Functions

INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON



Hugo Bowne-AndersonData Scientist at DataCamp



Functions

- Nothing new!
- type()
- Piece of reusable code
- Solves particular task
- Call function instead of writing code yourself

```
fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
fam
```

```
[1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
```

max(fam)

1.89

max()

```
fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
fam
```

```
[1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
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max(fam)

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fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
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```

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```
fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
fam
```

```
[1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
```

max(fam)

1.89

```
tallest = max(fam)
tallest
```

1.89



```
round(1.68, 1)
1.7
round(1.68)
help(round) # Open up documentation
Help on built-in function round in module builtins:
round(number, ndigits=None)
    Round a number to a given precision in decimal digits.
    The return value is an integer if ndigits is omitted or None.
    Otherwise the return value has the same type as the number. ndigits may be negative.
```





Help on built-in function round in module builtins:

round(number, ndigits=None)

Round a number to a given precision in decimal digits.

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round()





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round(1.68, 1)

round()



```
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```





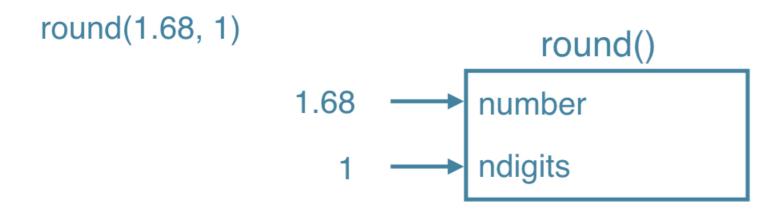
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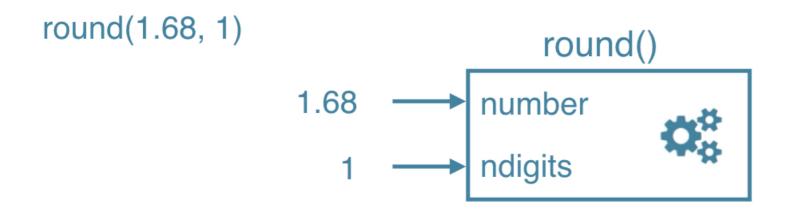
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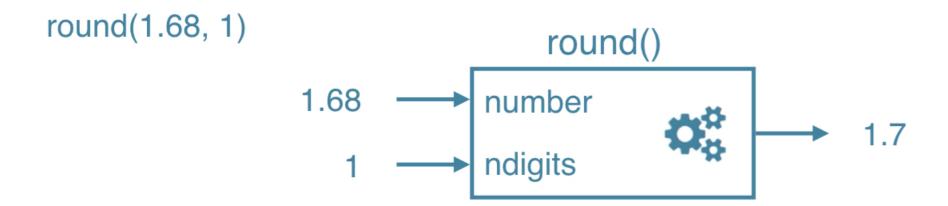
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round()





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round(1.68)

round()



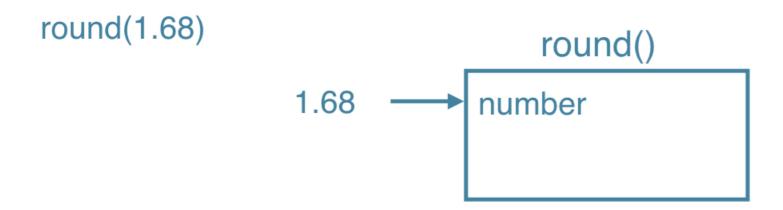
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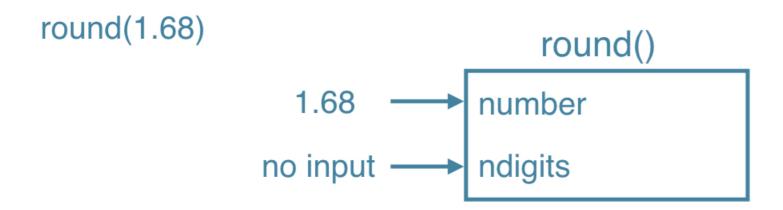
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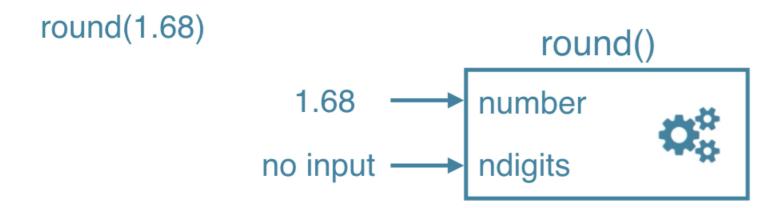
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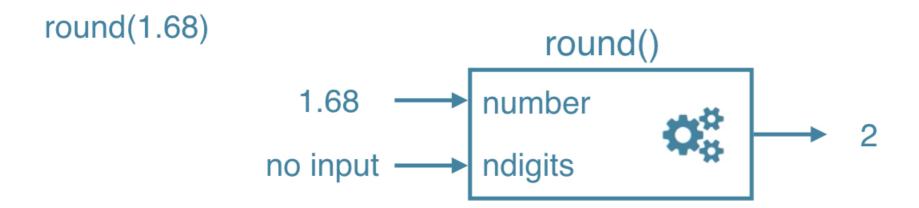
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round()

