Lecture 6: 08/11/22

Proof of Prop. 3.6:

Without loss of generality: Short hedge

Hedger's effective countless received from selling asset 5 at time to:

$$N_A \cdot S_{\xi_2} + N_F \left( F_{\xi_1} - F_{\xi_2} \right) = N_A S_{\xi_1} + N_A \left( S_{\xi_2} - S_{\xi_1} \right) + N_F \left( F_{\xi_1} - F_{\xi_2} \right)$$

$$= \Delta S = -\Delta F$$

$$= N_A S_{\epsilon_1} + N_A \left( \Delta S - \frac{N_F}{N_A} \Delta F \right) \tag{*}$$

At time t,: Choose 4 s.t. variance of (\*) is minimized

Specifically: Minimite

Var (DS-4 DF) = 3(h)

 $p = \frac{\operatorname{Cov}(X,Y)}{\operatorname{Var}(X)\operatorname{Var}(Y)} \in [-1,1]$ 

Compute

$$f(h) = Var \left(\Delta S - h \Delta F\right) = Var(\Delta S) + Var(-h \Delta F) + 2 Cor(\Delta S, -h \Delta F)$$

$$= \sigma_s^2 + h^2 \sigma_F^2 - 2h \sigma_S \sigma_F$$

$$= \sigma_s^2 + h^2 \sigma_F^2 - 2h \sigma_S \sigma_F$$

$$= \sigma_s^2 + h^2 \sigma_F^2 - 2h \sigma_S \sigma_F$$

First order opt. cond.:  $f'(4) = 2h\sigma_F^2 - 2\rho\sigma_S\sigma_F = 0 \iff h = \rho \frac{\sigma_S}{\sigma_F}$ Second order opt. cond.:  $f''(4) = 2\sigma_F^2 > 0$ 

Minimum variance heage vatio: h= p = p = p

## Example 4.5:

2-year bond: principal \$100, compons at 6% p.a. (semiannually paid)

