# My Solutions for Exercises of Deep Learning Fundamentals by Bishop

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# Contents

	The Deep Learning Revolution	2
	1.1 No Exercises	2
2	Probabilities	3
	2.1 Exercise 2.2	3
	2.2 Exercise 2.4	9

- 1 The Deep Learning Revolution
- 1.1 No Exercises

#### **Probabilities** $\mathbf{2}$

## Exercise 2.1

Bayes rule

$$P[C=1|T=1] = \frac{P[T=1|C=1] * P[C=1]}{P[T=1|C=1] * P[C=1] + P[T=1|C=0] * P[C=0]}$$

$$P[C=1|T=1] = \frac{0.90 * 0.001}{0.90 * 0.001 + 0.03 * 0.999} = 0.0292$$
(2)

$$P[C = 1|T = 1] = \frac{0.90 * 0.001}{0.90 * 0.001 + 0.03 * 0.999} = 0.0292$$
 (2)

Given that the test result was positive, there is a 2.92% chance that you have cancer.

#### 2.1 Exercise 2.2

Not attempted

## Exercise 2.3

$$p(\mathbf{y}) = \int p_{\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}}(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{u}) d\mathbf{u}$$

$$= \int p_{\mathbf{u}}(\mathbf{u}) p_{\mathbf{v}}(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{u}) d\mathbf{u}$$
(3)

$$= \int p_{\mathbf{u}}(\mathbf{u}) p_{\mathbf{v}}(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{u}) d\mathbf{u} \tag{4}$$

#### 2.2 Exercise 2.4

Not attempted

## Exercise 2.5

Exponential:

$$p(x|\lambda) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \tag{5}$$

Laplace:

$$p(x|\mu,\gamma) = \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{\gamma}} \tag{6}$$

Verifying that the exponential distribution is normalized:

$$p(x|\lambda) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \tag{7}$$

$$\int_0^\infty \lambda e^{-\lambda x} = -e^{-\lambda x} \Big|_0^\infty = \frac{1}{e^\infty} + \frac{1}{e^0}$$
 (8)

$$=1 \tag{9}$$

Verifying the laplace distribution:

$$p(x|\mu,\gamma) = \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{\gamma}} \tag{10}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{x-\mu}{\gamma}} & \text{if } x \ge \mu\\ \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{-x+\mu}{\gamma}} & \text{if } x < \mu \end{cases}$$
 (11)

$$\int_{\mu}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{x-\mu}{\gamma}} = \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{x-\mu}{\gamma}} \Big|_{\mu}^{\infty} = -\frac{1}{2} (e^{-\infty} - e^{0})$$
 (12)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{13}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\mu} \frac{1}{2\gamma} e^{-\frac{-x+\mu}{\gamma}} = \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{-x+\mu}{\gamma}} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\mu} = \frac{1}{2} (e^0 - e^{-\infty})$$
(13)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{15}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$
 (15) 
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$
 (16)