```
help(round)
```

```
Help on built-in function round in module builtins:

round(number, ndigits=None)

Round a number to a given precision in decimal digits.

The return value is an integer if ndigits is omitted or None.

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```

- round(number)
- round(number, ndigits)

Find functions

- How to know?
- Standard task -> probably function exists!
- The internet is your friend

Let's practice!

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Methods

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Built-in Functions

- Maximum of list: max()
- Length of list or string: len()
- Get index in list: ?
- Reversing a list: ?

Back 2 Basics

```
sister = "liz"
```

Object

height = 1.73

Object

fam = ["liz", 1.73, "emma", 1.68, "mom", 1.71, "dad", 1.89]

Object

Back 2 Basics

 Methods: Functions that belong to objects

Back 2 Basics

```
type
                                                                 methods
                                               Object
                                                        str
                                                                 capitalize()
sister = "liz"
                                                                 replace()
                                               Object
                                                        float
                                                                 bit_length()
height = 1.73
                                                                 conjugate()
fam = ["liz", 1.73, "emma", 1.68,
                                               Object
                                                        list
                                                                 index()
       "mom", 1.71, "dad", 1.89]
                                                                 count()
```

examples of

 Methods: Functions that belong to objects

list methods

```
fam
['liz', 1.73, 'emma', 1.68, 'mom', 1.71, 'dad', 1.89]
fam.index("mom") # "Call method index() on fam"
fam.count(1.73)
```



str methods

```
sister
'liz'
sister.capitalize()
'Liz'
sister.replace("z", "sa")
'lisa'
```



Methods

- Everything = object
- Object have methods associated, depending on type

```
sister.replace("z", "sa")

'lisa'

fam.replace("mom", "mommy")

AttributeError: 'list' object has no attribute 'replace'
```

Methods

```
sister.index("z")

2

fam.index("mom")
```



Methods (2)

```
fam
['liz', 1.73, 'emma', 1.68, 'mom', 1.71, 'dad', 1.89]
fam.append("me")
fam
['liz', 1.73, 'emma', 1.68, 'mom', 1.71, 'dad', 1.89, 'me']
fam.append(1.79)
fam
['liz', 1.73, 'emma', 1.68, 'mom', 1.71, 'dad', 1.89, 'me', 1.79]
```



Summary

Functions

type(fam)

list

Methods: call functions on objects

fam.index("dad")

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Let's practice!

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Packages INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON



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Motivation

- Functions and methods are powerful
- All code in Python distribution?
 - Huge code base: messy
 - Lots of code you won't use
 - Maintenance problem

Packages

- Directory of Python Scripts
- Each script = module
- Specify functions, methods, types
- Thousands of packages available
 - NumPy
 - Matplotlib
 - scikit-learn

```
pkg/
mod1.py
mod2.py
```

Install package

- https://pip.pypa.io/en/stable/installation/
- Download get-pip.py
- Terminal:
 - o python3 get-pip.py
 - o pip3 install numpy

Import package

```
import numpy
array([1, 2, 3])

NameError: name 'array' is not defined

numpy.array([1, 2, 3])

from numpy import array
array([1, 2, 3])

array([1, 2, 3])

array([1, 2, 3])
```

from numpy import array

my_script.py

```
from numpy import array
fam = ["liz", 1.73, "emma", 1.68,
    "mom", 1.71, "dad", 1.89]
fam_ext = fam + ["me", 1.79]
print(str(len(fam_ext)) + " elements in fam_ext")
np_fam = array(fam_ext)
```

Using NumPy, but not very clear

import numpy

```
import numpy as np
fam = ["liz", 1.73, "emma", 1.68,
    "mom", 1.71, "dad", 1.89]
fam_ext = fam + ["me", 1.79]
print(str(len(fam_ext)) + " elements in fam_ext")
np_fam = np.array(fam_ext) # Clearly using NumPy
```

Let's practice!

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