



ML for Quantum and Quantum for ML: Towards Robust Quantum Computing on NISQ Devices

Torch
Quantum
torchquantum.org



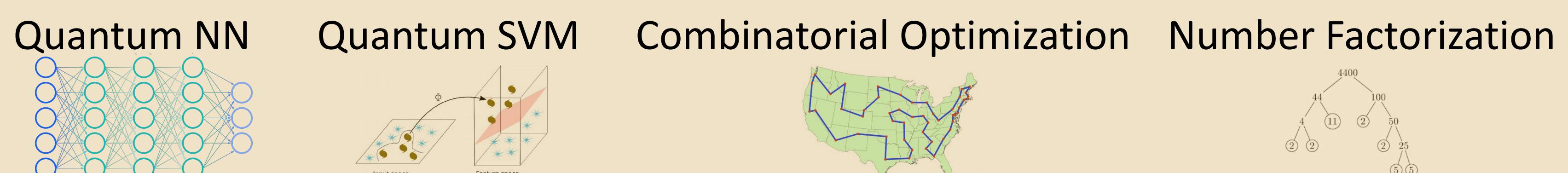
gmlsys.mit.edu

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Why Quantum + ML and the challenges

Quantum Computing promises computational advantages over conventional methods for many important applications including ML. Proved advantage on QNN for quantum data has been achieved.

- Challenge: How to make the QML **more robust** on current machines?
- Challenge: How to make the QML algorithm **design process more efficient**?



Quantum machines with 100+ qubits are available now! But they contain significant **error/noises**, data-driven ML can **help estimate and mitigate noise**

- Challenge: How to design **scalable** estimation / mitigation ML models?
- Challenge: How to make the classical ML processing **fast and efficient** enough?



Quantum for Machine Learning

Challenge

Machine Learning for Quantum

Quantum Circuit Architecture Design

SuperCircuit
-SubCircuit
Framework

33% accuracy
improvements
1000x less cost

IBMQ-Yorktown IBMQ-Athens IBMQ-Quito

QuantumNAS: Noise-Aware Arch Search [HPCA'22]

Quantum Circuit Parameter Training

Noise Gate
injection

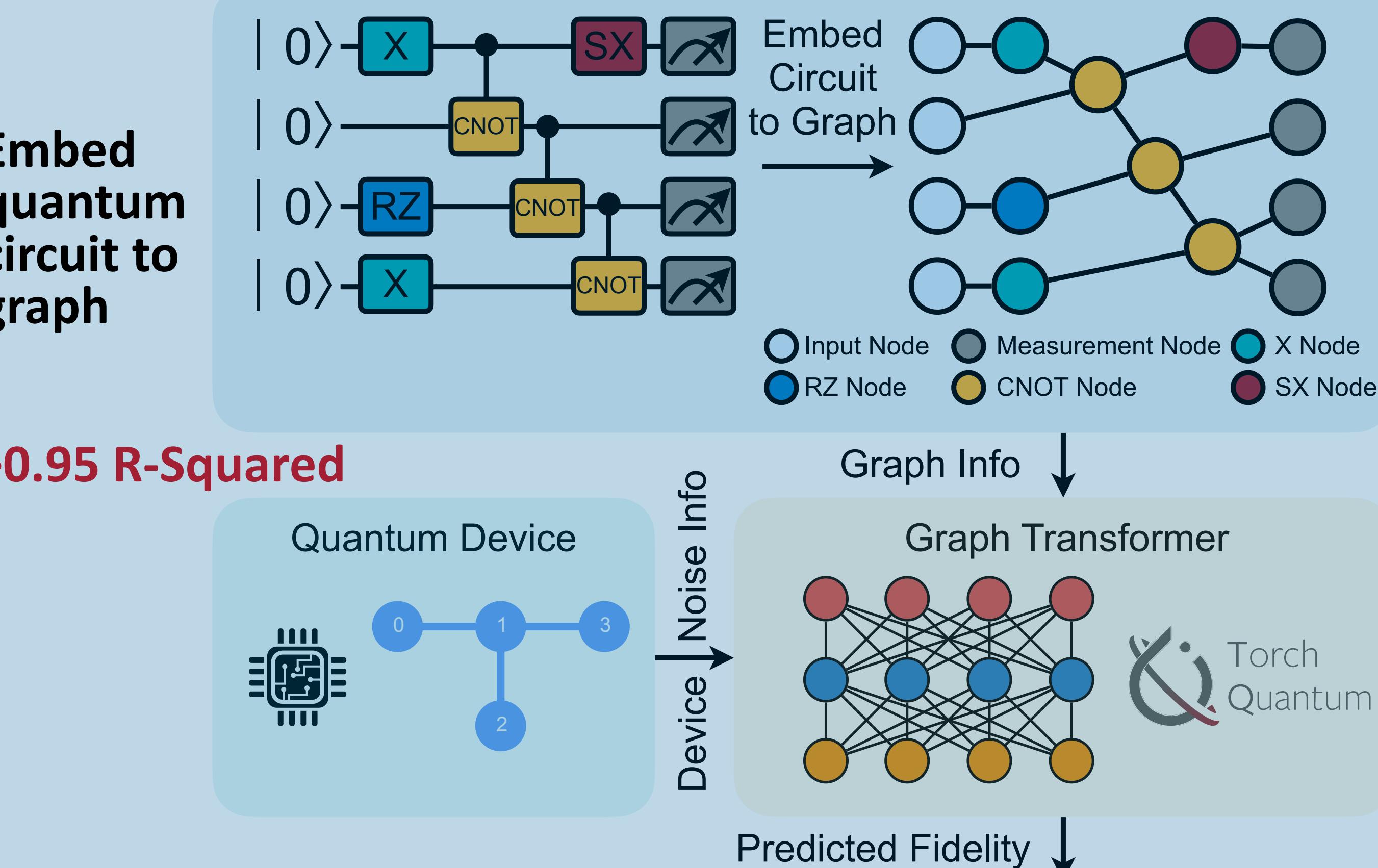
Quantization of
measurement
outcomes
43% accuracy
improvements

