## PL0 编译程序

```
program PL0 ( input, output);
{带有代码生成的 PL0 编译程序}
label 99;
const
  norw = 11; {保留字的个数}
  txmax = 100; {标识符表长度}
  nmax = 14; {数字的最大位数}
  al = 10; {标识符的长度}
  amax = 2047; {最大地址}
  levmax = 3; {程序体嵌套的最大深度}
  cxmax = 200; {代码数组的大小}
type
  symbol = (nul, ident, number, plus, minus, times, slash, oddsym,
  eql, neq, lss, leq, gtr, geq, lparen, rparen, comma, semicolon,
  period, becomes, beginsym, endsym, ifsym, thensym,
  whilesym, dosym, callsym, constsym, varsym, procsym);
  alfa = packed array [1..al] of char;
  object = (constant, variable, procedure);
  symset = set of symbol;
  fct = (lit, opr, lod, sto, cal, int, jmp, jpc); {functions}
```

## instruction = packed record

f: fct; {功能码}

1:0..levmax; {相对层数}

a: 0..amax; {相对地址}

## end;

{LIT 0,a: 取常数 a

OPR 0,a: 执行运算 a

LOD l,a: 取层差为1的层、相对地址为 a 的变量

STO l,a: 存到层差为1的层、相对地址为 a 的变量

CAL l,a:调用层差为1的过程

INT 0,a:t 寄存器增加 a

JMP 0,a:转移到指令地址 a 处

JPC 0,a:条件转移到指令地址 a 处 }

## var

ch: char; {最近读到的字符}

sym: symbol; {最近读到的符号}

id: alfa; {最近读到的标识符}

num: integer; {最近读到的数}

cc: integer; {当前行的字符计数}

ll: integer; {当前行的长度}

kk, err : integer;

