Week 12 Lab

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Section 1. Proportion og G/G in a population

 $Downloaded\ a\ csv\ file\ from\ Ensemble < https://useast.ensembl.org/Homo_sapiens/Variation/Sample?db=core; r=17:39894595-39895595; v=rs8067378; vdb=variation; vf=959672880\#373531\ tablePanel$

Here we read this csv file

Find the proportion

```
mxl <- read.csv("373531-SampleGenotypes-Homo_sapiens_Variation_Sample_rs8067378.csv")
head(mxl)
##
     Sample..Male.Female.Unknown. Genotype..forward.strand. Population.s. Father
## 1
                      NA19648 (F)
                                                          A|A ALL, AMR, MXL
## 2
                      NA19649 (M)
                                                          G|G ALL, AMR, MXL
                                                          A|A ALL, AMR, MXL
## 3
                      NA19651 (F)
## 4
                      NA19652 (M)
                                                          G|G ALL, AMR, MXL
## 5
                      NA19654 (F)
                                                          G|G ALL, AMR, MXL
## 6
                      NA19655 (M)
                                                          A|G ALL, AMR, MXL
##
    Mother
## 1
## 2
## 3
## 4
## 5
table(mxl$Genotype..forward.strand.)
##
## A|A A|G G|A G|G
## 22 21 12
table(mxl$Genotype..forward.strand.) / nrow(mxl) * 100
##
       AIA
               AIG
                       GIA
                                GIG
## 34.3750 32.8125 18.7500 14.0625
Now let's look at a different population. I picked the GBR.
gbr <- read.csv("373522-SampleGenotypes-Homo_sapiens_Variation_Sample_rs8067378.csv")
Find proportion of G|G
```

round(table(gbr\$Genotype..forward.strand.) / nrow(gbr) * 100, 2)

```
##
## A|A A|G G|A G|G
## 25.27 18.68 26.37 29.67
```

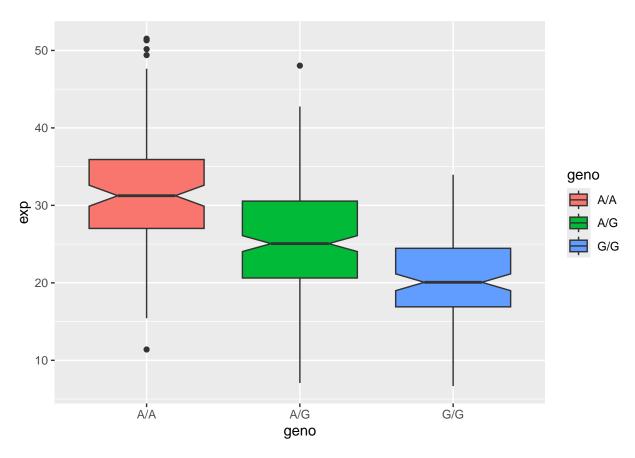
This variant is associated with childhood asthma is more frequent in the GBR population than the MKL population.

Lets now dig into this further.

Section 4: Population analysis

Q13: Read this file into R and determine the sample size for each genotype and their corresponding median expression levels for each of these genotypes.

```
expr <- read.table("rs8067378_ENSG00000172057.6.txt")</pre>
head(expr)
##
      sample geno
                        exp
## 1 HG00367 A/G 28.96038
## 2 NA20768 A/G 20.24449
## 3 HG00361 A/A 31.32628
## 4 HG00135 A/A 34.11169
## 5 NA18870 G/G 18.25141
## 6 NA11993 A/A 32.89721
nrow(expr)
## [1] 462
table(expr$geno)
##
## A/A A/G G/G
## 108 233 121
library(ggplot2)
Lets make a boxplot
ggplot(expr) + aes(geno, exp, fill = geno) + geom_boxplot(notch = TRUE)
```



Q14: Generate a boxplot with a box per genotype, what could you infer from the relative expression value between A/A and G/G displayed in this plot? Does the SNP effect the expression of ORMDL3?

They have different distributions, G/G is significantly different from the A/G and the A/A. The G/G is associated with having a reduced expression of ORMDL3.