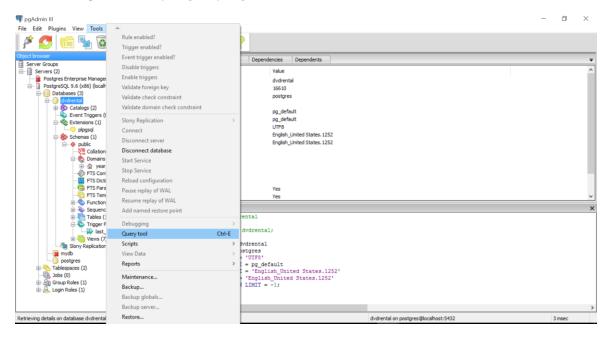
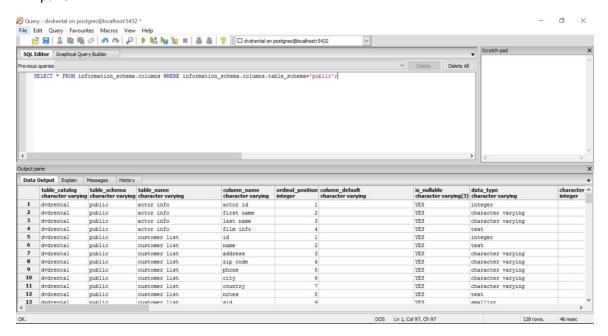
Tutorial 3

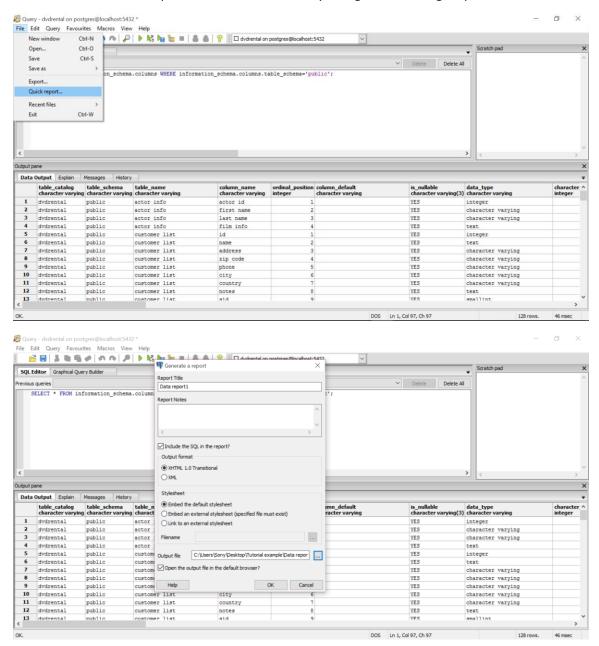
1. To obtain the information needed about base relations (from the data dictionary and the definition of the relations), open pgAdmin III, stand on the node "dvdrental", and go to "Tools" menu and click on "Query tool". Then, apply some SQL queries provided in the following link: www.postgresql.org/docs/current/static/information-schema.html

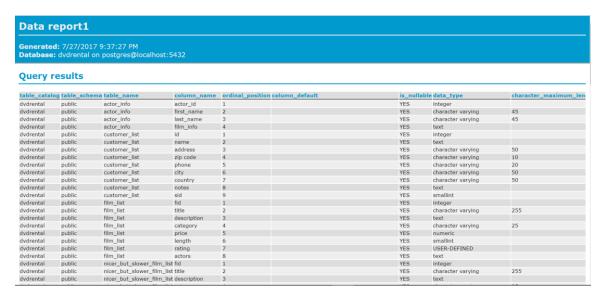


Once the SQL query editor opens, type the following SQL statement: "SELECT * FROM information_schema.columns WHERE information_schema.columns.table_schema='public';" and observe the results in the output pane

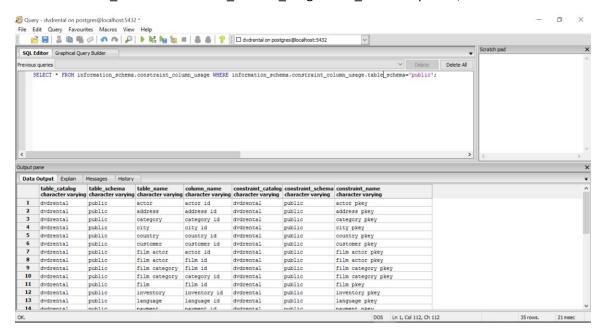


3. You can save the output in a Web-like format by doing the following steps:

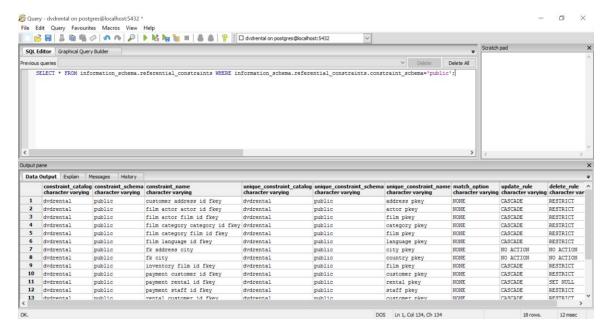




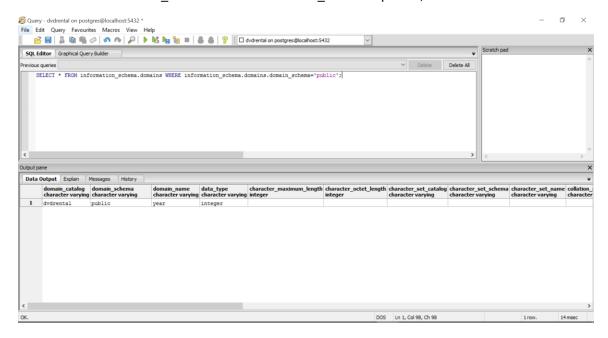
4. To obtain information about primary key and foreign keys, use the following SQL statement: "SELECT * FROM information_schema.constraint_column_usage WHERE information schema.constraint column usage.table schema='public';"



 To obtain information about the referential integrity constraints for foreign keys, try this SQL statement: "SELECT * FROM information_schema.referential_constraints WHERE information_schema.referential_constraints.constraint_schema='public';"



- 6. To obtain information about the attributes' domain and constraints on that domain, there are two SQL statements to execute:
 - a. "SELECT * FROM information_schema.domains WHERE information_schema.domains.domain_schema='public';"



b. "SELECT * FROM information_schema.domain_constraints WHERE information_schema.domain_constraints.constraint_schema='public';"



7. To obtain information about general constraints other than those on primary keys and foreign keys, run the following SQL statement: "SELECT * FROM information_schema.check_constraints WHERE information_schema.check_constraints.constraint_schema='public';"