cx: integer; {代码数组的当前下标}

```
line: array [1..81] of char;
  a: alfa;
  code: array [0..cxmax] of instruction;
  word: array [1..norw] of alfa;
  wsym: array [1..norw] of symbol;
  ssym : array [char] of symbol;
  mnemonic: array [fct] of packed array [1..5] of char;
  declbegsys, statbegsys, facbegsys: symset;
  table: array [0..txmax] of
           record
             name: alfa;
             case kind: object of
                constant : (val : integer);
                variable, procedure : (level, adr : integer)
           end;
procedure error (n : integer);
begin
  writeln('****', ' : cc-1, ' \( \) ', n : 2); err := err + 1
end {error};
procedure getsym;
  var i, j, k: integer;
  procedure getch;
```

```
begin
    if cc = 11 then
    begin
       if eof(input) then
       begin
         write('PROGRAM INCOMPLETE'); goto 99
       end;
       11 := 0; cc := 0; write(cx : 5, '');
       while ¬eoln(input) do
       begin
         ll := ll + 1; read(ch); write(ch);
         line[11] := ch
       end;
       writeln; ll := ll + 1; read(line[ll])
    end;
    cc := cc + 1; ch := line[cc]
  end {getch};
begin {getsym}
  while ch = ' ' do getch;
  if ch in ['A'..'Z'] then
  begin {标识符或保留字} k := 0;
    repeat
```

```
if k < al then
     begin k := k + 1; a[k] := ch
     end;
     getch
  until \neg (ch in ['A'..'Z', '0'..'9']);
  if k \ge kk then kk := k else
     repeat a[kk] := ' '; kk := kk-1
     until kk = k;
  id := a; i := 1; j := norw;
  repeat k := (i+j) \operatorname{div} 2;
     if id \leq word[k] then j := k-1;
     if id \geqslant word[k] then i := k + 1
  until i > j;
  if i-1 > j then sym := wsym[k] else sym := ident
end else
if ch in ['0'..'9'] then
begin {数字}
  k := 0; num := 0; sym := number;
  repeat
     num := 10*num + (ord(ch) - ord(0));
     k := k + 1; getch;
  until \neg (ch in ['0'..'9']);
```

```
if k > nmax then error(30)
  end else
  if ch = ':' then
  begin getch;
    if ch = '=' then
    begin sym := becomes; getch end
    else sym := nul;
  end else
  begin sym := ssym[ch]; getch
  end
end {getsym};
procedure gen(x : fct; y, z : integer);
begin
  if cx > cxmax then
  begin write('PROGRAM TOO LONG'); goto 99
  end;
  with code[cx] do
  begin f := x; 1 := y; a := z
  end;
  cx := cx + 1
end {gen};
procedure test(s1, s2 : symset; n : integer);
```

```
begin
  if \neg(sym in s1) then
  begin error(n); s1 := s1 + s2;
    while \neg(sym in s1) do getsym
  end
end {test};
procedure block(lev, tx : integer; fsys : symset);
  var
    dx:integer; {本过程数据空间分配下标}
    tx0: integer; {本过程标识表起始下标}
    cx0: integer; {本过程代码起始下标}
  procedure enter(k : object);
  begin {把 object 填入符号表中}
    tx := tx + 1;
    with table[tx] do
    begin name := id; kind := k;
      case k of
      constant : begin
                 if num > amax then
                 begin error(30); num := 0 end;
                 val := num
                end;
```

```
variable : begin
                level := lev; adr := dx; dx := dx + 1;
              end;
    procedure : level := lev
    end
  end
end {enter};
function position(id : alfa) : integer;
  var i: integer;
begin {在标识符表中查标识符 id}
  table[0].name := id; i := tx;
  while table[i].name \neq id do i := i-1;
  position := i
end {position};
procedure constdeclaration;
begin
  if sym = ident then
  begin getsym;
    if sym in [eql, becomes] then
    begin
       if sym = becomes then error(1);
       getsym;
```

```
if sym = number then
       begin enter(constant); getsym
       end
       else error(2)
    end else error(3)
  end else error(4)
end {constdeclaration};
procedure vardeclaration;
begin
  if sym = ident then
  begin enter(variable); getsym
  end else error(4)
end {vardeclaration};
procedure listcode;
  var i: integer;
begin {列出本程序体生成的代码}
  for i := cx0 to cx-1 do
    with code[i] do
       writeln(i, mnemonic[f]: 5, 1: 3, a: 5)
end {listcode};
procedure statement(fsys : symset);
  var i, cx1, cx2 : integer;
```

```
procedure expression(fsys : symset);
        addop: symbol;
  var
  procedure term(fsys : symset);
          mulop: symbol;
     procedure factor(fsys : symset);
       var i : integer;
     begin test(facbegsys, fsys, 24);