QuantumNAT: Noise-Aware Param Training [DAC'22]

Search
Efficiency

Estimation
Scalability

Learning Quantum Noise with NN

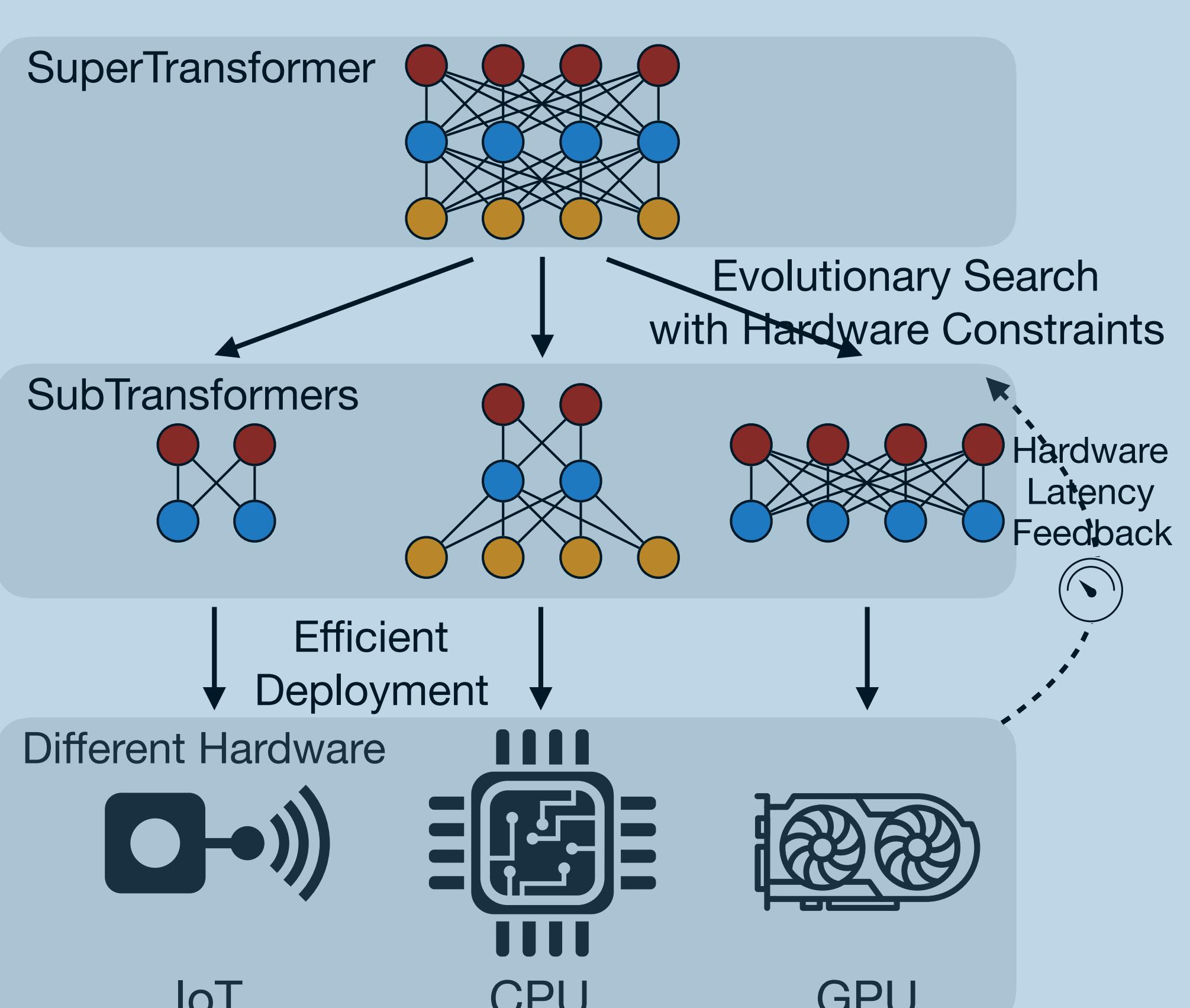


QuEst: Transformer for Quantum Reliability Estimation [ICCAD'22]

Circuit
Robustness

Inference
Speed

Classical NN Model Architecture Design



HAT: Hardware-Aware Transformer NAS [ACL'20]

