

Git: Merging

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1 Merging

- Not fast-forward merges
- Regular commit object; two parents
- Commit message
- Merge conflicts
- Demo: merge conflicts
- mergetools
- Demo: mergetools

2 Roadmap

3 Merge forward workflow



Not fast-forward merges

- Moves the branch pointer.
- No changes to the DAG.



Regular commit object; two parents

- Plain ol' commit object.
- Two parents.
- Easy to revert an entire branch merge.



Commit message

- For humans!
- Contains default text.
- Add, edit, or augment.



Merge conflicts

- Stages all successful automatic merges
- Surrounds conflicts with conflict markers



Demo: merge conflicts

- Make a branch
- Make an edit
- Make a new branch
- Make a conflicting edit
- Merge the other branch
- Resolve the conflict
- Stage the change
- Commit (use/modify the default message)



mergetools

Three-way merge.

- LOCAL
- BASE
- REMOTE
- MERGED



Demo: mergetools

- View the previous demo with a mergetool.



1 Merging

2 Roadmap

- Where we've been
- Where we're going

3 Merge forward workflow



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Cherry picking doesn't scale to multiple LTS branches.

- Book-keeping nightmare.
- Manual back-port to *each* LTS branch.



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Where we're going

- Don't back-port; merge forward!
- (Except for community fixes to LTS branches.)
- Git traverses the history when merging.
- SHAs do not change; commits are grouped; merges are preserved.
- Git `log` and `diff` can *intelligently* compare branches.



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- Requirements
- Feature additions
- Bug fixes
- Community-sent pull requests
- Back-porting community-sent fixes



Requirements

- Feature addition or bug?



Requirements

- Feature addition or bug?
- One "story" per pull request.



Feature additions

- Branch off develop:

```
git fetch upstream
```

```
git checkout -b myfeature upstream/develop
```

```
git pull --rebase
```

- Open pull request against develop.



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 - Finally merge into `develop`.



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- One "story" per pull request.
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Community-sent pull requests

- One "story" per pull request.
- Features opened against `develop`.
- Bug fixes opened against current release branch.
 - Help identify that branch.
 - Ask pull requests be split into single "stories".
 - Ask to re-open a pull request against another branch.



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5. Open pull request against oldest affected LTS.
6. Merge PR. Merge forward; Git will ignore the duplicate content.