       while sym in facbegsys do
       begin
         if sym = ident then
         begin
            i := position(id);
            if i = 0 then error(11) else
              with table[i] do
                 case kind of
                 constant : gen(lit, 0, val);
                 variable: gen(lod, lev-level, adr);l
                 procedure: error(21)
                 end;
            getsym
          end else
         if sym = number then
```

```
begin
        if num > amax then
        begin error(30); num := 0 end;
        gen(lit, 0, num); getsym
      end else
     if sym = lparen then
     begin getsym;
        expression([rparen]+fsys);
        if sym = rparen then getsym
        else error(22)
      end;
     test(fsys, [lparen], 23)
   end
  end {factor};
begin {term}
  factor(fsys+[times, slash]);
  while sym in [times, slash] do
  begin
    mulop := sym; getsym;
    factor(fsys+[times, slash]);
    if mulop = times then gen(opr, 0, 4)
                     else gen(opr, 0, 5)
```

```
end
  end {term};
begin {expression}
  if sym in [plus, minus] then
  begin
     addop := sym; getsym;
    term(fsys+[plus, minus]);
     if addop = minus then gen(opr, 0, 1)
  end else term(fsys+[plus, minus]);
  while sym in [plus, minus] do
  begin
     addop := sym;
                    getsym;
     term(fsys+[plus, minus]);
    if addop = plus then gen(opr, 0, 2)
                    else gen(opr, 0, 3)
  end
end {expression};
procedure condition(fsys : symset);
       relop: symbol;
  var
begin
  if sym = oddsym then
  begin
```

```
getsym; expression(fsys); gen(opr, 0, 6)
     end else
     begin
       expression([eql, neq, lss, gtr, leq, geq] + fsys);
       if \neg(sym in [eql, neq, lss, leq, gtr, geq]) then
          error(20) else
       begin
          relop := sym; getsym; expression(fsys);
          case relop of
            eql : gen(opr, 0, 8);
            neq: gen(opr, 0, 9);
            lss: gen(opr, 0, 10);
            geq: gen(opr, 0, 11);
            gtr : gen(opr, 0, 12);
            leq: gen(opr, 0, 13);
          end
       end
     end
  end {condition};
begin {statement}
  if sym = ident then
  begin i := position(id);
```

```
if i = 0 then error(11) else
  if table[i].kind \neq variable then
  begin {对非变量赋值} error(12); i := 0; end;
  getsym;
  if sym = becomes then getsym else error(13);
  expression(fsys);
  if i \neq 0 then
     with table[i] do gen(sto, lev—level, adr)
end else
if sym = callsym then
begin getsym;
  if sym \neq ident then error(14) else
  begin
    i := position(id);
    if i = 0 then error(11) else
       with table[i] do
          if kind = procedure then
            gen(cal, lev-level, adr)
          else error(15);
     getsym
  end
end else
```

```
if sym = ifsym then
begin
  getsym; condition([thensym, dosym]+fsys);
  if sym = thensym then getsym else error(16);
  cx1 := cx; gen(ipc, 0, 0);
  statement(fsys); code[cx1].a := cx
end else
if sym = beginsym then
begin
  getsym; statement([semicolon, endsym]+fsys);
  while sym in [semicolon]+statbegsys do
  begin
    if sym = semicolon then getsym else error(10);
    statement([semicolon, endsym]+fsys)
  end;
  if sym = endsym then getsym else error(17)
end else
if sym = whilesym then
begin
  cx1 := cx; getsym; condition([dosym]+fsys);
  cx2 := cx; gen(jpc, 0, 0);
  if sym = dosym then getsym else error(18);
```

```
statement(fsys); gen(jmp, 0, cx1); code[cx2].a := cx
    end;
    test(fsys, [], 19)
  end {statement};
begin {block}
  dx := 3; tx0 := tx; table[tx].adr := cx;
  gen(jmp, 0, 0);
  if lev > levmax then error(32);
  repeat
    if sym = constsym then
    begin getsym;
       repeat
         constdeclaration;
         while sym = comma do
         begin getsym; constdeclaration end;
         if sym = semicolon then getsym else error(5)
       until sym \neq ident
    end;
    if sym = varsym then
    begin getsym;
       repeat
         vardeclaration;
```

```
while sym = comma do
       begin getsym; vardeclaration end;
       if sym = semicolon then getsym else error(5)
    until sym \neq ident;
  end;
  while sym = procsym do
  begin getsym;
    if sym = ident then
