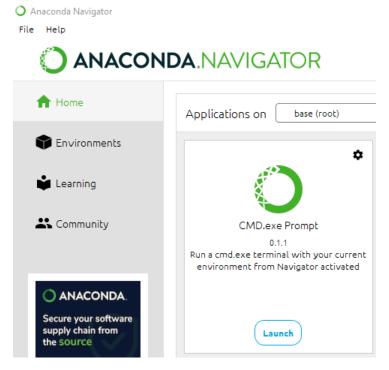
# Chapter 7 – Converting Data types

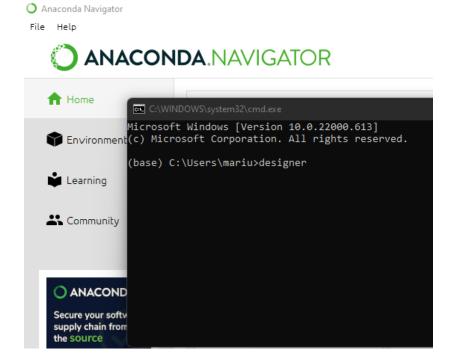
## Add two numbers application

#### **Step 1** Open Qt Designer

• Launch the CMD.exe Prompt from within Anaconda Navigator



• In the command prompt type designer and press enter



Created by MJ Kies (2022) to be used with the book "Introduction to Python Programming and Developing GUI Applications with PyQT" – Python 3, PyQt 5, Jupyter Notebook version.

## **Step 2** Selecting a template

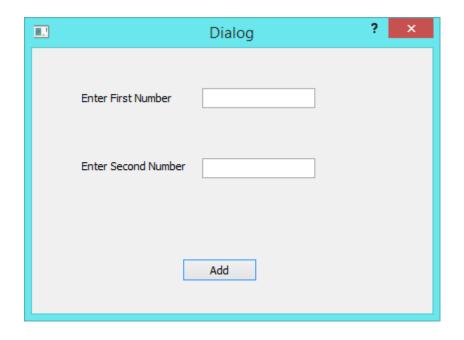
- Click on the "Dialog without Buttons"
- Click the Create button
- A new form with the caption "untitled" is created with no widgets.

## **Step 3** Adding widgets

 Add the following widgets and set the properties. For now we will leave the objectNames as the default: Note that Python is case sensitive so make sure of the letter casing on objectnames

Widget	Property	Value
QLabel	objectName	labelFirstNumber
(Display widgets section)	text	Enter First Number
QLabel	objectName	labelSecondNumber
(Display widgets section)	text	Enter Second Number
QLabel	objectName	labelAddition
(Display widgets section)	text	
QLineEdit	objectName	lineFirstNumber
(Input widgets section)		
QLineEdit	objectName	lineSecondNumber
(Input widgets section)		
QPushButton	objectName	AddButton
(Buttons section)	text	Add

- Preview the form by pressing Ctrl+R
- Your form should look similar to the one below:



## **Step 4** Save the form

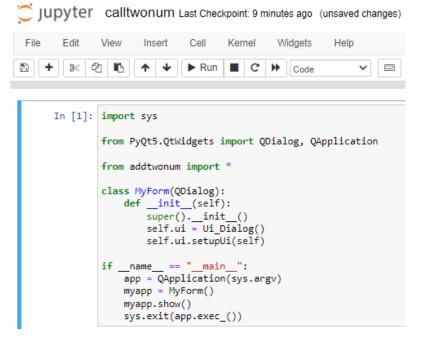
• Save the form as addtwonum.ui (note the case!! Python is case sensitive)

## **Step 5** Convert the .ui file to a .py file

• Convert the addtwonum.ui file to addtwonum.py using pyuic5. (note the case!! Python is case sensitive, so even on file names the case must be the same throughout)

## **Step 6** Create a source file (.pyw) that imports the .py file

Open the Jupyter Notebook and create a new Python3 file and add the following code (note the indentation and case!!)



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- Save the file as calltwonum
- Run and test the application up to this point

#### **Step 7** Add the code for the custom signal and slot

 Add the following code to connect the clicked() signal of the ClickMeButton to a slot to change the text of labelMessage (note the indentation and case!)

```
self.ui.AddButton.clicked.connect(self.dispsum)

def dispsum(self):
    if len(self.ui.lineFirstNumber.text())!=0:
        a=int(self.ui.lineFirstNumber.text())
    else:
        a=0
    if len(self.ui.lineSecondNumber.text())!=0:
        b=int(self.ui.lineSecondNumber.text())
    else:
        b=0
    sum=a+b
    self.ui.labelAddition.setText("Addition: " +str(sum))
```

Calltwonum Last Checkpoint: 13 minutes ago (autosaved)

```
Edit
        View
                Insert
                        Cell
                               Kernel
                                        Widgets
                        ► Run ■ C
                                       ▶ Code
In [1]: import sys
        from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QDialog, QApplication
        from addtwonum import *
        class MyForm(QDialog):
            def __init__(self):
                super().__init__()
self.ui = Ui_Dialog()
                 self.ui.setupUi(self)
                 self.ui.AddButton.clicked.connect(self.dispsum)
             def dispsum(self):
                 if len(self.ui.lineFirstNumber.text())!=0:
                     a=int(self.ui.lineFirstNumber.text())
                 else:
                    a=0
                 if len(self.ui.lineSecondNumber.text())!=0:
                    b=int(self.ui.lineSecondNumber.text())
                 else:
                 sum=a+b
                 self.ui.labelAddition.setText("Addition: " +str(sum))
                    == " main ":
             name
             app = QApplication(sys.argv)
            mypp = MyForm()
            myapp.show()
             sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

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Dispsum is a function that we have written to:

- 1. Test if something is entered in lineFirstNumber (if the length of the text property is not 0 that it is longer than 0)
- 2. If something is entered in lineFirstNumber it is converted to an integer value otherwise the value is 0
- 3. Test if something is entered in lineSecondNumber (if the length of the text property is not 0 that it is longer than 0)
- 4. If something is entered in lineSecondNumber it is converted to an integer value otherwise the value is 0
- 5. Calculate the sum of the two values
- 6. Convert the answer which is an integer value to a string and add this string to the string "Addition:" and change the text property of labelAddition to this string to display it on the screen.
- Save the file
- Run and test your application by entering two values and clicking on the button