Quantum Circuit On-Chip Tuning

Parameter-Shift
rule to obtain on-
chip gradients

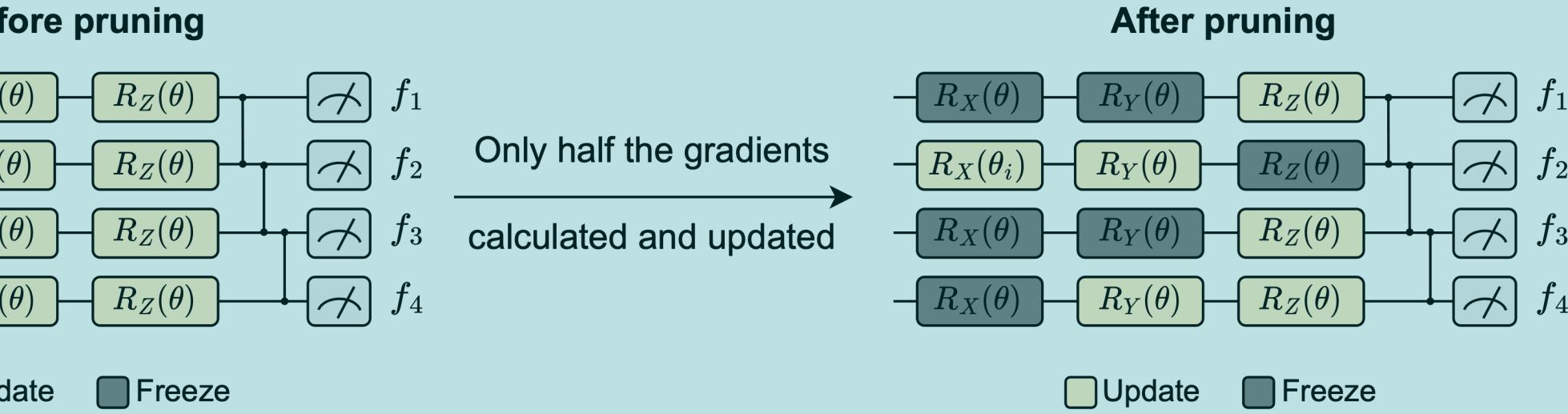
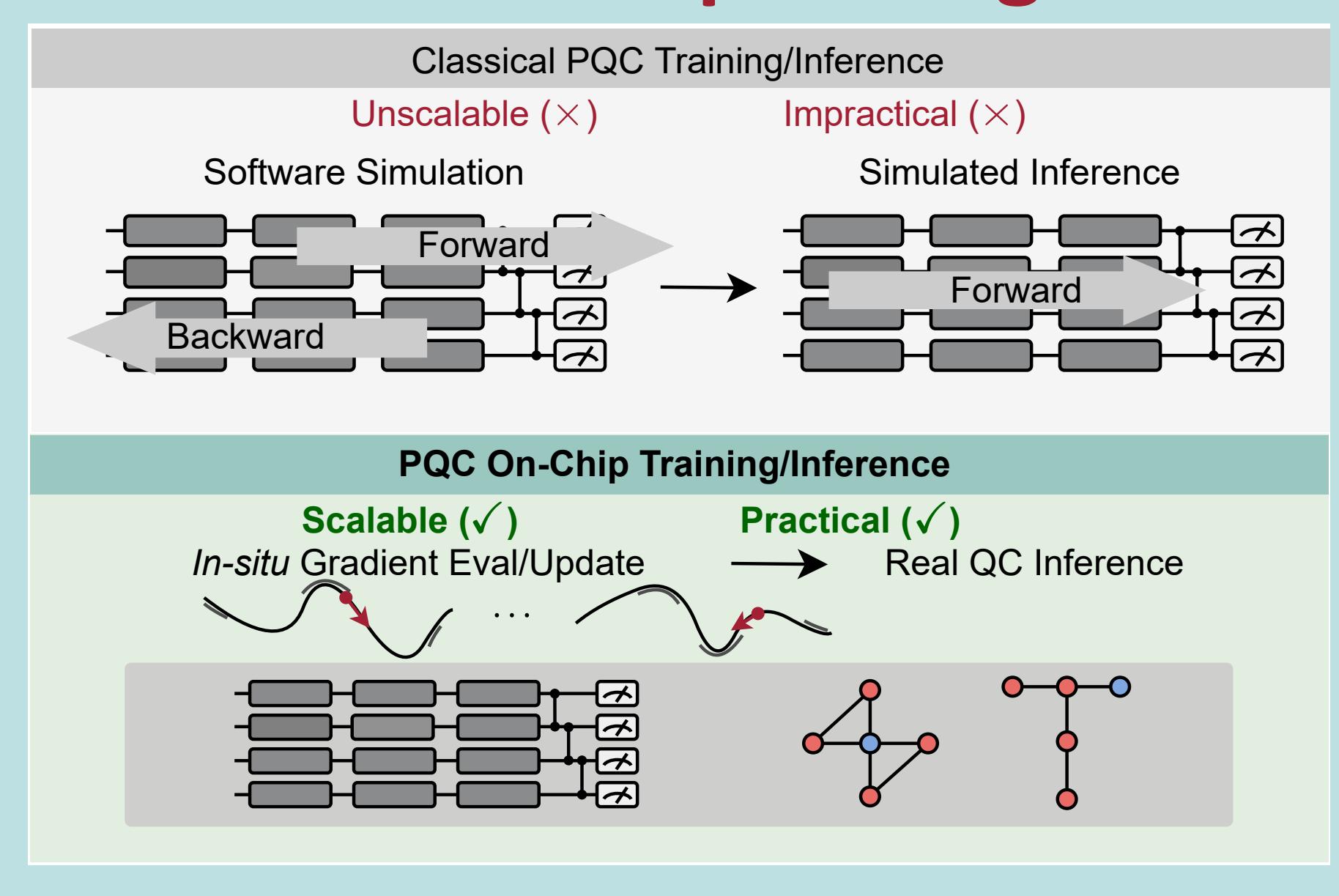
90% 2-class
accuracy trained
on quantum

