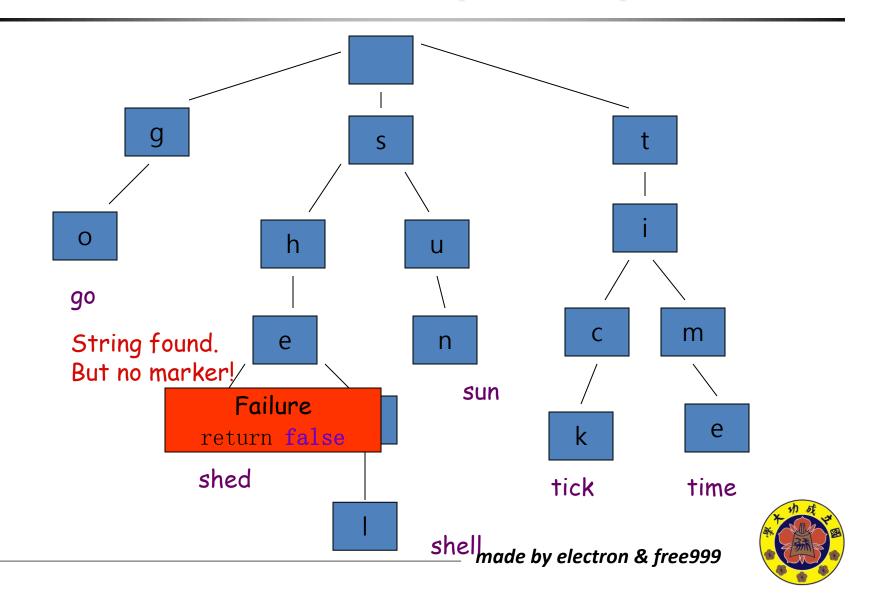


## T.search("timer")



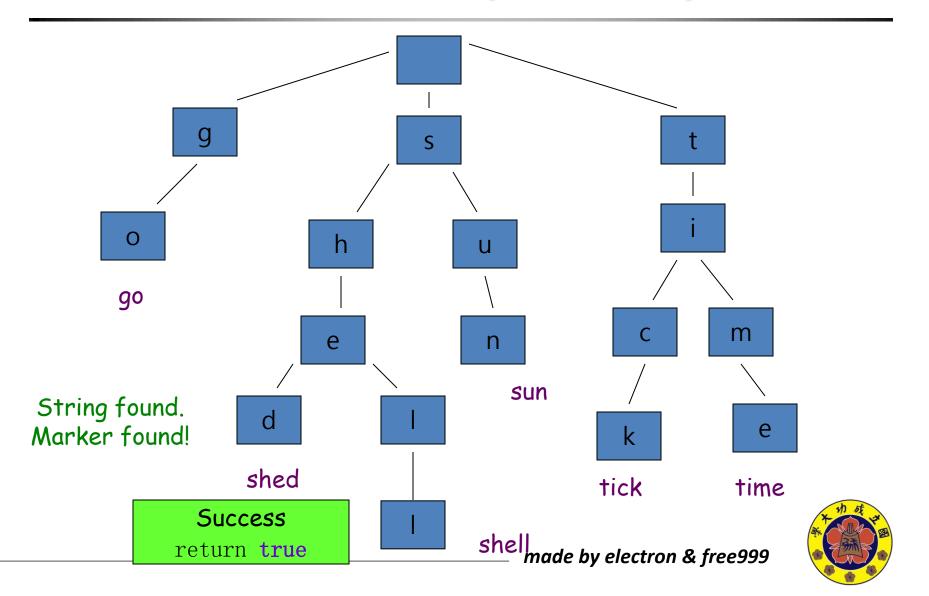


## T.search("she")





#### T.search("shed")





#### Trie

```
int insert(char word[])
int i, 1;
          //ptr is for the traversal.
NODE *ptr;
l = strlen(word);
for(i=0, ptr=root; i<1; i++)</pre>
   if(ptr->next[word[i]-'a']==NULL) //new node allocation
      ptr->next[word[i]-'a'] = (NODE*)calloc(1, sizeof(NODE));
   if(!(ptr->isword)) //create new id for the word.
   ptr->id = NW++, ptr->isword = true;
return ptr->id; //return the id of the word.
```







PkU 3630







#### **Total 7 Problems**

- POJ
  - -2503
  - 2513
  - 3630
- UVa
  - 902
  - -10226
  - 10391
  - -10745





# Thank You For Attention!