    begin enter(procedure); getsym end
    else error(4);
    if sym = semicolon then getsym else error(5);
    block(lev+1, tx, [semicolon]+fsys);
    if sym = semicolon then
     begin getsym;
       test(statbegsys+[ident, procsym], fsys, 6)
    end
    else error(5)
  end;
  test(statbegsys+[ident], declbegsys, 7)
until \neg(sym in declbegsys);
code[table[tx0].adr].a := cx;
with table[tx0] do
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```
adr := cx; {代码开始地址}
  begin
  end;
  cx0 := cx; gen(int, 0, dx)
  statement([semicolon, endsym]+fsys);
  gen(opr, 0, 0); {生成返回指令}
  test(fsys, [], 8);
  listcode;
end {block};
  procedure interpret;
    const stacksize = 500;
    var p, b, t: integer; {程序地址寄存器, 基地址寄存器,栈顶地址
        寄存器}
         i:instruction; {指令寄存器}
         s: array [1..stacksize] of integer; {数据存储栈}
    function base(l : integer) : integer;
          b1: integer;
      var
    begin
      b1 := b; {顺静态链求层差为1的层的基地址}
      while 1 > 0 do
      begin b1 := s[b1]; 1 := 1-1 \text{ end};
      base := b1
    end {base};
```

```
begin writeln('START PL/0');
  t := 0; b := 1; p := 0;
  s[1] := 0; \quad s[2] := 0; \quad s[3] := 0;
  repeat
     i := code[p]; \quad p := p+1;
     with i do
     case f of
     lit : begin
           t := t+1; \quad s[t] := a
          end;
     opr: case a of {运算}
           0: begin {返回}
                  t := b-1; p := s[t+3]; b := s[t+2];
               end;
            1 : s[t] := -s[t];
           2: begin
                  t := t-1; \quad s[t] := s[t] + s[t+1]
               end;
           3 : begin
                  t := t-1; \quad s[t] := s[t]-s[t+1]
               end;
           4 : begin
```

```
t := t-1; \quad s[t] := s[t] * s[t+1]
    end;
5: begin
      t := t-1; s[t] := s[t] div s[t+1]
    end;
6 : s[t] := ord(odd(s[t]));
8 : begin t := t-1;
      s[t] := ord(s[t] = s[t+1])
   end;
9: begin t := t-1;
      s[t] := ord(s[t] \neq s[t+1])
    end;
10 : begin t := t-1;
      s[t] := ord(s[t] < s[t+1])
    end;
11: begin t := t-1;
      s[t] := ord(s[t] \geqslant s[t+1])
    end;
12 : begin t := t-1;
      s[t] := ord(s[t] > s[t+1])
    end;
13 : begin t := t-1;
```

```
s[t] := ord(s[t] \leq s[t+1])
          end;
      end;
lod: begin
       t := t + 1; s[t] := s[base(1) + a]
      end;
sto : begin
        s[base(l) + a] := s[t]; writeln(s[t]);
       t := t - 1
     end;
cal : begin {generate new block mark}
       s[t+1] := base(1); s[t+2] := b;
       s[t+3] := p;
       b := t+1; p := a
     end;
int : t := t + a;
jmp : p := a;
jpc : begin
       if s[t] = 0 then p := a;
       t := t - 1
     end
end {with, case}
```

```
until p = 0;
   write('END PL/0');
 end {interpret};
begin {主程序}
 for ch := 'A' to ';' do ssym[ch] := nul;
                    '; word[2] := 'CALL
 word[1] := 'BEGIN
 word[3] := 'CONST '; word[4] := 'DO
 word[5] := 'END
                     '; word[6] := 'IF
                     '; word[8] := 'PROCEDURE ';
 word[7] := 'ODD
                     '; word[10] := 'VAR
 word[9] := 'THEN
 word[11] := 'WHILE
 wsym[6] := ifsym;
 wsym[5] := endsym;
 wsym[7] := oddsym;
                     wsym[8] := procsym;
 wsym[9] := thensym;
                     wsym[10] := varsym;
 wsym[11] := whilesym;
                     ssym[`-'] := minus;
 ssym['+'] := plus;
 ssym['*'] := times;
                    ssym['/'] := slash;
 ssym['('] := lparen; ssym[')'] := rparen;
 ssym['='] := eql; ssym[', '] := comma;
 ssym[`.'] := period; ssym[`\neq'] := neq;
```

```
ssym[' \leq '] := leq; ssym[' \geq '] := geq;
  ssym[';'] := semicolon;
  mnemonic[lit] := 'LIT';
                            mnemonic[opr] := 'OPR';
  mnemonic[lod] := 'LOD'; mnemonic[sto] := 'STO';
  mnemonic[cal] := 'CAL'; mnemonic[int] := 'INT';
  mnemonic[jmp] := 'JMP'; mnemonic[jpc] := 'JPC';
  declbegsys := [constsym, varsym, procsym];
  statbegsys := [beginsym, callsym, ifsym, whilesym];
  facbegsys := [ident, number, lparen];
  page(output); err := 0;
  cc := 0; cx := 0; ll := 0; ch := ' '; kk := al; getsym;
  block(0, 0, [period]+declbegsys+statbegsys);
  if sym \neq period then error(9);
  if err = 0 then interpret
          else write('ERRORS IN PL/0 PROGRAM');
99: writeln
end.
```