Gradient
pruning
stabilizes
training

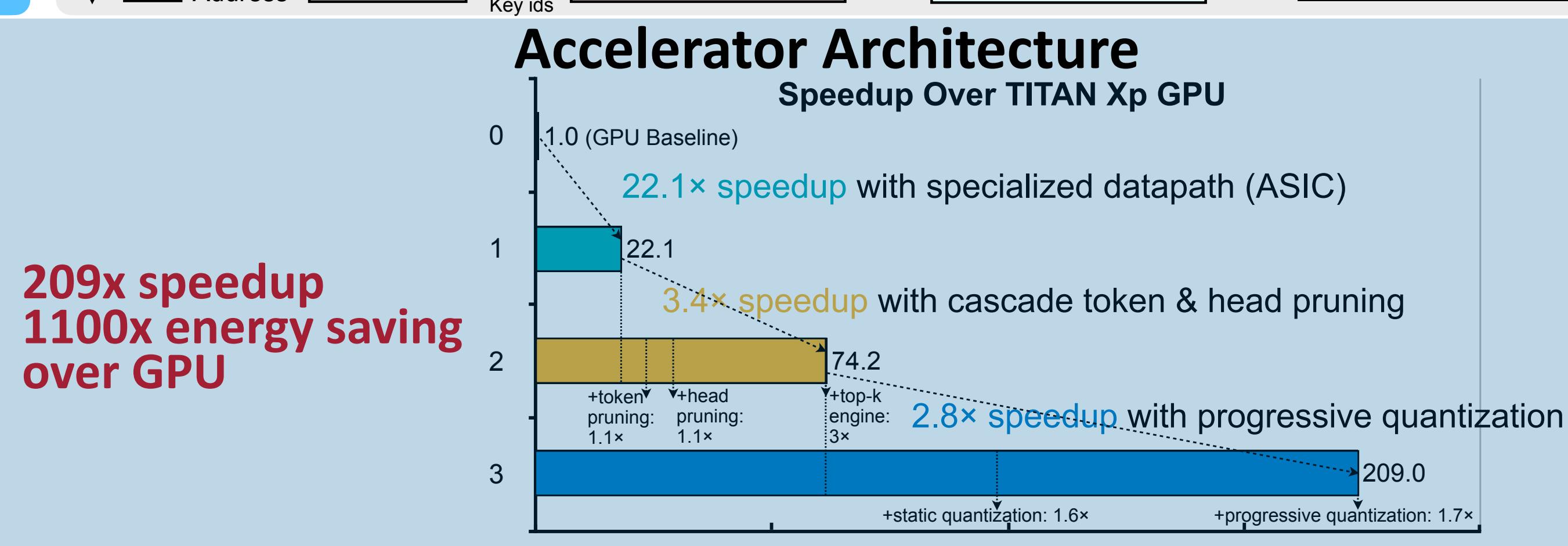
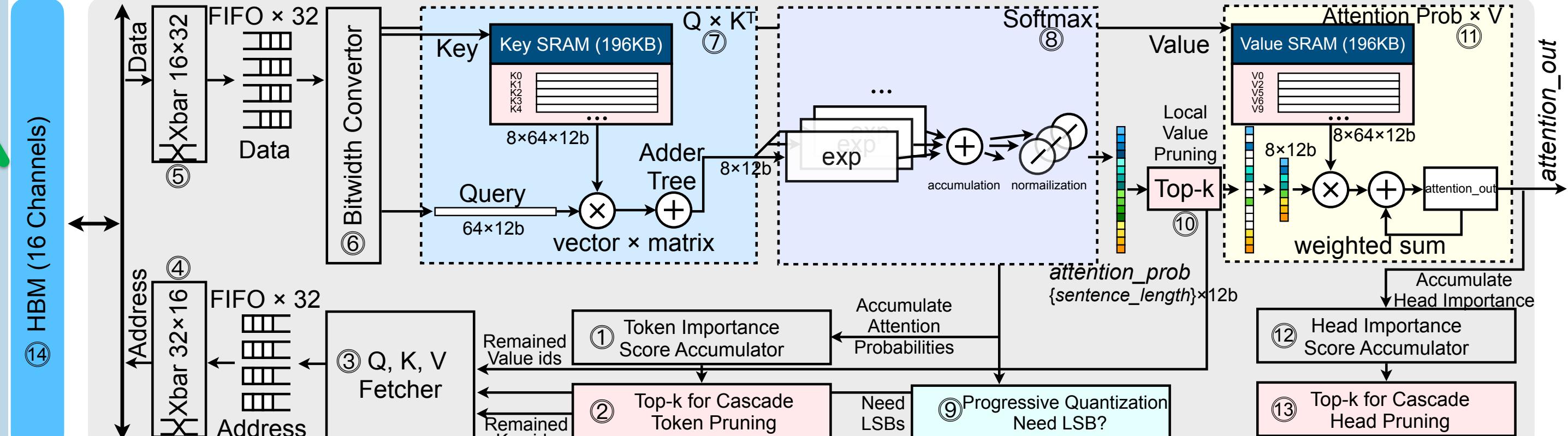
Training
Scalability

Energy
Efficiency

QOC: On-Chip Training with Gradient Pruning [DAC'22]



Classical NN Hardware Accelerator Design



SpAtten: Sparse Transformer Accelerator [HPCA'21]

References

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