

# My Solutions for Exercises of Deep Learning Fundamentals by Bishop

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# 1 The Deep Learning Revolution

## 1.1 No Exercises

## 2 Probabilities

### Exercise 2.1

Bayes rule

$$P[C = 1|T = 1] = \frac{P[T = 1|C = 1] * P[C = 1]}{P[T = 1|C = 1] * P[C = 1] + P[T = 1|C = 0] * P[C = 0]} \quad (1)$$

$$P[C = 1|T = 1] = \frac{0.90 * 0.001}{0.90 * 0.001 + 0.03 * 0.999} = 0.0292 \quad (2)$$

Given that the test result was positive, there is a 2.92% chance that you have cancer.

### 2.1 Exercise 2.2

Not attempted

### Exercise 2.3

$$p(\mathbf{y}) = \int p_{\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}}(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{u}) d\mathbf{u} \quad (3)$$

$$= \int p_{\mathbf{u}}(\mathbf{u}) p_{\mathbf{v}}(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{u}) d\mathbf{u} \quad (4)$$

### 2.2 Exercise 2.4

Not attempted

### Exercise 2.5

Exponential:

$$p(x|\lambda) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \quad (5)$$

Laplace:

$$p(x|\mu, \gamma) = \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{\gamma}} \quad (6)$$

Verifying that the exponential distribution is normalized:

$$p(x|\lambda) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \quad (7)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \lambda e^{-\lambda x} = -e^{-\lambda x} \Big|_0^{\infty} = \frac{1}{e^{\infty}} + \frac{1}{e^0} \quad (8)$$

$$= 1 \quad (9)$$

Verifying the laplace distribution:

$$p(x|\mu, \gamma) = \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{\gamma}} \quad (10)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{x-\mu}{\gamma}} & \text{if } x \geq \mu \\ \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{-x+\mu}{\gamma}} & \text{if } x < \mu \end{cases} \quad (11)$$

$$\int_{\mu}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{x-\mu}{\gamma}} = \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{x-\mu}{\gamma}} \Big|_{\mu}^{\infty} = -\frac{1}{2} (e^{-\infty} - e^0) \quad (12)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \quad (13)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\mu} \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{-x+\mu}{\gamma}} = \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{-x+\mu}{\gamma}} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{2} (e^0 - e^{-\infty}) \quad (14)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \quad (15)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 \quad (16)$$