

EN2091 Laboratory Practice and Projects

Communication Systems and Networks - Workshop 2

Task Sheet

Index No.: **220735E**

Group No.: **C-17**

Date: **08/10/2024**

Task 1.

```

1 function [final_codeword] = encode1(data_input, divisor_input)
2 % encode1 takes a data_input and divisor_input as inputs
3 % encode1 outputs the CRC value final_codeword
4
5 data_len = length(data_input);
6 div_len = length(divisor_input) - 1;
7 data_input = bin2dec(data_input); % Convert binary string to decimal
8 divisor_input = bin2dec(divisor_input);
9 divisor_input = bitshift(divisor_input, data_len - div_len - 1); % Align divisor with data_input
10 divisor_input = bitshift(divisor_input, div_len); % Shift divisor to the appropriate degree
11 remainder = bitshift(data_input, div_len); % Shift data_input for division
12
13 % Perform division to calculate the remainder
14 for i = 1:data_len
15     if bitget(remainder, data_len + div_len)
16         remainder = bitxor(remainder, divisor_input); % XOR the remainder with the divisor
17     end
18     remainder = bitshift(remainder, 1); % Shift remainder to the left by 1
19 end
20
21 % Calculate the CRC check value
22 crc_value = bitshift(remainder, -data_len);
23 crc_value = dec2bin(crc_value); % Convert remainder back to binary
24 crc_value = pad(crc_value, div_len, 'left', '0'); % Pad the CRC value with leading zeros if necessary
25 data_input = dec2bin(data_input); % Convert data_input back to binary
26
27 % Append the CRC value to the original data to form the final codeword
28 final_codeword = append(data_input, crc_value);
29 end

```

Command Window

```

ans =
'1010011110101'

```

Task 2.

```

1 function [error_check] = decode1(encoded_word, divisor_input)
2 % decode1 takes an encoded_word and divisor_input as inputs
3 % and outputs if there is an error (syndrome) or not
4
5 word_len = length(encoded_word); % Length of the encoded word
6 div_len = length(divisor_input) - 1; % Degree of the divisor
7 encoded_word = bin2dec(encoded_word); % Convert encoded word to decimal
8 divisor_input = bin2dec(divisor_input); % Convert divisor to decimal
9 divisor_input = bitshift(divisor_input, word_len - div_len - 1); % Align divisor with encoded word
10 divisor_input = bitshift(divisor_input, div_len); % Shift divisor to the appropriate degree
11 remainder = bitshift(encoded_word, div_len); % Shift encoded word for division
12
13 % Perform division to check for errors
14 for i = 1:word_len
15     if bitget(remainder, word_len + div_len)
16         remainder = bitxor(remainder, divisor_input); % XOR remainder with divisor if necessary
17     end
18     remainder = bitshift(remainder, 1); % Shift remainder to the left by 1
19 end
20
21 % Calculate the remainder to check for errors
22 remainder = bitshift(remainder, -word_len); % Shift back the remainder
23 error_check = dec2bin(remainder); % Convert remainder to binary to output error status
24
25 end

```

Command Window

```

>> decode1('1010011110101', '10111')

ans =
'0'

```

Task 3.

```

1  p = 0.5; % Probability of bit flip in the binary symmetric channel (BSC)
2  encodedData = encode1('101001111', '10111'); % Encode the data using the given divisor
3
4  % Convert the encodedData (binary string) to a logical array
5  encodedDataLogical = encodedData - '0'; % This converts the character array to a logical array
6
7  % Transmit the encoded data through a binary symmetric channel
8  receivedData = bsc(encodedDataLogical, p);
9
10 % Convert the received data back to a binary string for decoding
11 receivedDataString = char(receivedData + '0'); % Convert logical array back to string
12
13 % Decode the received data and get the syndrome value
14 syndrome = decode1(receivedDataString, '10111');
15
16 % Display the syndrome to check if there is an error
17 disp('Syndrome (Error Check Value):');
18 disp(syndrome);
19

```

Command Window

```

>> untitled3
Syndrome (Error Check Value):
1110
>> untitled3
Syndrome (Error Check Value):
10

```

Syndrome is not equal to 0000 and it varies from time to time.

Task 4.

```

1  % Generate 10000 random data values
2  randomData = randi([0 2^9-1],1,10^4,'uint16');
3  errorRates = zeros(1,8);
4  probabilityOfError = [0.5 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.01 0.00 0.0001];
5  for m = 1:8
6      errorCount = 0;
7      for n = 1:10^4
8          % Add zeros to make the binary representation 9 bits long
9          binaryData = pad(num2str(dec2bin(randomData(n))),9,'left','0');
10         % Call the encode function
11         encodedWord = encode1(binaryData,'10111');
12         codeWordArray = zeros(1,13);
13         % Store the encoded bits in an array
14         for p = 1:length(encodedWord)
15             codeWordArray(p) = str2double(encodedWord(p));
16         end
17         % Pass the codeword through a binary symmetric channel
18         modifiedCodeWordArray = bsc(codeWordArray,probabilityOfError(m));
19         modifiedCodeword = '';
20         % Convert the modified codeword back to a string
21         for q = 1:length(modifiedCodeWordArray)
22             modifiedCodeword = append(modifiedCodeword, num2str(modifiedCodeWordArray(q)));
23         end
24         % Decode the modified codeword
25         decodedSyndrome = decode1(modifiedCodeword,'10111');
26         % Check if an error occurred
27         if decodedSyndrome ~= '0'
28             errorCount = errorCount + 1;
29         end
30     end
31
32     % Calculate and store the error rate
33     newErrorRate = errorCount / 10000;
34     errorRates(m) = newErrorRate;
35
36     % Plot error rate vs. channel error probability
37     figure; % Open a new figure window
38     plot(probabilityOfError, errorRates, '-o'); % Plot with line and markers
39     xlabel('Channel Error Probability'); % X-axis label
40     ylabel('Error Rate'); % Y-axis label
41     title('Error Rate vs Channel Error Probability'); % Plot title
42     grid on; % Enable grid
43

```

