9101 Assignment 2 Haojin Guo z5216214

Q2.

2. At a trade school, there are N workers looking for jobs, each with a skill level x_i . There are P entry-level job openings, and the i^{th} opening only accepts workers with a skill level less than or equal to p_i . There are also Q senior job openings, the i of which requires a skill level of at least q_i . Each worker can take at most one job, and each job opening only accepts a single worker.

Your task is to determine the largest number of workers you can assign to jobs in time $O(N \log N + P \log P + Q \log Q)$.

Solution,

- 1) Merge Sorting N and P in ascending order. (Cost = O(NlogN) + O(PlogP))
- 2) Merge Sorting Q in descending order. (Cost = O(QlogQ))
- 3) Using two pointers to traverse N and P.

The worker(N) in N, which represent the skill level x_i .

If $x_i > \text{skill level } p_i(P)$, then $p_i(P)$ $(p_i(P) + +)$ moves back one position and continues to compare with x_i .

If If $x_i \le p_i(P)$, the number of workers plus one. And hen $p_i(P)$ $(p_i(P) + +)$ and $x_i(x_i + +)$ moves back one position and continues to check. (The cost is N+P)

4) Using two pointers to traverse N and Q.

The worker(N) in N, which represent the skill level x_i .

If x_i < skill level $q_i(Q)$, then $q_i(Q)$ $(q_i(Q) + +)$ moves back one position and continues to compare with x_i .

If If $x_i >= q_i(Q)$, the number of workers plus one. And hen $q_i(Q)$ $(q_i(Q) + +)$ and $x_i(x_i + +)$ moves back one position and continues to check. (The cost is N+Q)

The total cost is, O(NlogN) + O(PlogP) + O(QlogQ) + 2N + P + Q = O(NlogN) + O(PlogP) + O(QlogQ)