```c
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3
4  int main(){
5      int i,j;
6      for(i=0;i<100,j!=3;i++,j++){
7          printf("i=%d\n",i);
8      }
9      return 0;
10 }
```

```
i=0
i=1
i=2
```

Because the condition to continue until 100 is when when both i<100 and j is not equal to 3
So when j becomes 3, it stops