

SQL Cheatsheet II

CREATE TABLE

```
CREATE TABLE startups (  
  id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,  
  name TEXT,  
  hq TEXT,  
  year INTEGER  
);
```

INSERT INTO

```
INSERT INTO startups (id, name, hq, year)  
VALUES (1, 'Codédex', 'Brooklyn', 2022);
```

```
INSERT INTO startups (id, name, hq, year)  
VALUES (2, 'Twitter', 'SF', 2006);
```

```
INSERT INTO startups (id, name, hq, year)  
VALUES (3, 'BeReal', 'Paris', 2020);
```

ALTER TABLE

```
ALTER TABLE startups  
ADD COLUMN about TEXT;
```

UPDATE

```
UPDATE startups  
SET name = 'X'  
WHERE name = 'Twitter';
```

DELETE FROM

```
DELETE FROM startups  
WHERE name = 'BeReal';
```

Data Types in SQLite

```
-- TEXT, INTEGER, REAL, DATE (YYYY-MM-DD)
```

INNER JOIN

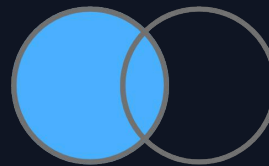
```
SELECT columns  
FROM table1  
JOIN table2  
ON table1.column1 = table2.column2;
```

LEFT JOIN

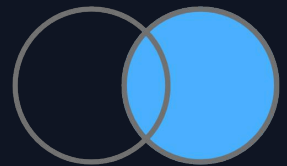
```
SELECT name, year, country  
FROM directors  
LEFT JOIN movies  
ON directors.name = movies.director;
```

UNION

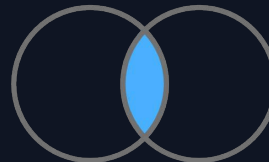
```
SELECT name  
FROM directors  
UNION  
SELECT name  
FROM movies;
```



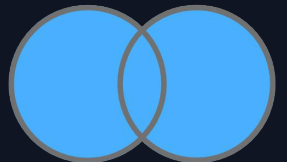
LEFT JOIN



RIGHT JOIN



INNER JOIN



FULL JOIN

Primary Key vs Foreign Key

-- Primary key is a column that uniquely identifies each row in a table.

-- Foreign key is a column in one table that refers to the primary key in another table.