

## Model 1 Random Substitution

You have likely decoded “secret messages” that simply used a different letter for each letter of the alphabet. These types of encryption schemes can be broken easily using frequency analysis. For example, we know that the letter E typically appears most frequently in English, followed by the letter T. Consider the following quotation, encrypted using a random substitution:

PXL QLHP PXABCH AB OAGL KML GMLL

### Questions (10 min)

Start time: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Count the frequency of each letter in the above quotation.
  - a) Which letter appears the most often?
  - b) Which letter(s) appears the second most often?
  - c) Which letter(s) appears the third most often?
2. Now consider commonly used English words.
  - a) What are some commonly used three-letter words?
  - b) What are some commonly used two-letter words?
  - c) Based on your answers to the above two questions, and using trial and error, decrypt the above quotation.
  - d) Discuss as a team the process you just used to decrypt the message, and describe it here.